# FINANCIAL TIM **Artificial arteries**

PET is not just for bottles Technology, Page 24

والمتحصين والمتروب والمترو والمتكرية والمتحدين والمتحصيص



**Philippines** Showing Apec its tiger aspirations

**Russian taxes** ------Looming winter of discontent

Page 4



**Today's surveys** 

Ouebec Atlanta: Olympic legacy Separate sections

World Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com

**Preparing for Emu** Today, the FT launchies a weekly series, Preparing for Emu, exernining the challenges laced by 1.11 busine es and go as the planned launch of a single European currency in . 1999 approaches. See page 2

### Shares scandal shuts Athens stock exchange

Athens stock exchange stayed shut yesterday amid allegations that leading Greek brokerage houses, including several controlled by stateowned banks, were involved in e share-trading scandal revealed last week. The collapse of Delta Securities, a small firm which failed to pay Dr2.6bn (\$11m) owed to the bourse clearing house, sent share prices plunging last Thursday. Delta's offices were sealed and arrest warrants issued for three of its top staff. Page 3

Munich Re profits may ease this year because of a dilution from the giant reinsurance group'e \$3.3bn acquisition of American Reinsurance last August. Net profits were up 83 per cent to DM595m (\$395m) in the year to June 30. Page 17

**israel seeks help:** Israel appealed to Egypt to help find an Israeli abducted last week on the way back to his Cairo hotel from the factory where he worked. Two other Israelis present at the time said the kidnappers asked for technical manager Azam Azam by name and demanded to see his passport before taking him away. Page 7

Bhutto soeks reinstatement: Ousted Pakistan prime minister Benazir Bhutto plans an early appeal to the Supreme Court asking to be restored to power. She accused president Farooq Leghari, who ousted her, of executing e coup. Sick Pakistan's doctor arrives. Page 8

Bribes charge: Former South Korean defence minister Lee Yang-ho, sacked last month, was formally charged with bribery and leaking state secrets. The ex-head of Daewoo Heavy Industries, Sok Chin-chol, was also indicted. Page 8

Afghans flee fighting: Fighting between Afghanistan's Islamic Taliban militia and its opponents has forced up to 50,000 people to flee their homes in the north west of the country, the UN said. Many are making for the western, Taliban-held city of Herat.

German pay deal: German building employers agreed to a DM17 (\$11) minimum hourly wage in western Germany and DM15.64 in the cast. The new rules, simed at reducing the influx of construction workers from other EU countries, will apply from January until August next year. Page 8

Italian silver scam: Milan tax police have cracked a Europe-wide silver trafficking racket and arrested six men. The tax police, helped by police in Germany, Belgium and the Netheruncovered a network importing silver

### Germany threatens to delay Emu agreement

By Lionel Barber in Brussels All 15 EU states subscribe to the principle of a stability pact Germany yesterday threatened to enforce budgetary discipline to delay a European Union-, after Emn but most countries, wide agreement on the introwith the exception of the duction of a single currency unless it secured firm rules on Netherlands, argue that the German approach to budget deficits is too rigid. when member countries could

Page 14

run excessive budget deficits. Mr Kenneth Clarke, UK The threat surfaced at a meeting of EU finance minischancellor of the exchequer, spoke ont against German ters in Brussels, which failed calls for a numerical definition to break the deadlock over the of the "temporary and excepterms of the so-called stability tional" circumstances under pact to enforce fiscal discipline which Emu participants would among participants in Eurobe allowed to exceed the Maaspean monetary union. tricht criteria and run public

deficits in excess of 3 per cent of gross domestic product.

TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

open whether some countries would join the single currency. Mr Clarke said Germany was Later, he said Germany turning a "tiny footnote" into was not prepared to have rules "a matter of high principle". Countries running substantial on budgetary discipline dictated by countries who might deficits rather than occasional "blips" would obviously face not be in the first wave of Emu big penalties. But unless the

Despite the occasionally stability pact was workable, it tense negotietions, both the would not be credible in the eyes of financial markets. Irish presidency and the European Commission suggested that German demands could In a pointed reference to Britain's Emu opt-out, Mr Jurincrease the pressure to gen Stark, dsputy German finance minister, said inside echieve a comprehensive deal on post-Emu fiscal and curthe meeting that it was still rency discipline at next

month'e EU summit in Dublin. Failure to agree in Dublin would not necessarily scupper the Emu timetable to launch a single currency on January 1 1999, but it could unsettle financial markets. EU diplomats said one com-

promise being canvassed was to meet German demands for e numerical definition of a beavy recession. In return, finance ministers would retain the final word on whether "temporary and exceptional circumstances" prevailed. Germany has set e target of

e total 2 per cent fall in GDP over four consecutive quarters to define a beavy recession. Countries in those circumstances would be allowed to run deficits in excess of 3 per cent of GDP without facing sanctions. The Commission initially proposed an annual fall of 1.5 per cent in GDP, but the figure was dropped after EU commissioners said it took no eccount of countries' economic differences.

Preparing for Emu, Page 2 Martin Wolf, Page 14

Italy puts back Stet sale and unveils merger

By Robert Graham in Rome

The Italian government said yesterday it would merge Stet. the state controlled telecoms group, with Telecom Italie (TI), its main operating company, and postpooe privatisa-tion until autumn 1997.

The move, representing a major change in policy, is part of e new plan to meet the demands of the European Commission to reduce the debts of the state holding company, Iri.

The appouncement followed a meeting in Brussels between Mr Carlo Azeglio Ciampi, the Italian treasury minister, and Mr Karel Van Miert, the European competition commissioner, to discuss Italy's failare to honour e 1993 agreement to reduce Iri's L24,000bn (\$15.8bn) debts to below L5,000bn by the end of this year.

All along, it has been known this would only be possible through the privatisation of Stet, in which Iri has a 64 per cent stake. However, political opposition to the creation of a lecoms anthority her

# Deutsche **Telekom** to raise size of share offer

Group seeks to avoid scaling down bids by German buyers

By Wolfgang Münchau in Frankfurt

Dentsche Telekom, the German telecommunications. operator, has increased the size of its initial public share offering from 500m to 600m shares because of massive oversubscription.

ted before it officially closes on Thursday. According to preliminary internal calculations, the company is expected to choose a price at or near the ceiling of DM30 per share. Telekom and its advisers are reserved for employees. The to set the share price on company wants to use the

share.

markets.

rities business.

remains uncertain and will depend on the number of lastminute bids, especially from financial institutions.

The 20 per cent increase in the number of shares is the maximum permitted under US rules. Telekom has also increased the size of the greenshoe, an over-allotment facility The offer, the largest in to meet extra demand and Ruropean history, is already smooth out price fluctuations, more than five times oversubby 20 per cent to 90m shares. could sell up to 690m shares, which would translete into gross receipts of np to DM20.7bn (\$13.7bn) at a price of DM30 per share. Up to a further 30m chares will be



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into Italy from Swiss banks, avoiding payment of some \$116m of value added tax in Italy and Germany, Page 3

Colt Telecommunications, the US-owned venture which provides cut price services to companies in the City of London and Frankfurt is to float soon in a deal set to give it a market capitalisation of about \$450m. Page 17

Vietnam plans export drive: Vletnamese finance minister Nguyen Sinh Hung promised an export drive to combat the country's expand ing trade deficit. The trade ministry last week reported e \$3.49bn deficit of for the first 10 months of this year. Page 8

**BA crew hurt:** Seventeen British Airways crew were injured in Zambia when students attacked their bus at the weekend. Four were badly hurt and flown to South Africa for treatment. The student riots over election rules continued yesterday and the University of Zambia was closed.

Aluminium glut warning: Aluminium markets could face another big slump at the turn of the century as rising stocks depress prices, says an industry research study. Page 16 ; Commodities, Page 28

German flight chaos: Deutsche Lufthansa cancelled 35 flights and 46 were delayed because of a two-hour strike over pay by air crews and ground staff in Germany.

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Saturday, with trading due to receipts to reduce its high levstart in Germany and on Wall els of debt.

The strong likelihood that Street on Monday. The price must be within a previously the shares will be priced at or set range of DM25 to DM30 a near the upper end of the price the shares will be priced at or spectrum is not universally The company has decided to popular among analysts. One analyst, who asked not be increase the number of shares to avoid the political embar-rassment of having to scale named, pointed out that the increase in the offering would down bids from private Ger- expand the company's total man investors, most of whom share capital by about 4 per are first-time equity buyers. cent, and would result in a On the basis of internal proproportionate decline in earnjections before the weekend, a ings per share.

private buyer who has applied It is widely assumed that German retail investors would for 300 shares - the ceiling for preferential entitlements - is accept a DM30 price tag per now likely to end up with between 150 and 200 abares. share, since the shares would But the precise outcome

Continued on Page 16 | Page 15

- a reference to undercapital-

Analysts in Tokyo were

sceptical, however, that Mr

Hashimoto's minority govern-

ment would be able to push through parliament such comprehensive reforme

against a series of vested

of Japan's foreign exchange regulations, will be submitted

to the lower house next Janu-

ary and should become law by

early summer. It will remove restrictions under which only

authorised foreign exchange

banks can carry out cross-

Editorial Comment, Page 15

Lez, Page 16

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border transactions.

The first reform, the revision

interests.

ised second-tier stockbrokers.

Cuban president Fidel Castro (left) and his Mexican counterpart Ernesto Zedillo arrive yesterday at the summit of Ibero-American states in Vina del Mar. Chile. Heads of state at the summit issued au "energetic rejection" of the Helms-Burton act, the US law which seeks to curb trade with Cuba. Report, Page 10; Observer. **Japan plans deregulation of** 

delayed the privatisation. In September, Italy managed to persuade the EU to extend the

> Continued on Page 16 Italian Budget, Page 2 Mediaset debt plan, Page 18 Lex, Page 16





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financial markets by 2001 By Daniel Bogler and William Dawkins in Tokyo tional standards and reduce He warned that the ministry was prepared to let weaker transaction costs. Almost all of yesterday's financial institutions collapse The Jepanese government proposals were already under or be taken over in the yesterday committed itself to increased competition that

discussion, as part of a deregufar-reaching reforms of its lation plan, but this is the first would result from deregulation financial markets by 2001, in time the government has set a its latest attempt to reverse deadline. Mr Ryutaro Hashimoto, the the decline in Tokyo capital prime minister, yesterday said financial deregulation would be a priority of his new admin-istration, which took office last week, along with plans to cut

yen declining in importance at a time when the European Union was moving to a single currency, he said.

official added; "We recognise restrictions and the end of that Tokyo has lagged behind fixed commissions on other New York, London and even our last chance to catch up."

#### CONTENTS

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Faire hondy



The ambitious package, described by Mr Hiroshi Mitsu-zuka, the finance minister, as Tokyo's equivalent of London's Big Bang", seeks to deregulate stockbroking comthe civil service. Financial reform was needed to stop the missions and abolish the barriers between banking and secu-

Also proposed are the abolition of foreign exchange A senior finance ministry

transactions, including insurance premiums. These would Frankfurt and that Japanese be followed by a wider reform of Japan's legal, tax and financial institutions have lagged behind their internaaccounting systems to bring tional counterparts ... This is them into line with interna-

# Europe's The project to jaunch European the Burnane th

drive for a single currency is entering its most crucial



phase. With just over two years to go until the planned launch of European monetary union. Lionel Barber and Gillian Tett introduce a new weekly section examining the practical challenges Emu poses for businesses, financial markets, governments and citizens

mic and mometary union on January 1, 1999 is moving towards a fascinating end-game. Fickle financial markets have turned

into true believers in the single European currency, Banks and big business are investing heavily to prepare. France and Germany are committed more deeply than ever to Emu, seeing it the cornerstone of a united Europe. In short, the pro-Bmn forces look unstoppable.

Yet monetary union is not yet a done deal. Growth in Europe remains sluggish by US or Asian standards, making It harder for countries to meet Maastricht treaty targets for public sector deficits. Public opinion remains fragile at a time of high unemployment.

The idea of a single currency uniting nations of Europe has inspired political eiltes for a generation. More recently, it has been seen as the vital missing piece in the single market, a hulwark against currency manipulation and a guarantor of price stability. Europe's leaders have resiliently defended Emn since agreeing its terms in the Dutch border town of Maastricht in December 1991. There. Chancellor Heimnt Kohl, to the dismay of

finance ministry, caved in to Frenchled pressure and gave a treaty commitment to exchange the D-Mark for a single European currency. Nis cavea was all Emn aspirants had to meet strict targets on inflation, debt, public deficits and exchange rate stability.

Over the past five years, financial markets have tested countries' ability to meet these targets, and found several lacking. In September 1992, specuators forced the British pound and Italian lira out of the European exchange rate mechanism. In August 1998, a currency crisis forced the suspension of the KRM and the introduction of 15 per cent fluctuation margins for participating currencies. The extra flexibility saved the Emu project.

All 15 EU member states subscribe to Emu, albeit with markedly different degrees of enthusiasm. The chief sponsors are France and Germany, whose unspoken bargain is that monetary mion must "deepen" the Union ahead of "widening" to central and eastern Europe. Other members of the hard currency bloc include the Benelux countries and Anstria. which long ago surrendered their sovereignty on monetary policy to the Bundesbank

EMU:

Late 1980s

Membership o exchange rate

January 1 1994 Creation of European

mechanism.

timetable for change

the

gardly Greece. These countries would like to join Emu, but Finland, Ireland and Portugal look to have a better chance of meeting the Maastricht criteria in 1997 to qualify to be among the founding countries of Emp in 1999.

The third group comprises those capable of joining but not necessarily willing to join Emu, at least in the first wave. The UK government, armed with its Maastricht opt-out, occasionally behaves like the leader of the "outs". Denmark and Sweden also harbour political doubts about monetary union As the 1999 deadline draws closer,

pressure to squeeze into the core grouping is increasing. France and Germany are slashing budget deficits to the Maastricht target of 3 per cent of GDP; so are Portugal and Spain and Italy, which is also poised to open delicate negotiations to rejoin the ERM. Paradoxically, this dash to the Emu finishing line is making the politics of

monetary union more complicated than ever. In crude terms, the issue comes down to "the German problem" and "the Italian problem". Officially, Emn is open to all. Unoffi-

to make the cut in spring 1998. German officials admit that the Maastricht criteria were intended to reduce the chances of weaker economies, notably debt-ridden Italy, joining Emn

7 et the reformist centre-left Italian government has staked all on early entry into Emu, seeing it as the core political grouping in Enrope. This is why it reversed course in early automn and ordered fresh budget cuts for 1997 amounting to a total cut of around 3 per cent of GDP, a huge slice of public spending which brought protesters to the streets last weekend

The dilemma for Germany is that the forces in favour of flexible interpretation of the treaty are gaining ground, Last week, the European Commission suggested that as many as 12 countries could qualify for the first round and hinted Italy still had a chance.

Earlier, the Commission approved the French government's receipt of a one-off FFr37.5bn payment in pension transfers from France Télécom, which

Emu national currencies still exist but are improceibly fixed

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Fear of fudge is driving German proposals for a stability pact to enforce hudgetary discipline among countries participating in the curo zone. Bonn wants senctions to be automatic and draconian to deter fiscal delinquents; but a majority led by Britain and Spain considers the German proposals to be too rigid and lacking in economic sense.

Here is the Emu conundrum. The German government must be able to show that the Maastricht rules are being applied rigorously, or risk an adverse ruling from the German constitutional court or a popular backlash against Europe. Yet Emu, for all its promised economic benefits, remains a political project which is supposed to unite rather than divide the EU.

One compromise is to settle for strict reading of the treaty, tempered with a promise to the weaker countries that they can expect to join Emu before 2002 when the first euro-notes and coins start circulating.

A gamble, perhaps. But that is the essence of Emu.

Only the euro currency

1

is in Emu countries

German national election

Treaty date for launch of

Introduction of euro notes

January 1 1999

single currency.

2002

.....

Notes and coins

and coins.

Lionel Barber

### Everything you ever wanted to know about the euro

union happen?

The prudent assumption is that Emu will happen and that it will start in 1999, or very soon after. But that remains probable, not certain.

Who decides whether it starts and who joins?

In the spring of 1998 European Union heads of governments will decide at a summit wbether Emu should proceed. This will occur after the European Monetary Institute, the forerunner of a European Central Bank, and the European Commission, have judged which countries meet the single currency convergence criteria, which are that:

Government deficit and debts must be no more than 3 per cent and 60 per cent of gross domestic product respectively;

Inflation rates and long-term interest rates be within 1.5 percentage points and 2 percentage points of the average of the three countries with lowest infla-

The currency has stayed within the Exchange Rate Mechanism bands for two

Will European monetary could be promised entry Alternatively, the central soon after. Sweden might parity rates in the Exchange also join at some point. The only EU country which can be counted out for several years is Greece. Bnt if countries join at dif-

ferent stages, won't that complicate matters? one in 1999 anyway.) Yes - but the Emu timetable is already staggered

over several years. or FFr6.5 at current exchange rates. The ERM So once the members bave been chosen, what happens method yields a similar (but in 1999? not identical) level. The single currency, the

euro, is created as a unit of account. The European Central Bank takes control of monetary policy in all Emu countries. Will there be any euro notes

and coins around? No. Existing notes and coins will circulate until euro cash is introduced.

So bow can you have a "single" currency then? The crucial point to keep in mind is the difference

motive for arbitrage. But if the markets suspected Emn could collapse between cash and a currency. after 1999, some currency After 1999 different forms of dealers might try. They might, perhaps, buy more D-Mark denominated instruseparate market "orice". If there is one currency, will there be one monetary pol- the stability pact and exter-

set by the ECB.

icy?

from?

the ECB.

Monetary Institute report on which countries have met Maastricht Treaty Stricter monitoring Rate Mechanism might be chosen. Or the actual market of countries convergence economies and rates in the basket currency. deficits. the Ecu, could be used (the Ecu is due to be replaced by the euro at a rate of one to European Monetary Institute's proposed legal framework If the Ecu method is used, une euro would be roughly equivalent to DM1.9, or £0.77

The 100-cent euro will be the legal currency of Emu members from 1999 onwards. Emu national currencies will be expressions of the euro, and changing national currancias into euros will not affect the continuity of contracts. The Ecu will be replaced by the euro from 1999 onwards, but this also will not

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Conference (IGC) reviews

Commission and EMI to

aastricht Treaty. Europe

level? A club of finance ministers, say? The issue is a political minefield. Any attempt to create an "exclusive" club could divide the EU. Consequently, no new intergovernmental institutions are officially planned. But the emergence of some form of Emu "club" is certainly the next logical step. This is because it is difficult to separate monetary pollcy from other areas of fiscal and ecoments, which could create a nomic policy. And some decisions will be taken only by "ins" (such as sanctions in

fiscal policies afterwards. How will the fiscal stability

pact work? The details are still controversial. But current Commission proposals envisage that countries will pledge to keep their budget deficit below 3 per cent of GDP. If they fail, they will be given 10 months to reduce it. After this they would have to lodge a noninterest bearing deposit with the Commission. If the country takes no action for two years, it could face a fine of up to 0.5 per cent of GDP, if approved by two thirds of Emu countries.

Contracts which do not use the official. conversion rate after 1999 will be unenforceable under EU law and no exchange rate risk will legally exist between the euro and other currencies Exchange rates will be rounded to the euro cent or national currency

ontside the markets?

euros will be spread between the national banks. But follow suit.

WILL THE GERMAN DELEGATE KINDLY STOP (EURO AS AN E-MARK? FRANCE URA REFERENCE

How will the new cash be

The official scenario cavisages a gradual introduction - in the first six months of 2002. During this period the old currencles would circulate as well. This could help consumera adapt. Retailers are vehemently opposed to this. They want a "big bang" approach, with the old cash replaced by the new very rapidly, instead of circulating in tandem for a period. What will it look like?

A competition to design the banknotes is under way. There will be one common design for the banknotes and coins, but space will be left for separate national symbols on the coins, and proba-UK, for example, could probably keep its monarch's head on the cash if it joined. What happens to vending machines? The industry says converting them will take six months: there are over a milllon coin-operated machines in the UK alone. What abont non-Emn areas - the UK perbaps? Will, Its companies have to worry abont all this? If the UK stays out of Emu, banks and financial institutions will need to cope with a new "foreign" currency. Companies trading with Emu countries may have to deal in euros. And if the Emu area is large enough, the euro may even become a popular price reference for some business sectors in the UK. But the UK will avoid the most costly part of the exercise - introducing the new casb. Unless, of course, it decides to join later. How much will all this cost? Nobody knows. EU retailers have estimated a bill of between Ecul7bn and Ecu27bn. Banks estimate their costs will be Eculoba but that figure is almost 18 months old and considered an underestimate. Nobody has tried to calculate the cost for other companies yet. Who gains from the switch? Not Europa's foreign exchange booths. But computer companies will see a surge in demand for their services, as systems are adapted to Emu. Accountants and management coosultants moy see surgiog demand for Emu advice, And banknotes and mint coins. companies which print bank-Retailers and banks also notes have reason to celebrate. And, of course, if you believe the Emu enthusiasts. long time to prepare: govern- all businesses should eventuments have barely begun to ally benefit from the economic integration and stabil-

But what if I want to change D-Mark notes into French francs at a different rate? In theory, nobody should want to. There will also be legal measures which would discourage this: debts in francs or D-Marks, for example, could be freely converted into euros at any point, which reduces the

introduction and definition of the ouro

EU countries try to meet

nts for Emu membr

rgence

stricht com

Use of the euro in the transition phase The euro can be treaty used from 1999 is, but nobody can be for use it until 2002, However, the euro will become the official unit of account for Emu central banks.

1996/97

Emu world.

May 1997

EU countries hope to

Latest date for Britist

Geoeral election.

agree currency and budget discipline in post-

Enforcing irrevocable conversion rates

Emu

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Emu

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1997/98

Likely conclusion of the IGC.

Decision on which countries

have met Emu criterie. No

rates will move within these. mainly guided by tenders for

repurchase agreements. Will there be a single cen tralised money market? It has been agreed that money market operations in

there may be pressure for concentration in the future. What about other parts of the financial markets? Will

they be in euros, too? The picture could be patchy. Government bonds issued after 1999 will have to be denominated in euros. But treatment of outstandcies maturing after 1999 could vary. The French government intends to convert

Will anybody be using euros

Several big European companies such as Siemens and Philips intend to switch to accounting in euros in 1999. Any move by big businesses could force smaller ones to

Euro

currency

Emu nationa

Creation of central bank to run

exchange rates and focing o

Survey he

single monetary policy. Irrevocable locking of

French partiamentary

pari

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withdrawn

Even if businesses do not use the euro for internal accounting, there may be a tendency to quote prices in

July 1, 2002 they will be the only legal tender in Emu countries. Emu national notes and coins will be legal tander until July 2002, but they may be withdrawn Source: EMI. FT

From January 1, 2002 euro notes and coins will be put into circulation. From

introduced?

years.

Countries must fulfil these criteria in 1997 to qualify as founder members of Emu on January 1, 1999. Countries must also have an independent central bank.

That sounds tough. Will any country actually manage that?

Many will have difficulties. But the criteria can be interpreted flexibly: the Maastricht treaty indicates that debts that are folling towards the target may be acceptable. Deficits close to the 3 per cent ratio may also be accepted.

So who will join? Emu is almost unimaginable witbout France and Germany. Countries already closely tied to the D-Mark -Netherlands. Austria. Bel-gium and Luxembourg - will almost certainly join. Ireland and Finland are strong contenders.

What about the rest?

Some might also join in 1999. Many may join later. The UK and Denmark, for example, are reluctant on political grounds, but that could change. Italy, Spain and Portugal may have problems qualifying in 1999, but

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BUT



BUREAU

CHANGE



cash will exist in Emu member states. But they will not be separate currencles they will be "non-decimal denominations" of the euro, locked in at permanent conversion rates

Non-decimal denomination? This concept is crucial. The easiest way to think about it is to visualise a currency such as the US dollar. One US cent is e "denominapresident. tion" of the dollar. But imagine that there was another US coin - worth perhaps 7.2 cents. That coin would also be a denomination of the dol-Emu. lar; it would be "locked" into the dollar at a fixed converwith non-Emu members? sion rate, just like cents are "locked" into the dollar at a conversion rate of 100 to one. And the US cent and the

new coin would be fully interchangeable.

After 1999, the notes and coins of the French franc and D-Mark will be locked together and into the euro at permanent conversion rates. Just as nobody would think the euro through a new of trying to cunvert cents exchange rate mechanism. into dollars at anything be part of the ERM? other than 100 to one, so - in theory - the D-Mark and franc would be interchangeunwilling to join. able at fixed rates. How will the ERM work? How will these conversion

rates be decided? The formal decisions will be taken by finance minis-

ters on Day One of monetary linked in bilateral bands.) union, but it could come ear-Currencles will normally lier to counteract market speculation. Several ideas move within 15 per cent have been mooted. The bands, though some countries may choose narrower Frankfurt-based European Monetary Institute, the forebands. runner of European Central Bank, bas suggested that sverage exchange rates over

three years (1996-1998) could be used. This could be "weighted" to give more emphasis to realignment of currencies. earlier years to discourage Will there be a parallel to pact to guarantee that interast rate "corridor".

nal exchange rate policy). Yes. Interest rates will be How will the ECB make interest rate decisions?

The governing council will out? Where does the ECB come decide the direction of mone-It will be the successor to tary policy. Each Emu centhe Frankfurt-based EMI, tral bank governor will have which is currently making an equal vote, together with practical preparations for each member of the ECB's executive board.

How will the ECB operate? Won't that cause argu-It will be structured rather ments? Almost certainly - particlike the Bundesbank. The Maastricht treaty envisages ularly if some central banks that it will have a Governing want a rate rise, and others

Council, which will set monwant a cut. etary policy. Central bank How will the ECB indge wbetber a rate rise is governors from each Emu country will sit on this. needed?

There will be a full-time Countries such as the UK executive board in charge of and Sweden want to use inflation targets. Germany day-to-day issues, which will also participate in the govbas previously pressed for erning council. Mr Wim monetary targets. But Ger-Duisenberg, Dutch central many might now be backing away from this - not least bank governor, is tipped for because monetary statistics What language will it use? could be initially unreliable. Most central bankers A mixture of inflation and

expect it to be English monetary targets is likely. even if the UK does not join Will the ECB be as tough as the Bundesbank in its fight Will the ECB bave links against inflation?

The Maastricht treaty Another grouping, the states the ECB's primary General Council of the ECB. objective is maintenance of will be made up of the cenprice stability. It may be tral bank governors of all 15 keen to demonstrate a tough member states. This will stance in the early months to esteblish its credibility. allow the ECB to co-ordinate closely with non-Emu mem-But decisions will be taken bers: after all, most non-Emu collectively - and some cenmembers could join Emu in tral bankers might want a the future, and most non-Emu members will be tied to more relaxed monetary policy.

Will the ECB want a strong or weak euro?

Will all non-Emu members No one knows. Some economists think the ECB will want a strong euro, to guard It will not be compulsory. The UK and Sweden may be against inflation. Others think politicians will want to weaken the euro against the The ERM will be anchored US dollar, to help exporters.

around only ona currency -But the strength of the new the euro (under the current currency will also ba affected by whether institusystem the currencies are tional investors and central banks across the world buy euros as a reserve currency. Bnt what about other factors affecting the currency debt ievels, say?

The ECB is committed to The single currency consupporting the system vergence criteria are supthrough intervention. How- posed to ensure the Emu ever, its obligations may be area starts on a healthy fismoderate, since it will have cal footing - and thus that the right to call for the the money is sound. There will also be a fiscal stability

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But what if one country ing bonds in national currengoes off the rails completely? Will it be bailed

European governments all its financial markets to have agreed a "no bail out" euros immediately - including outstanding bonds. The principle. Thus, in theory, a country could go bankrupt Germans are expected to after Emu - just like a US convert many outstanding county can go bankrupt. bonds. But some instruments may remain denomi-Consequently, credit agencies plan to give each counnated in the old currencies try a separate credit rating. until 2002. But if a packet of French But it remains unclear

how the ECB would respond bonds, say, is converted into if a country did ever euros, will it still be a round threaten to default, not least number? because this could threaten Probably not: investors

the credibility of the system. could face some very ugly What will happen to the old numbers. national central hanks in Will the conversion to euros Emn countries? Will they

No. though they are likely to shrink. Thay will join together in the federally structured European System of Central Banks. But what will they have left to do?

They will act as the operating arm of the ECB in each

disappear?

CIMING YOU YOUR REDUNDANCY CHEQUE IN EUROS WAS RUBBING IT IN A BIT, I THOUGHT win or lose from this?



country; for example, implementing ECB-set interest rates by operating in their own local euro money mar-kets. Other work not related to monetary policy (such as

The EMI will outline this speculation in late 1998, tha ECB at governmental countries stick to healthy Sbort-term money market Emu. onwards.

affect the way that Europe's financial centres operate? A single currency will cre-

ate more transparency between markets - and thus could create pressure for more concentration and harmonisation. However, government bond markets may remain differentiated

because investors will treat countries' credit risks differently. Harmonisation of the markets may also be undermined by current variations in market conventions. Which financial centres will

Europe's smallest financial centres, such as Brussels or Milan, could suffer. But the potential business shift hetween London, Europe's largest centre, and Paris and Frankfurt, is uncertain. If the UK joins Emu, London would probably dominate the euro-related market. If it stays outside, the picture will be complicated. The UK might lose some euro-related business to Frankfurt and

Paris because it may face curbs in its access to euro then? liquidity in the future payments system, Target. But if

Just as it has a euro-dollar might develop a "euro-euro" euros.

euros for trading from 1999 Could companies actually

stop using national currencies after 1999 then? Probably not, because con-

sumers will still be using national currency units. The public sector will probably be working in national currency units as well. A fur-

ther obstacle to any rapid switch is that companies may not be able to nay taxes and file accounts in euros. Can companies be forced to

use euros? European governments have agreed that there will be "no compulsion" and "no prohibition" in the use of the euro between 1999 and 2002.

But what if one husiness partner wants to use euros and the other does not? Commercial clout will probably dictate the outcome, unless banks bear the conversion costs. But won't coping with two currency units be complicated for companies?

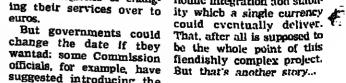
Big companies which already deal in many currencies will probably not have difficulties. Small companies used to dealing with one currency could find it harder. Why are notes and coins not

being introduced until 2002 Central banks say three years are needed to print the want a long run-up. And the

public sector could need a market, for example, it consider logistics of chang-

But governments could officials, for example, have national financial centre in suggested introducing the

cash in the autumn of 2001.



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Gillian Tett



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banking supervision in many EU countries) will also remain their responsibility. How will these money market operations he conducted?

early next year. The system will probably look rather like current German practices: the ECB will set two

market. The interesting tussle, if the UK stays out, will be between Frankfurt and Paris: they will both be comrates which will define an peting to be the main inter-

the Emu area introduced a tough regulatory framework. this might make the UK attractive as a quasi "offsbore" centre.

**NEWS: EUROPE** 

'Share scandal shuts Athens bourse

#### By Kerin Hope in Athens

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The Athens stock exchange remained sbnt yesterday amid allegations that leading Greek brokerage houses, including several controlled by state-owned banks, were involved in a share-trading scandal revealed last week.

The collapse of Delta Securities, a small stockbroking firm which failed to pay Dr2.6bn (\$11m) owed to the bourse clearing house, sent share prices plunging last Thursday. The firm's offices were sealed and arrest warrants issued for its

chief trader and two other directors on charges of criminal fraud. Most of Greece's 65 stockbroking firms have said they will boycott the market until the clearing house completes settlement of all ontstanding share trades. Mr John Marcopoulos, managing director of Sigma Securities, the largest Greek brokerage, said: "The situation has to be clarified in order to restore confidence, and that means total settlement."

The scandal underlines weak regulation of Greece's stock market, where brokerage houses are

house on postponing settlement The stock exchange chairman, Mr Manolis Xanthakis, has offered edented levels. to resign over the scandal. He came under attack yesterday both for failing to investigate heavy trading by Delta in a few shares during the past three months and

for allowing delays in settlement at the bourse clearing house. Delta's chief trader, Mr Spyros. Valdeseras, is accused of manipu-

known to lend each other share 205, a small textile manufacturer beloed to boost the brokerages' certificates and reach private which became one of the most commission income at a time of agreements with the clearing active stocks on the bourse. Its intense competition for market price has fluctuated over the past share." year from Dr250 to Dr1,350, while trading volume soared to unprec-

talks had been harmonious.

The problems surrounding

Germany's public finances

enviable record of price sta-

bility. The federal statistics

Brokers said at least nine houses, including firms controlled hy Greece's largest state-owned banks - National Bank, Commercial Bank and Ionian Bank - had traded shares in Magrizos with Delta Securities.

One broker said: "The huge vollating the price of shares in Magri- ume of shares traded in Magrizos

The scandal has dealt a further blow to Greek investors' confi-

dence in the bourse. Earlier this year, the exchange suspended trading in Globe, a textile and foodprocessor whose share price fluctuated violently before collapsing, and issued an unofficial warning to several other small companies whose shares showed strong gains after they had published poor

results.

German Inflation

Annual % change in CPI

14. 1 18.

15

1993 94 95 95

catch-up in rents. Prices in the new Lander (states) have

risen nearly 36 per since 1991

compared with 14.4 per cent

Retail sales in August

were a real 1.2 per cent

lower than a year earlier,

while in the first eight

months sales volumes were

0.9 per cent below those of

in western Germany.

12 Eastern

10 000

### EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST **Police crack** silver racket

Italian tax police said yesterday they had cracked a massive Europe-wide silver trafficking racket, seizing more than 20 tonnes of silver, and had arrested six men. "Operation Foil", directed by Milan tax police with the help of the European Commission's anti-fraud division. and police forces in Germany, Belgium and the

Netherlands, had discovered a vast network importing silver into Italy from Swiss banks, avoiding the payment of value added tax.

Police said the network had avoided paying tax of some L120bn (\$80m) in Italy and around DM24m (\$16m) in Germany "thanks to the trafficking of the precious metal through a merry-go-round of phantom or filter companies".

### French party's Emu demand

The left wing of France's opposition Socialist party has won the approval of the party's national executive for new conditions on European monetary union, a reduction in the maximum working week to 35 hours without any matching cut in pay, and state programmes to boost

youth employment by 700.000 over two years. The national executive's programme, to be submitted to a party congress next month, insists on the widest ossible participation in Emu, including Italy, Spain and Britain; on a "real European government" to counterbalance the power of the proposed European central bank; on Emu participants to agree e pact of growth as well as stability; and on negotiations with the US to ensure the euro is not overvalued in relation to the dollar.

Mr Lionel Jospin, the Socialist leader, is finding it increasingly difficult to stem criticism within his party of the Maastricht treaty, despite the presence of Mr Jacques Delors, the former European Commission president and architect of Maastricht, and his daughter, Mrs Martine Aubry, on the party executive. With the backing of the Socialist left, Mr Henri Emmanuelli, who was Mr Jospin's predecessor as party leader, intends to ask the December 14-15 congress to endorse a devaluation of the franc against the D-Mark. David Buchan, Pari

### South Ossetia leader elected

Mr Lyudvig Chibirov, leader of South Ossetia, has been elected president of the Georgian breakaway region, the self-proclaimed state's central elections commission said yesterday. Incomplete returns from Sunday's election showed the 64-year-old ethnographer, who has ruled for three years without the title of president, had won more than 50 per cent of the votes in a poll branded illegal by Thilisi.

The election commission said Mr Chibirov had 52.3 per cent of the votes counted so far and would clear the 50 per cent needed to prevent a second-round run-off. Mr Chibirov's nearest rival, Mr Gerasim Khugayev, 51, a philosophy professor, won 22.9 per cent in a turnout of 61.3 per cent.

South Ossetia declared independence as the Soviet Union was disintegrating in 1991 and fought a war with Georgie in which more than 1,000 people died. Economic woes, rising crime in the region and the slim chance that any country will recognise South Ossetia have led Mr Chibirov to sign a preliminary political accord with Tbilisi earlier this year, even though he still pays lip service to independence. Reuter, Tbilis

### **Bonn coalition backs spending cuts**

Party differences buried in effort to meet criteria for EU monetary union

By Peter Norman in Bonn

Germany's governing coalition parties yesterday buried their differences and backed proposals from Mr Theo Waigel, the finance minister, to cut next year'e federal spending plans by DM3bn (\$1\_2bn) as part of efforts to meet the Maastricht criteria for economic and monetary union.

day chaired by Chancellor Helmut Kohl, ministers gave their support to cuts designed to keep next year's federal deficit below the already planned DM56.5bn.

The proposals were approved last night by MPs from Mr Kohl's Christian

gel'e Christian Social Union and the small Free Democrat party. Mr Waigel said federal spending would fall next year by 2.4 per cent to ebout DM440bn and the 1997 bud-get would be financed without new tax increases. Preparation of the draft budget will be completed in

the Bundestag budget committee on Thursday in readiness for its final reading in At a meeting late on Sun- the lower house of parliament at the end of this month. The committee will consider additional economies, explore the scope for reducing interest costs and seek extra income from fees

and licences. The labour and social (DM200m) affairs ministry will contrib-Democrat Union, Mr Wai- ute DM1bn to the cnts.

German construction employers yesterday agreed to a minimum hourly wage of DM17 (\$11) in western Germany and DM15.64 in the east after months of bitter wranging contrast with the nation's with IG Bau, the construction union, writes Wolfgang Munchau in Frankfurt. Employers accepted the principle of a minimum wage in exchange for a strict time limit. The new rules will apply from January until August next year.

The minimum wage is aimed at reducing the influx of construction workers from other European Union countries many of whom are working at substantially lower wage. rates than the minimum rates applicable to German construction workers.

mainly through savings in These savings are needed training budgets. Other sigpartly because the cost of nificant savings will come unemployment next year has from the transport budget been revised upwards. (DM450m), the economics Although Germany's frag-

ministry (DM250m), agricul-ture (DM240m), defence ile public finances have caused much had blood inside the coalition in recent . research (DM166m) and the interior weeks, politicians stressed yesterday that the latest ministry (DM150m).

office reported yesterdey that the year-on-year inflation rates in eastern and western Germany converged on 1.5 per cent in October. It. was the first time since unification in 1990 that prices have risen at the same rate. The cost of living stayed unchanged in both eastern and western Germany compared with September. For eastern Germany, the

onstration.

October figures represant the end of an extanded period in which inflation has been higher than in the west, largely because of e

the same 1995 period. budget

in contrast with Mr Massimo D'Alema, leader of the Party of the Democratic Left (PDS), the dominant partner in the government, who is concerned to keep a dialogue

open with the opposition. He fears that intransigence over the budget could prejudice the prospects of cooperating on constitutional reform; and if the parties are unable to agree on renovattoo much it will look as ing the creaking structures though he has been infinof state, the country could once more face an election. enced by the weekend dem-To fiscal independence, His tough stand has been Page 14

#### Berlusconi steps up confrontation over By Robert Graham in Rome end in protect at tax (\$41bn) in two phases in tion in the current confrontax system, a shake-up in

Italy's rightwing opposition parties yesterday stepped up their confrontation with the government over next year's budget by announcing they would no longer vote on any of its provisions. This is unlikely to alter the course of the budget but could have a negative impact on the their details. stalled dialogue on constitutional reform.

The move came on the tion in Rome organised by the opposition at the week-

increases in the bndget, which is due to pass through the chamber of deputies by November 17.

Mr Silvio Berlusconi, forcurrency. mer premier and leader of the rightwing alliance, accused the government of trying to push through measures without spelling out

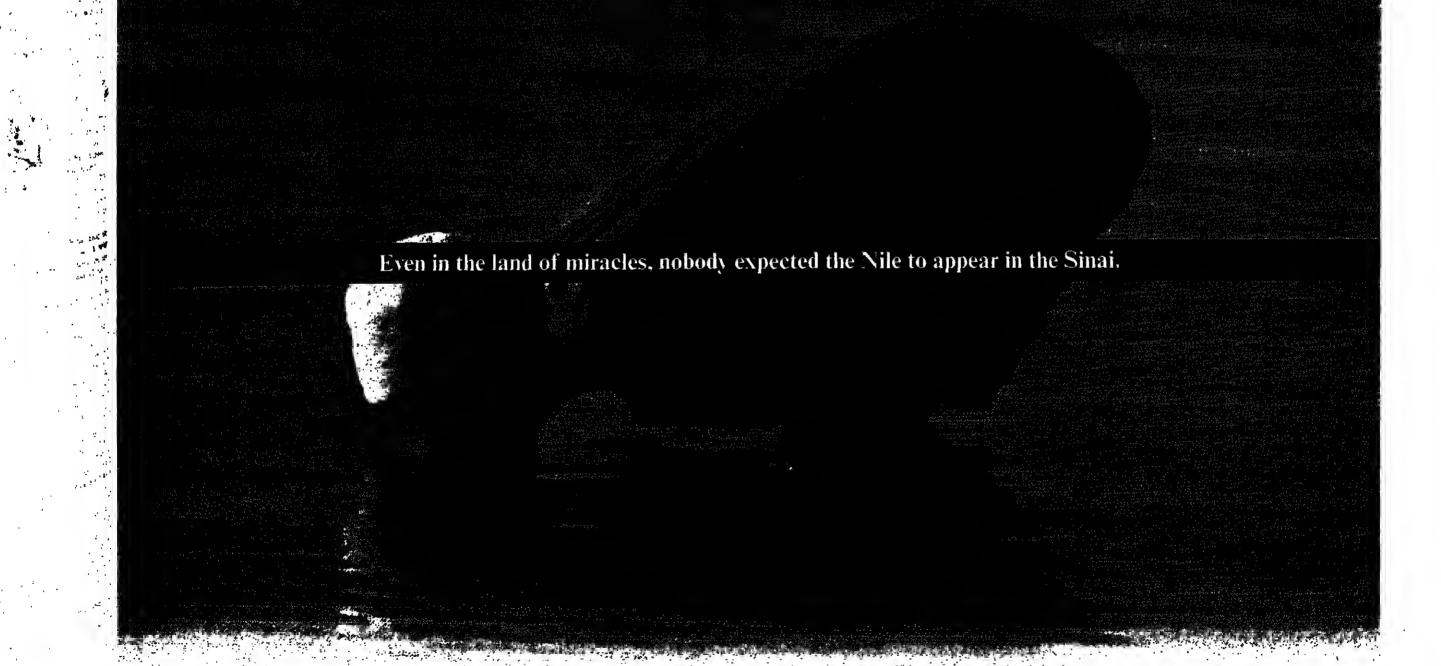
Separately, the populist Northern League also declared it would no take heels of the big demonstra- part in voting on the budget. in public spending. The budget is proposing to find savings of L62,500bn

order to bring the Italian deficit in line with the convergence criteria for joining the extensive use of delegate laws in the budget. proposed eingle European

A device to implement leg-Mr Berlusconi and his islation rapidly, they contain allies have put forward their only a brief outline of a legown budget plans which islative proposal, and once accept a similar objective of reducing the deficit to 3 per they are approved, authority is delegated to the governcent of gross domestic prodment to fill in the details. Attached to the 1997 budnct by the end of next year, get are almost 50 delegate However, they are insisting on holding down tax laws. These cover a broad range of cost-saving and increases and on more cuts rationalisation measures including an overhaul of the The main source of fric-

tation is over the govern- the civil service, decentralisment'e intention to make ation new methods of public accounting and changes in military recruitment.

The opposition claims the government is stifling debate and abusing the constitution with such extensive resort to delegate laws. Mr. Romano Prodi, the prime minister, has offered to discuss the matter, but if he gives way



The deserts of the Sinai have been wasteland for five thousand years. And farmland in Egypt, then as now, is scarce. Which is why, when the government announced a plan to channel water from the Nile to farm the Sinai-it seemed almost miraculous. The obstacles were daunting: Daytime temperatures of 120° F (49° C). Fierce storms. Sand that's so corrosive it eats tools away. A waterway that has to cross a barren waste-and then cross the Suez Canal. As is often the case on the toughest jobs, Caterpillar played a major part. Our machines are built for punishing conditions. And our dealers around the

world-local, independent companies-know the territory. So far we've moved 30 million tons of sand and helped construct the massive siphons that will draw Nile water under the Suez Canal.

But proud as we are of our biggest projects, we also remember the everyday things we help to

accomplish. And making crops grow where they never grew before-or simply bringing drinking water to a desert village-seem miracles enough for us at Cat.



### **NEWS:** EUROPE

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# Russia to root out tax 'counter-revolutionaries'

The first time Russia cre-ated an extraordinary A committee reminiscent of the origins of the KGB has been given the task of solving a committee, known as the Vecheka, was in 1917 when "iron Felix" Dzershinsky was entrusted with the task of rooting out counter-revolutionaries in the starved army might soon cease to wake of the Bolshevik revolution. The committee was later transformed into the KGB.

It is a measure of how seriously the current government views its financial plight that it has ignored the ominous historical associations and established the second Vecheka in Russian history - this time to collect taxes.

In crude terms, the challenge for the committes, which includes Mr Victor Chernomyrdin, the prime minister, and the head of the presidential administration, is to raise enough revenue to ensure Russia continues to function as a state.

With the government owing billions of roubles to millions of this summer as a result of the pensioners, federal employees, vast strains associated with the pensioners, federal employees, and soldiers and the defence min-

government revenue crisis so serious it is a matter of state security, writes John Thornhill ister warning that the cashfunction as a reliable force, there is, in the view of many, a danger that the state might simply wither away.

"If the government is not able to collect taxes or control budget spending it is not a government," says Mr Grigory Yavlinsky, leader of the liberal Yabloko party.

Russia's public finances have been squeezed in a tightening vice for most of this decade as an increasing share of the country's economic activity has slid from the contracting official economy into the expanding grey economy, which largely evades the tax authorities.

Matters grew particularly acute presidential elections.

toured the country doling out ever more lavish promises of largesse. Moscow's spending ministries were issuing an increasing volume of tax credits and other forms of quasi-money to harded companies. Loss-making enterprises, which should have been pushed into bankruptcy,

were thereby granted reprieves. Since the elections, the government moved quickly to rein in its spending commitments, in effect reneging on most of Mr Yeltsm's promises. Bnt it has found it much

harder to make up the shortfall on the revenue side of the hudget. After the government said it would stop accepting government-issued quasi-money

as a form of tax payment from August 15, nominal budget revenues plummeted to just 45

While President Boris Yeltsin per cent of target in September. The International Monetary Fund has grown so concerned that it has delayed disbursement of the October tranchs of its \$10.2bn budget support loan until it has stronger evidence of the government's determination to tackle the revenue shortfall.

Yet, as is so often the case in Russia, only the threat of a looming crisis has spurred the government into taking the radical decision from the IMF but we are steps needed to overhaul the not fully confident of this," be country's labyrinthine tax regime.

The Vechska has already moved to plug the immediate transform the tax regime into a shortfall by targeting the worst cornorate tax debtors and threatening them with bankruptcy.

There are early signs that this tough approach may be working. The finance ministry reported that tax revenues in the second

half of Octoher jumped to Rbs10,600bn (\$1.94bn) compared with just Rbs3.000bn collected in the first two weeks of the month. Mr Alexander Livshits, finance minister, said yesterday that this "positive dynamic" had continued in Novamber although he questioned whether this would be sufficient evidence for the IMF to resume its loan later this month. "We hope for a positive

said. The government's longer term challenge, however, will ha to more efficient system for capturing revenue in the private sector. shifting a greater tax hurden from companies on to individaals, and purging the popular atti-tude that paying taxes is someone else's responsibility.

A new tax cods. currently wending its way through parliament, is needed to simplify the tax system and help iron out several legal wrinkles complicating revenue collection.

FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

"People in the ministry of finance only see tax as a means of collecting money. But taxes are an economic instrument which affects investment and regional and social development. I hear little debate about this," says Mr Boris Fyodorov, the former finance minister.

In a recent interview, Mr Yegor Gaidar, the former prime minister, argued the most critical issue was for the government to develop the political will to punish the worst tax offenders and scare company directors into paying

In the currant anvironment, "not one sensible director, who

thinks about the interests of his enterprise and is an economically rational person in the sense that Adam Smith described, should pay their taxes." he said.

Despite the immediate pressures, the government has shown its resolve to hold its hudget deficit to a revised annual target of 5.25 per cent of GDP and may simply stop spending if this target is jeopardised - no matter how much social pain this may cause.

The argument is that with inflation tamed and the rouble held steady, all that is needed for economic growth to resume is for interest rates to be cut from their current crippling level of about 50 per cent, which will only happen if public finances are brought under control.

As the first snows begin to fall in Moscow and strikes and protest marches multiply, it promises to be a hleak winter for those dependent on the government's ( budget.

### **UK and Italy** join European arms agency

#### By Bruce Clark in Bonn

will take s important step tual value could run into forward today when Britain and Italy sign up to an agency established by France and Germany to oversee joint arms produc- dures for contracting and tion projects. The admission of Britain

to the Bonn-based agency an embryonic structure with a staff of around 15, but expected to grow considerably - comes after delicate negotiations over its terms of reference.

Mr Michael Portillo, the UK defence secretary, has won promises that participation in the agency will not imply a "blanket European preference" in arms procurement or exclude purchasing US arms if they offer better value.

However, the UK minister, who will formally join the expanded agency at a meeting with his three counterparts in Strasbourg today, has also assured them that he shares their goal of a strong defence industrial base in Europe.

in several speeches this year. Mr Portillo has said

ments of a new multi-role armoured vehicle (MRAV). Collaboration between This project is still on the Europe's defence industries drawing board but its even-

> several hillion dollars. UK officials said the agency would seek to establish a common set of proceintellectual property rights, thus avoiding the duplication of work which has to be carried out at present in

all multinational arms pro-If this is successful, the inter-governmental teams overseeing each individual

project should in future be smaller and more efficient, the officials said. But tasks would only be assigned to the Bonn agency on an ad hoc basis, and its success in managing the MRAV would have to be assessed before deciding whether to give it responsibility for other high-value projects, such as the frigate which the UK, France and

Italy hope to produce. In another military co-operation project which will start on a small scale but could grow considerably, some 13 European nations will agree in Belgium next



land Union won a total of 70 in the 140-strong parliament, but the 16 seats won by its partner, the Christian Democrats, give the coalition a comfortable majority. Mr Gediminas Vagnorius,

the presumptive prime minister in the new government. vesterday backed away from controversial campaign pledge to scrap the indepen-dent currency board, which fixes parities for the litas, the Lithuanian currency. He said policy would not be changed for at least 12 months.

"We want to preserve a stable situation," Mr Vagnortwo years.

head of state in 1992 when the ex-communist Lithuanian Democratic Labour party (LDLP) swept his party out of office after only a year in power. In the new parliament, the LDLP will hold

The Homeland Union. which banefited from low turnout in both rounds of voting, still faces a difficult task in dispelling the lingering concerns about its ahility to manage the economy. An International Monetary Fund official in Vilnius said that the IMF had received assurances from Mr Vagnorius after the first round of voting that 6 currency board would remain the "linchpin" of the current \$200m loan

that expires next September. The new government will be watched for any departure from the tight monetary

and budget policies pursued by the LDLP, which the Fund expects to keep inflation below 20 per cent this year and produce 4.5 per

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Vytantas Landsbergis: clear winner of parliamentary election

**Centre-right claims victory in Slovenia polls** 

By Jack Grimston in Ljubljana

entre-r

ter, to claim he had a man-date to form a government. Democrats (SDS) 16 per cent His centre-left Liberal and the Christian Demo-the Italian border. In addi-put back by a week. The ernment."

central bank, but any exit from the current arrangement would be gradual and not done before 12 months only 12 seats. His comments are aimed at easing investor concerns

about an imminent devaluation of the litas, which the currency board currently seats, one short of a majority pegs at four to one US dollar. Mr Vagnorius said the Homsland Union would "deepsn" privatisation efforts through "open public sales with no restrictions on

foreign participation". Analysts in Vilnius, the

capital, are confident that the coalition can form a new government quickly when parliament reconvenes in Mr Landsbergis, a sardonic 65-year-old, is expected to become speaker of parlia.

ment, a possible launch pad for a presidential attempt in



two weeks.

oe snouid be concerned by the growing lead in defence technology enjoyed by US companies. Until recently, this line of argument was mainly heard

from France. The agency's first important task will be to design and oversee the procurement by its four member govern-

legal entity with powers to military commission research. Mr Volker Rühe, the Ger man defence minister, called

establish a ne

at the weekend for a stronmajority. ger European role within Nato and a more rohust security policy for the European Union.

claimed victory in Sunday's (LDS) was in the lead with parliamentary elections in 27.8 per cent of the vote, in Slovenia, saving that only turnout of 72 per cent. poll fraud prevented them Bnt a coalition of three centre-right parties called from securing an absolute Slovenian Spring looked set to win 44 seats in the 90-However, provisional results announced yesterday morning enabled Mr Janez member National Assembly. The Slovenian People'a party (SLS) won 19.6 per crais had been distributed Drnovsek, the prime minis-

**LEGAL NOTICES** 

crats. at pi tion government with the LDS, took 9.5 per cent. In a statement yesterday afternoon, the leaders of Slovenian Spring alleged a number of "serious irregu-larities". It claimed propaganda for the ex-Communist

Slovenians living abroad had not been given enough time to send in their votes. An SLS official also claimed a "very suspicious swing" carly yesterday could deprive her party of one projected seat. The parties are calling for United List of Social Demothe official confirmation

sion hopes to avoid a delay. ing him only 26 seats, Mr The president, Mr Milan Drnovsek will need the support of at least one of the "Spring" parties. State-Kucan, will ask one of the party leaders to form a new ments from their three leadgovernment after the results are declared official. The prime minister was quick to claim victory on Sunday ers yesterday indicated their own priority was to form a coalition by themselves, if night, telling state televissary with the support sion: "It would be normal of one smaller party.

### INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS: BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

nev units (Erad. The Era exchange rate shows the number of national Ecu. The nominal e

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and a quality of service that's reassuringly high saves shown sure one way: also tax. Subject to availability at 01 4384 Call Debonair on <b>0500 146 200</b> or your travel agent	Over 40p in every £1 donared goas di 1 would like to make a donation of £ 1 (Cheques purable to Imperial Cance or charge £ to my AccessA  Expiry Poite Signature MrtMrd/Mov/Ms Address	er Research Fund) Visa/Amcs/Diners/Charity Card Nu.	October 1995 November December January 1996 February March April May June June July August September	18.5 18.9 18.7 18.2 18.9 18.8 18.5 18.3 18.5 18.5 18.5 18.5 18.5 18.5	1,1 1,9 1,1 1,8 1,8 1,8 1,8 1,8 1,6 2,2	1.4 0.4 2.5 1.7 2.0 0.7 1.1 1.3 0.0	6.3308 6.3259 6.3221 6.3189 8.3434 6.3489 6.3707 8.4121 6.3965 6.4231 6.4532		19.7 11.9	2.0 1.9 0.1 2.1 2.7 2.3 3.9 3.7 6.3 3.5	2.0 -1.1 1.2 -1.3 2.4 4.0 4.3 2.7 5.4	2084.8 2033.6 2001.4 1969.6 1959.1 1944.9 1912.2 1909.8 1918.1 1923.8 1913.2	71.1 72.4 73.3 74.0 74.8 76.2 78.8 76.8 76.8 76.6 76.6 76.6 76.4 76.4	15.4 18.3 15.7 18.1 18.4 18.6 16.7 17.3 17.1 17.1 17.0	-2.0 -0.6 -1.3 -1.7 -1.7 -1.7 -1.4 -1.4 -1.5 -0.7	Г.а. П.а. П.а. П.а. П.а. П.а. П.а. Г.а. Г	0.8291 0.8285 0.8254 0.8159 0.8212 0.8201 0.8106 0.9031 0.8065 0.9185 0.8070	75. 74. 74. 74. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 76. 77. 77. 77. 77.
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The new year in the DM market for interest-rate products starts on November 12, with the launch of the One-Month Euromark Future at DTB. With short dated maturities extending into 1997, the usual year-end interest-rate exposure can be eliminated. Hedging with an One-Month LIBOR Futures contract

will be possible in Europe for the first time.

But that's not all: a Three-Month Euromark Future with serial contract months will be introduced on January 14, 1997, making DTB the only derivatives exchange to offer the most important DM products in a spectrum of one month to ten years.

With the conversion of Europe's benchmark currency, into Euro, the DTB will have the perfect product range to provide you with more reasons to celebrate. Wishing you all the best for a prosperous new year.

Your access to success



### **NEWS: WORLD TRADE**

### Dhaka to EdF wins China's expand cellphone first BOT contract network

### By Sophie Roel in Beijing

By Kasra Naji in Dhaka

The govarnment of Bangladesh yesterday signed contracts with three private mobile phone companies, paving the way for an expansion of the country's cellular phone network.

The government hopes competition will lower telecoms charges and provide mobile phones to the general population, according to Mr Muhammad Nassim, minister of post and telecommunication

The three companies, GrameenPhone Consortium, TM International, and Seba Telecom, were awarded licences in August after the govern-ment decided to end the monopoly of Pacific Bangladesh Telecom, a wholly owned Bangladeshi company.

The GrameenPhone Consortium, set up by the Gra-meen Bank, hopes to take mobile phones to remote villages where women who have been taking out small unsecured loans to start up businesses can use the phones as income generating tools.

Bangladesb's Independence Day on March 26 next year has been set as the deadline for the three companies to atart providing their GSM (Global System of Mobile Communication) services. The government hopes the number of mobile phones will be increased fivefold to about \$0,000 in the first 16 months.

The GrameenPhone Conaortium includes Telenor, the Norwegian state-owned telecoms company, Marubeni trading group of Japan, and Gonofone Development Corporation, a New Yorkbased company set up by Bangladeshi expatriates. The consortium will invest \$22m initially.

TM International (Bangla-desh) will invest \$55m in the first 18 months, government officials say. The third operator, Seba Telecom, will invest \$75m.

The contract for the first wholly foreign-owned, buildoperate-transfer power station in China has been been awarded to Electricité de France, the French steteowned utility and GEC Alsthom

The project has been presented by Beijing as a model for foreign participation in China'a electricity generating sector. The western partners

announced yestarday that they had signed an agreement with local anthorities for the finance, construction and operation of the 700MW Laibin 'B' power project in Guangxi, southern China. The power station will cost

its doors on terms which more than FFr3bn (\$580m) to might be acceptable to fordevelop and will be wholly financed by foreign capital, eign partners. Particularly contentious the companies said. It will be transferred to the governhave been returns for foreign equity holders and alloment after 15 years of opera-

Although China has yet to tried to limit equity returns issue regulations for BOT to foreign developers and has also been reluctant to projects, the central governprovide the guarantees ment has indicated that the "standardised guidelines and against foreign exchange documentation" used in the and some other risks required to raise bank loans. Laibin approval process will Recently, however, some be applied to other build-operate-transfer projects. The other projects include the joint venture projects have gone ahead as the two sides have moved closer together. Wangcheng power plant in Changsha, Hunan province; In particular, some foreign lenders have agreed to be the Junshan bridge over the Yangtze at Wuhan, Hnbei satisfied with "letters of comfort" offered by provinprovince, a highway project in which the Asian Developcial governments in lieu of ment Bank is involved; and bank guarantees. Developers a water supply project in have also reconciled them. salves to lower equity Chengdu, Sichuan province. Despite a chronic electricreturns in China compared to other developing counity shortfall, foreign participation in China's power tries in order to participate industry has been stalled by in the largest market for Beijing's reluctance to open power in the world.

Beijing aims to boost generating capacity by 15,000MW per year between now and the year 2000. Total investment in the power sector is to reach Yn690bn cation of risks. Beijing has (\$88bn).



Baroness Denton: additional revenue to Northern Ireland economy of £27m in first three years

Shamrock isle turns new leaf

#### By John Murray Brown in Dublin

The shamrock, long the symbol of the Irish tourism industry, was repackaged yesterday as part of a 1£32m (\$53m) campaign aimed at promoting Ireland as an emotional experience".

From December, thc ther all-Ireland bodies. strains of the Cranberries Northern Ireland economy rock hand will accompany minister Baroness Denton television advertisements in said the benefits to the province would be considerable. "We estimate the potential additional revenue in the region of £27m (\$44.5m) in the next three years alone," she said.

The refashioned logo depicts two people embrac-ing and exchanging the three-leafed sbamrock plant. growing holiday destina-

tion, saw a 15 per cent growth in revenues last year, against an EU average door pursuits. of 2.3 per cent. Since 1988, Said one the industry has accounted "Americans are obsessed

### However, the industry has stuck with Ireland's bucolic image. It stresses the attractions of the public house, traditional music and outofficial:

money on," said Mr Noel

Toolan, director of market-ing at Bord Failte.

motion by the tourist boards, north and south,

and comes amid criticism

from Protestant unionists in

Northern Ireland that it rep-

ents a bridgehead for fur-

This is the first joint pro-

with a good shower, the

### WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST Australia to buy 40 Hawks

Israel

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The Australian Defence Force has selected the British Aerospace Hawk as its new fighter training alreraft in a deal worth fibn (\$1.63bn) over 25 years. BAe won the contract to supply 40 Hawks in competition with McDonnell Douglas of the US and Acrmaochi of Italy. Australia rejected the McDonnell Douglas bid to supply T-45 Goshawk aircraft in September. The Hawk was chosen in preference to the Italian Macchi aircraft.

The first 12 Hawks will be built in the UK for delivery by the end of the decade. The remainder will be assembled in Australia by BAe's local subsidiary, in collaboration with Australian companies.

The Australians will pay about half of the 11bn for the initial purchase of the aircraft. The remainder will come from the provision by BAe of maintenance services and spare parts. The aircraft will have a customised cockpit to prepare pilots to fly the McDonnell Douglas F/A-18 aircraft. The Hawk will replace the Australian air force's Macchi jets. The air force bought 87 Macchis, the first of which entered service in 1968. BAe has sold 700 Hawks to 15 air forces

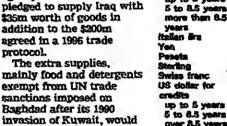
Michael Skapinker, Acrospace Corresponden

Pirelli of Italy plans to establish a joint venture tyre plant in Changchun, Jilin province, with an annual output of 1.5m, the official Xinhua news agency said AFX Asio yesterday.

Weir Pumps of Scotland has won a £1.2m order to supply main and auxiliary pumping equipment to a combined cycle power plant in Chile, its first in the Foreign Staf region.

Jordan and OECD Export Credit Rates Iraq agree The Organisation for Eco nomic Co-operation and Development announced trade deal new minimum interest rates (%) for officially suprates (%) for officially sup-ported export credits for November 15 1996 to December 15 1996 (Octo-ber 15 1996 to November Jordan and Iraq have

agreed to increase their trade over the winter to meet sanctions hit Baghdad's urgent food requirements and to cover extra heating needs in D-Mark Jordan. French franc The official Petra news agency said Jordan had pledged to supply Iraq with \$35m worth of goods in addition to the \$200m



credits up to 5 years 5 to 6.5 years over 8.5 years

14 1998 to brackets).

up to 5 years

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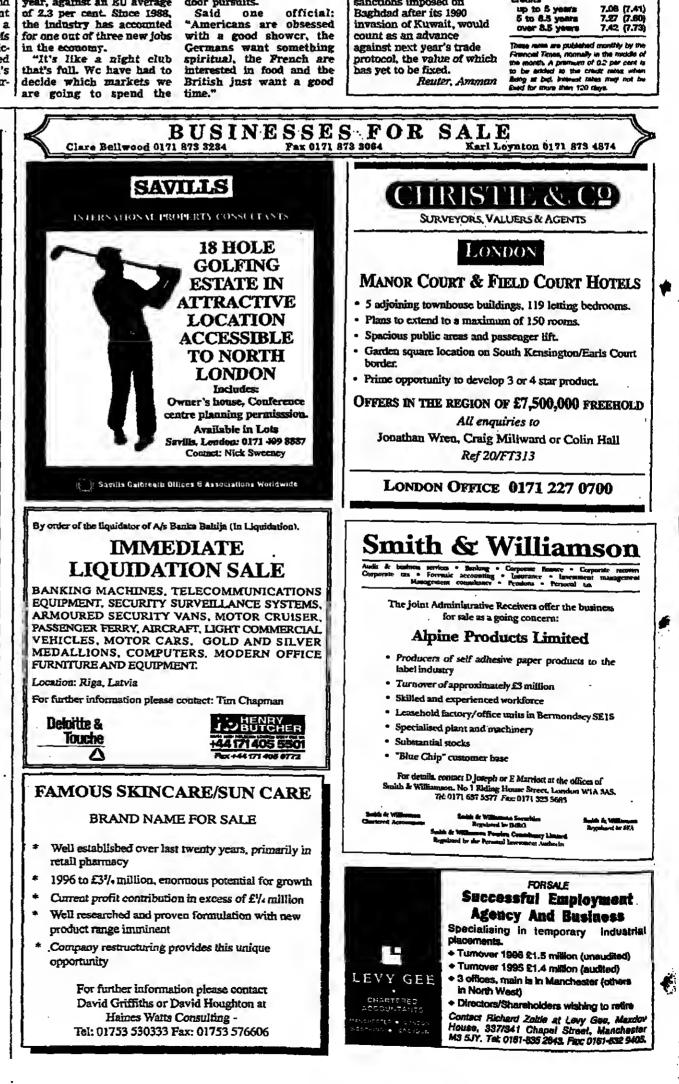
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Before you set up your venture in India...



**Burma bars EU probe** despite threat to trade

By Ted Bardacke in Bangkok

tion.

ratification from European Burma has refused to allow the European Commission to send a mis .... to investigate increasing the likelihood that the Commission will seek to revoke Burma's special trade privileges under

the Generalised System of Preferences (GSP). The European Union's request was made after the Commission studied detailed claims by labour and human rights groups that Burma's military regime forces the population to work on government projects and act as porters for the military. The trade privileges are vital for

ing export, textiles. The Burmese government said that as "forced labour physically harmed or did not exist" in Burma such arrested. Nevertheless, the ma's people.

Burma's largest manufactur-

economy ministers, several of whom have been reluctant to link trade with issues of labour conditions and environmental protection. But with further investiga-tion impossible and in the

wake of last weekend's mob attack on a motorcade carrying democracy activist Ms Aung San Suu Kyi, pressure on the commissioner responsible for the region, Mr Manuel Marin, to place the issue before the ministers will

The move on GSP requires

increase, diplomats said. Ms Sun Kyi was unburt in the incident, thus making it unlikely that the attack would trigger economic sanctions from US President Bill Clinton, who is authorised to do so if Ms Suu Kyi is

a mission was not needed.

US expressed its "outrage" at the attack under circumstances it described as "extremely disturbing". Both the US and the EU

have imposed largely symbolic bans on visas for Burmese authorities.

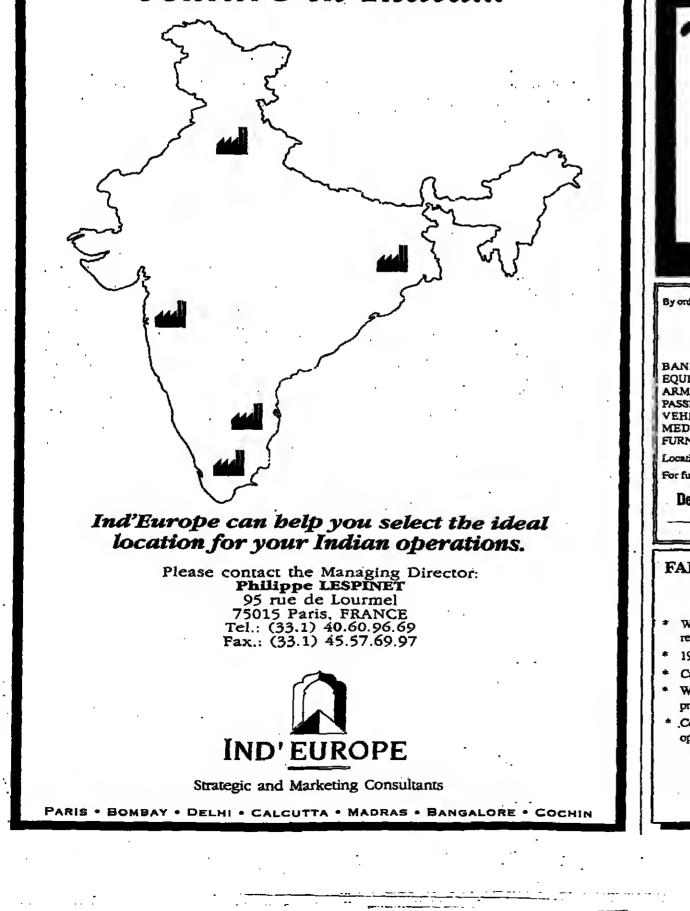
 Total of France yesterday defended its record on human rights in Burma and said its plans for gas production there should be seen as benefiting the country as a

whole Total executives were speaking after two European parliament members who had just visited Burma said they would press for an end to European investment there. They brought back a videotape interview with Ms Sun Kyi in which ahe criticised Total and accused

France of putting Total's interests above those of Bur-

#### Europe and the US by Bord Failte, the Irish tourist board, and the Northern Ireland Tourist Board. The move is simed at attracting a higher-spending

tourist, and follows an 18month survey of the sector. Ireland's leading industry with earnings of IE2.25bn in 995 Ireland, Europe's fastest





stability. The dampening effect of the stalled Arab-Israeli peace process further strengthened the case for internal reform leading towards greater integration with the international econ-

strengthening of the balance of payments through improved private capital "the ratio of foreign direct inflows, on the ona hand; investment in the Mena higher oil prices and the end region has ranged between to drought in North Africa 0.5 per cent and 0.75 per cent

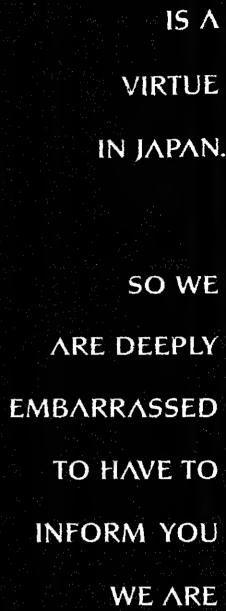
developing countries and 10 per cent for industrial

between 1990 and 1995 batons and tear gas to break up a march by about 100 declined by 5 per cent, while trade unionists demonstratgrowing 20 per cent for

ing in support of striking doctors and nurses. Mr Morgan Tsvangirai, eneral secretary of the Zimbabwe Congress of Trade Unions (ZCTU) and his deputy were arrested as the government toughened its stand against the strikers who have disrupted medical ser-

vices at state hospitals, especially in Harare. The ZCTU; which organised tha abortive midday demonstration, is threaten-ing to call a national general the strate and the strate wast

Industrialists warn that tha clampdown on yesterday's peaceful demonstra-tion could provoka a sharp response from the South African Congress of Trade Unions (Cosatu). They fear Cosatu could



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levels of private sector signed a new IMF accord last investment," the report said, month - were doing best in per capita growth, job creation, low inflation and poverty alleviation. While Fund officials have nations.



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two-day stand-off between the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the guerrillas. But prospects for international military intervention, continued to recede, despite a renewed call by Mrs Emma Bonino, European Union commissioner, for the urgent despatch of a UN force. £ \*\*\*

are against the re-establishment of refugee camps inside Zaire. But at the same time we need to find these refugees and send them back home, but to do this we need a military force to open up corridors for them," she said. Britain and the US, however, expressed reservations. "If there is to be a military operation it must be carefully planned, it must have clear objectives and there must be an exit strategy." Mr Michael Portillo, the UK defence secretary, said.

We

rebel forces annexed the

area last month, ending a

Although Mr Hervé de Charette, the French foreign minister, sought yesterday to play down reports of Franco-American differences over the Zaire refugee. crisis, Paris has so far been unable to win support from Washington for its call for a 5,000strong intervention force. While the deliveries yes-

terday constituted the first step in the establishment of in the wider Gulf area. humaniterian corridors being called for by the UN, they are unlikely to reach any of the million Hutu refugees trapped by fighting between the Zairean rebels and exiled Rwandan extremists.

The supplies were taken to a sports stadium for distribution to hospitals in Goma, crammed with the victims of the last few weeks' fighting. But until the question of

security can be settled, no aid will get to the hundreds of thousands of Hutu refugees trapped in the camp of Mugunga, on the outskirts of Goma, or trekking deeper west into Zaire.

Continued shelling of Goma by tha interahamure militiamen and former Rwandan soldiers in Mugunga has merely high-lighted the difficulties of trying to help the refugees without first neutralising the hardliners' hold on the by the US last September on refugee population.

immediate target for action live in Latin America. Child. must be tha most abusive forms of child labour, such as slavery, debt bondage, child prostitution, hazardous work and the very young.

While it will take years to eliminate child labour completely, "there are some forms of child labour today market economy. which are intolerable by any standard", Mr Michel Handoing dangerous work that senne, ILO director-general, puts them at risk of death, said in the report.

crippling accidents, disease, poisoning and sexual abuse. An ILO survey published earlier this year estimated that 73m children aged An ILO survey in the Philippines found that more than between 10 and 14 were 60 per cent of working children were exposed to chemiworking full-time in 100

labour also exists in industrialised countries, including the US, Britain, Italy and Portugal, and is growing in eastern European countries making the painful transition from communism to a The report documents many examples of children

Laden down: a young boy is put to work in a New Delhi brickyard, one of millions of child labourers worldwide

cal and biological hazards, ing evidence of physical, and 40 per cent experienced mental and sexual abuse". serious injuries or illnesses. \*Child Labour: Targeting In domestic service, which the Intolerable. Available employs mostly girls, sur-veys have uncovered "alarm-1211 Geneva 22, SFr15. from ILO Publications, CH-

use Harare's heavy-handed treatment of the unions as a iustification for delaying tha new trade pact between the two countries that will give some Zimbabwe exports, including clothing, textiles and footwear, preferential entry to the South African market

Mr Nowak sided with critics of the sale of e 51 per cent stake in Hwange thermal power station to a Malaysian Group, YTL, calling for accountability and transpareocy in the country's on-off privatisation programme.

AIRLINE. anier some and

INTERNATIONAL

Gulf states hail US policy review Robin Allen on think-tanks to reconsider 'dual containment' of Iran and Iraq

IRAQ

elected.

responded openly to the pos-

sibility of dialogue on Sun-

day. "If they [the US] send a message to us through their

interest section [at the Swiss

embassy], it will not remain unanswered," he said.

For many Gulf states, any

US-Iran dialogue would be a

welcome departure from the

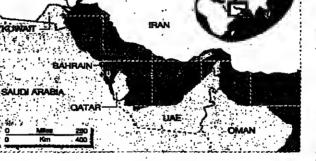
wo think tanks are the unilateral extension of reviewing US rela-tions with Iran and the no-fly zone in sonthern Iraq as examples of what they call Washington's "loose-canon" approach to the Gulf states, according to senior officials in Washington. The reviews, which

both Iraq and Iran. "Confrontation with Iran and Iraq has had very meahave been urged by senior members of the US adminisgre results," a US official acknowledged. "US sanctration, will be welcomed by Gulf states and US business. tions against Iran have not The initiative follows sustained criticism from Gulf met with co-operation from states and other countries of the US's trading partners." what is perceived to be the There are "significant differences between the US and Its lack of coherent US strategy allies over how to deal with the regime in Tehran".

"US policy has created an imbalance of power in the Gulf to the advantage of The first think-tank, under Mr Geoffrey Kemp, director Iran," according to a senior Abu Dhabl official. "The USof regional and strategic programmes at the Nixon Centre for Peace & Freedom and led sanctions against Iraq have left Saddam Hussein in a former National Security Council director for the Midpower. Worse, they are nourishing a hatred among haqi people against the Gulf states and the whole world." dle East under President Ronald Reagan, is "to bring together 30 specialists to think through relations with Other Gulf states, 'notably

Oman, Qatar and Dubai, have been out of step with Iran". The second group, under Mr Richard Murphy, senior fellow at the New York-based Council on Foreign Washington's policy of treating tran as a pariah state. The purpose of the thinktanks is to suggest adjust-ments to a Gulf policy based Relations, is to "re-evaluate relations with the Gulf on "dual containment" of states - Bahrain, Kuwait, Iran and Iraq and the isola-Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirtion of both states. It is also ates - within the framework to improve the quality of communication with Gulf of existing security arrangestates in mapping out a long-term regional policy.

Both US and Gulf critics. point to the missile attack targets in southern Iraq and



the end of last month when Mr Robert Pelletreau, assistant secretary of state, said on e visit to the Gulf that he them." was hopeful the US would begin a dialogue with Iran within the next four years if

giant North Field gas field lies adjacent to Iran's South Pars structure. Bahrain and Saudi Arabia take a more jaundiced view of Iran, closer to thet of Abu Dhabi, where senior officials have made clear concern ovar Iran's continuing occupation

of Gulf islands claimed by the UAE. ubai, however, the second richest of the

UAE's seven emirates and the region's leading of Kuwait's ruling family . air-cargo hub and services centre, regards Iran as a said recently: "We want to source of lucrative barter, acknowledge, is their ultistay friends with han, not re-export, and transit busi- mate, guarantor against

for Iran and, increasingly. for the central Asian states. It is the extra-territorial provisions of the US sanctions lew on Iran which evoke the greatest scepticism in Gulf states. A senior US official said: "Our goal is not to harm the companies of our friends and allies. It is to deter them from investing in Iran in the first place by making them choose between their interests in Iran and the US."

But Gulf businessmen do not accept this, nor the possibility that US customs inspectors may one day scrutinise their bills-of-lading. Some diplomats agree. "No country, in the Gulf or any-

where else, wants to be pushed around and told by. the US who it can and cannot do business with," e European diplomat said. Gulf officials also talk privetely of their concern at "some incident or accident" between US and Iranian naval forces in the Gulf. which could trigger a

regional crisis. "It happened during the Iran-Iraq war," said one senior Gulf diplomat, "and it

could happen again." Gulf states are hoping the Kemp and Murphy reports will signal the start of an improved dialogue with the US - which alone, they

The foundation of Japanese cultura

#### ia modesty.

So while it's true that Japan Airlines

has the world's largest fleet of 747s

and carries more passangars on more

flights from more European citias to

Japan than anyona alse, we'd rathar

not talk about it.

Call your local JAL offica, or contact

your travel agent. We'll let your flight

with us speak for itself.



A BETTER APPROACH TO BUSINESS Tokasi - Zkush Proprinting deserva

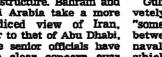


existing policy. Sheikh Ali ments," according to a US Al-Sabah, a senior member official. Public hints that the US and former interior minister, was taking a second look at its previously stated policy of "isolating fran" came at because we like them, but ness both for goods destined external aggression.

•

cause we must. Iran is our neighbour and we want them to know we do not seek any conflict with

Similar sentiments are expressed in Qatar, whose President Clinton was re-Mr Ali Akbar Velayati, the Iranian foreign minister,



### **NEWS:** ASIA-PACIFIC

Finance technocrat outlines plans for lasting economic reform

# Sick Pakistan's doctor arrives

Dakistan's *de focto* finance minister has just three months to make a mark on the country's sick economy. But Mr Javed Burki has been here before. In 1993 he advised the interim administration that was set up the last time Pakistan's politicians were fired for mismanaging the country.

Armed with lessons learnt then, Mr Burki, who is on leave from the World Bank. is confident he can manage a transformation hefore new elections scheduled for Febгиагу.

"I understand this economy," says the man who advised the interim administration of Mr Moeen Qureshi, another World Bank technocrat, in 1993. "I can turn it around. He has wasted little time

starting. Within 36 hours of arriving in Islamahad - having already discussed additional International Monetary Fund and World Bank funding in Washington – he had mapped out a "rohust" programme designed, he says, to produce lasting reforms

"We've got to bring about a significant structural change in the economy, to save ourselves from the kind of hiccups we have every two to three years," he says. At the same time Mr Burki

has also to stage an emergency rescue programme for an economy facing both fiscal and external account crises. Government borrowing since the June hudget is, at Rs60bn (\$1.5hn), now three times the full-year target. The government also revealed at the weekend that last year's fiscal deficit was actually 1.3 percentage points higher than a previously announced 5 per cent

On the external account, Pakistan's reserves are just \$630m. Some \$600m in debt repayments are due next month. An almost sealed IMF package will bring an immediate \$160m, but Mr Paul Chabrier, IMF director

of gross domestic product.

bring in teams of internaswift discrimination between for the Middle East, arrives the good and bad assets of



The Karachi stock exchange yesterday: capital market reforms are on the way

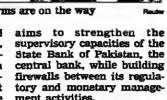
the country's state-owned tomorrow to discuss a possibanks. The bad, he proposes, hle additional emergency credit. will be hived off into a Reso-Mr Burki, saying he would lution Trust Corporation which, aided by new legisla-"like to see reserves go up beyond \$1hn", is expecting tion, would recover what it favourable response can and, at least, spread the massive cost of winding up from both the Fund and the the bad debts over several Bank for quick-disbursing

The chief lessons from the Qureshi administration, Mr Burki argues, are to move fast and, more important, to try to bind successor governments to the reforms by setting them in law.

This time we are absolutely determined to huild into the reform programme provisions which would make it difficult for the next government to allow slip-It is a herculean task, not

least because Mr Burki's reforms are aimed at the heart of Paklstan's ailing and highly politicised financial system. Among his pri-orities will be an attempt to clear up the banking system. State-owned banks are carrying \$3bn in bad debts many of them to influential political figures.

Mr Burki is proposing to tional advisers to make a had debt and bave to be dealt with very quickly". in addition, he says he



To strengthen a capital market he called "weaker than that of Bangladesh", he "The good banks will then says he plans to strengthen become part of the . . privatithe Corporate Law Authority, the market regulator, sation process," he says. Mr Burki, the World Bank'e through the passage of fresh vice-president for Latin laws.

More broadly, he has America, says he will borrow from similar models of bad already created new "task debt treatment garnered in forces" to report to him by Argentina, Mexico and Brathe end of the month on fiszil. He says ba will be seekcal reform, public spending, ing \$400m-\$500m from the trade and tariff reform, pen-Bank to support the banking sion fund reforms - with a view to creating private sector institutions to deepen the capital market - distribution

his is hut part of Mr Burki's agenda. He aims to "abolish, conof taxes to the provinces and privatisation, solidate or reform" a swathe He has already appointed of inefficient state financing a new chairman of the privainstitutions, including the tisation commission and asked him entirely to redraw Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan and the Pakistan's privatisation pro-Regional Development gramme "within 72 hours". Finance Corporation - insti-Mr Burki has already tutions, he says, which "play suggested he wants swift no purpose at all and have sales of two state banks, Habih Bank and United been massively abused in Bank Limited, bnt also the past, carry a burden of

wishes to extend privatisation to embrace infrastructure such as ports and air-



an issue in the Thai general election. The sons, daughters, wives and siblings of scores of provincial political strongmen, discredited nationally by corruption allegations, are contesting seats in the November 17 election to preserve the value of their family's political infinence.

run in this election but I had no choice," says Mr Newin Chidchob, fighting to defend his seat and abont 10 others be controls in the poor north-eastern province

By mid-December, he says Mr Newin, an entertaining orator whose family earned its fortune from a government rock quarry concession, is no stranger to controversy. His company was hanned from hidding on government contracts after he was accused of intimidahopes, additional tariff ting rival contractors.

Allegations of vote-buying Many doubt Mr Burki can damaged Mr Newin hefore accomplish all this within last year's election, when his campaign workers were canght with Bt11m "Their intentions are right," says Mr Sataj Aziz, (\$430,000) in Bt20 and Bt100 former finance minister with notes stapled to the candithe 1990-93 Muslim League date's picture. A court found government. "But I don't think it's realistic. They can them innocent.

The emharrassment has start the process, but these forced Mr Newin to put forthings shouldn't be done in a ward his wife Karuna to help restore political influ-

Moreover, it remains unclear - even to Mr Burki "Having people from the - whether he will be indeed same group increases our able, as be wishes, to lock negotiating power in govhis proposed reforms into law. He bases his belief that he can on the fact that Mr ernment, .. and people feel more secure [in voting for us] knowing that they have Farooq Leghari, the presithe backing of a whole famdent, has professed bis ily," be says.

"strong political will" to Although the candidates have changed, the tactics have not. Police say gunmen have killed seven electoral Mark Nicholson, canvassers since campaigning began. A private poll **Farhan Bokhari** research agency yesterday described the campaign as the most violent since the mid-1970s. It said vote buying was widespread, espe-cially in the rural northeast. The lame-duck prime minister, Mr Banharn Silpa-archa, ousted amid a wave of largely unproven corruption charges, is following a similar tactic. While his younger brother Chumpol, a university professor, is a leading candidate, his eldest daugh-

ing a parliamentary post -

China's markets divide deepens



Japan's trade surplus is expected to pick up again after falling to its lowest level for nearly six years in the first half of this fiscal year.

The current account surplus for April to September fell 35 per cent to Y3.332bn (\$29.8bo), amid continuing strong imports of oil and computers as well as an increase in spending by Japanese travelling abroad.

in manufactured goods, import growth of nearly 27 per cent continued to outpace exports, which rose just over 8 per cent. The deficit on services trade jumped 31 per cent. Economists warned that the trade surplus had almost

certainly bottomed. Customs clearance figures for the first 20 days of October showed a 22 per cent increase in the current account surplus, driven by higher exports. Mr Yasushi Okuda, economist at BZW in Tokyo, said:

The April to September numbers are historical. If you look at October you can see the depreciation of the yen over the past year is finally feeding through to

Daniel Bogler, Tokyo exports.'

### Seoul charges ex-minister

Mr Lee Yang-ho, sacked last month as Sonth Korean defence minister, was formally charged yesterday with bribery and leaking state secrets, a prosecution official aid.

Also indicted in a case that has embarrassed the military establishment of President Kim Young-sam were the former head of Daewoo Heavy Industries, part of the Daewoo Group, and two others.

Charges were dropped against the only daughter of former President Roh Tae-woo, accused of accepting diamond jewellery to gain a promotion for Mr Lee. Mr Lee was charged with taking Won150m (\$181,000) as part of his share of payments to an arms dealer in connection with a military purchase of helicopters from Daewoo. He is charged with leaking classified information on helicopter purchase plans to Mr Kwoo Pyong-ho, the Korean-American arms dealer.

Mr Roh Tae-woo is now appealing against a 221 year jail sentence imposed for bribery, treason and mutiny. His predecessor, Mr Chun Doo Hwan, is trying to escape a Reuter, Secul death sentence on similar charges.

### Malaysia expels foreigners

Malaysia yesterday deported the 10 remaining foreign human rights activists who took part in a short-lived conference on East Timor at the weekend and freed a foreign journalist who covered the event. The conference, beld abead of today's anniversary of the 1991 killing by Indonesian troops of at least 50 demonstrators in East Timor's capital of Dili, was broken up by protesters.

Thirty-six foreign activists were expelled on Sunday, including two Roman Catholic bishops. The conference had been condemned by the government as damaging to its relations with indonesia.

Mr Anwar Ibrahim, deputy prime minister, said the government did not sanction the actions of the group which hroke up the conference, although the youths belonged to groups allied to the three main political parties in the ruling coalition of Prime Minister Mohammed Mahathir. Reuter, Kuala Lumpur

### Labour law deal in Australia

Australia's cumbersome industrial relations system became a little simpler yesterday when the state government in Victoria agreed to cede its industrial relations powers to the federal government. Differing siate and federal labour market regulations have been a long-standing problem for larger industrial companies. Yesterday's agreement "in principle" means all Victorian employees and employers will be able to access, and be covered by, federal regulations without having to cite an interstate dispute or other constitutional obstacles.

Mr John Howard, prime minister, described the industrial relations deal as an "historic first," which would "pave the way for the development of more flexible workplace agreements focusing on the needs of iodividual enterprises". Nikki Tait, Sydney

### in warning on economy down trade gap from New Zealand First. By Terry Hall in Wellington

New Zealand's Reserve amid rising public concern exporters for allowing a 20 Bank, yesterday warned the over the lack of progress in per cent rise in the value of

The three parties begin a Mr Don Brash, governor of fifth week of talks today intense criticism from minister, Mr Nguyen Sinh nomic growth that has aver-

sharply, burting exporters. Mr Brash has been under

Vietnam's new finance Hung, yesterday sought to aged 8.5 per cent in the last down concern over the

NZ central bank chief Vietnam plays

more.

cows," he says.

reforms

hurry."

back reforms.

three months.

the country's overall debt picture and could threaten

the sustainability of ecoter Kanchana is also defend-

Family values have becom Foreign exchange reserves (Sbn)

"I didn't want my wife to

ports. "There are no sacred of Buriram.

the interim government will present a fully fledged "etructural reform" programme, embracing his financial sector reforms, tough fiscal measures to "enforce" a fiscal deficit of 4 per cent of GDP and, he

country's political leaders, currently hammering out a coalitioo government, that excessive government spend-ing could seriously damage the economy.

Before last month's inconclusive general election, both the populist New Zealand First and opposition Labour had called for higher social spending. Mr Brash's comments fol-

low reports of tough bargaining between New Zealand First and the two main partles, National and Labour, both seeking its support to form a government. New Zealand First bolds the balance of power. National, which has formed a caretaker government. has vielded to some demands

forming a new government. the New Zealand dollar since Mr Winston Peters, leader of 1994. "One way of reducing the New Zealand First, has said risk inherent in the present situation would be to ensure the talks could continue into the new year.

Speaking to a farmers' gathering, Mr Brash said the next administration would have less room to move because of a deterioration in the government's fiscal position this year as a result of

tion-forming," he said. He warned foreign investors against accepting "the popular wisdom that invest-ing in New Zealand assets had become a virtually riskpre-election tax cuts. He said the widespread

less exercise". It was "damperception that government aging nonsense to assume epending would increase that just because the New under any coalition govern-Zealand dollar has been ris. ing strongly over much of ment had compelled the the past four years it would Reserve Bank to ensure monetary conditions remained tighter than might continue to do so".

Mr Brash said he hoped Intarnational investors otherwise have heen the case. As a result the New recognised that there was an Zealand dollar had risen exchange rate risk.

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country's swelling trade deficit, saying Hanoi would not be tempted to borrow abroad resort to overseas borrowing as a quick-fix solution to the problem.

By Jeremy Grant In Hanoi

further fiscal stimulus is not Mr Hung, appointed in last added in the process of coaliweek's cahinet reshuffle. said the gap was "not that serious, hut if this trend is sustained it is dangerous".

Vietnam's cumulative trade deficit at the end of October was \$3.49bn, \$250m wider than at the end of the previous month. The rise was caused mostly by surging imports of consumer and capital goods, weak exports and rampant smuggling. Officials say the 1996 trade deficit is likely to hlt

\$4hn. The issue worries economists because it is clouding

Asked whether be might but says she is only keeping the seat warm until ber 23year-old brotber Varavath to finance the budget in the short-term. Mr Hung said: reaches the qualifying age. Two leading Thai politi-"No, we don't think that this would be a good idea. It is cians, Mr Narong Wongwan not a good way to solve budand Mr Vantana Asavaget problems, by borrowing hame, have seen their authority decline after being denied US visas for alleged Vietnam earlier this year links to drng smuggling. which they deny. But Mr

shelved plans for a debut on the international capital Narong still has some inflnmarkets, but is known to have recently contacted forence at the interior miniseign banks abont reviving try; his clean-cut son Annthe plans, which would involve a \$100m-\$150m eurosorn was appointed deputy minister this year. Mr Vantana is not so bond

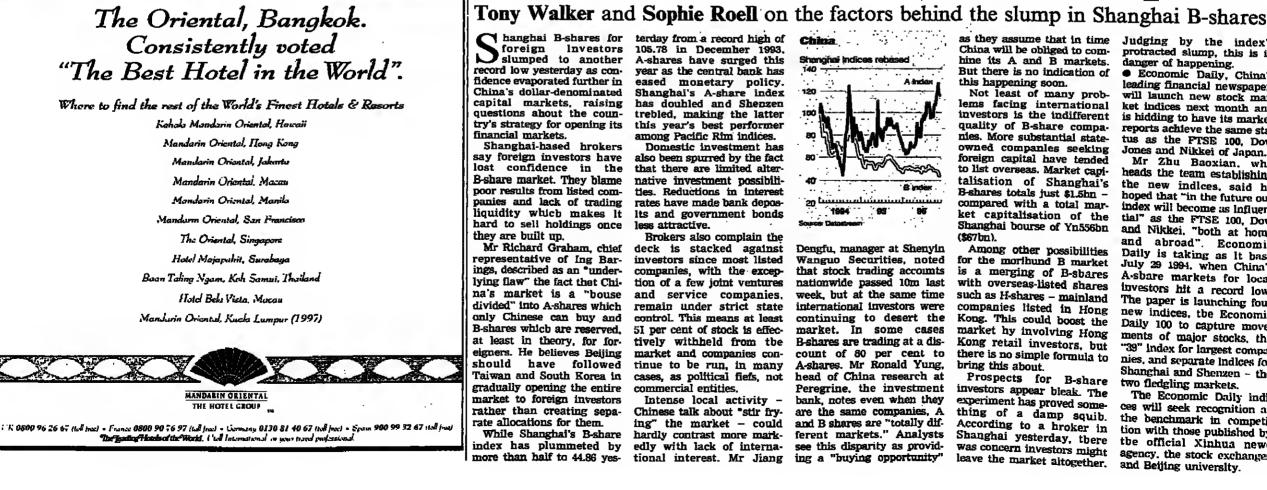
lncky with his children. One "We understand that this of his sons, running this will be a channel for ns to year, was recently reported to have fired shots from a mohilise money from over-seas, but we will only do it when we have adequate conpistol after a traffic incident involving his Jaguar. ditions," Mr Hung said.

### Colombo reverses dismissal

Sri Lanka has re-appointed the board of the country's main foreign and local investment regulatory authority only days after collectively dismissing it. Four of the six directors of the Board of Investment (BOI) were reappointed. The change was designed to remove the remaining two directors - a vocal director who represented private-sector interests and another from the government - whom the authorities regarded as "difficult".

Mr Patrick Amerasinghe, the private sector nominee dropped from the BOL is the president of the private Federation of Chambers of Commerce and Industry and has been critical of the government's handling of the economy.

Mr Suren Wickremesinghe, head of the powerful Urban Development Authority, was the other man dropped. President Chandrika Kumaratunga's office denied reports that there were serious differences of opinion hetween the BOI and cabinet ministers Amal Jayasinghe, Colombo



as they assume that in time Judging by the index's China will be obliged to com- protracted slump, this is in protracted slump, this is in danger of happening.

· Economic Daily, China's leading financial newspaper.

will launch new stock mar-ket indices next month and is hidding to have its market reports achieve the same status as the FTSE 100, Dow Jones and Nikkei of Japan. Mr Zhu Baoxian, who heads the team establishing the new indices, said he hoped that "in the future our index will become as influential" as the FTSE 100, Dow and Nikkei, "both at home and abroad". Economic Daily is taking as It base July 29 1994, when China's A-sbare markets for local investors hit a record low.

The paper is launching four new indices, the Economic Daily 100 to capture move-

ments of major stocks, the "39" Index for largest companies, and separate indices for Shanghai and Shenzen - the

1.12

two fledgling markets. The Economic Daily indices will seek recognition as the benchmark in competition with those published by tbe official Xinhua newe agency, the stock exchanges and Beijing university.

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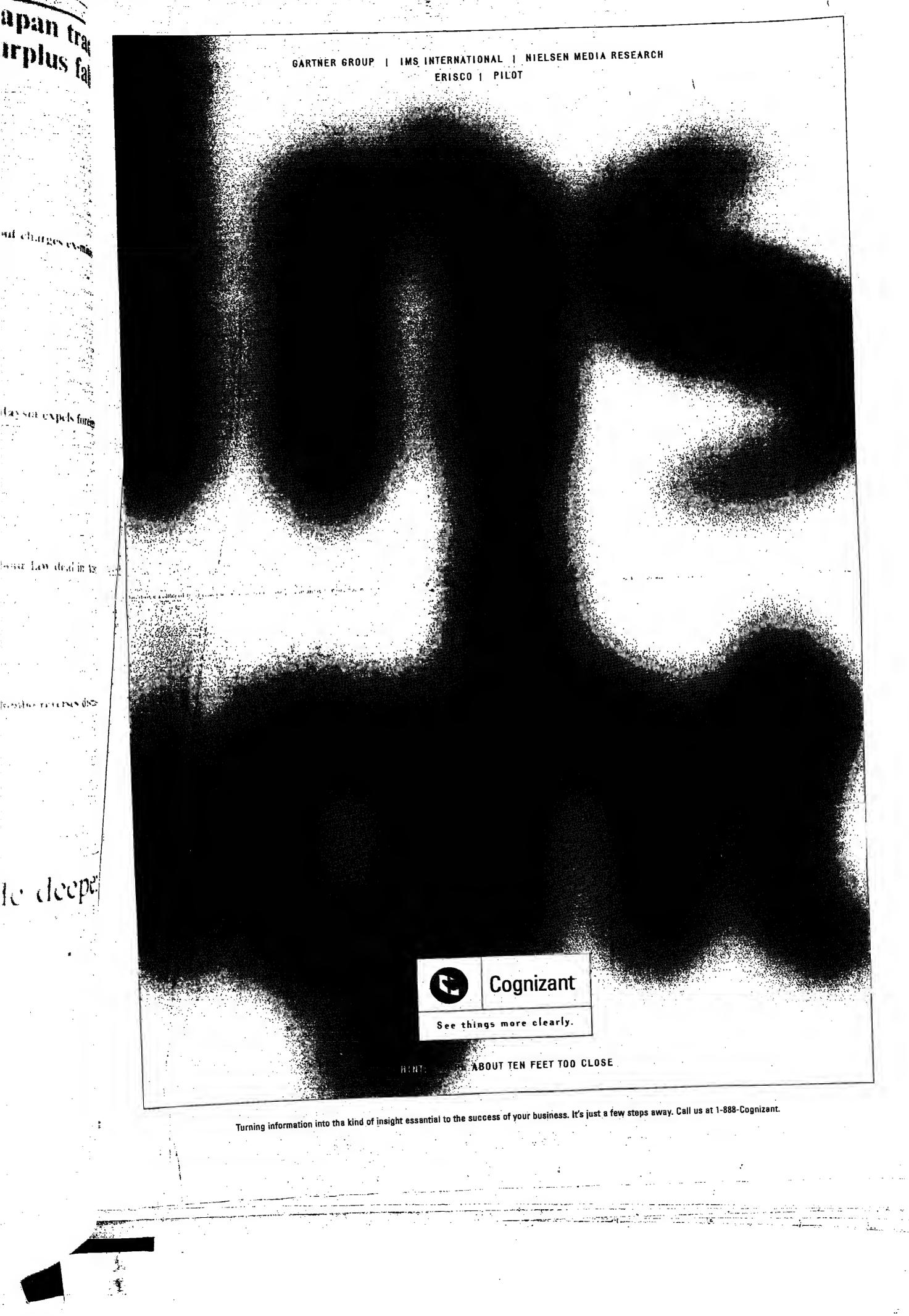
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### **NEWS:** AMERICAS

### Gingrich under pressure to step down

Colombia measures the cost of violence

Guerrillas are sapping the economy so much there is talk of all-out war, writes Sarita Kendall

#### By Jurek Martin in Washington

10

Mr Newt Gingrich is coming under some pressure from his own Rapublican party temporarily to step down as Speaker of the House pending resolution of the ethics charges against him.

Over the weekend, Congressman Steve Largent of Oklahoma became the first elected Republican publicly to endorse this approach, previously mostly circulating in conservative publications.

"I think it's a good idaa and would reduce the amount of rhetoric we would hear on the floor and allow us to work more constructively," he told a TV interview.

olombia'a guerrilla

armias represent

such a drain on the

economy and such a threat

to regional, and perhaps

national, political stability that the talk is now of all-out

And business, faced with

the prospect of having to

buy government war bonds.

is taking an active part in

the debate on how the war

can be funded and how it

Over the past 10 years the

military and police bodget

has risen from 2.4 per cent to

3.5 per cent of gross domes-

tic product and their forces

have risen by 100,000 to

250,000. Spending on justice

has nearly doubled to 1.2 per

reported crimes resulting in

a conviction has remained at

number of guerrilia fronts

has jumped from about 50 to

Clare Bellwood 0171 873 3234

3 per cent or less and the

Yet the proportion of

should be fought.

cent of GDP.

more than 114.

win gained by Congresswoman One moderata Republican, Mr Christopher Shays of Connecticut; Nancy Johnson in her supposedly also said he would not vote for Mr safe Connecticut seat. She is also head of the ethics committee and Gingrich to be returned as Speaker her opponent nearly beat her hy in January unless the pending simply accusing her of protecting House ethics committee report bad Mr Gingrich. been made public. The committee's inquiry, for

which he also ran.

That result, combined with the which an external investigator has defeat of 13 House freshmen who had been his core supporters, a been hired, centres on whether smaller Republican majority in the House and polls attesting to his charitable contributions underwriting a college course he was teachunpopularity, have had their effect on the Speaker ing wera diverted to a political sure group, known as GOPAC, Since the election he has been

Mr Gingrich was the target of more subdued in his public comments than some senior Republiheavy Democratic campaign advertising. But the result that concerns their increased majority. The conmany Republicans was the narrow

sensus view in Washington is that Senator Trent Lott, the majority leader, now directs party policies far more than Mr Gingrich.

The Speaker spoke to Mr Clinton after last week's election and said afterwards the president should be given "a chance to lead". He even sat down for an hour-long meeting with Congressman Richard Armey, the majority leader, and Mr Gephardt, the Democratic minority leader, in their first extended private session in over a year.

Many Democrats would lika to exact revenge on Mr Gingrich for having led the successful campaign to fulfil a pre-election promise to to oust Congressman Jim Wright resign the leadership if cans in the Senate encouraged by from the speakership in 1989 - also House, on ethics charges.

Congressman Barney Frank of Massachusetts, a permanent thorn in the Speaker's fleah, said Mr Gingrich might have changed, but only because "it's very much in his

self-interest to be conciliatory". No overt challenge has yet come

from his principal Republican deputies in the House - Mr Dick Tom DeLay, the chief whip, both dogmatic conservatives from Texas. Both stand to gain if he steps aside, as they would have done had Mr Gingrich been obliged Republicans lost control of the

last-ditch attempt to derail a pension reform law passed hy the senate early Sunday after a marathon session. The new legislation creat-

By Sally Bowe

US curb Pension on Cuban law starts trade **Bolivian** rejected strike

### By Imogen Mark in Santiago

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Latin American heads of state, along with those of Spain and Portugal, last night issued un "energetic rejection" of the Helms-Burion act, the US law which allows law suits against foreign companies "trafficking" in assets seized by the Cuban government.

The statement was part of the last big step in Bolivia's unique variant on privatisation, known as "capitalisa-tion". Bolivia's six leading state-owned companies - in electricity, transport, teleean resort town. communications and mining

bave sought foreign "strategic partners" which, in exchange for a 50 per cent ement control and inject fresh capl-

The remaining 50 per cent passes to the Bolivian adult population in the form of shares. Dividends from the "collective capitalisation" fund's shares - which could amount to \$1.5bn - will finance an old-age pension for all Bolivians worth around \$200 a year.

stake, assume mana

Nina companies from the US and Europe, several with Chilean associates, have prequalified to bid for administration of the two private pension funds, or AFPs. The eventual winners will both manage the capitalisation fund and set up a system of individual accounts to provide future pensions for

Boltvian workers. The size of the collective capitalisation fund will not be known until early next year, Two atate-owned companies still await capitalisation: YPFB, the large oil and gas company, and Vinto, the metallurgical complex plus

its associated mines. Capitalisation at YPFB has suffered a saries of delays but offers are due next month. Although few biddars are expected, August's signing of a huge pipeline contract to supply gas to south-western Brazil sboald ensure YPPB fetches

Bolivis'a confederation of workers has called a 24-hour strike for today in whet is likely to prove a futila, log privata pension funds is

the Declaration of Vina del Mar, which was due to be signed at the conclusion of the sixth summit of Ibero-American states in the Chll-

"[The Helms-Burton act] is not just a problem for Cuba," Mr José Miguel Insulza, Chile's foreign minister, said. "It's a question of principle. If one country chooses not to trade with

another, it's within its rights to do so, but it has no right to block others from trading with whoever they want." Delegates were careful to avoid any suggestion of a blank cheque in support of the Cuban government. On

the contrary, the keynote speech from Chile's President Eduardo Frei spelled out the consensus in favour of democratic government: "No-one now defends a democracy which has targets but no timetable, which is waiting for a paradise that is always just around the cor-

> The comment was widely understood as a relerence to Cuba, though the phrase "targets but no timetable" was also common to the military dictatorships which governed much of Latin America during the 1970s and 1980s.

In his speech Cuba's President Fidel Castro spoke against neoliberal economic policies, and warned of a growing gap between rich and poor in the region. At a meeting with members of the Chilean Socialist party he said Cuba would grow by 7 per cent this year, and inflation was under control. **Observer**, Page 15

tion. FARC guerrillas in the south-east engineered mass protests, marches and skirmishes with troops by coca growers earlier this year. Smaller than the FARC

At least 60 government troops have been held pris- but powerful in cartain oner by the Revolutionary areas, the National Libera-Armed Forces of Colombia tion Army (ELN) specialises (FARC) since the end of in targeting oil and mining August, when the guerrillas infrastructure. Both guersbowed their strength by rilla groups are steadily overrunning a counter-insurencroaching on the big gency battalion in the juncities, storming small towns gles of Caquetá. Originally nearby, dynamiting police posts and setting road blocks hardline Communists, the FARC are oow labelled the within a few miles of urban "third cartel" for their centres. Police regularly unearth caches of weapons involvement in cocaine, heroin and marijuana produc- in the capital.



ELN guerrillas prepare for pairol. They specialise in attacks on oil targets (left)

The annual meeting of the

kidnaps and extortion prevent farmers from visiting their properties and affect agricultural production. businessmen have to flee the country because of threats assinations, guerrilla and as assaults destroy infrastructure and transport equipment, and bank robbery and other thefts multiply security and insurance costs.

National Association of Financial Institutions (ANIF), held last month, funding between 1991 and focused on violence, security and justice. They heard bow

Mr Rudolf Hommes, a for-

a study on guerrilla finances which calculated that tha main groups doubled their 1994, with the drug business contributing 34 per cent of income, extortion and robbery 26 per cent and kidnaps 23 per cent. Overall, he esti-mated the cost of the guerrilla and drug wars at 3 to 5 per cent of GDP a year. The guerrilla strategy is

expansion, said Mr Hommes, and if the government sits down to negotiate (as have other governments in the

position of strength, he said. Guerrillas are found in more than half of Colombia's: He sees the guerrillas "accumulating financial resources and waiting for the destabilisation" that develops when there is a weak government

war could not be won out-

right, when negotiations began it had to be from a

and divided establishment. The government has been widely criticised for not having a coherent, integrated strategy against the guerrillas, while the military are coming under pressure to explain their ineffectiveness, Into the vacuum have spread

paramilitary groups, often supported by local landowners and businessmen. Most private sector groups

oppose the government's plan to raise money for the military through the compulsory purchase of war bonds because, they say, it would deepen the economic downturn and there is anyway no guarantee that the funds

would be used effectively. Mr Hommes proposed that the military budget be raised past), the guerrillas gain by 25 percentage points to 6 time and huild up their per cent of GDP with the

ments within the military to accept open discussion and a tal. thorough re-organisation. General Manuel José Bonnet, who was named army commander in a recent reshuffle, says he needs new

three to five years. But, he

emphasised, there would have to be certain commit-

equipment (bacause the guerrillas hava better weapons) more troops and a jus-tice system with "teeth". However, because of Colombia'a poor human rights record, it is controversial to give more resources and control to the military. Amnesty International has asked the US to stop military aid to Colombia, and though a

retired general and five active-duty army officers have been charged with organising paramilitary forces or civilian killings, human rights groups are sceptical of government efforts to curb violations. Several business leaders at the ANIF congress said that President Ernesto Samper's much weakened government had neither the credibility

nor the will to contront Put together, these factors threaten to discourage foreign companies and institutions from investing in Colombia just at a time when liberalisation and a favourahle investment rating might

ner but never arrites."

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#### municipalities and guerrillabacked candidates won 55 local government elections in 1994. "But will they be satisfied with managing the town halls?" said Mr Rafael Pardo, a former defence minister, at the ANIF congress.



### seeks

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ing to Art. 22, sub-section 3, sock company with a share public shareholders, for the alled BIOPARCO on the me. tural complex aimed at the nication of zoological and	that has a bigh ro For further information of plassa write to Box B44 One Southwark Bridg ENID BLYTON'S A new musical version for a full L February 1997 which may an	cord of success. and acceptance criteria, 807, Financial Ilanes, ee, Landar SEL 987L "FAMOUS FIVE" JK tour of No.1 theatres starting	workwide, fully disclosed or constitute basis. For further information or consultation, please contact us at: Tel: (212) 480-2549 e.mail: wmin@workinet.st.net Westminster Securities Corporation	INTERNATIONAL COMPANY SERVICES (UK) LIMITED Standbrock House, 2 · 5 0id Bond St., London, W1X 378. Tel: +44 171 493 4244 Faoc: +44 171 491 0605 E-Mail: uk-info@iest.com http://www.icsl.com	Entrepreneur magazine. To apply, call 1-404-467-1807 or E-mail borrell@ftt.nct or visit us at website www.ftt.net
tia technology and public taurants etc.). must declare, under their	Will 'Five' go For details of how to invest in the David Litchfield, King's Head London N1 10N, Ti	his production, please contact . Theatre, 115 Upper Street,	19 Rector Street New York, NY 10006	product for leisure industry with subscatter orders from local autoordea seaks working capital, write to 2ox B4881, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL	NEEDED to train in business consultancy work for Managing Directors with no time. Fax your CV to The Hambledon Group Limited on 0173 930 8388.
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### NEWS: UK

Professor sayshis report does not support case against working hours directive Unions

### Challinge to EU rule undermined

#### By Robert Taylor and Robert Peston in Loron

The anthor of a confideral medical report used hy the UK pvernment in its challenge to thEuropean Union's working hours dective said yesterdsy that the rert fails to support the government case.

"There is plenty of hedical evi-dence available that shys it is bad for your health if yo work long hours. I could find no to demon-strate that it has heneficial impact." said Profess John Harrington of BirmingharUniversity.

He accused ministe of suppress-ing his findings hy resing on legal grounds to allow threport t published before too's Europe. Court ruling on the t challenge.

Meanwhile Mr Joh Major, the prime minister, lastight gave his first public confirstion of the aggressive tactics e intends to co-operation used in a failed sttempt apply in EU negotions if today's to have the EU's han on British beef

But the prind has stabi-lised since ending last week in Lonin at DM2.477.

Against a basket of other

currence it has gained

about 8 pr cent since early

ing. Seling has fallen by an

averagof 3.3 per cent a year

SAL Pharma PLC

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tive goes against the UK. He told a business eudience at the Lord Msyor's Banquet in the City of London that he will veto any EU treaty changes emerging from the intergovernmental conference unless the directive's provisions - which include limiting the working week to 48 hours for many people - is nullifled in the UK.

"We will require changes in European law to reinforce Britain's protection from such legislation [on working time and other social issues]" Mr Major said. "Ws shall insist upon these changes before we can conclude any new agreements at the intergovernmental conference next year.' senior government official said

EU countries were aware of usness of Mr Major's threat. Howe. he said the tactics would not be a repeat of the policy of non-

judgment on the woing time direc- exports lifted earlier this year.

On this occasion, the UK will participate in IGC negotiations. However, it will reserve the right to veto whatever package of EU treaty reforms ultimately emerges. Sir Leon Brittan, vice-president of

the European Commission, yesterday offered support for the government's stand over the working hours directive.

He told the annual conference of the Confederation of British Industry that the government would be "perfectly entitled" to suggest to other member states that the Maastricht treaty should be amended to exempt the UK from the directive. 'It will also be perfectly entitled to indicate very clearly the priority that it attaches to this issue." he said, appearing to condone the government's threat.

Sir Leon warned, however, that "to have a serious chance of suc-cess" the government would have to be prepared to compromise on other

"If Britain wants others to show understanding for its position, it will have to be ready to show flexibility itself and accommodate the concerns of other countries when it comes to treaty changes." He said this might include some extension of qualified majority voting, although not for the issues "closest to national sovereighty or in the social field".

On the eve of the working hours ruling, Prof Harrington criticised the government's use of his report, noting that his conclusions did not support the government'e claims.

"I believe working hours are a health and safety issue. The maximum limit of 48 hours a week, set out in the directive, is not unreasonable. It is a sensible restriction," he said. The European Commission has

issued the directive as health and safety legislation which could not be vetoed by individual member states, rather than as general social legislation

Sterling's ups and downs

offer pact with inflation up employers

By Stefan Wagstyl and David Wighton in Harrogate

Mr John Monks, general secretary of the Trades Union Congress, yesterday proposed a wide-ranging pact between trade unions and employers.

He said at the annual conference of the Confederation of British Industry that the TUC and CBI should develop a joint approach to government on economic issnes, whoever wins the next gen-eral election.

Mr Monks, the first TUC general secretary to eddress CBI conference, put forward seven principles on which such a pact could be based. They included commitments to macroeconomic stability, low inflation, low unemployment, competitiveness, more investment in education, technology and transport, and improving relations with the rest of the European Union.

Mr Monks' proposals were welcomed hy conference dslegates and hy Mr Adair Turner, the CBI director general, who said: "We hroadly agree with the seven policy issues raised by Mr Monks. 1 think it's s good idea sometimes to stress these points of agreement rather than always referring to those issnes that divide us."

Mr Monks said: "I am not a fan of the adversarial system of industrial relations. We have a common interest - a common interest in the success of our enterprises, in wealth creation and in a country whose products and services can compete with the best in the marketplaces of the world and which can maintain a decent, courteous and cohesive society." Mr Monks conceded that

there were still big differences between trade unions and employers, for example, on the minimum wage and Britain's membership of the social chapter. But the scope for co-operation was wide.

Simon Kuper Editorial Comment, Page 15

### **UK ECONOMIC DIGEST Factory** gate

Factory gate inflation picked up for a second successive month in October as higher oil prices increased the cost of industry'e raw materials. Manufacturers increased their prices by 2.8 per cent in the year to October, said the Office for National Statistics. Prices of petroleum products rose by 14.5 per cent in the same period, although there were also some signs of inflationary pressure outside the oil sector too.

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The figures had little impact on the interest rate expectations registered by the financial futures market. The British Retail Consortium's latest figures meanwhile show a revival in the rate of retail sales growth after Sep-tember's deceleration. The consortium said that retailers were clearly doing well, but that fears of s 1980s-style consumer boom were alarmist. The value of sales was 5.9 per cent up in October compared with October 1995.

Mr Martin Brookes, economist st Goldman Sachs, said the recovery in manufacturing was likely to continue pushing factory price increases up in coming months. Price pressures, however, were picking up from s low level and this should keep retail inflation subdued, he added. Robert Chote eQ. 

### FLEXIBLE PRODUCTION

### Freezer maker switches to dryers

One of Britain's biggest specialist makers of household and commercial freezers has branched out into tumble dryers, in a pioneering example of a growing trend towards greater production flexibility in manufacturing.

The privately owned Norfrost, based in northern Scot-land, has recently sold small quantities of the new dryer outside Britain. The new systems would use assembly methods similar to those used to make the company's mini "chest freezers" - which account for virtually all its annual sales of £30m (\$49m). The dryers would be made mainly in the winter, capitalising on spare capacity in Norfrost's factories at s time of the year when demand for reezers is relatively low.

Switching the company's 400-strong labour force between freezers and dryers fits a growing trend in UK industry, in which workers are expected to move between different products. Peter Marsh

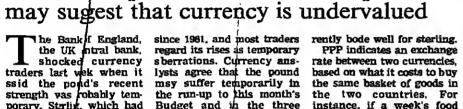
### UNPAID TAXES

### **Companies may face probes**

Companies might face a sharp rise in the number of visits from tax inspectors if the opposition Labour party won the next general election. Party officials have proposed increasing the visits that Customs & Excise officers make to monitor business payment of value added tax.

Officials hope that the move could stem the growing "seepage" of VAT revenues, which have been running sharply below forecasts in recent years. In 1995-96, VAT receipts were about £5bn (\$8bn) lower than projected 18 months earlier. Research hy the Treasury and Customs & Excise has shown that the decline in VAT revenues bas been going on since at least the early 1990s. Some government officials believe that a key culprit has been a recent surge in the number of "avoidance" schemes used by large companies to take advantage of legal tax loopholes.

The accountancy profession now increasingly expects Mr Kenneth Clarke, the chancellor, to try to close some of these in his Budget later this month. Gillian Tett



Pould shows no sign

Lack of omplaints from British exporters

of losing strength

the UK and DM50 in Gerted in May nett year. many, then the PPP However, most say the pound deserves its current exchange rate is DM2.50 to the pound. Mr Chris Turner, status - judging from ecocurrency analyst at Barclays de Zoete Wedd, the investnomic fundamentals - and that it could edge even ment bank, saye PPP sughigher over the next year. gests the rate is DM2.65. They point but that sterling The Bank of England said

Most arrency analysts disagree with the view that per cent of the ground it lost the pend is likely to during 1994 and 1995. weaker. The pound is prob-ably stilundervalued," says Currency analysts tend to use estimites of purchasing rates to climb while rates Mr Je my Hawkins, chief power party and forecasts of econoust at the Bank of interest rate differentials when This hay sound surprispound

strength vas fobably tem-porary. Strlig, which had risen :boe DM2.50, promptly lroped back two eral election, which is expecshopping costs £20 (\$32.60) in

has regained only about 70 last week that much of the reason for the pound's recent rise was that the markets expected UK interest elsewhere would be static for

stuging how the will move over a period of several months. hetween interest rates at They say both measures cur bome and abroad is expected

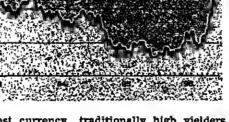
analysts sgree that looking about 18 months ahead, this is true. By then the Japanese and German economies are expected to have recovered. But viewed over the next expect UK interest rates to retain their lead over those of other countries, thus attracting more flows into

the pound. The short sterling futures market expects UK base rates to rise by one percentage point to reach 7 per cent by June. In a low interest rste exports.

months. Sterling's strength world, that is a rare return. was probably temporary, the The drive to the single cur-Bank concluded, as the gap rency in mainland Europe has sent bond yields converging, reducing returns on

LAKE DISTRICT

M6 (Junction 40 . Penrith) 11 km (7 miles), Keswick 14 km (9 miles),



to narrow. Most currency traditionally high yielders such as the lira and the peseta

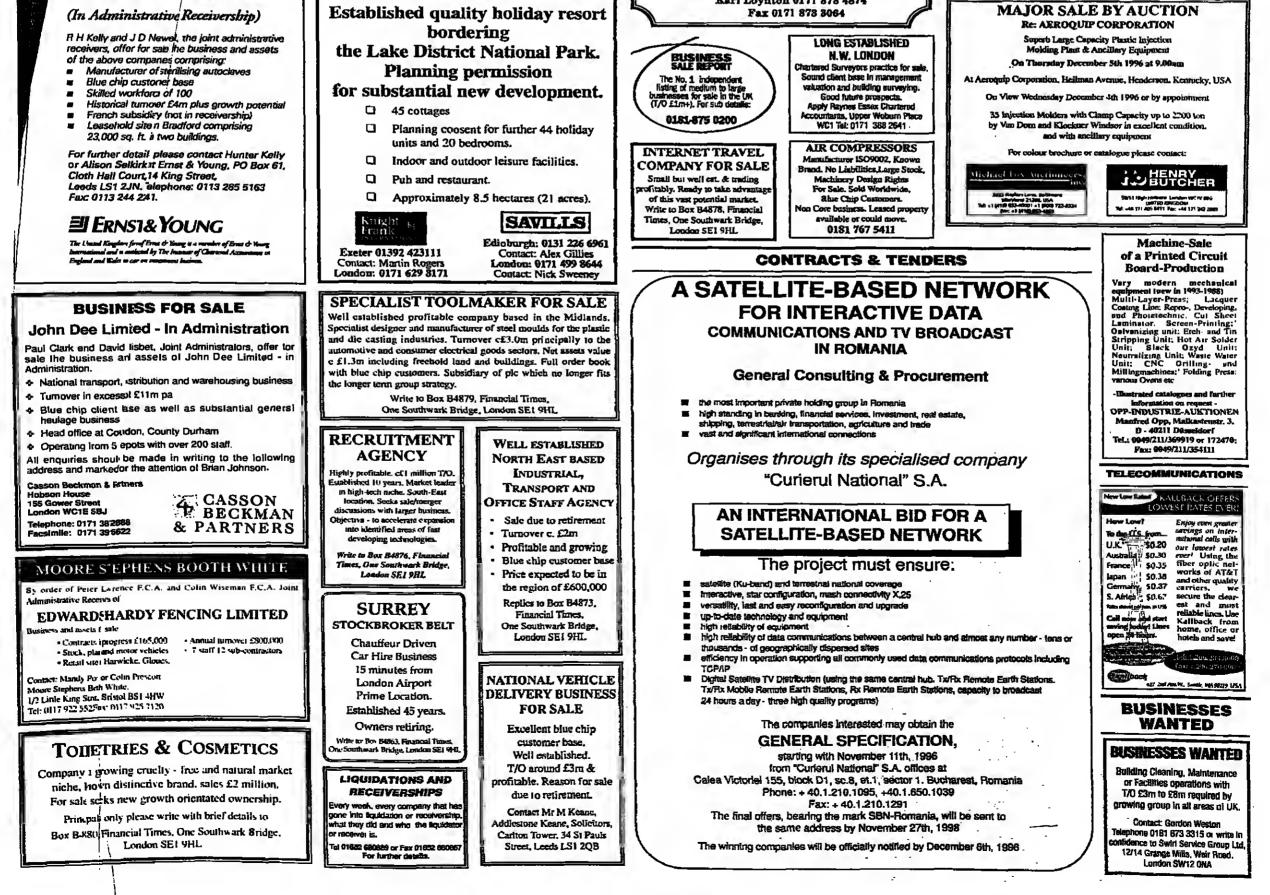
The pound is seen as a safe haven should moves towards European monetary union hit turmoil, says Mr few months, the markets Peter Farley, director of currency analysis at MMS International, the financial mar-

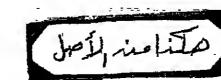
kets consultancy. Mr Hawkins says that the Confederation of British Industry and the British Chambers of Commerce have yet to complain that the strong pound is hurting

"If they're not whingeing, the pound is probably still undervalued," he says.

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AUCTIONS





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### NEWS: UK

German and Italian successes put pressure on market leadership of Ford and GM

### Volkswagen sales up 32% on year

#### By John Griffiths in London

12

The Volkswagen group, Europe's biggest vehicle maker, which conirols the VW took back the UK impor Audi, Seat and Skoda and distribution franchis marques, has lifted its UK from the Lonrho group sev sales by nearly a third this year. This moves it into fifth place in the UK market behind Ford, Vauxhall, Rover and the Peugeot-Citroën group, All of those, unlike VW, have manufacturing bases in the UK.

The German group'a 153,454 UK sales in the first 10 months of the year represents a jump of nearly 40,000 vebiclea over the same period of last year. It indicates that the group's policy shift to more aggressive pricing in the UK is paying off.

Voikswagen has maintained or cut most of its prices for the past two to three years. The move aims to rid the brand of the expensive image it acquired

Nggen	Peugeot and Renault Doost sales								
vagen	REDISTRATIONS		Oct 1996		Oct 95				
0	OF NEW CARS	Volume	Change%	Share%	Share%				
	Total mariant	154,723	+13.3	100.0	100.0				
<b>IP</b>	UK produced	58,564	+0.8	- 37.9	42.5				
	Imports	96,169	+22.5	62,2	57.5				
	Japanese makes	18,860	+14.5	12.2	12.1				
<b>.</b>	Ford group	32,710	+22.6	21.2	19.5				
	- Ford	31,993 .	+23.0	20.7	19.0				
n TIAAN	- Jaguar -	785	+13.3	0.5					
n vear	General Motors	24,630		15.9	16.7				
n vear	- Vaundhall	23,435	+6.1	152	18.2				
	- Saab	1,192-	+55.6	0.8	. 0.5				
	BANY group	19,031	-20.2	123	17.5				
when UK sales were under	- BMW	3,471	-13.0	22	2.9				
tha control of Lonrho, the	- Rover**	- 15,560	-11.6	10.1	14.5				
trading group formerly con-	Peugeot group	17,517	+25.4	11.3	10.2				
	~ Peugeot	12.166	+35.8	7.9	6.8				
trolled by Mr Tiny Rowland.	- Citroen	5,351	-+6.9-	3.5	3.7				
VW took back the UK import	Volkswagen group	13,089		8.5	7.3				
and distribution franchise	- Volkswagen	0,033	+38.8	5.8	48				
from the Lonrho group sev-	- Audi	2,358	+8.4	1.6	1.5				
eral years ago.	- SEAT	559	+5.9	0.4	0.4				
Lonrho gave higher prior-	- Skodat	1,139	+38.2	0,7	0.6				
	Renault	10,187	+15.8	6.6	- 64-				
ity to large profit margins	Nissan	8,345	+11.0	41	- 42				
than to volume, a situation	Toyota	4,737	+11.0	3.1	3.1				
VW has been anxious to	Flat group	6,727	+52.5	4.4	. 32				
reverse. When Audi, Skoda	- Flat	6,190	+47.5	- 4.0	3.1				
and Seat are included, VW	- Alfa Romac	. 537	+153.3	0.4	0.2				
captured 8.5 per cent of the	Valvo	3,572	+27.8	. 23	21				
	Morcedes-Bonz	2.954	+18.6	. 1,9	1.8				
UK market in this year's	Honda	3,487.	+8.4	2,2	2.4				
first 10 months.	Mezda	. 1,877	+48.3	1.2	0.9				
The group appears poised	Konsen makes	3,580	+44.2	23	1.9				
to gain further sales growth	"GMI holds 50% of Seab An Discovery.	temobile and (	as minegement	cograt "Includ	ka Ranga Rova				

and Trades

Oxford reverses stance on **Rail operator accused of** 

plans for business school **ignoring freight needs** 

the first from any group in Europe to offer an integrated on-board satellite navigation system With Fiat of Italy increasing UK sales by one quarter for the year so far slip to 19.9

leaders are coming under increasing pressure. Ford, which regularly captured nearly 30 per cent of the market, has seen its share

ago. point over the period.

brands has jumped to 2.3 per Second-placed Vauxhall cent from 1.6 per cent. The and third-placed Rover have Japanese manufacturers are making less spectacular each dropped one percentage gains, and their share for the The share of the market year so far is 13.5 per cent.

Truck registrations Jan-Oct 1995

11 197

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(180)

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Truck registrations collansed last month after a surge in

September caused by companies' efforts to avoid new noise

and emissions rules which raised the price of new vehicles.

Vehicles conforming to the new EU standards are only about 5 per cent dearer but the highly competitive hanlage

market meant the difference was sufficient to distort sales

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Trucks over 3.5 tornios

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### UK NEWS DIGEST N Ireland sees race abuse rise

Northern Ireland's ethnic minorities uffered a sharp increase in discrimination in the we of the republican and "loyalist" ceasefires in 1994, saja survey of the region's minorities.

The report, published yesterday bine University of Ulster, is the first comprehensive suley of Northern Ireland's ethnic groups. It suggests it, as the two main Protestant and Roman Catholic tradons sought reconcillation, the smaller ethnic communiti - the Chinese, Indians and Irish Travellers - have bome objects of racial abuse.

The report found that 61 per cent one ethnic minority respondents believed there was racia puse, while more than half the Chinese interviewed sathey had suffered damage to property. There are 4,000 Chese in the region, between 1,000 and 2,000 Moslems (most Pakistanis), 1,000 Indians - many of whom worked on t British army bases and settled in the province - an 400 Irish travellers, a group separate from the Roman or gypsy com-munity in Great Britain. John Mury Brown, Dublin

### BROKING REGULATION Fidelity replaces execute

Fidelity, tha international fund manage int and broking group, has replaced Mr David Plucinsky, president of Fidelity Brokerage Services in the UK, fowing adminis-trative chaos that prompted interventiony the stock-broking regulator, the Securities and Fulles Authority.

Yesterday FBS appointed Mr Kenneth ingeber as its acting president. He was formerly chief fincial officer and treasurer of Fidelity Investments, thes fund manager with client assets of \$452bn (£275bn) tich, with Fidelity Broking Group, belongs to FMR Cp, the Fidelity Group parent company.

FBS closed to new private client husineson October 31 at the request of the SFA. ft has until the of of January to improve its service to standards set by thregulator. If it fails, it may face disciplinary action, whic could include a fine. Jonipari Guthrie

### SCANDEX

All forex investors 'lost miney'

All foreign exchange investors with Scandex aptal Management lost money and some lost more than per origi-nal deposits, according to the company's provioual liquidator.

In a letter sent to Scandex customers, Mr Finar O'Connell of accountants Grant Thornton said was unable to advise any who were owed money whiter it would be returned or whether they would rank since cured creditors Customers who bought equifies thugh Scandex but had not received abare certificates als faced uncertainty.

Mr O'Connell was appointed provisional liquidat last month after a High Court bearing in London on ametion brought against Spandex by the Securities and Inviments Board.

Scandex and Mr Jeremy Bartholomew-White, its maging director, have fiven undertakings until trial nop conduct unauthorized investment business in the Uor to make misleading statements or "cold calls". Scan x had previously beentold to close by Finanstillsynet. ie Danish financial regulator. Clay Hris

were defeated last week by By Richard Wolffe in Oxford Oxford University vesterday announced a surprise reversai of its controversial plans for a £40m (\$65m) husiness

years.

school hy agreeing to look for an aiternative site for the new haliding. The university's ruling body, the Hebdomadai Council, yesterday agreed "to redonble its efforts" to fiod another site for the bosiness school, which is to be half-funded by Mr Wafic Said, the Syrian-born entrepreneur who has close

links with the Saudi royal family. The decision came after

the university authorities responsible for economics

and law, which it is keen to the votes of academic staff who oppose the development studies. on a greenfield site in the heart of the city. Some memsity overturned that poslbers of the university bave tion and piedged to carry criticised the donation because of Mr Said's role on out a review of alternative sites in the centre of Oxford. behalf of British Aerospace

The review is unlikely to in the Al-Yamamah defence emerge with any new deal in Saudi Arabia. options, as the university The university had earlier has already searched for argued that the site near its sites on several occasions over the past five years, science complex was the only one available for the while Mr Said's donation prestige building planned was being secretly negoti-

for the new business school. The university said alteruaated in Oxford. He rejected earlier plans to use his tive sites were elther too donation to extend Oxford's small or too far from other existing business school at departments, such as those Templeton College on the

city's ontskirts.

By Charles Batchelor, integrate with husiness Transport Correspondent But yesterday the univer-

Freight operators who are seeking improvements to the British railway network so that truck trailers can be moved by rail have accused Railtrack of failing to exploit the potential for freight and for favouring passenger trains.

The Piggyback Consortium, a group of 25 freight operators, ports and wagon manufacturers, fears that Railtrack, owner of the track in the former state-owned national network, is about to cancel a proposed upgrading this ... upgrade strong of the west coast main line enough to overcome the prejbetween London and Scot-

land which would have developing an upgraded passenger railway," Lord Berke-ley, chairman of the Piggyallowed it to take larger freight trains.

Railtrack, which is responback group, wrote to Mr Bob sible for track and signalling investments, has calculated yesterday. that improvements to the

wants responsibility for the project to be taken away from Railtrack and given to a separate consortium.' Railtrack's own forecasts

times the amount agreed with the Piggyback group less than two years ago. There is clear evi-dence... thet there is no commercial driving force [within Railtrack] for

were no plans to cancel the piggyback project.

Horton, Railtrack chairman, Tha Piggyback group line between London and Glasgow and to the track between the Channel tunnel of traffic growth indicate

and London, would cost at least £300m, (\$439m) - three that improvements to the west coast main line would increase freight volumes coming through the Channel tunnel from France from 4m

### tonnes to 11m tonnes. udices of those charged with

Railtrack said that there

with the launch of a new Passat upper-medium saloon range, which is seen hy VW as a much more mainstream vehicle than previous models. The group has set a tar-

get of increasing five-fold the Passat's 8,000 yearly sales in

the UK within the next three The new Passat, which is

about to go on sale, will be this year, the UK market per cent from 21.3 a year taken by South Korean



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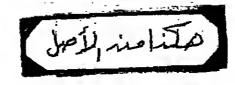
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http://ncr.knowledelab.com NCR. Banking Solutions in the Age Of The Consumer.



ARTS

# A talent for the derivative

### William Packer reviews 'About Vision'

here is nothing very new, in the sense of being fresh, original or surprising, about the chosen works in About Vision, the selective survey of "New British Painting in tha 1990s", now at the Museum of Modern Art at

elant <sub>M</sub> abuge

Oxford. "Some Recent Painting" would have been closer to the mark. No artist is more than 40, such is the current curatorial obsession with youth, yet there is nothing shown that does not look back in some way to what has been critically fashionable since the war. Surrealism; tachisme; abstract expressionism; hard-edge abetrection; minimalism; photo-realism; art-brut; arte povera; pop-art; automatism; process art; conceptualism: it is all here, for the most part on an inflated scale, but

not, for the most part, any better done. What there is nothing of at

all, and it is inconceivable in such e fashionabla context there ever would be (though there is plenty of it about), is anything worked directly from the real and visible world. The reference throughout is either secondary, taken from photographs or magazines, or is solipsisans and a short of tic - painting that takes painting itself and the processes of painting as its sub-

ject. The more figurative, reducing the image to a sin-meretricious, less able and, gle arch across a given ironically, more self-regarding work falls within the first category: the better doue, more abstract and more interesting within the second. But the exhibition does

in their visual presence, gen-

which they are achieved.

Ian Davenport, too, from

ing of Morris Louis's runs

convincing. Already, however, the work is becoming dangeronsly formulaic. He have its better, even excelsays that his work is "an lent parts. Flona Rae, from investigation of processes glib beginnings in the late exploring the different prop-1980s, has matured into one erties of paint." Well, all of the best abstract painters of her generation, with her true painters do that, and always have.

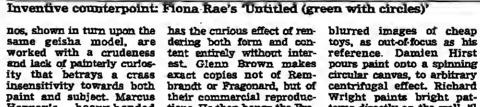
thoughtful and invantive Most of the minimal paintcounterpoint between formal ing, in truth the better part structure and expressive ges-ture. She sets a hard, clear, of the show, is given a room to itself. The monochrome impasto surfaces of Clem bright element against e busy ground, late Kandinsky Crosby and Jason Martin are as it were against Jackson Pollock. Visually unsettling. physically impressive, which et 10 feet square is no sur-prise. Where they might lead almost migrainous at times, her work is intelligent and is yet unclear, their delicate, ultimately repetitive play of texture, which is their submemorable nevertheless. ject, quite as much the provallum Innes's

paintings strike ince of the plasterer as the a conspicuous painter. Simon Callery's paintings contrast for being so ash ef are even larger, and so even facing in every sense: quiet

more impressive. Delicate horizontal lines are laid on a tla in their imaginative effect, and delicately immacpale grey ground and smudged over again in the best possible, most unexcepulate in the crosive working of the painted eurface by tionable taste. These are beautiful things: almost too beautiful, perhaps? At 12 feet his early high-gloss reworklong, can they have been done with the museum in mind?

and floods of paint, has developed and refined his method, simplifying and roy's three wedding kimo- .reworking of pornograpby

worked with a crudeness and lack of painterly curiosity that betrays a crass insensitivity towards both paint and subject. Marcus mind? Harvey's beavy-banded And for the rest. Lisa Mil abstract-axpressionist



gonard upside-down.

pours paint onto a spinning tions. He then hangs the Fra-**Richard** Patterson paints ing... I wanted to do some

celebrated master filled it."

of the short story.

uy de Maupassant, abhors a vacuum. You have

circular canvas, to arbitrary centrifugal effect. Richard Wright paints bright patterns directly on the wall. "I wanted to escape paint-

Theatre/Alastair Macaulay

Power games of love

The dramatic tension, of

than object - I wanted Francisco is unachamedly reference. Damien Hirst things to be less elevated, wrapping itself in the stars more ignorable." Well well. and stripes. Tilson Thomas is an American musician About Vision - New British through and through - from the music he likes to the Painting in the 1990s:

then touring. Sponsors: Absolut Vodka.

MoMA, Oxford, nntil Feb 23, way he wants it played.

ductions) for presenting the

British premiere of Taking

Liberties, but I would like to

see it in a finer production.

It works well played, as bere, with the audience on

four sides; and the three leading actors - intensely

exposed as they develop this

drama in the round - main-

tain an exemplary focus on

each other. However, I con-

fess to finding little real

chemistry between the three.

dan is too obviously limp,

too velvet-voiced, for us to

believe for a moment he ever

harbours virile ardour for

More la Comtesse. As M. le

Comte, Terence Booth is -

excellently - both forceful and relaxed. But his style

lacks the very high elegance

that Bowden and Joanna

Dunham, as Mme la Com-

tesse, employ. At the mati-

nee I attended, Dunham

judges every aspect of the

As the lover, Nigel Bow-

thing that was more action

players had their own distinctive sound before and it is one its new music director should be happy with, not weighty like Chicago, not plausibly "old-world" like Bostou, but glinting with light and energy. It is almost tempting to call the San Francisco sound "glossy", but that may be because the second half of the concert opened with a colourful display piece called Parade by Lon Harrison, which was a typically brash West-coast mixture of American brass band and Pacific Rim ethnicity.

he San Francisco

The rest was a well-chosen programme, delivered with panache. Copland's music is second nature to Tilson Thomas and his Symphonic Ode made a livewire start to the evening. The major part of the second half was devoted to a substantial selection from Prokofiev's ballet score to Romeo and Juliet, which showed off the orchestra's keen string playing and incisive, but never beavy brass. There was plenty of detail to be heard in Debussy's La Mer

### Ballet/Clement Crisp At the mercy of the music

wrote course, rises when the busone MacMillan wanted to have full-length play, La Paix du ménage: and if Taking Liber-ties, a new English adaptaenneth MacMillan's band anters. Soon - after Prince of the Pagothe score edited when he barbed courtesies between him and his wife and her das has returned to first thought of making a the Royal Ballet version. Britten, in poor tion of it now being perlover - one twist follows repertory at Covent Garden. health, was not interested in formed at Ipswich's Wolsey another as busband and wife His last full-length ballet changes. It was surely false Studio Theatre, does it anyaddress the situation. He thing like justice, the won-der is that it is not better wants her; wants her in the way he wants a mistress. he made it in 1989, three piety not to have made years before his death - it extensive cuts in 1989.when, was the realisation of a longafter a decade, the ballet known. It is exquisitely Pay for it, she answers: pay went into production. There French, urbane, adult: a the very amount you pay for held wish to use Benjamin are passages where one senses MacMillan making a mistress. Finally, he conwitty, suspenseful, some-Britten's score. It was also a grateful look back at one of the formative influences on times chilling demonstration sents: be will pay 5000 francs a month for her fayours, and steps and more steps to fill out the long-winded proceof the power-games behind his own career, The Sleeping Beauty, whose splendours of marriage and adultery. he gives her 3000 francs of it The play is a dramatic triin cash. She takes the dures of the score - notably angle: an 1890s variation ou money; and tears it up in the second act. A few cuts academic style and musical felicity told a young student have been made in this the Tristan-Isolde-Mark before his eyes. If he wants of the greatness of classic revival - a cloud dance in ménage. First, we see her after all this time, be Act 2; the King's solo - but these are not enough. If the ballet. (No nascent Royal Ballet choreographer could Madame la Comtesse de Salwill have to work harder. lus with her aristocratic view the company's present score, and the ballet, is to lover. He is all ardour, but ut does be really Beauty travesty with the have enduring theatrical life, sbe will not fully commit want her? And delight felt by MacMillan, or skilled excisions (especially herself to him. "You know what does she by John Cranko for whom in Act 2) would be advantawhat torture it is to love a want? In Act Two, woman like you," he cries. the next day, the story keeps the Pagodas score was comgeous. sed, in the 1946 etaging in The current performances 'No." she replies, basking, us on tenterhooks. She tells cat-like. Her mind is largely her lover that her husband were scheduled to bring which they grew up). For has informed her that he both men making Pagodas was to be an act of homage. on her persistently and back three members of the insultingly faithless husband Radiant: Darcey Bussell in Prince of the Pagodas original cast Darcey Bussell, who, after 10 years of public Cranko'e Pagodas was a Jonathan Cope, Tetsuya fine ballet, yet it was at the Kumakawa. Injury to the still colour her reading and anguished beast. Peter Abegadulteries, has suddenly mercy of Britten's brilliant men meant that on Thursgive it beauty. Seeming simglen was a charming and, begun to court her. "One day the Prince was danced by Stuart Cassidy, and the falls in love with a person plicity - and what art lies in when necessary, command-ing Fool, though be as yet but copious score. (I rememmaking the dance as pure as before marrying her. To do ber a pas de deux for Berioes the Zen-mystery of Fool by Peter Abeggien. Busbird-song - and a true innoso afterwards borders on per sova and David Blair which sell, divine and seemingly ceuce of manner (nothing Kumakawa's creation. Cerecemed unable to end, so version." Is her husband's courtship unchanged from the radiant untrue, nothing jarring) are tain other roles struck me as generous its music.) Macgenuine? No, her lover to cobabit with a fallen assures her; he claims that woman. By the time be has young girl whose great talbeing under-danced, but a Millan'e production, made in still the bloom on this ravent MacMillan sensed and ishing interpretation. Here is major ballet is returned to the maturity of his talent, is trusted in 1989, was still playing of the most enchantthe repertory, and - musical the Comte is simply occupysimilarly enmeshed in the ing kind, irresistible and Princess Rose, and guite persuperabundance and all - is ing himself while he is score. There is, quite simply, welcome. The orcbestra fect. If her dancing is now radiant in youth and skill. spurned by his latest too much music: too many more assured, ber sweetness under Richard Bernas made changing. fanfares, too much gamelan Stuart Cassidy was a worwould be mistress. But then I congratulate the Wolsey. At the Wolsey Studio, Ipsthy Salamander Prince, by the most of every dazzling she too is toying with her of temperament, a sense of sound, an overdose of bars lover. "They say that nature Studio (and Boudicca Pro ; wich, until November 16. spiritual grace and modesty, turns danseur noble and sonority. in the variations.





Concert

Wrapped

in stars

and

stripes

t seems strange that an orchestra should come

all the way across the

Atlantic and then

threaten not to play, but

that is how the San Fran-

cisco Symphony Orchestra

began its European tour.

Musicians met the andience

in the foyer, handing ont

leaflets that detailed their

grievances over a new con-tract and intimated the pos-

Fortunately, they did play

their one London date, at

the Barbican on Sunday.

The orchestra is always a

welcome visitor, and there is a special reason for its

tour this year. After a

period of steady progress

under Herbert Blomstedt.

the orchestra has chosen to

try out life in the fast lane

with its new music director, Michael Tilson Thomas.

This is his inaugural tour

with the orchestra and on this evidence the partner-

ship is doing fine. While

other top American orches-

tras have been turning to

senior conductors from the

Tentouic tradition, San

sibility of a strike.

#### comme il faut society lady. will apply the Code Napoléon and treat her as his But the character is not fully property. So she agrees, alive. Taking Liberties is transnow, to her lover's earlier lated and adapted by Reggie proposal' she wants to elope Oliver (who also played the with him and become his wife. He, bowever, is disbutler). It is an exciting rediscovery; I bope to see it mayed. It is one thing to love a respectable wife; another enter the repertory of other British companies. The wit with which the French expose the power-games of consented to help her elope, the situation has love delivers one after changed ... , and it keeps another chill to the heart.

#### seemed nervous. She finely too, but it was all rather role: the wronged wife, the brilliantly spotlit, every timmanipulative mistress, the bre clearly delineated, every rhythm given a Stravinskylike cut.

The San Francisco tour moves on to Amsterdam, Brussels, Paris and cities in Germany and Anstria. although the strike may hit in Vienna on the day the players' contract is due for renewal. Perhaps they did not dare refuse to play here. when they know the conditions of service that London's orchestral players have to accept as standard.

**Richard Fairman** 

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### ANTWERP

#### CONCERT

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De Singel Tel: 32-3-2483800 Mitsuko Shiral and Hartmut Holl: the mezzo-soprano and pianist perform works by Webern, Schoenberg and Berg; 6pm; Nov

#### THEATRE

Bourlaschouwburg Tel: 32-3-2319750 Glengarry Glen Ross: by Marnet, Directed by Leo Madder, performed by the Koninklijke Vederlandse Schouwburg (in Jutch). The cast includes Chris Cauwenberghs, Hubert Damen, Geert de Smit and Herman Fabri;

3pm; Nov 13, 14, 15 (also

1.30pm), 16, 17 (3pm)

### BERLIN

CONCERT Konzerthaus Tel: 49-30-203090 Vogler Quartet: with cellist Beorg Faust perform works by schubert and Webern; 7.30pm; Joy 15

Philharmonie & Kammermusiksaal Tel: 49-30-2614383 Carmina Burana: by Orff. Conducted by Stefan Bevier; performed by members of the Philharmonische Orchester Stettin, the Studio-Chor Berlin and the Chor der TU Stettin. Soloists Includa soprano Sabine Zeilermeier; 6pm; Nov 13, 14

### BIRMINGHAM

CONCERT Symphony Hall Tel: 44-121-2002000 City of Birmingham Symphony Orchestra: with conductor Mark Elder and planist Peter Donohoe perform works by. Rimsky-Korsakov, Chopin and Rachmaninov; 7.30pm; Nov 13 ...

### COPENHAGEN DANCE

Det Kongelige Teater Tel: 45-33 69 69 69

Swan Lake: a choreography by Peter Martins to music by Tchaikovsky, performed by the Danish National Ballet; 6pm; Nov 14

### DETROIT

EXHIBITION The Detroit Institute of Arts Tel: . 1-313-833-7963 The Art of Thomas Wilmer Dewing: Beauty Reconfigured: exhibition of the work of American artist Thomas Dewing (1851-1938). A figure and portrait specialist, Dewing is best known for his paintings of modern

women in sparsely furnished rooms or in undefined. atmospheric spaces. The exhibition presents 70 works in a variety of media, drawn from public and private collections; from Nov 13 to Jan 19

FRANKFURT AM MAIN

#### EXHIBITION Schim Kunsthalle Tel; 49-69-2998820 Ferdinand Hodler -Freundschaft und Kunstsinn: retrospective exhibition featuring works by the Swiss painter Ferdinand Hodler (1853-1916), a precursor of Expressionism and member of the Sezession of

Vienna. The display, organized in collaboration with the Kunstmuseum Solothum, gives an overview of his artistic career and includes his early figurative work, his portraits and landscapes; to Jan 5

### HAMBURG

**EXHIBITION** Museum für Kunst und Gewerbe Tel: 49-40-24862732 Michael Ruetz. Sichtbare Zeit -Photographien 1965-1995: exhibition of works by the German photographer Michael Ruetz (b. 1940), spanning the years 1965-1995; from Nov 15 to Jan 26

### LISBON DANCE

Grande Auditório da Fundação

Gutbenkian Tel: 351-1-7935131 Ballet Gulbenkian: perform Mats Ek's Old Children to music by Massenet, Grieg, De Frumerie and others, Paulo Ribeiro's Comedia Off to music by Lucas, and Ohad Naharin's Axioma.7 to music by J.S. Bach; 9.30pm; Nov-13, 14, 15, 16 (also 4pm)

### 

CONCERT Fundación Juan March Tel: 34-1-4354240 Cassadó Quartet: with violinists Victor Martin and Domingo Tomás, viola-playe Emilio Mateu and cellist Pedro Corostola perform Alis' Melody for Violin, Sonata for two Violins and Adagio for Quartet; 7.30pm; Nov. 13

### MUNICH OPERA

Nationalth ater Tet 49-89-21851920 Ariadne auf Naxos: by R. Strauss. Conducted by Sir Colin Davis and performed by the Bayerische Staatsoper. Soloists inolude Susan Graham, Christiane Schäfer and Hermann Prey; :7.30pm; Nov 13 .

### NEW YORK

13

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CONCERT Alice Tully Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5050 · Carlos Prieto in concert the Mexican cellist performs the complete Bach Suites for . Unaccompanied Cello; 8pm; Nov

. .--

Avery Fisher Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5030 New York Philharmonic: with oonductor Andrew Davis and planist Louis Lortie perform works by Ruders, Grieg and Elgar, 6pm; Nov 14, 15, 16

### OPERA

Metropolitan Opera House Tel: 1-212-362-6000 La Traviata: by Verdi. Conducted by Maurizio Barbacini. performed by the Metropolitan Opera. Soloists include Arteta, Giordani and Josephson; 6pm; Nov 14. . . .

### PARIS CONCERT

Théâtre des Champs-Elysées Tel: 33-1 49 52 50 50 San Francisco Symphony Orchestra : with conductor Michael Tilson Thomas and violinist Anne Sophie Mutter

perform works by Copland, Tchalkovsky and Prokofiev; 6.30pm; Nov 15

#### EXHIBITION

Centre Georges Pompidou Tel: 33-1-44 78 12 33 Luciano Fabro: exhibition featuring a selection of works by the Italian 'Arte Povera' artist Luciano Fabro (b. 1936); to Jan 6

### TORONTO

EXHIBITION Art Gallery of Ontario Tel: 1-416-979-6648 • Edouard Baldus: Héliogravures: exhibition of works by the 19th-century photographer

47 1

Second Empire photographer, Baldus contributed to the spirit of expansionism by working on large-scale projects that ehowed both the splendour and the compelling detail of France'a architectural heritage. The 26 works in this exhibition were first. published in 1869-70 in a set of 45 prints; from Nov 13 to Feb 16 Perspective 96: the tenth in a series of annual exhibitions dedicated to the presentation of new work by emerging : contemporary Canadian artists; from Nov 13 to Jan 26

Edouard Baldus. As the "official"

### VIENNA

OPERA Wiener Volksoper Tel:

43-1-514442960 · Faust: by Gounod. Conducted by Asher Fisch, performed by the Wiener Volksoper. Soloists Include Simina Ivan, Linda Pavelka and Jutta Geister; 6.30pm; Nov 15

### ■ WASHINGTON

CONCERT Concert Hall Tel: 1-202-467 4600 National Symphony Orchestra: with conductor Bobby McFerrin and planists Katla and Marielle Labèque perform works by Mozart, Debussy and Bizet; 8.30pm; Nov 14, 15

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European Money Wheel 16.00 Financial Times Business

Tonight . . . .

### **COMMENT & ANALYSIS**



Martin Wolf To fiscal independence

Making French, German or British taxpayers service Italian debt would destroy European economic and monetary union from the outset

would maka is that this

of the issue. In federations,

becomes, the more difficul-

If European economic and monetary union proves unworkable, its implications for fiscal policy will be among the most important reasons. Two quastions must be distinguished; bow to manage public indebtedness; and how to respond to cyclical fluctuations. Both have the same answer: national fiscal autonomy.

DOS

in a thought-provoking paper published early last mouth (Maastricht Misconceptions, Monthly International Review 55, Lombard Street Research, London) Bernard Connolly and Brian Reading argue that only with free access to their own central banks can states manage high debts. Alternatively, a European government with tax-raising powers would need to sume the debts.

If the argument is right, Emu membership must be suicide for Italy. In fact, most likely members have higher ratios of public debt to gross domestic product than even the provinces of Canada. which is a decentralised federation. So Emu seems sbaky from the start.

The most important implication of this line of argument is that the ratio of debt to GDP should play a much greater role than the deficit in determining eligibility for Emu. Another stressed by Connolly and Reading - is that recent convergence of long-term interest rates in Europe will not last; either the high-debt currencies will be excluded from Emu or countryspecific credit risk will be reflected in interest rates. Wby might government

access to the central bank be so important? It can make the markets in public debt more liquid; it gives tbc government the seignorage - the profit on note issue aud deposits at the central bank; and it allows default through unanticipated monetary expansion. Neither the first nor the second point amounts to



Why then does the market judge the sovereign to be safeguards the capacity to the least risky borrower in tax earnings. European countries do, for example, any given currency? There are two reasons. The first is find it far easter to tax that inflation must be lahour at diffarent rates shared by all lenders and than do the states of the US. borrowers in a currency, its As for the third, member extent being determined hv states may find it impossible to obtain consent to the monetary policy. The second is that the state has the taxes needed to service their power to tax. of which the debts. If they lack this, they capacity to inflate is but one will be driven to default. But the only difference Emu

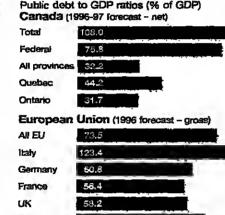
compouent. Governments can lose their power to tax in five • By a collapse in ecoactivity as taxes rise. By the movement of taxable resources - or a threat-

ment normally takes a subened movement - outside their jurisdiction. stantial proportion of avail- By the loss of the politiable revenue or constrains cal support to impose taxes. the tax-raising capacity of By being constrained in subordinate governments in their ability to tax by the other ways. The more contaxes imposed by another, strained a government

### Europe can learn from Canada

### Public debt to GDP ratios (% of GDP)

superior.



Spain 67.8 Source; T

normally

 By being legally deprived its debts. Thus the development of a greater capacity to tax at

> the centre of the EU, far from being a solution to the problem of member-state indebtedness must make it worse - unless the centre assumes those debts too. But it is difficult to think of any more certain way to demolish Emu than to make French, German or British taxpayers service the debt accumulated by Italians. As Profassor Barry

Eichengreen of the Univer-sity of California, Berkeley. points out in a recent paper (Saving Europe's Automatic Stabilisers, October 1996) when central governments control most revenue, subcentral governments with unmanageable dabts must default or be bailed out. But if those governments pos-sess the fiscal levers, there would be an open, not an inflationary, default. With the fourth and fifth is a third alternative: to force them to raise taxes of point, one reaches the heart their own. Provided the a superior level of governpower to tax is left with member atates, therefore, Emn should be workabla on this score. Member countrias not

only need fiscal autonomy to manage their high levels of indebtedness, they also need It to stabilise their economies. As Christopher Allsopp and David Vines argue persuasively (in Fis-cal Policy and Emu, National Institute Economic Review, Number 4, 1996). member states should be able to stabilise their economies if they are allowed to take advantage of the automatic response of taxes and spending to cyclical economic fluctuations. The danger, bowever, is

that over-rigid application of the Maastricht criteria, as elaborated by the stability pact, will exacerbate cyclical instability in individual member states and the European economy as a whole. What is needed is far greater member state fiscal autonomy than now envis-

ties it will face in servicing profligacy will ultimately be unished in the markets.

Professor Elchengreen suggests that reform of domestic fiscal procedures might be an alternative to rigid fiscal rules. Another suggestion he makes is that the rules be applied to cycli-cally adjusted deficits, rather than the raw fiscal deficits. Yet another possibility would be to reduce fiscal flexibility as debt ratios rise. Thus, there might be no restrictions on deficits of countries with debt ratios below 60 per cent of GDP and progressively tighter ones as those ratios rise. If all this creates too many worries in some member states, countries vulnerable to independent shocks sbould be excluded

The dangers of excessive fiscal stringency, inadequately offset by monetary loosening, are not theoreti cal. They are potently illustrated by what is happening to the European economy at the moment. As Allsopp and Vinas point ont, any attempt to reduce fiscal deficits when the private sector wants to save more than it invests is almost certain to generate stagnation in a very large economy, such as Europe'a. To persist in this course without more aggressive monetary expansion than has been forthcoming hitherto is likely to prove self-defeating. The most important con

clusions are four: first, if a country is to be excluded from Emu for fiscal reasons it must be over its debts, not its deficits; second, if Emu is to work, member states must retain all powers to tax - and, when necessary not to tax: third, the stability pact in its envisaged form is far too inflexible; last but not least, determi nation to shrink fiscal deficits without paying sufficient attention to the private sector's ability to reabsorb the released resources is a path to stagaged, in the knowledge that nation and despair.

The Philippines' economy has turned around in 20 years, says Edward Luce Next week's summit in equally to all! We are aim-Manila of the Asia Pacific ing for 100 per cent within

Economic Co-operation (Apec) forum is seen by the Philippine government as its best chance to broadcast the country's economic renaissance to the outside world. With 17 world leaders,

including US President Bill Clinton and President Jiang Zemin of China, arriving in Manila on November 23, President Fidel Ramos has instructed Philippine officials to make the most of this rare public relations opportunity. The last time the country

staged an international gathering on such a scale was in 1976, when the late president Ferdinand Marcos played host to the annual international Monetary Fund-World Bank meeting. Many Apec meetings will be beld at the convantion centre bastily built in that year by Mrs Imelda Marcos, who was mayor of Manila. And then as now - the government launched a frenetic "beautification" driva to clear squatter settlements. No amount of cosmetic engineering. however, could hide the Marcos dictatorship's dismal economic performance. Philippine officials will

point out that in 1996 the country is a very different place to do business. In 1976, the country was busily erecting walls to foreign imports and handing out domestic monopolles to wellconnected Philippine businessmen. In 1996, the Philippines is attempting to persuade its south-east Asian pariners to liberalise trade. The seven-member Associ-

ation of South East Asian Nations (Asean) is aiming for a 5 per cent common tariff on intra-Asean trade by 2004. Manila wants to offer this to the rest of the world unconditionally, "We want to take the initiative and dismantle as many barriers to free trade as possible," says Mr Caesar Bautista, Philippine secretary of state for trade and industry. "Already about 70 per cent of Philippine tariffs are 'most favoured nation' [available container groups.

the foresceable future." Whether Mr Ramos can persuade his Asean counterparts to adopt this bold trade initiative at the Apec leaders' auramit is unclear. The

**Unparallel universe** 

sharp fall in regional export growth in 1996 has dampened enthusiasm for trade ilberalisation la countries such as Thailand and Malaysia. The Philippines is one of few countries to have largely escaped the slowdown. It has recorded the fastest export growth in Asia this year with an 18 per cent rise in the first nine months. Similarly, the Philippines

is almost alone in achieving higher economic growth in 1996, albeit from a lower base than most of its neighbours. Philippine gross national product grew by 7.1 per cent in the first half of 1996, up from 5.8 per cent in 1995. "It doesn't really matter which economic indicator you study: all the signs are that the Philippines is starting to emulate its neighbours," says Mr Peter Wallace, director of AYC consultants, which advises foreign companies investing in the Philippines.

The country's newfound economic vitality has not. however, come without problems. The Philippines' rickety legal system and a lingering deslre for protectionist policies among some business leaders have frustrated several highprofila foreign investments and tarnished Manila's improved reputation. In a feat of bad timing

which could cause embarrassment at the Apec summit, Mr Ramos recently intervened in favour of a local company to freeze a decision on the privatisation of one of the country's largest ports. The contract to manage the Subic Bay free port - which. by colncidence, is the venuc for the Apec leaders' final declaration on November 25 - was initially awarded to Hutchison Whampoa of Hong Kong, onc of the world's largest

The losing Thilippine bidder, International Container Terminal Services (ICTSD, complained to Mr Ramos, who ordered Subic to re-evaluate the bids. The free port, which has attracted more than \$1bn in foreign investment since it was closed as a US naval base in 1992, promptly reaffirmed Hutchison as the winner of the 25-year contract. Last month Mr Ramos again overruled Subic's decision. The Philippine government is expected to award the contract to ICTSI after the Apec meeting

Similar disputes with other foreign companies recently prompted the Britisb ambassador in Manila, Mr Adrian Thorpe, to take the rare step of criticising the Philippines for failing to uphold the sanctity of contracts. "Foreign companies quite rightly see the Philippines as a good investment opportunity." snid Mr opportunity." snid Mr Thorpe. "But there is no doubt that there have been a lot of cases recently where contracts have not been properly enforced.

Most foreign investors. however, including a growing number of Japanese and Taiwanese electronics companies, seem prepared to dismiss the Philippines' erratic treatment of contracts as temporary growing pains. The country continues to attract rising inflows of foreign direct investment.

The IMF, which is due to complete its final Philippine assistance programme in June next year, says the Philippines is in little danger of suffering a sudden reversal

in investor confidence, But the IMF warns Manila against complacency. Much work, including reform of the legal system and improvements in the government's fiscal position, is required before the Philippines can call ltself an "Asian tiger" economy, lt says. In the meantime, the visiting Apec beads of state are unlikely to find many parallels between the Philippines of 1996 and the Philippines of 1976.

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·LETTERS TO THE EDITOR



14

### National Power

BZW advised Hazelwood Power Partnership, a consertium led .... by National Power, on the US\$1.9 billion acquisition of at Hazelwood power station from the State Government of Victoria Australia.

September 1996

### British Energy

**BZW** acted as global coordinator of the UK Government's US\$2.3 billion privatisation of the major part of the country's nuclear generating industry.

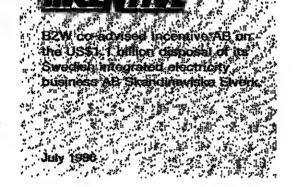
**July 1996** 

### PACIFICORP

BZW advised PacifiCorp Holdings, Inc. on the US\$1.6 billion acquisition of the electricity distribution business. Powercar. from the State Government of Victoria, Australia

÷. . . December 1995 

#### INVESTMENT BANKING, FROM A то



# CINERGY

BZW advised Avon Energy Partners on its successful US\$2.6 billion acquisition of ... Midlands Electricity ple.

May 1996

**MISSION ENERGY** BZW advised Edison Mission

Energy on its US\$1.1 billion acquisition of the National Grid's pumped storage' businees.



seeks from Shell

beld alongside him, and who stood beside him in the dock From Mr Ledum Mitee. Sir, John Jennings's letter (November 5) talks confiwhile our families, witnesses dently of Sbeli's performance in Ogoni. Those of us from there know differently. Tha reality in Ogoni, and throughout the Niger delta, is that Shell has actively colluded with Nigeria's military dictatorship. Even Shell's own armed police are drawn from the Nigerian forces. They harass, arrest and abuse Ogoni people. Nor is Shell's environmental performance in the Niger delta as Mr Jennings describes, as shown by the reports of its former environmental manager, Bopp Van Dessel. These catalogue Shell'a environmental failures which forced his resignation in frustration at their inaction. If the Niger delta is full of contented communities grateful for Shell's generos-ity, your readers might ask why as recently as four weeks ago, protests were held against Shell's failure to ahide by its own environmental policies. Why is there people. no electricity, piped water or paved roads, other than those to Shell installations in oil-rich Ogoni? Why are

From Mr David Felix.

W. Stanners (Letters,

nents Robert Solomon and

November 6) join in over-

and losing themselves in

propaganda, politics, and

policy.

leaping Keynes's economics

and lawyers were abused and intimidated. No plea was heard from Shell's lawyers who were present when the verdict was handed down. Nor are they heard by the 19 Ogoni men held in appalling conditions in Port Harcourt prison awaiting the same dreadful fate as Ken. I had personally arranged a meeting from my detention with a Shell official and pleaded without success for Shell's intervention to secure our freedom. Mr Jennings talks of "jus-tice" and "reconciliation". That is what the Ogoni people want. Our struggle is for

the same consideration from Shell in our communities that is shown to the oil communities of the UK, nothing more. We bave insisted thet for community development to be useful in terms of sustainability, it has to be embarked upon on the basis of priorities set by the

Ledum Mitee, acting president, Movement for the Survival of the Ogoni People. Suite 5, 3-4 Albion Place, church services disrupted, schools closed and military roadblocks still in place? Galena Road, Shell's last minute plea for Hammersmith, London W6 0LT, UK clemency for Ken Saro-Wiwa was not heard by those of us

From Mr Neil McPherson. Sir, The hubris arising from the UK Social Security Committee's report on the threat posed to the UK by Europe's unfunded pension liabilities, as evidenced in your letters page of November 8 and editorials in much of the UK press, is staggering. While the assets of the UK's funded pension plans indeed exceed those of the rest of the EU combined.

they cover just 50 per cent of the nation's workforce. While creditable, this falls well short of the coverage

achieved in countries such as Denmark and The Netherlands and lags the 60 per cent target coverage for the EU advocated by the Euro-pean Federation for Retirement Provision in its report on European pension funds

published earlier this year.

Furthermore, this barely adequate coverage is being eroded by the drift towards defined contribution schemes and personal pensions arrangements, which, due to inadequate funding and inappropriate asset allocation, are unlikely to provide sufficient annuities at retirement

Such a scenario would add a generation of impecunious pensioners to that half of the working population not covered by occupational pension plans claiming their retirement provision from the payas-you-go atate scheme, in the same way as their French and Italian neighbours.

Neil McPherson, Van Eeghenstraat 15, 1071 ES Amsterdam. The Netherlands

### Power – and responsibility

From Mr Bruce Lloyd. Sir, Christian Tyler ("The search for the makings of greatness", November 2) provided interesting and useful insights on the vitally important subject of power. But be omitted one aspect. The critical element that makes the difference between power-driven, self-focused individuals and those who achieve "greatness" is the link with responsibility. As Winston Churchill once put it: "The

price of greatness is responaibility." Only when power and responsibility are considered and developed together, at all levels of society, are we likely to find successful organisations over the longer term.

Bruce Lloyd, principal lecturer in strategy, South Bank University, 103 Borough High Street, London SE1A 0AA, UK

### Keynes: the contradictions and the confusion

rience excessive interest Sir. Michael Prowse, in his rates for loanable/investible article "Spurning Keynes" funds.

(November 4), and his oppo-Keynes abandoned the first proposition in the book (p97) with the phrase, "But whether or not a greater proportion is saved . . . ". His consumption theory is an unfulfilled promise.

His liquidity preference If they were to read his interest theory is based on General Theory, they would the crazy and arbitrary idea find that it is constructed on that the saver-lender alone two simple, odd-sounding determines the interest rate, propositions today, thet thus "it is tha 'price' which advanced economies 11) save equilibrates the desire to hold wealth in the form of too much while consuming too little and (2) by way cash with the available of liquidity preference, expequantity of cash" (p163).

His whole discussion, like this sentence, denies the existence and bargaining power of the entrepreneurial "borrower", who, according to Keynes, passively accepts wbatever interest rate is set by the saver-lender's liquidity preference. Yet Keynes used this com-

bination of non-existent and crazy theory to rationalise sensible policy in the Depression, namely inflation to counter the deflationary policies superimposed on the advice of proper neoclassical economists, upon a deflationary situation. He also pointed to the

need for clear governmental responsibility to restore and maintain ecosomic equilibrium. With such contradictions he left many confusions behind, Mr Solomon's faith in aggregate demand betraying one of them. Excessive concern about this blurry conception led to the inflation of recent years - and the salutary but unthinking pragmatics of supply-side economics.

49 East 86th Street, New York, NY 10028,

David Felix,

### FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: +44 171-407 5700 Tuesday November 12 1996

# Agenda for the WTO

Some modest celebration will be in order at next month's ministerial meeting of the World. Trada Organisation. After less than two years, the WTO's institutional machinery is firmly in gear, and it bas established itself as a credible forum for settling trade disputes. However, to entrench these achievements - and justify five days of talks in Singapore - the ministers also need to make real progress in setting clear priorities for the

the global trade system. The central challenge is to construct a broadly-supported agenda which strengthens rether than over-burdens - the system by promoting genuine liberalisation. The difficulty of striking the right balance is highlighted by the unresolved controversy over proposals to extend the WTO's remit far heyond attacking border barriers into the harmonisation of domestic regulatory policies.

Consensus on such "new" issues will be made no easier if the US and other industrialised countries continue to press the the most contentious of them trade and labour standards. Their demands are backed by no coherent economic argument and seem largely inspired by iomestic political calculations. Now that President Bill Clinton s re-elected, he should drop

The case for addressing other lew issues, notably the links etween trade, foreign investoent and competition policy, is tronger. Given the complexity f these subjects, the WTO hould avoid over-ambitious iniial goals. But its members need "> recognise that inaction could urrender the initiative to other ora, with no mandate to formuite globally acceptable rules.

The likely result would be regulatory confusion and conflict. That prospect also underline the need for stricter WTO disciplines on regional trade arrangements. At the least, such groupings divert political attention from multilateral priorities. At worst, their uncontrolled proliferation threatens discrimination against third countries and the fragmentation of the global economy.

More effective safeguards are priority. Meanwhile, some risks posed by regionalism can be reduced by a further drive to eliminate frontier obstacles to trade. There is plenty still to do. The Uruguay Round barely dented agricultural protectionism, while the west has yet to make good on undertakings to scrap textiles quotas. Industrialised economies also maintain many minimal "nuisance" tariffs, which serve only to keep customs officers employed.

WTO members have already agreed an ambitious timetable of further negotiations. What is still lacking is a firm political commitment to prepare for that task and bring it to a successful conclusion. Ministers should give such a commitment unequivocally next month.

Such renewed impetus is also needed to ansure that the admission in the next few years nese economy. of more than 30 new WTO mem bers does not induce institutional paralysis. Integrating new members, above all China, into the WTO, and managing a much-enlarged organisation will, in addition, pose formidable practical challenges. The ministers need to show in Singapore that they recognise the importance of these tasks and

### Straw men

effectively.

be arguments about Europe ointless political posturing. esterday, Mr Gordon Brown, Sibe shadow chancellor, sought a an attempt to prove that abour can be as tough over curope as tha Tories.

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leclared, remove the require-

unanimous decision, not qualified majority voting. Tha sama goes for worker

are resolved to tackle them

directors. While consultation with employees is covered by qualified majority voting, that social chapter is equally explicit that the much more important issue of employee representa-Labour would not, Mr Brown tion on boards still requires unanimity. No one is suggesting Japan's manufacturers have less to gain from further devaluation than many competitors believe, writes William Dawkins Japan's mere 0.5 per cent thought they finance ministry could be profitable at that level. suddenly rsverees its This increase in competitiveness comes thanks to a typical weak currency Japanese process of continuous policy and says the yen has fallen improvement which began well

far enough, it must be feeling pretty confident about the Japa-That is what happened last

Thursday when Mr Eisuke Sak-akibara, a senior ministry official known as Mr Yen for his decisive part in talking down the Japanese currency to help the feeble economy over the past 18 months, said enough was enough.

hsn

The dollar had risen to almost Y114, more than 40 per cent higher than its record low of Y79.75 in April last year. At this level, the foreign exchange markets were too pessimistic about Japan's economic prospects, Mr Sakakibara argued. Currency dealers took Mr Yen at his word. By yesterday, tha

dollar had dropped just over 2 per cent - to roughly where it was three years ago.

The mova brought relief to Japan's trada competitors, some of which had accused the finance ministry of plotting a competitive devaluation. But it will also be welcome to some of Japan's biggest international companies which have been suffering from At first sight, those companies - which have led every economic recovery since the 1973 oil shock - bave made large increases in their competitiveness under the temporary shelter of a weak currency. Almost 90 per cent of the top manufacturing exporters claim to be profitable at anything from less than Y100 to Y120 to Europe, predicts Mr Matthew the dollar according to a recent survey by the government's Economic Planning Agency; two years ago, only just over half thought they could survive such exchange rates. Even more impressive, 23 per cent say they can now break even at less than Y100 to the dollar, once widely considered the years ago. line between life and death for Japanese exporters. In 1994, a cut the US prices of its Lexus

before the yen shot up to its 1995 record high, threatening to pull Japan into a full-scale depression. Much of it comes from cost-

cutting at home. But the main part of that improvement has been the wholesale shift of manufacturing capacity to cheaper and faster growing locations in east Asia Entire industries have moved

offshore. Ten years ago, for example, Japan was the world's largest producer of pocket calculators. Now it imports 90 per cent of its calculators, mainly from Japanese offshore plants,

Japan used to be the world's largest producer of colour televisions. Two years ago, it became a net importer of colour TVs and now buys two-thirds of them from abroad.

Overall, the proportion of Japan's manufacturing output overseas has doubled over tha past decade to 10 per cent, according to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry. This has reduced the exchangerate risks facing Japanese manufacturers and allowed them to repatriate significant profits

luxury car and Camry saloon in the autumn, at a time when the US Big Three car manufacturers have been obliged to raise prices to bolster their profit margins. Electronics companies are the other obvious winners from a cheap yen. For example, Sony's operating profits in the six months to September grew by less than a quarter in currency adjusted terms, but by three-quarters when exchange rate gains are added. Exchange-rate gains helped

latsushita, Japan's largest consumer electronics company, raise operating profits by 60 per cent in the first half. Like Toyota, it has used some of the windfall to fund cuts in prices of some of its most price sensitive products, in this case video and CD players.

Against this background, it might appear odd that many of Japan's exporters now support measures to stop the yen's plunge. Their concern is simple and revealing. The cost of imports rises as the yen falls. These companies have shifted so much production offshore since the yen last stood at this level that losses on imports back to Japan have, for the first time, become a problem.

Matsushita, for example, is Japan's largest importer of televisions. Mr Yolchi Morishita, the

Some electronics companies have gone the same way - none more so than Aiwa. The consumer electronics group was once considered a model for Jepanese manufacturing industry. with almost 90 per cent of its production outside Japan.

Now it has smartly reversed its strategy. Over the past year, Aiwa has reduced imports from 90 per cent of Japanese domestic sales to a mere S0 per cent. It has turned to domestic Japanese suppliers for the balance.

Also pressing for a stronger yen are those industries that depend on imported raw materials - an important point in a country so short of natural resources as Japan. Their costs have been forced up by the weaker ven.

teel companies, for example, have had to contend with a 15 per cent rise in the cost of imported coal and iron ore in the first half of this fiscal year. Oil distributors have seen their profits collapse over the same period because of the unhappy conjunction of a rise in imported crude costs and a fall in petrol prices.

There is thus broad support among Japan's manufacturers for tha finance ministry's call for a

reported on the six months to September managed to increa pre-tax profits by a mere 8.8 per cent over that period - a fraction of the more than 40 per cent growth shown in the same period last year. Tha service sector, tra-ditionally the Japanese economy's weak spot, continues to suffer weak domestic demand and high costs.

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Small companies, without the benefit of foreign earnings, are collapsing at more than 1,000 per month. And the smaller banks and finance companies continue to bleed cash as they wage the long fight to dispose of bad property-related debts.

A reminder of just how far they have to go came with the recent liquidation of Nichiei Finance, a finance house with liabilities of Y990bn, a post-war record. The current record low 0.5 per cent official discount rate, a cause of the yen's weakness, can be expected to continue until the financial sector's walking wounded have taken advantage of low borrowing rates to rebuild their balance sheets.

A wider measure of competitiveness, unit labour costs, shows that if anything the gap between Japan and its main competitors has widened. According to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

### COMMENT & ANALYSIS

Less than ¥100 per \$

Japanese industry: learning to live with a strong yen

0.5

8.0

7.0

8.1 16.0

3.6

21 55 25 25 AN AN AN

106 172 293 420 361 455

A yen for appreciation

9.7 9.4 10.6 10.5 13.4

Breakeven exchange rates % of respondents to EPA surveys placing own beautiven rate in range to the set (Yesto

nport penetration ratio

Units imported/domestic a

Cooving machines

Colour TV sets

nent for unanimity in the Eurosean Union over changes to ocial security or to worker repesentation on company boards. The fact is, as Mr Brown well cnows, that a Labour governnent would be under no pressure to do either. Most of social security is probably unharmonsable anyway, given differing systems across Europe. Those social security provisions which may fall within the EU's social chapter are already subject to

Mr Brown, in effect, is talking tough about nothing. His approach has no more to recommend it than the government's stance over today's European Court ruling on the working time directive. Hints that Britain may bring the inter-governmental conference to a halt do no more for the political process or politicians' reputations than Mr Brown's creation of straw men to shoot at.

### Japan's reforms

Japan's proposal for a Big Bang deregulation of its financial markets may turn out to be more important for its symbolic content than its immediate practical effect.

The project, announced yesterday by the new government headed by Mr Ryutaro Hashimoto, brings together a host of already mooted reforms into a single overall package, with a deadlina of 2001. Banking, stockbroking foreign exchange, insurance - all would be affected, along with Japan's legal, tax and accounting systems.

In putting forward such an ambitious project, the government seems to be motivated at least in part by a desire to revitalise financial markets still heavily depressed by the collapse of the bubble economy of the 1980s. Though reform on the scale the government is propos-ing is inherently desirable, it the states would be wrong to believe that deregulation will promptly pay off in a recovery of financial confidence.

Indeed, the unwinding of the distortions created by decades of regulation and administrative guidance may, in the short run, have the opposite effect. It will need to be accompanied by a dose of bankerly caution and by recapitalisation or closure of tha weakest Japanase financiel institutions if it is not to contribute to instability.

A second motive appears to be the belief that Tokyo has lagged behind other financial centres and that the yen may lose status when Europe's single currency is introduced. The first of these fears is undoubtedly true. and mirrors the motivation for London's Big Bang a decade endorsed, find ways around ago. But it is at best a partial them.

justification for reform.

A far more powerful argument is that Japan's own citizens will profit from a more efficient and competitive financial system. There would be more confidence in the Japanese government's commitment to deregulation if it appeared prepared to maks this case forcefully to the public. Only by building wider public support for reform - in this and other sectors of the economy - will the government be able to steen it through against inevitable

opposition. That process will be made more difficult by the constraints the government's fiscal position imposes on its ability to buy off opposition in the traditional way. The government's minor-ity in the Diet is also a handicap. Still, Mr Hashimoto's politi-cal skill in getting early ment from his more conagre servative colleagues to such a far-reaching set of proposals should not be underestimated. Ha begins his second term with en encouraging symbolic commitment to a faster pace of reform.

Even though the individual elements of the proposal may be delayed or frustrated, this public signal of a change of direction will have practical effects on the way the Japanese financial system operates. After all, the US has still not implemented reforms to its Glass-Steagall act, separating commercial and investment banking; nearly two decades after they began to be seriously proposed. Yet many of the same effects have been achieved in other ways. Old habits die hard: but new ideas, once publicly

gained from the recent devaluation of the yen - as can be seen most graphically in the motor industry. If the exchange rate stabilises at around Y110 the Japanese car manufacturers will on average more than double their profits this year and increase market share in the US and

Ruddick, analyst at James Capel Japan. Tovota, for exampla, quadrupled net profits in the six months to September. Operating profits at 5.5 per cent of turnover in the current year are more than three and a half times as fat as two

This revival allowed Toyota to

Japan's multinationals have admitted the yen's fall had driven up the price of imports from its offshore plants and argued that a rate of between Y95 and Y100 to the dollar would be "proper". Never before has the boss of such a large Japanese company called for a stronger

Other offshore manufacturers have taken the logical step of bringing some production back to Japan. Toyota has said its Japa-nese plants will start making its Scepter Wagon and Coupes for the US market in December, the first time these models will be made in Japan. Honda followed by announcing that production of its Accord Wagon will move from tha US back to Japan naxt autumn.

at large has not yet recovered enough to justify a rise in the currency back to anything like the Y70 to the dollar it reached in

Although gross domestic product increased by 4 per cent in the first half of the year, growth has since fallen off again. Most economists believe Japan is settling down to a medium-term growth rate of around half that.

In this maturing economy, only the elite of companies which sell. largely into faster growing foreign markets have cause to celebrate. Most companies rely on the domestic market and are struggling, at least on the evidence of their latest financial results.

be received says Vatican

There's a lot at stake. Castro

Vatican's invelorate collector of

trunk labels has never visited

Cubs, the only Latin American

state he hasn't seen. So a photo-op handshake looks like

an odds on certainty.

Happy hours

The sound of chinking glass

Demand for the four minutes, 40

advertising is so flerce that the state broadcaster auctions it in

five second slots. Companies

seconds of prime time

has never seen the Pope but

perhaps more important the

spokesman Joaquin

Navarro-Valla.

The 450 which have so far

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и тарош adjusted for currency changes are 42 per cent higher than those in the US. Four years ago, they were only 10 per cent higher.

Government bureaucrats and private-sector economists agree that the Japanese economy needs to increase its growth capacity. And the main challenge is to proceed more vigorously with the economic deregulation needed to reduce Japan's notoriously high business costs such as land, energy, transport and wages.

So long as deregulation continues to be cautious, world-beaters such as Toyota and Sony will be the exceptions to the Japanese norm of slow growth. If the exchange rate reflects economic fundamentals, it is likely to rise at a similarly slow pace.

Financial Times

### 100 years ago

Famine In India A reassuring telegram from Madras announces that the dangers of the threatened famine in India are somewhat exaggerated. The afflicted area is at present restricted to . the ceded districts, where tentative relief works have already been started. Should the monsoon fail altogether, which is not yet certain, the districts round Madras would suffer, as they would be dependent on tank irrigation. One the other hand, the crop failures in some of the Northern districts are scaggerated, and there are good harvests in the Southern districts of Malabar and Kanara.

### 50 years ago

France's Problems Far from resolving the country's problems; the recent voting in France seems only too likely to make confusion worse confounded. How, from the contending parties, can be formed that strong and stable Government which is essential to the economic and financial well-being of the Fourth Republic, is not at all clear France has done much, by toil and sweat, to increase her production, yet she has not achieved political stability.

. . . .

Serrated edginess quit. Bavid Feldman the irish

David Feitman, the Irish suctioneer, has enjoyed a long relationship with the Engelding yellow, the new Sweddh, simm soll for \$230n on Bidgey. Feitman firstwicht in 1994 for just under Sidon, diesend it agatom 1996 for \$1 2m, when he dubbed it the most withins, a object in the most withins, a object in the most withins, a solget in the most withins, a solget in the most sidon of the weight Uniformithic of the proof set in 1990 wasn't the Davi gilde to the size of the first of the size set in 1990 wasn't the Davi gilde to the size of the first of the size of buyer. money. So the Treskilling yellow has been sitting in Feldman's-

collection for the past six years. Feldman's auction career ha had its ups and downs. At the r has height of the last stamp boom he teamed up with Geza von Hapeburg, great great grandson of Austria's Emperor Franz Joseph, to form an auction house to challenge the likes of Christie's and Sotheby's, By 1989 it had sales of SFri20m and was the world's fourth biggest. The idea was to mix the Archduke's old world sauoir fairs - he had run Christie's

Geneva office for years - with Feldman's financial skills. Soon the two diversified into auctioning old masters and impressionists. But Geza von Hapsburg - known in the trade as the "Great Geezer" ~ and

**O** B S E R V E R Feldman fell out over strategy, the auction house disappeared after Feldman 

Since then he s concentrated on doing what he does best selling stamps. Let's hope this time the buyer actually stumps no the cash ....

### Vintage kosher

Winemakers at Castel ctione in southern Piedmont endermain (grape harvest); this ir promises to be a fine

That's good news for thos members of Britain's Wine Society who are faithful clients of Araldica Vini Plemontest; a. large consortium of . co-operatives based in the village, with 2,000 bectares of vineyards in the surrounding hills. Music, too, to the ears of orthodox Jews - for Araldica is Italy's number one kosher wine producer and bottler.

About 1m of the Sm bottles produced annually are kosher and of that nearly 90 per cent goes to the US. With its koshe output doubling over the past five years, Araldica has kept Italy's small Jewish community increasingly busy, for in order to qualify for kosher certification; wine-making and bottling can only be carried out by practising orthodox Jews - a requirement

that does not apply to othe kosher products. Sweet white wine used to be the kosher tipple in New York, but it is now losing ground to red Barbers d'Asii. Chiers - or rather l'chaytin.

Dictator choice

E As Cuba's dictator president Atacama desert Accompanying bin was the naval thief, Admiral Jörge Martinez Busch, and the basd of the air force, General Bernando Rojas Vender, Like Pizochief, they were keen to avoid having.

UN's Food and Agriculture Organisation, If he asks for an.

communist. After Sentiago, Castro ik

that bought the so-called "golden time" and in 1995 reported sales increases of up to 600 per cent. Not quite telephone numbers audience with the Pope, "he will but good enough.

to salute or escort the communist leader. All of which reluctings to fur, All of which reluctance to turn the other cheek might appear to be somewhat uncharitable particularly as no lesses from than Pope John Paul H says field now ready to receive the ageing

and lond toasts is no doubt the Qinchi distillery in China; it's just won the most coveted five second advertising slot on China Central Televisio (CCTV), according to the Beijing Youth Daily newspaper.

The distillery is clearly on a noll; it also won the slot (which comes directly after the evening news and is watched by hundreds of millions) last year. This year it literally bid a telephone number - its own sum, 321,211,800 yuan (\$38.7m).

"Facts are "filtered" through our hearts." KAZUO INAMORI.

**KADCEKS** 

FINANCIAL TIMES Tuesday November 12 1996

### Greece makes start on **\$2.1bn rail link renewal**

#### By Kerin Hope in Athens

16

Greece's state-owned railway company, OSE, has appointed an international consortium of consulting engineers to manage e Dr500bn (\$2.1hn) EUbacked project to modernise its main north-south rail line after half a century of neglect. The consortium is led by

Halcrow, the UK engineering group, and includes Obermeyer of Germany, ILF of Austria and Metrotech, the Greek financial consultants.

Because of past delays in dis-bursing EU funds, due to the inefficiency of the Greek public works ministry, the European Commission has insisted that the government appoints international managers for large infrastructure projects. Rail modernisation has made little progress since its launch two years ago.

Grants from EU structural funds will cover up to 70 per cent of the project, the first big investment in Greece's rail network since rebuilding after the second world war. The remainder will be financed by the country's public invest-

ment budget. "The rail system operates much as it did at the turn of the century," says Ms Christina Issaia of OSE's planning office. "Road building took priority in transport policy, and until recently governments ignored the energy-saving and environmental advantages of rail transport."

Greek companies trading with the EU use road transport journey. The cost, which almost exclusively because of high costs and time-consuming unloading and reloading on the rail network. Goods caris estimated at Dr250br. ried by rail from Patras, the main gateway for trade with western Europe, have to be reloaded in Athens because the northern and southern and the border with the former

Deutsche



lines have different gauges. The Athens-Thessaloniki line is of standard internetional gauge, while the southern line linking Athens with Corinth and Patras is narrow gauge and cannot be used to transport containers. against Serbla. The five-year project focuses

The project also calls for on electritving and laving douimproving a branch line from Thessaloniki to the Bulgarian ble track on the 500km Athens-Thessaloniki line, with the aim border, an alternative route to of cutting more than 90 mincentral Europe, and linking it with the Aegean port of Kavalla, expected to become utes off the current six-hour includes two new tunnels an important outlet for trade through the foothills of Mount with the Black Sea countries. Olympus in northern Greece, In southern Greece, the 100km Athens-Corinth line is Although this line is to be upgraded from narrow to standard gauge at a cost of

Greece's main rall link with central Europe, only a 60km Dr98bn, which includes construction of a new bridge over stretch between Thessaloniki the Corinth canal. Stet offer put back

Yesterday, shares in Stet

### slump' as capacity expands

### By Nikkd Teit in Sydney

The world aluminium market could be heading for another big slump at the turn of the century as expanding smelter capacity pushes up stocks and drives down prices, according to an industry research firm. A report by AME Mineral

Economics of Sydney warns that if announced projects go ahead, the years 2000 to 2003 may be "a virtual replay" of 1990-93, when aluminium prices fell to eight-year lows and prompted big producer countries to agree a memorandum of understanding to cut production. "We are now at the point where announced capacity expansions over the rest of the decade are already likely to lead to another aluminium slump early in the next decade," the study says. "This puts some doubt on

the ability of the market to absorb some of the putative expansions around the turn of

LAR Showing Sper Lores 80 90 11 12 12 15 SE 105 -06 

the century announced for of its parts. Merging the two groups India and the Gulf region." should remove some of this bolding AME argues that the 1994 agreement had "more impact on market sentiment than market balances" and suggests the surplus was cleared by a jump in primary consumption largely due to buying ahead of anticipated production cuts.

The report says the Brussels agreement did slow capacity increases but suggests that prospects for world growth

Japan's Big Bang The notion that Tokyo could lose its

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### FTSE Eurotrack 200: 1831.1 (+1.5) italian bloor Shere prices reletive to the

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breaching European state aid rules but it would also hasten the break-up of Iri, whose main role seems to be to hand out subsidies to losses as weaker institutions such other bankrupt public-sector as second-tier securities bouses and groups. Second, Italy should completely demerge Telecom Italia Mobile (TIM), the senarately-onoted mobile nstwork, by transferring . Stet's stake in TIM to its shareholders. That would unlock further value for Stet shareholders.

Italy may worry that demerging TIM would delay telecoms privatisation. Far from it: TIM shares would business in Japan. And it would curtail the rols of the powerful be extremely easy to sell, as inter-national investors are already enthusiastic followers of the stock. indeed, the government could even sell them in March, when Stet's privatisation was originally scheduled.

### UK electricity

With one US bid for Britisb. regional electricity companies on the table and a second possibly on the way, investors are naturally anxious that either bid could be blocked. Given the government's shambolic regulatory record, the worry is understandable. But for what it is worth, it would have no good reason to do so.

For a start, the regulator does not need independent companies to do his job. On its own, an ownership change does not deprive him of comparative efficiency data; only a merger, of which there has been just one in this sector, does that. All a bid removes is a share price, which belps give cost of capital data. But for this there is little disadvantage in using other utilities' figures instead.

from Iri, the near-bankrupt state industrial bolding group. Not only would that recapitalise Iri without The other worry is the sub-investment grade rating of CalEnergy.

which is bidding for Northern Electric. Yet this concern can almost certainly be dealt with by effective ring-feacing. And even in the most extreme scenario - that CalEnergy went bust - Northern Electric, with its healthy cashflow, would presumably just be sold to someone else. Customers need not suffer.

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duces high-tech cameras such a

Of course, in politics even cast-iron logic does not amount to a prediction. But this merely underlines - yet again - the need for the government to make the rules of the utility takeover game clearer. Its present unexplained, case-bycase differing results in not only bidders but also utility sharebolders being exposed to wild and completely unnecessary risks. It is lousy government.

### British Steel

The good news for steelmakers is that the worst is behind them. Destocking, which contributed to a sharp fall in European steel production, appears et an end. Growth is slowly picking up, and prices are following. After a 45 per cent fall in the first half, stainless steel prices have risen hy 5-7 per cent over the past three months.

Alas for British Steel, sterling strength is likely to obliterate any gains from improved volumes and prices. A pound now buys DM2.50 compared with less than DM2.20 a year ago. And four-fifths of British Steel's sales are into Europe, so sterling strength is a significant dampener on turnover. Most of the impact will only be felt next year, given the lag effect of long-term contracts and the fairly recent nature of sterling's spurt. The management can trim costs further, but the reality is that its best efforts will be required simply in order to stand still,

Whils the end of the destocking cycle may have removed the bear case for the shares, the exchange rate has extinguished the bull scenario, Earnings for the full year will be less than half the 1995-96 record. and the outlook for 1997-98 is little better. With net cash of £703m, the dividend looks secure. But investors would still do better to look at Uslnor Secilor; assuming full year earnings of £550m, or 13p a share, for British Steel, its shares are trading on a forward price/earnings multiple of 9.5 times, a 30 per cent premium to its French competitor.

> Additional Lex comment oo BAA. Psee 23

> > $\mathcal{Z}$

のなめたい。中国は、国家語名のおお話語のなどのである。

#### Telekom and merger unveiled **Continued from Page 1** still carry a 5.7 per cent gross **Continued** from Page 1 vield, comparable to current

#### deadline until June 1997. Howlong-term bond yields. At a price of DM25. the shares ever, with France Télécom due

ivatisation in the s

rose almost 3 per cent to L5.530 in recognition that the merger would enhance the n cont

Yugoslav republic of Macedonia has been slectrified. The timetabls slipped partly because of a sharp fall in international passenger and freight traffic caused by the war in Bosnia and UN sanctions

### Aluminium 'may face

status as one of the world's big

three financial centres may seem

fanciful. But it has scared Japan's

new governmant into a serious

attempt at financial deregulation.

Many of the measures in the reform

package announced yesterday, such

as the abolition of fixed stockbrok-

ing commissions, are overdue

attempts to catch up with New

York and London. But Japan is try-

ing to go further. Letting banks,

brokers and insurance companies

compete in each others' markets

would leantrog the US, which has

so far failed to remove the distinc-

tion between investment and commercial banking. And international-ising Jepan's tax, legal and

eccounting systems would enhance

transparency and encourage foreign

Of course, talking about reform

and enacting it are very different.

The proposals would lead to job

undercapitalised trust banks went-

bast or were forced to merge with the stronger "city" banks. That will

make the plans unpopular and hard

for the minority government of Mr

Ryutaro Hashimoto, the prime min-

Deregulation would also allow

foreign companies to win-more

finance ministry. But if the govern-

ment succeeds in creating a top

division of financial institutions

that can compete worldwide and are as profitable as they are big, the

Italy has finally come up with a

half-good plan for privatising its

telecoms industry: Stet, the state-

controlled telecoms conglomerate,

and Telecom Italia, which runs the

country's fixed-line network, are to

be merged. Stet already owns most

of Telecom Italia (TI), but its shares

trade at a big discount to the sum

company discount, so unlocking

value for the government and other

But for the plan to be really good,

Italy should do two further things.

First, as the European Commission

suggests, the government should

mmediately take control of Stet

Stet shareholders.

pain will heve been worthwhile.

ister, to push through.

Stet/Iri

investors."

per cent. Private German investors are traditionally risk averse, and are mostly biased in favour of bond and rea estate investments. The government hones the Telekom share sale would induce German savers to include shares in their portfolios.

US investors, by contrast, eppear more concerned about the company's future earnings and sbare price performance than the dividend yield.

Deutsche Telekom yesterday reaffirmed its goal of keeping a balance betweeo German and international investors. The oew shares are to be distributed in proportionate amounts to retain the balance

TI's shares fell 5 per cent to L3,428. Shares in Telecom Ital-Mr Clampi argued that the next "window of opportunity" would be in the antumn. It ian Mobile (TIM), the mobile seems Mr Van Miert only phone company 57 per cent accepted this argument with great reluctance. It is now expected that the Italian treasury will buy Iri's holding in Stet. The treasury

purchase, which could cost ome L12,000bn, is the solution favoured by Mr Van Miert.

Rowever, the centre-left government remains far from united on the idea of the proprivatisation treasury taking full control of Stet. This would radically reduce the role of IRI in the Italian economy and in political patronage. network.

FT WEATHER

owned by Stet, were virtually unchanged following indications that in the new structure it would not be de-merged. Stet's share of TT's assets were valued in 1995 at L11,721bn, and its share of TIM's assets at L545bn. As a pledge of Italy's commitment, Mr Ciampi also

GUIDE

announced yesterday he had instructed IRI to proceed with the sals of its 33 per cent stake in Banca di Roma, Finmare, the shipping company, and the state-run motorway

have "materially worsened" since the end of 1995. It forecasts that primary alu-

minium consumption will grow at 3.2 per cent e year from 1996 to 2000, then slow to 2.8 per cent between 2001 and 2005, with much higher consumption in Asia offset by very modest growth in countries belonging to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

It sees an average 1997 price of 70 cents per pound, only slightly higher than in 1996 and a "price peak" of 73 cents in 1998 before rising stocks begin to push prices down.

Commodities, Page 28

**BOH** 

### Europe today

Very unsettled conditions are likely in southern France, northern Italy and the Alps. A complex low stretching from Spain to Denmark will bring a strong north-HIGH 1930 easterly flow of cool air over the British Isles, causing wintry showers. Along the eastern side of the low, a 1020 southerly flow will force air over the Alps, causing strong to locally severe thunderstorms 1010 Over the higher Alps, wind speeds will rise to 95kph. Except for the Ukraine, Europe will have very little sunshine. **Five-day forecast** The difference in conditions between eastern and western Europe will become more marked as low pressure stretches from Gibraltar to 000 Emland. in western Europe, temperatures w drop and frequent showers will

OCCUF. in eastern Europe, temperatures will rise. There will be very unsettled conditions over Italy and Francs

#### TODAY'S TEMPERATURES

at 12 GMT. Temperatures ma timum for day. Forecasts by Meteo Consult of the Netherlands

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. Wind speed in KPH

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Cold front

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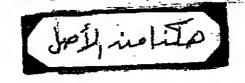
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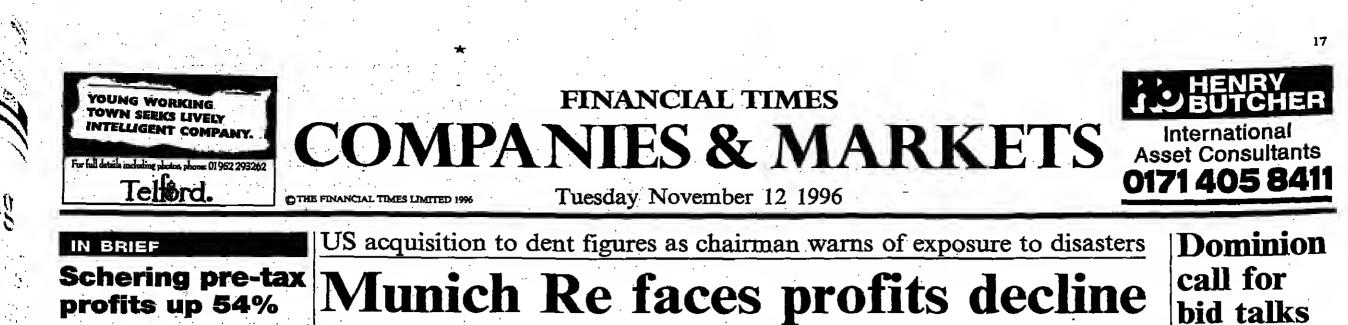
requirements - satisfying electronically transmitted orders daily, or every four hours in some cases. This year alone Bundy has invested in 14 new manufacturing facilities in 8 different countries to enhance its global service. ensuring its automotive and refrigeration customers enjoy world class standards of quality, cost and delivery. Like Telford, all these facilities have just one aim - to deliver the right system just-in-time, every time. Sundy is one of TI Group's three specialised engineering businesses, the others being John Crane and Dowry. Each one is a technological and market leader in its field. Together, their specialist skills enable TI Group to get the criocal answers right for its customers. Worldwide.



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Schering, the German pharmaceuticals company, announced a 54 per cent rise in pretax profits to DM527m (\$350m) in the first nine months, following strong sales growth in foreign markets and favourable exchange rates. Group sales rose 12 per cent to DM3.8bn while operating profit rose 7 per cent to DM481m. Page 19

Deutsche Bank escapes \$370m payout Deutsche Bank escaped having to pay about \$370m to buy out shareholders of a Norwegian company in which Mr Peter Young, the bank's disgraced fund manager, had secretly huilt a majority share. Page 18

Teva reports 16.4% sales rise Teva, krael's largest pharmaceuticals company, reported e 16.4 per cent rise in sales for the first nine months of the year after making e significant breakthrough in European markets. Sales increased from \$581.1m in the first three quarters of last year to \$676.1m. Page 19

#### BAA profits rise to \$500m

-

BAA, the British airports group, announced pretax profits up 3.4 per cent to £304m (\$500m) for the six months to September 30. The figure was reduced by £11m following changes in the structure of airport charges following new intergovernmental agreements and discussions with airlines. Page 22

Advertising growth supports Emap A rise in advertising revenues helped Emap, the British-based media and exhibitions group, put aside its recent boardroom controversy to lift half-year pre-tax profits before exceptionals by 34 per cent to £50.6m (\$83m). The total £164.1m (£33.9m) pre-tax outcome included £113.5m profit from the sale of its regional newspaper business. Page 23

Cuban cobalt production at new high Cuba's production of nickel and cobalt this year has already surpassed the previous record high and is on track to reach 50,000 tonnes or more, according to Cuban officials, Nickel/cobalt exports earned Cuba more than \$300m last year. Page 28

#### Companies in this issue 18 Inkombank ARR AIM Managemer 22 Interciaim Achmea Hypoteckbank 26 invesco Abold USA 26 ivax. 18 KO Astra 19 KPN Azucarere BAA 23, 22 Kawasaki Kisen BCH 19 Kyaamoo · . ... 12 LG Semicon BMW 18 Loarbo Bank Austria Mointoon Securitie Bergen Brunswig Mediaset Berkshire Hatb 21 20- Merrill Lynch Brierley Inve 22, 16 Metrotech .. British Stee Molson Companies **Burns Philo** 20 Munich Re CSR Caja de Selamence 19 Nord/LB CalEnergy 18 Northern Electric

20 Obermever

20 Olivetti

17. Omnitel

17 Philips

20 Railtrack

23 Renold

12 Sankyo

17 Schering

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Portman Build Soc

Roussel Uclar

By Andrew Fisher in Munich

Profits of Munich Reinsurance, the world's largest reinsurance group, could show a slight 30, 1996. decline this financial year. partly because of dilution from its \$3.3bn acquisition of Ameri-DM3.730 Munich Re has already can Reinsurance last August. announced e rise in the divi-Mr Hans-Jürgen Schinzler, dend from DM13.50 to DM16 a the chairman, also warned yesshare. Earnings per share more than doubled from terday of the possibility that DM67.60 to DM140. The group's more natural disasters might investment assets rose 8 per

occur than in the recent past. Munich Re would be particu-larly exposed if Europe was hit cent to DM120bp. Mr Schinzler said he was by powerful storms as in some surprised et the extent of the previous winters. profits increase after predict-"This could he e year of ing a year ago that earnings pausing for breath, although at were likely only to he main-

e very high leval," he said. Munich Re lifted net profits by 83 per cent to DM595m (\$395m) better than expected. Munich Re had also not had in the financial year to June

to pay out on any catastro-The shares fell DM65 to phes, he edded.

In recent years, the group has concentrated more on profitability than premium volume, shedding unprofitable and high risk business. Gross premium income was

unchanged at DM29bn - with DM19hn in reinsurance and the rest in direct insurance but would have been DM900m

higher if the D-Mark had not strengthened. The underwriting result had improved hy more than

tained. Motor and liability DM1.5bn over the past four was still keen to expand in insurance husiness had been years, he said. In 1995-96, it France but saw no acquisition moved from e loss of DM100m

to a profit of DM573m. Profits and synergies from American Re, which earned \$97m in the first half of 1996, would show through in 1997-98 after consolidation, he predicted

Next year would also see the full impact of the deal with Allianz, the German insurance concern, under which Munich Re is taking full ownership of DKV, the country's leading health insurance company in which it previously had a big minority stake.

stibilities.

anz, which has the same per centage stake in Munich Re, Mr Schinzler said that there

return.

In any case, if any sale did take place, more than half of the proceeds would go in capital gains taxes, Mr Schinzler

Mr Schinzler said Munich Re noted.

rejected by utility Asked about the group's 25 per cent shareholding in Alli-

was no intention of changing Dominion Resources, the US utility, has called for a meet-ing with East Midlands Elec-

The companies had close tra ditional links and Munich Re's investment, worth about DM15bn, produced e good

electricity company said it would not meet the Virginiabased group until it had raised



at 603%p yesterday. East Midlands last night reit-erated that any offer close to 608p e share. which would value the company, based in Nottingham, in the UK Mid-lands, at £1.2hn, was "not worth talking about",

tricity to discuss its proposed

takeover bid, worth more than £1.2hn (\$1.95hn). However,

sources close to the regional

Mr Angelos Anastasiou, utilities analyst et Panmure Gor-don, the London brokers, said he expected Dominion to offer close to 650p as an opening gambit. "At about 700p it gets serious." be added. At such a level East Midlands would be worth £1.39bn.

Dominion's advisers said the group wanted to meet Sir Nigel Rudd. East Midland's chairman, and the rest of the executive team before making a final decision. The group has not ruled out a hostile offer or simply walking away. Mr James Dobson, utilities

analyst with Donaldson, Luffkin and Jenrette, the US investment bank, said a cautious tone was typical of Dominion, which bas been considering a bid for East Midlands for several months. This is the biggest deal they've done. They're not going to be rushed into lt." The group, valued at \$6.6bn, has never made a hostile bld. A recommendation could also belp bead off the threat of a reference to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission, the UK regulatory authority, by either Offer, the industry regator, or Dominion gained the approval of the US regulator to launch the bid last month. It had some disagreements with its own regulator two years ago and would not want to repeat these difficulties.

on election to boards By William Lewis in London Chief executive officers and senior executives of US public

companies should not hold more than two other public company directorships, a report to be published today by the National Association of Corporate Directors recom-

Directors

seek limit

It will also say that people without executive jobs should not hold more than six public company directorships and that hoards should consider limits on the time directors can serve "in order to obtain fresh ideas and critical thinking from new board members". The recommendations of the NACD report, "Director Professionalism", are intended to improve the effectiveness of US companies' boards. Compliance is voluntary but parts of previous NACD reports on corporate governance have been implemented by US companies. Last year, the NACD recom-

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18 21 manded that US directors should be paid largely in stock 18 and get no company pension. .18 According to Professor Charles Stetson University 18 College of Law, who is one of 30 members of the NACD so-called Blne Ribbon Commis-21 sion: "A majority of the largest corporations in the US have 12 either adopted these recom-25 mendations in full or in part." 26 Prof Elson predicts thet "Director Professionalism" will 12 22 "have a substantial impact on 18 board behaviour". Copies were 25 to be sent to the Hampel com-20 mittee, the successor body to-19 the Cadbury committee cur-20 rently examining corporate 26 governance in the UK. 18 "By reducing the number of 26 boards people can sit on we are forcing individuals to focus 1, 16, 18 -18 more on their responsibilities," 18 Prof Elson said yesterday. Mr 22 Ira Millstein, senior partner of 20 Weil, Gotshal & Manages LLP, the law firm, and chairman of 21 the commission, said: "It is no longer enough for boards to be 18 passive advisers and question-23 ers. Boards must also be active 12 participants and decision mak-18 12 ers. Other NACD recommendations include: · Boards should designate e http://www.FT.con non-executive chairman or 27 'Independent board leader to direct the most critical board functions", including periodic 32.33 28-31 evaluations of the chief execu-Ż tive officer. 25 • An independent committee 36.37 to oversee the board's gover-34 nance responsibilities should be set up, including monitor-26 ing board performance goals. 35 Independent directors should "fill the substantial majority of board seats". Dire-

### Wayne Huizenga to sell 49% stake in US ice hockey team

By Patrick Harverson in London

The Florida Panthers, one of the youngest hut most succe ful professional ice hockey ms, is to issue shares on the US stock market this week. The \$73m offering could pave the way for other North American sports franchises to go public.

Mr Wayne Huizenga, the Floride-based businessman, is selling 7.3m shares in Floride Panthers Holdings, 49 per cent of the company, to investors at \$10 a share. Under the rules of the National Hockey League, he has to retain a majority holding in the team. More than half of the shares

have been earmarked for private sale to Mr Huizenga's business associates and Florida-based investors. But 2.3m shares will be sold to the general public when the shares go on sale tomorrow. The stock will be listed on the Nasdaq over-the-counter market under the symbol PUCK. Although professional sport

has long been big business in the US, the Panthers will become only the second publicly-traded franchise in the country. The Boston Celt- years when the team moves to ball, floated

New York Yankees, said he might list the new baseball orld series champio Mr Ron Castell, senior

vice-president of marketing at

Republic Industries, Mr

Huizenga's latest investment

vehicle, said yesterday: "I

understand that other people

in the NHL are talking about

He said Mr Huizenga was

taking the Panthers public

hecause local husinessmen had persnaded him to give ice

bockey fans in south Florida

an opportunity to buy a stake

in their team. Last season the

Panthers made it to the NHL

championship finals in only

Mr Huizenga paid the NHL \$50m in 1993 to set up Flo-

rida's first ice bockey fran-

chise. But despite the team's

early triumphs, the business has never made money.

Last year, it lost \$25m on

revenues of \$33m, which the

Panthers put down to high

start-up costs and the fact that

the franchise was unable to

earn money from concessions

et the small arena it rented in

The Panthers are confident

of making money within two

their third season.

Miami.



Chugai

Citybus Group

**Colt Telecoms** 

Deutsche Bank

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Doutsche Telekom

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ctors should avoid, or disclose any business relationship that might be seen as compromising independence.



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Market goal: Ben Skrudland, a star forward for the Panthers

**Colt Telecom set** for public offering

By Nicholas Denton in London

Colt Telecommunications, the three-year-old US-owned venture which provides cut-price services to companies in the City of London and Frankfurt, is to float within the month in a deal set to give it a market capitalisation of about \$450m. The expected price - which would value the lossmaking company at a multiple of about eight times current

annual revenues - confirms the high valuations com-manded by local access providers challenging incumbents such as British Telecommunications.

The offering, aimed et investors in the UK and US, begins next week with an American roadshow. It is expected to raise about \$110m to finance the planned expansion of Colt's network of high-capacity fibre-optic cables in other European cities. Presentations to UK investors will take place from November 25, with trading beginning soon after.

Outside investors will take about 25 per cent of Colt's enlarged share capital. Fidelity, the US fund manager which set up Colt and still owns it, will see its bolding

THE FR. MEMORY

diluted to less than 75 per cent. The shares will be listed on the London Stock Exchange and - by means of shadow securities known as American Depositary Shares - quoted on the US's Nasdaq market.

Fidelity has hired Morgan Stanley, the US investment bank, to ect as global co-ordinator. Dresdner Bank's Kleinwort Benson subsidiary has been appointed joint sponsor for the London listing.

Fidelity - on its own account rather than on behalf of clients - founded Colt in 1993 to replicate e highly profitable involvement in Teleport, a US local access provider.

Colt's revenues - £22.5m (\$36.7m) in the nine months to September - give it barely 2 per cent of the London busi-ness market, but most analysts expect strong growth.

### Shanghai B-shares hit low

By Sophle Roell in Beijing lators to add hig and well-run

Shanghai's foreign currency companies to it. B-share index fell to another Some brokers cautiously prerecord low yesterday, closing at 44.68 - against its December dict an improvement as the end of China's credit squeeze 1993 high of 105.78. translates into improved cor-Analysts were pessimistle porate earnings. Others insist about a turnround for a marthere are structural problems ket that has been in the dolthat will have to be addressed before there will be a substandrums for nearly two years. B-shares are the only domestitial upturn in investor sentically listed securities in which ment. foreigners can invest. How-

Topping the list of broker complaints is the governever, confidence in the market has been undermined by the ment's selection of listing candidates, which has given cashdismal earnings of listed com-

panies and the failure of regu- starved and hadly managed state-owned enterprises priority over more buoyant sectors of the economy such as joint ventures. Illiquidity has also been a big issue as most of the companies selected for listing

have been small. The poor performance of the

B-share index contrasts with that of the A-share index for domestic investors. Shanghai's A-share index has more than doubled this year.

Divide deepens, Page 8 World stocks, Page 38 1986, was the first.

Teams in the country's biggest sport, American football, are not allowed to go public on the stock market, but franchises from other sports may soon be tempted.

Two weeks ago, Mr George Steinhrenner, owner of the events held et the stadium

You know

what needs

to be done.

Now find

the right

partner to

make it

happen.

new \$185m stadium near Fort Lauderdale. The arena will be owned by the local municipality but the Panthers will have a 30-year menegement contract enabling it to earn ticket, advertising, sponsorship, and concessions income from all

Lex, Page 18

The progress of any good business automatically throws up new challenges.

Turning those challenges into opportunities to move your business forward requires tailored solutions.

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In fact, you'll find that we're reassuringly more like businessmen than money men.

The number you need is 0171 374 3502. And the man to talk to is David Shaw, Chief Executive.



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### **COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE**

cent.

### **Deutsche Bank escapes \$370m payout**

### By Hugh Carnegy in Stockholm

Dentsche Bank last night escaped having to pay about \$370m to buy out sbareholders of a Norwegian company in which Mr Peter Young, the bank's disgraced fund manager, had secretly built a majority stake.

The Oslo Stock Exchange ruled that Deutsche Bank did not have to comply with local rules which oblige any sharebolder holding 45 per cent or more of a listed company to make an offer to the other shareholders. on the grounds that the 51 per cent shareholding in Sysdeco, a software company, was split between the parent bank and its subsidiary, Morgan Grenfell Asset Management.

in his management of unit trust funds, had invested heavily in Sysdeco and a number of other little-known Scandinavian high-tech stocks.

But the size of the Sysdeco stake, divided bstween different investment vehicles allegedly set up by Mr Young to disguise the extent of his holdings, was unknown to Sysdeco, the Oslo bourse or Dentsche Bank until his operations were investigated in September.

The bourse said Morgan Grenfell had broken its disclosure rules during Mr Young's build-up of Sysdeco shares in September last year, and

way. It urged Norway's financial supervisory anthority, Kredittilsynet, to report the affair to the police. But in a decision bound to anger other Sysdeco shareholders, the bourse accepted Deutsche Bank's argument that the shareholdings of the parent and the asset management subsidiary abould not ba treated as s consolidated share-

holding. "The reason is the requirement for Chinese walls' [between Deutsche Bank and Morgan Grenfell Asset Management]" the stock exchange said Deutsche Bank was relieved by the

Mr Young, fired by Morgan Gren- criticised it for poor control of its ruling. Mr Young's heavy buying fall for alleged multiple irregularities asset management activities in Nor- helped push up Sysdeco shares to more than NKr210 early this year, before they started to slide. If the bank had been forced to buy oot the other shareholders, it would have to have paid the highest price the bank itself paid in the six months before it hit the 45 per cent limit.

Yesterday, Sysdeco shares closed at NKr16.80 - before the bourse ruling was published.

Deutsche Bank bas already Confaionieri, chairman, reports Reuter in Venice. reduced its Sysdeco stake to 47.4 per The debts stood at L285bn (\$187m) at the end of June It said last night that it would reserve its position for some time on this year. Mr Confalonieri, speaking

what to do with its remaining shares

Mediaset EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST **Russian bank** sees debts gone by to issue ADRs year-end

at a convention in Venice,

said that in the first 10

months of the year, business

at Publitalia, Mediasat's

advertising arm which accounts for 90 per cent of

its turnover, grew 6.5 per

This was a growth rate which "we expect to main-tain until the end of ths

year," Mr Confalonieri said.

agency reported a record monthly turnover of

L377bn, equal to an annual

growth rate of 30 per cent. September also saw an

increase of 16 per cent. he

said. In the first six months

of the year, Mediaset's con-solidated turnover was

L1.675bn, with a pretax

profit of LA97.4bn. Mr Confalonieri also said

that if Mediaset did not have

the chance to compete for a

proposed third license to

manage a PCN mobile-tele-

phone service in Italy, it

would not rule out an inter-

est in second license-holder

Omnitel or state-controlled

telecoms company Stet,

whose privatisation is expected in late 1997.

the opportunities we might

consider, but that would be

considered at the time," he

Asked if that would mean

taking a stake in Omnitel's largest sbareholder, Oli-

vetti, he replied this was

trne, but added there had not been any talks with Oli-vetti's largest sharebolder,

"Then there's the privati-

sation of Stet," be added.

"But it's all fluid, the only

certainty is that in the

future there will be convergence between television.

telecommunications and

information," he said.

Mr Carlo De Benedetti.

said.

Omnitel would be one of

In October the advertising

cent.

Inkombank is likely to become the first Russian bank to issue American Depositary Receipts to foreign investors Mediaset, the Italian after winning the central bank's approval for the move. television and advertising The bank will join a growing list of Russian enterprises, including the glant Lukoil and Gazprom energy concerns, group, expected to eliminate its net financial debts by the which have sought to improve the liquidity of their shares by bundling them up into ADR form and allowing end of 1998, said Mr Fedele them to be traded abroad. Almost all the Russian companies which have issued ADRs have seen a significant rise in their share price as foreign investors find it easier and safer to buy their shares.

Inkombank, one of Russia's biggest commercial banks, will allow up to 3 per cent of its shares to be traded in ADR form. It has already received permission from the US Securities and Exchange Commission to issue level-one ADRs but will have to present more detailed financial information before it can attempt to raise fresh cepital on John Thornhill, Moscow the US markets.

### German bank merger hitch

Mr Gerhard Schröder, prime minister of the German state of Lower Saxony, said he would only give his blessing to a merger between Nord/LB, the Hanover-based bank, and the banking group Bankgesellschaft Berlin (BGB) if such a move, which would create Germany's second largest bank in terms of balance sheet assets, respected the equal stature of both institutions

"I will not accept anything without absolute parity." Mr Schröder told Der Spiegel magazine. Mr Schröder's demands appear to mean that the name of the merged institution would have to reflect its constituent parts and that its headquarters would be split between Hanover and Berlin. His remarks also suggest that Lower Saxony would not support a merger plan under which Nord/LB was simply embedded in BGB's complex holding

structure, which already includes three banks. Political support is essential for a merger between Nord/LB and BGB - who have been in talks for some time and already co-operate closely in several fields - as both banks are largely state-owned. Lower Saxony holds 40 per cent of Nord/LB while the city of Berlin owns 56.8 per Frederick Studemann, Bonn cent of BGB.

### Bank Austria up at nine months

Bank Austria, the country's largest commercial bank, said yesterday that operating profit for the parent company over the first nine months of 1996 reached Sch3.6bn (\$340m), up 9.9 per cent on the same period in 1995. The bank said operating income for the period was ahead 4.7 per cent to Sch13.3bn. Costs for the first nine nonths were up 3.9 per cent year-on-year, to Sch9.7bn. Continuing merger and closure of branches was the

basis for consequent cost-cutting by the bank, which in the third quarter of 1996 closed its 50tb hranch since its formation in 1991,

Customer debt to the bank over the first nine months of 1996 reached Sch396.3bn, up 6 per cent from a year ago. The bank owed its customers a total of Sch316.1bn, of which Sch160,7bn was in savings accounts. The bank provided no outlook for the full year, but Mr Gerhard Randa, the bank's chairman, said a month ago that he expected operating profit for the whole of 1996 to break Sch5bn, compared with Sch4.85bn in 1995.

AP-Dow Jones, Vienna

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KPN told to cut Casema stake KPN, the privatised Dutch posts and telecommunications

utility, is to cut its stake in Casema, the country's biggest cable television provider, from 77 per cent to 20 per cent. The reduction was demanded by the government as a condition for allowing Casema to bid for one of the regional telecoms licences now on offer as part of moves to liberalise the sector.

The company had sought merely to place its cable interests at arm's length by incorporating them in an

### **Kvaerner** to cut costs as profits dive in third term

By Tim Burt in London

Kvaerner, the Norwegian shipbuilding and engineering group, yesterday announced a NKr1.1bn (\$174m) cost-cutting programme following a sharp fall in third-quarter profits.

The company - reporting pre-tax profits down from NKr327m to NKr145m in the three months to September 30 - hinted that more than 1,200 jobs could go as part of the reorganisation. Mr Erik Tonseth, chief

executive, ontlined the planned savings after lescribing Kvaerner's thirdquarter and nine-month figures as "horrific".

In the first nine months, Kvaerner's pre-tax profits fell from NKr1.93bn to NKr851m despite an 80 per cent increase in sales to NKr39.7bn, from NKr22.1bn. Earnings per share fell from NKr32.13 to NKr14.17,

"This year's aggregated results are not satisfactory," said Mr Tonseth. "But we are taking firm action to improve those businesses which are underperforming."

Most of the job cuts are expected in the group's energy and pulp and paper divisions, where the company is seeking some NKr700m of savings.

Further savings are likely following the integration of Kvaerner's back-office funcHouse, the UK conglomerate acquired for £904m (\$1.47bn) earlier this year.

Mr Tonsetb predicted savings of NKr200m from reorganising the group's head office, which has been relocated to London, and another NKr200m from merging activities such as sales and marketing.

While refusing to disclose the likely costs of the reorganisation, he hinted at possible provisions against **Kvaerner's** fourth-quarter figures.

Nevertbeless, the group's B shares closed up NKr2 at Nkr232 after Mr Tonseth said the Trafalgar House integration was proceeding to plan and that order pros-

pects were encouraging. Some analysts suggested the rising share price also reflected relief that the fig-

ures were not worse. Of the group's six core operating divisions, shipbuilding represented the bulk of the nine-month profits - even though its contributions fell from NKr991m to

NKr750m. Mr Tonseth said shipbuilding would remain the engine of Kvaerner's growth "for several years" ~ adding that its performance was satisfactory given the yard closures and bankruptcies among its European competitors.

Shipbnilding overshadowed maiden nine-month tions with those of Trafalgar contributions of NKr73m

from the process engineering division, the former John Brown subsidiary inherited from Trafalgar.

It also offset a sharp reduction in profits from NEr163m to Nkr24m in the oil and gas division and losses of NKr24m at the former Trafalgar construction busiesses. The UK conglomerate's former metals division, meanwhile, contributed

In pulp and paper, however, losses deepened from NKr70m to NKr199 - which Mr Tonseth described as a

> Nevertheless, the pulp and paper division showed signs of improvement by reducing its losses to NKr83m in the third quarter, a reduction of NKr205m compared with the second-quarter deficit.

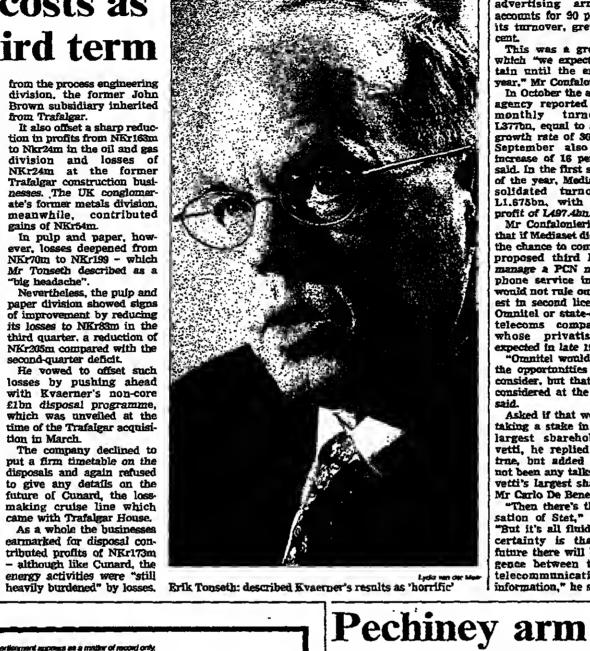
losses by pushing ahead with Kvaerner's non-core £1bn disposal programme, which was unveiled at the time of the Trafalgar acquisition in March.

put a firm timetable on the disposals and again refused to give any details on the future of Cunard, the lossmaking cruise line which came with Trafalgar House. As a whole the businesses earmarked for disposal contributed profits of NKr173m - although like Cunard, the

gains of NKr54m. "big headache"

He vowed to affset such

The company declined to



Ab of these securities have been sold, this intertisement incomes at a matter of mooni only

4,250,000 Shares



**Common Stock** (par value \$.01 per share)

850,000 Shares rtion of the offering was affered outside the United States by the und

**Goldman Sachs International** 

Robert W. Baird & Co.

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation

**Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale** 

J

**ABN AMRO Rothschild** 

**Credit Lyonnais Securities** 

Fuji International Finance PLC

J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd.

3,400,000 Shares

This partian at the offering was aftered in the United Status by the unders

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Robert W. Baird & Co. incorporated

> **Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette** Securities Corporation

Alex. Brown & Sons	J.P. Morgan & Co.		Salomon Brothers Inc			
Smith Barney Inc.	George K. Baum &	Company	Burnham Securities Inc.			
Janney Montgomery S	cott Inc.	Ra	auscher Pierce Refsnes, Inc	1		
The Robinson-Humph	rey Company, Inc.	Stephens	Inc. Unterberg Harris	s		
November 1996						

By David Owen in Paris an awkward time for the group, which has already A US district court jury has made clear it will fall into

loses patent case

awarded \$102m in damages against American National the red this year after provisions for a sweeping pro-gramme of cost cuts. This Can, a subsidiary of Pechiney of France. The verdict will result in about FFr2bn could have a significant (\$393m)in restructuring bearing on the aluminium and packaging group's 1996 results.

The award follows a patent infringement lawsuit brought by Viskase Corporation, a unit of Envirodyne Industries. This alleged that ANC had infringed a number of Viskase patents relating to plastic films used for fresh red meat, processed meat and poultry product applications.

a statement, Pechiney said the "definitive amount" of the award would now be fixed by the court, which could possibly raise it to up to three times its current level

seek to have the decision annulled or at least to have the sums involved revised downwards.

court would appear in the

costs, a part of which is to be provisioned in the current year. The programme is expected to lead to e reduction of between 4,000 and 5,000 in the company's 37,000 worldwide staff and a 17 per cent cut in its wage

Confirming the decision in gest competitors. In September, the group

But it said ANC would FFIG

Any award decided by the company's international court would appear in the trade division. This bad company's 1996 accounts. performed exceptionally well The development comes at in 1995.

The aim is to cut costs by FFr4bn, or 20 per cent of overall costs excluding raw materials, by the end of 1998, in order to put the company's earning capacity on a footing with that of its stron-

reported a near 30 per cent declins in first-half net prof-its, from FFr608m to

Nearly half the 26 per cent fall in operating margins was attributed to a decline in the performance of tha

**Roussel Uclaf halts** shipments to US

By Sarah Althaus in Frankfurt

Roussel Uclaf, the quoted administrative side of the French subsidiary of production process and that Hoechst, the German chemicals group, confirmed yester-day that an Italian unit had halted shipments to US customers of three active ingredients used in the manufacture of generic versions of antibiotic drugs.

The French group said the voluntary recall by the unit, Biochimica OPOS, was made after discussions with the generic drugs groups which Food and Drug Administration, the US regulator, about pills or injectable products. production processes at the plant where the ingredients also voluntarily withdrawing are manufactured. Roussel Uclaf declined to estimate the cost of the three substances marketed in the US. Revised applicarecall of the products, which generated sales of about tions would be filed as soon \$60m in the US in the first as possible.

nine months of this year. It stressed that the problem was related to the the FDA had found no problems with the quality of OPOS products. The recall therefore did not affect production in progress in the US or finished products using OPOS ingredients.

The ingredients involved cefaclor, minocycline and clindamycine phosphate are shipped in bulk to US complete production into Roussel Uclaf said it was its abbreviated antibiotic drug applications for the

at the second second

Comments and press releases about international

offshoot called Vision Networks. KPN said yesterday the restructure meant it would no longer have access to information about Casema which was not available to others.

In a separate move, KPN yesterday extended but refused to improve its A\$2bn (US\$1.58bn) bid for TNT, the Australian parcels group. Acceptances so far have brought it only 20.5 per cent of the company. The new closing date is December 3 for the A\$2.45 a share offer, which the group said "in the absence of a bid from a third party, will not be increased". All regulatory approvals had now been granted. *Gordon Cramb, Amsterdam* 

### Ina may sell UIR to Swiss Re

Ina, Italy's second largest insurer, said yesterday it had begun talks over the possible sale of Unione Italiana di Riassicurazione, the largest Italian reinsurance group with annual premium income of L1,500bn (\$989m), to Swiss Re.

Ina, which has been gradually privatised since 1994 and has life and risk business as its core activities, had said previously that it did not consider the Rome-based UIR, of which it owns 95 per cent, as among its strategic interests. John Simkins, Milan

### ABB buys GEC meter arm

Asea Brown Boveri, the Swiss-Swedish electrical engineering group, has bought the electricity meter division of GEC, the UK engineering company, for an undisclosed sum. GEC Meters, based in Stone, Staffordshire, has annual revenues of \$48m and employs about 700 people. The company will form part of ABB's power transmission and distribution division. Peter Marsh

### Indupa stake changes hands

Indupa, Argentina's top PVC producer, said yesterday thet Belgium's Solvay had agreed the purchase of a 12.89 per cent staks in the Argentine firm from Petroquimica Bahia Blanca. Indupa also said it had closed the deal to Sama Bianca, incupa also said it nad closed the dear to sell its shares in Petroquimica Bahia Bianca to Dow Chemical of the US and Argentina's YPF. Indupa bad also closed the sale of its Petropol plant for \$115m to Polisur, controlled by Dow Chemical. Reuter, Buenos Aires

### Astra launch frequency to rise

Mr Haakan Mogren, chief executive of Astra, the Swedish pharmaceutical group, said be expected US Food and Drug Administration approval for the asthma treatment Pulmicort Turbuhaler around the end of 1996. "(Whether the decision] comes before or after the new year is difficult to judge, but we reckon it will be around this point in time," he told a meeting of analysts, the Swedish news agency Direkt reported.

Mr Mogren said the company planned to increase the frequency of new product launches to an average of three a year. Next year's launches are expected to included those of Pulmicort Turbuhaler in the US and of the local anaesthetic Naropin in several markets. Other important launches would include the asthma treatment Oxis Turbuhaler, high blood pressure treatment Actacand and impotence treatment Muse. AFX News, Stockholm

Mr Martin Kohlhaussen. Commerzbank chairman, has Mr Martin Koninaussen. Commerzoante chainman, been appointed president of the German banking association. With effect from March 17 next year, Mr Kohlhaussen will replace Mr Karl-Hsinz Wessel, who has een president since 1994. AFX News, Cologne

companies coverage can be sent by e-mail to international companies@fl.com.

### **COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE**

Vear

### Schering ahead 54% Telepizza raises as overseas sales surge

#### By Frederick Stüdemann in Berlin

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Schering, the German pharmaceuticals company, yesterday announced a 54 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to DM527m (\$350m) in the first nine months, following strong sales growth in foreign markets and more favourable exchange rates. Mr Giuseppe Vita, chairman, said the result had exceeded the company'e supectations. Group sales rose 12 per cent to DM3.8bn while operating profit rose 7 per cent to DM481m. The increase was flattered

by Schering's poor perfor-mance in 1995, when the company had to withdraw one of its high-profile products, the contrast media drug isovist 280, which was used for X-rays. The company said it might

raise the dividend from DM1.55 to DM2. The results were in line with expectations and the shares closed 15 pfennigs at down DM124.10.

The increase in sales was largely attributable to growth in the US and Latin America. On the product side, therapeutic drugs saw tha strongest increase in sales, rising 15 per cent to DML17bn.

anti in al ding The biggest sales generators remained diagnostics and contraceptives and hormone therapy, which ment of Betaferon treat-together accounted for ments in the UK.

By Judy Dempsey in Jerusalem

European markets.

Teva, Israel's largeet

pharmaceuticals company,

yesterday reported a 16.4 per

cent rise in sales for the first

nine months, after making a

significant breakthrough in

Salee increased from

\$581.1m in the first three

quarters of last year to

\$675.1m. This year's figure

includes contributions from

Biocraff Laboratories, Biogal

Pharmaceutical Company

and ICI Spa. which Teva has acquired in the past 12

\$55.6m in the first nine

Schering

almost two-thirds of group turnover

**European acquisitions lift** 

**Teva nine-month revenues** 

ordinary shares) rose 4 cents

Shk1,492.26.

In the therapeutics business, sales of Betaleron, an innovative treatment for multiple sclerosis in which Schering has invested much of its money and expectations, rose 36 per cent to just under DM400m. However in the US, where

the drug is sold under the eastern Europe name Betaseron, sales were roughly the same as in the first nine months of 1995 reflecting the arrival of a competing drug made by Biogen, the US company. The growth of Betaferon

ments for both men and sales has also been hamwomen. pered by the high cost of the The company said a cost drug. In the US, treatment cutting programme had costs about \$10,000 a year, already proved beneficial. while in Europe it is more though this was not yet fully reflected in the operating expensive. Cost has been a profits figure as the third quarter still carried DM60m noted brake on the developin restructuring costs.

Pta10.3bn Contraceptive and horfrom share mone therapy drugs, tradi-tionally one of Schering's strongest husiness areas, saw an 11 per cent increase offering in sales. In Latin America

sales growth was particu-By Tom Burns larly strong; in Brazil alone, in Madrid

sales increased 25 per cent. The contraceptive and hor-An initial public offering of 45 per cent of Telepizza, Spain's leading fast-food company, has realised Pta10.8bn (\$81m) after record demand allowed the mone division was also strengthened by a series of acquisitions. These include the Finnish company Leiras, which makes bormone drugs for women, and the east company to price the issue at Pta2,800, at the top of the pricing range of Pta2,000-Pta2,300 fixed at the end of German company Jenapharm, which makes contraeptives and in which Gene, another German druge group, holds a 25.1 per cent last month. Total demand stood at

Pta477bn. Oversubscription was highest among domestic Mr Vita said that as well institutional investors, as expanding Schering's product range, the Janawhich had been allocated a pharm acquisition, which was approved by the Euro-pean Commission in Septem-15 per cent tranche and hid 154 times the total offered. The international institu ber, gave the company tion tranche, representing 40 per cent of the offering, access to new markets in

was 56 times oversubscribed. In September, Schering and the domestic retail signed an agreement with the Danish company Novo tranche, which accounted for 45 per cent of the issue, Nordisk to co-operate in the was 11.7 per cent oversubdevelopment of contracepscribed. tive and infertility treat-Telepizza, which will com

mence trading on Madrid's Bolsa tomorrow, was the first Spanish IPO to be aggressively weighted towards the domestic market.

The strong response by domestic institutions reflects the growth of local funds specialising in equities, and indicates that these will be allocated larger tranches in future issues. In spite of the small size. the Telepizza listing represents a cultural revolution, in part because it belongs to a wholly new sector and is certain to encourage other small family-owned companies on to the market.

Offerings by as many as five family-owned groups worth Pta25bn, are under stood to be in the pipeline, and a further 10 of a similar size are under serious con sideration.

The stock is one of the few growth companies on the Spanish market. The company opened its first fast-food business in 1986 and now controls 55 per cent of Spain's home delivery plaza

1999 - mostly through franchises - of which about 90 will be outside Spain. Global co-ordinators for

### Greece pulls in the punters

Foreign groups are moving in as gaming industry is opened up W ith its red-tiled as "junket parties" of tour-roof and marble ists flown in from abroad. invastment in investment investment investment in

loniki'e sprawling new \$110m casino resembles the palace of a Byzantine emperor. It is, however, the creation of Hyatt Corpora-tion, the US hotel chain, and marks the largest foreign investment to date in

Greece's tourist industry. Hyatt is one of six gaming concerns from the US, Aus-tralia and Isreel to be awarded casino licences since the governmant opened up the gaming busi-ness to private investors 18 months ago. Greek punters have responded enthusiasti-

spending visitors. Licences new rich from Sofia, the Bulgarian capital only a few hours' drive away, and other wealthy east Europeans. But the majority will be Greeks, whose eppetite for betting rivals that of Hong Kong's most avid gamblers. Until recently, bowever, they had little opportunity to try their luck legally.

went to casino operators and their local partners - often tors to the gaming tables.

UAMING.

PERMITS

RISSER REALF

construction companies which offered to build luxury accommodation for visi-But international casino operators and their Greek partners have not had an easy ride. The first new casi-

upgrading of Greek tourism, they should be issued for other major tourist areas like Athens, Corfu and Crets - not just Thessaloniki."

19

It took several months of lobbying before Playboy Enterprises, the US leisure group, won a licence to open a casino in Rhodes, another important tourist destination. Playboy'e Greek partners included a venture capital company controlled by state-owned Commercial Bank, and Mechaniki, e leading construction company But the project was delayed by fierce opposition from employees at the island's state-owned casino.

A plan for a new casino in Athens, potentially the most profitable in Greece, appears to have collapsed. In April the development ministry cancelled a licence awarded in 1994 to the Athens Casino Consortium, which included four leading Greek contrac-tors and Sun International, the South African gaming group controlled by Mr Sol Koezner.

The Greek-South African consortium had already paid Dr11bn for the licence and planned to invest another \$200m to build a luxury hotel and yacht marina pext to the casino complex in an Athens seaside suburb. But protests from local reeidente, together with accusations of impropriety in the bidding process, tipped the balance against them.

The ministry now save the existing casino on Mount Parnes, outside the city, will stay open and that hids to refurbish and manage it will be invited from international ODErators.

Mr Nick Dandolos, the development ministry'e adviser on casino projects, shrugs off criticism that the government's policy ewitches could drive away

"We can't ignore local sensitivities or go ahead with a process where transparency was in doubt. The new casinos are doing too well for international operators to ignore Greece, even if it's a while before more licences are offered."

was reduced from 15 to 10 ause of local authorities' concern about the social and economic impact of a casino on their region, allegations of irregularities in the teninvestors dering process, and pressure from employees of state-

Kerin Hope

to 95 cents. On the Mishtanim, the top 100 stocks traded on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange, Teva rose 3.25 per cent, to

centicals group: Schering is Mr Eli Hurvitz, chief executive, said Teva was able to already marketing Betaoffset pressure on prices in feron, its own multiple eclerosis drug. its US business through

Although the US remains sales of new products such as Clonazenam, the compa-Teva'e largest market and ny'e first significant genaric product, which was accounts for half-of its-sales - which last year totalled which was \$811.3m - Europe is becom-ing increasingly important. launched on the US market this year. But Mr Dan Carasso, ana-

European sales rose from \$14.9m daring the first pine lyst at UBS, the investment bank, said Teva's growth months of 1995 to \$43m in the same period this year, Net income increased from in the next three years would come mainly from and now represent 18 per CP

Teva said yesterday it would also be seeking approval for Copaxone in Israel, the UK and other European Union countries in order to compete with Schering, the German pharma-

market: . '

It plans to be running more than 420 outlets by

### ID LIKE TO REDUCE THE ODDS AGAINST MY GETTING PERMISSION TO BUILD A CASINO cally, dropping Dri36bn (\$571m) at the tables in the first nine months of this Hyatt'e international casino arm, Regency Casinos, chose a northern Greek

city to launch the first Las Vegas-style resort in Europe. Instead of being a discreet gambling establishment for an exclusive group of "high rollers", the casino, which, opened in September, caters for Greeks and foreigners who want a lively night out. Mr George Galanakis, chairman of Hyatt Regency Thessaloniki, the group'e

foint venture in Greece. says: "This is not a place just for shipping tycoons It is intended to provide famfly entertainment, even for people who usually go to tavernas

Hyatt set up a joint ven-ture with two Greek concerns, the Laskarides shipping group and Theocharakis, a trading and manufacturing group based in Thessaloniki, which paid Dr14bn for a casino licence in a competitive tender

ment The casino, a five-minute taxi-ride from Thessaloniki airport, claims to be the largest in western Europe, with 550 alot machines, 90 gaming tables, three restaurants and a 600-seat theatre. A \$40m luxury hotel and convention centre is under construction nearby.

nos drew so many punters The private casinos were that the government imposed an entry fee, payintended to replace state-owned casinos in Athens, able at the door, and threatened to reintroduce some of the old restrictions on Greek

players. The number of licencee owned casinos who faced redundancy. Mr Christos Vlachos of Eurofin, an Athens-based gross winnings will give a

several casino operators bidding for licences, eays: But the government also

Corfu and Rhodes from which most Greeks were excluded upless they could provide detailed documentation of wealth. Government officials calculated they would attract Greek punters away from

flourishing networks of illegal gambling clubs, where more than Dr200bn in profits from the underground economy is believed to change hands every year. Income from licence fees and a 20-30 per cent share of the casinos'

consultancy which advised useful boost to budget reve-

"Since casino licences are a day in Thessaloniki As well Greece's tourist industry, - carrot to subsidise the

supervised by the govern-

Regency Casinos expect to

excludes a \$14.9m tax charge for non-recurring merger expenses - to \$58.1m. Earn-ings per American Depositary Receipt (equal to 10 ago.

multiple scleroeis drug which obtained approval Teva increase to the consolidation of the three companies from the US Food and Drug Administration two months acquired in the past year in

attributed the the Telepizzi IPO were BBV Interactivos, the broking unit of Banco Bilbao Vizcays, and Merrill Lynch of the US.

### Hungary, Italy and the UK. Ebro takes stake in Azucarera

#### By Tom Burns

months.

Ebro, Spain'e leading sugar producer which is controlled by the Kuwait investment Office, has acquired 21 per cent of Azncarera, the eecond-largeet domeetic sugar company in terms of sales, in a move that foreshadows the merger of the two groups.

Ebro acquired its stake from Banco Central Hispano, which sold a 45 per cent interest it owned in Azucarera for Pta19.6bn (\$154.6m), booking a capital gain of Pta2bn from the disposal.

used its discretionary powers to authorise the Ebro The other buyer of the BCH equity is Caja de Salamanca, a savings bank in the sugar beet growing area of northern Spain. It will own 24 per cent of Azucarera The acquisition of the Azu-

Listed on the

stock exchanges

Frankfurt and Hannover

carera equity has been recommendation by Madrid's up to five of the two groups stock market regulator that orchestrated by the agriculture ministry, which seeks to strengthen the domestic the disposal of the BCH stake in the sugar company sugar sector by sponsoring. should take the form of an outright takeover bid, in the creation of a single large producer controlled by Span-ish interests. order to protect minority sharebolde At present Ebro controls

54.2 per cent of the sector it was intervening in the and Azucarera 21.1 per cent. market, the government pulled out of an earlier The ministry has over the past two years blocked ment to purchase 4 per agree attempts by the French cent of BCH'e equity in Azugroup Générale Sucrière to

carera This stake, which will for increase its 20 per cent the present continue to be ehareholding in Azucarera, citing strategic reasons. owned by BCH, was to have The government recently been acquired by Mercasa, a state-owned food group that

Ebro.

for cons

15 eugar production plants could be closed. Analysts add, however, that the restructuring of the sector is likely to involve the disposal by the KIO of the 35

per cent stake in Ebro that it To ward off criticism that owns through its Spanish investment arm. Grupo Torras

Générale Sucrière is understood to have been assured by the governme that it will be allowed to hold a strong minority equity holding in a merged

Ebro-Azucarera group. The controlling shareholders are likely to be the savings banks that are also controls 4.7 per cent of

linked to the sugar beet producers, and Banco Santander, the biggest A merger between the two eugar groups would allow siderable cost savings domestic banking group, from rationalising producwhich owns 15 per cent of tion, as analysts believe that Ebro.

This decision overruled e

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and Caja de Salamanca

equity purchases, on the grounds that the acquisi-

tions would trigger e

restructuring of the sector.

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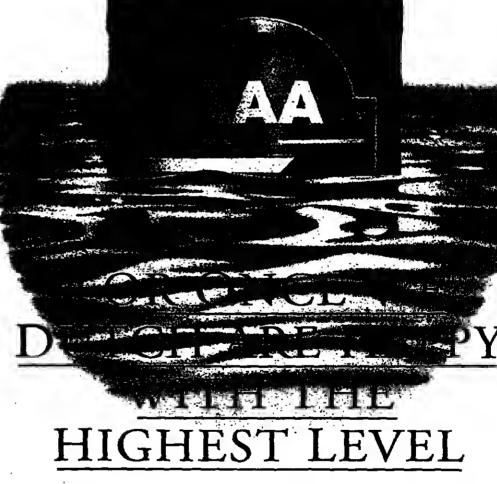
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FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

**Citybus plans** 

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### **COMPANIES AND FINANCE:** ASIA-PACIFIC

movements.

In the face of the difficult trading

conditions, Mr Geoff Kells, manag-

ing director, said CSR planned to

### CSR profits tumble 20% in first half

Tough housing market and falling aluminium prices blamed

### By Nikki Tait in Sydney

Tough conditions in Australia's housing market and falling aluminium prices caused CSR, the building products, aluminium and sugar producer, to post a 20 per cent fall in first-half profits to A\$154.7m (US\$1<u>32m</u>).

Sales in the six months to end-September were 5 per cent higher at a record A\$3.3bn. But the company is cutting its interim dividend by 2 cents a share, to 12 cents.

CSR also warned that second half profits were expected to be "considerably lower" than last year's second half and the final dividend could even be less than the

the building materials side bedging. Sugar made A\$54.1m, a 41 reduced interim payout. In the second half of 1995-96, CSR made a net slumped from A\$43.8m to A\$18.8m. profit of AS126.7m before abnormal Tha situation was even more grim at the timber division, which made items

fell from A\$31.8m to A\$23.9m while

only A\$300,000 compared with last The lower second-half ontlook was partly due to the return to a time's A\$15.6m. The company blamed the poor increased 13 per cent to A\$78.5m, performance on a 19 per cent fall in and would have been higher still "more normal" sugar milling season, CSR said, with virtually all new housing starts, coupled with but for unfavourable currency the sugar division's profit falling in low prices across most of its prodthe first half. Wet weather in the uct range. In the timber market, previous year meant that some

"stiff competition" from imports cane was processed in the second compounded the problems. Aluminium profits were 28 per CSR said first-half profits from its construction materials division

continue its push into new markets cent lower at A\$29m, with a 17 per and seek internal efficiencies. Over cent price decline mitigated by the past 18 months, 44 plants have was untenable.

Australian

for share

By Nikki Talt

suspension

Shares in McIntosh

Securities, ona of the few

large Australian stockbrok-

ing firms to be owned inde-

pendently of any big invest

ment house, were suspended

yesterday morning amid speculation that the com-

pany was about to be

ing at A\$1.25. At this price,

the group is capitalised at

Shares in McIntosh had

about A\$91m (US\$72m).

been closed in Australia and staff

cut by 13 per cent. Mr Kells also suggested that some of the pricing struggles per cent improvement on 1995-96, needed to be solved through induswhich was affected by the weather. try rationalisation. For example, The best performance came from the refined sugar business has the North American building prodbeen subject to an acute price war ucts business, where profits and CSR's operations in this division made a small loss during the first half.

• CSR said it was in talks with other sugar producers about rationalisation, adds Reuter. Mr Kells said local sugar companies had told the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission that the current sugar price war

listing on HKSE Citybus Group, which manages franchised and non-franchised buses in Hong Kong, plans to mise HK\$355m (US\$46m) from a jisting on the colony's stock exchange. The company is part of CNT group, controlled

by Mr Tsui Tsin tong. Citybus is planning a public offering of 250m shares at HK\$1.42 each. It is forecasting a profit of at least HK\$113m for the year to December 31, compared with HKS46.40m last year. According to the company's figures, this puts it on a pro forma fully-diluted price/earnings multiple of 11.5 times 1996 earnings.

The new issue represents 25 per cent of Citybus's enlarged share capital, and will see CNT's attributable interest diluted from 77.18 per cent to 57.39 per cent. Sponsor and manager of the new issue is HSBC Investment Bank Asia, and trading in the shares is due to

start on November 29. Citybus follows a string of spin-offs, the intest of which was China Resources' Beijing Land, the China property arm of a mainland conglomerate, which saw its share price soar 71.6 per cent on its debut last Friday to close at HK\$4.05.

One of four franchised bus service companies in Hong Kong, Citybus saw passenger journeys on its 58 franchised routes grow 24.5 per cent between 1994 and 1995. On the non-franchised side, it operates 18 residential rontes as well as cross-border and contract hire services. Louise Lucas, Hong Kong

### Japanese shipping improves

Japan's large shipping companies continue to suffer from price declines in the liner market, but have managed to improve results through stringent cost cutting and the weaker ven

Kawasaki Kisen, one of the big five ship operators, said the yen's rise may have been the greatest contributor to its improvement, as recurring profits rose to Y-4bn (\$36m) from Y1.5bn

Japanese shipping operators have also been attacking their costs. Some have streamlined their headquarters and transferred some administration overseas. The fall in rates in the North American liner market and European routes has increased the pressure. Kawasaki Kisen says rates over the past year have fallen between 10 per cent and 15 per cent.

While liner retes are expected to continue falling in the second half, the degree of decline is expected to be more gradual, Kawasaki said. Michtyo Nakamoto, Tokyo

### Brierley eyes investments

Mr Paul Collins, chief executive of Brierley Investments, the New Zealand-based investment group, said yesterday that the group believed that it could probably make two "good investments" a year in Australia and one in New Zealand, in the foreseeable future.

Mr Collins told a Sydney business audience that the group was still approaching investment opportunities in Asia with caution, although the arrival on its own share register of some large Asian investors had "upgraded our presence in the Asian market".

"In total, we could devote at least NZ\$1bn [US\$709m] to new investment in the next 12 months, while retaining a strong financial position, and without further asset sales," Nikki Tait, Sudney he said.

### **Burns Philp upbeat**

Burns Philp, the struggling Australian food ingredients group, said yesterday that it was looking to post improved results in the current financial year, and aimed for a 15 per cent return on equity in three to four years. Mr Ian Clack, managing director, told shareholders at yesterday's annual meeting that the return is currently about 7 per

Burns, which made a loss after tax and abnormals of

### LG Semicon shares fall in first full day's trading

half.

### By John Burton in Secul

It may seem strange that LG Semicon, one of South Korea's main semiconductor companies, has decided to issue its initial public offer-ing when the Seoul stock market has hit a three-year low and global prices for memory chips bave collapsed

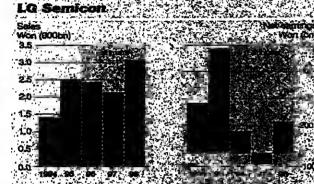
But the world's seventh biggest producer of memory chips bad little choice. Under Seoul bourse rules, a company must have three consecutive years of net earnings to get a listing. LG Semicon is in danger of reporting losses in 1996 and 1997, which would have meant a listing in 2000 if it

delayed now. In its first full trading day yesterday, the share price for LG Semicon fell by its daily limit of 6 per cent to Won29,000 after closing at Won30,800 in a half-day session on Saturday, its opening day. Many analysts believe the share price could soon drop below its subscription price of Won20,000 because of a bleak outlook over the next year.

LG Semicon has been hurt by the protracted downturn in the global market for dynamic random access memory (D-RAM) chips, which account for 88 per cent of its sales.

The price of its mainstay 16-megabit D-RAM has fallen by 70 per cent this year to \$10 because of slowing demand and a glut in global production.

Analysts believe that LG for 1996 unless it extends its on investments, including a Korean chipmakers have adopted an aggressive depreciation policy in the last few years to reduce tax liabilities on what have been record profits.



non Securities mon Securities in Secul. "However, this is unlikely to be effective" in significantly

lifting earnings. Even with a longer depreciation period, analysts predict that 1996 profits will be about Won150bn (\$181m) against Won779bn last year. Sales are also expected to fall slightly from

Won2,517bn last year. If this year is bad, next year is predicted to be worse for LG Semicon. Although sales of personal computers. the biggest users of D-Rams, are expected to grow by 20 per cent in 1997, increased chip production capacity, particularly from Taiwan, will likely drive down the price of 16-megabit D-rams to

Mr Uhm Sang-yoong, electronics analyst for BZW Securities in Seoul, warned thet the continuing slump in chip prices has coincided with rising financial costs for LG Semicon, reflecting heavy investment.

as low as \$4. chips is expected to be achieved in 1998, as the new ganeration 64-megabit D-Ram becomes the industry standard. The price war for the 64megabit memory chip is Tha company plans to expected to be flercer than Semicon will suffer losses spend Won2,000hn annually that for 16-megabit chips. LG Semicon appaars locked in a battle of attrichip plant in Wales.

acquired by Merrill Lynch, the US-based investment banking group. McIntosh - which is also one of only two local stockbroking firms to be quoted cent of its debt is denom

asked for the suspension when its shares were tradnated in US dollars. **BZW** Securities estimates

that LG Semicon will post losses of more than Won200bn in 1997, while Hannuri Salomon offers a more conservative forecast of Won100hn in losses.

at the beginning of last Analysts see uo quick solution to LG Semicon's week, as rumours of a deal swept the market. More speculation surfaced over problems. It is stepping up the weekend, leading to yesproduction of high-speed memory chips, but profit margins on these are rapidly terday's suspension. McIntosh bad previously forged links with the narrowing. It is also develop ing technology for advanced UK-hased Barings group, liquid crystal displays and after Barings merged its more profitable non-memory

Australiau securities operations with McIntosh's chips, but these projects are not expected to generate institutional broking unit in earnings for at least two 1992. The UK merchant ank acquired a 19 per cent A balance between supply stake in the Australian broand demand for memory kerage and took seats on the board.

After Barings' collapse last year, that stake passed to the Dutch ING group, which bought out much of the UK bank's business. ING still retains the holding. Meanwhile, a smaller stake - about 6 per cent - in Mcintosh has been built np

than expected profits and sales for tha first half to Sepagents. tember, in spite of government price-cutting measures to contain drug costs. Most drug makers, bow-ever, warned that full-year

earnings were unlikely to rise substantially because of a second round of government cnts in drug prices scheduled next April.

In the past week, eight of the nine leading pharmaceuticals companies have reported increases in firsthalf sales and recurring prof-its, largely because of internal cost-cutting and sales promotions of bigh value-added drugs. Takeda Chemical Indus-

climbed from about 92 cents tries, the market leader, reported a 5.2 per cent rise in first-half unconsolidated sales to Y311.2bu (\$2.77bn) and a 12.4 per cent increase in recurring profit - before extraordinary items and tax - to ¥49.8bn. After-tax profits totalled Y24.1hn, up 12.6 per cent to Y27.51 per share. The company saw particularly strong overseas and domestic sales of Lupron, a drug to treat prostate cancer. For the full year, Takeda has forecast recurring profit of Y97.5bn, up 6.2 per cent from last year, on sales of Y623bn, up 3.5 per cent.

Sankyo, the number two pharmaceutical manufacturer, increased first-half sales by 6.7 per cent to Y220Abn and recurring profits by 22 per cent to Y53.7bn. Sales of circulatory and respiratory drugs rose 19 per cent to Y85.8bn and accounted for 39 per cent of Oning Corp

Eleal

profit to Y21.1bn and sales up 2.1 per cent to Y128.4bn on strong demand for in house products, including vitamins and respiratory

The yen's depreciation in the period helped exports of other drug makers, including Dai-Ichi Pharmaceutical, Tanabe Seiyaku and Chugai. Chugai reported a 24 per cent increase in recurring profit to Y14.7bn on sales of Y88.26bn, up 1.4 per cent from a year earlier.

Sales of Epogin, a drug which promotes red blood cell production and is one of the company's mainstay products, fell on tha April round of drug price cuts. However, the plunge was offset by strong sales of Alfarol, a product to treat osteopo-

The company currently has five in-house developed products awaiting government approval.

**Polisawa** Pharmacentical. meanwhile, saw recurring profit increase 12 per cent to Y12.1bn, due largely to a Y1.4hn payment from Teijin related to the cancellation of a marketing agreement. The company has estimated fullyear recurring profit will reach Y23bn, up 4 per cent. By contrast, Shionogi, another leading pharmaceutical maker, reported a decline in interim earnings

and last week announced a restructuring plan to shed about 1,700 jobs from the total of 6,700 by the year 2000. In spite of their overall

better than expected performance, pharmaceutical makers face increasing competition from foreign drug cent. which are companies.

### broker asks groups ahead By Gwen Robinson in Tokyo Japan's pharmaceutical industry reported better

Japanese drug

"We expect it to lengthen the depreciation period for new semiconductor equipment to three to four years from 21/2 years," said Mr Jon Chong-bwa of Hannuri Salo-

between 1995 and 1997. The investments, representing 90 per cent of annual sales, will raise LG Semicon's net debt/ equity ratio from 60 per cent to 200 per cent next year. Moreover, the fall of the Korean currency against the US dollar will result in for-

pany thinks that it will be eign exchange losses for the the final winner in this company, since about 90 per war.

years.

tion. "It is too early for the ration. deep-pocketed Korean, Japa-McIntosh has found condinese and Taiwanese chiptions difficult in recent years. It made a small loss makers to exit now and they are quite determined to conin 1994-95, and has seen vartinue their price wars ious internal management despite plunging earnings," said Mr Jon. "Every comchanges. However, two months ago,

the broker announced that it had moved back into profit in 1995-96, making a modest A\$10m after-tax, compared with a A\$7.04m deficit in the previous 12 months. McIntosh attributed the

improvement to better market conditions and said it was looking to increase its share of the private client broking market.

sales, up from 35 per cent.	bypassing indirect sales
Elsai, a leading producer	channels through their Japa-
of ethical drugs, reported a	nese counterparts in favour
9.3 per cent rise in recurring	of direct selling.

Japanese pharmaceutical companies

Recurring profit Yn change % St12 52 4 E. 4. 21,1 9.3 235 (1996) 128.4 21 2407 - 1147 - 39 10.2 113.3 27 -6.7 Tanaba 96.4 7.5 8.3 36.4

**India launches paperless** share-trading system

#### By Tony Tassel in Bombay

Paperless share trading has finally arrived in India, in one of the biggest structural reforms of the country's cap-ital markets since foreign investment was allowed in liquidity emerge. domestic shares nearly four years ago.

may cause a sea-change in the attitude of many foreign In a move widely expected to lift foreign investment in investors towards India. the country, the first deposi-tary system in India was launched on Friday by Mr "Many foreign investors, particularly Japanese firms, bava been waiting for the P.C. Chidambaram, India's depository before investing finance minister. in India," be said. The National Securities Brokers say that of the 413 Depository will now offer registered foreign instituinvestors an alternative to tional investment funds in India's notoriously slow and India, barely 60-80 are antiquated settlsment sysactively trading on the tem, which is based on the market. The brokers hope physical transfar of sbare the depository will swell the certificates. The system has pool of active foreign invesbeen a deterrent to foreign tors Mr R.C. Bhave, NSD maninvestors, as it can take months to receive delivery of aging director, said the shares and investors often depository would start with face the threat of forged or 11 leading stocks. After the stolen share certificates. conversion of some shares Analysts said that on to electronic data systems although the new system - which started on Friday would take time to become trading in them will start in fully operational, it was the middle of next month. likely to prompt many for-He said a further 20 to 30 eign institutional investors shares would be added to the to look again at the depository by around March next year. This number would then be gradually depressed Indian market. It is also expected to cut transaction costs and reduce increased. the high premiums of global depositary receipts over joint venture between the Siemens India, Indo-Gulf underlying domestic shares. National Stock Exchange Pertilisers, and Credit Rat-Mr Sanjeev Mohta, direc- and domestic financial insti- ing Service of India.

<u>, "—</u>---,--, -- -----

tor at brokers James Capel Batlivala and Karani, said tutions, has also attracted 13 "participants" who will foreign investors were likely to taka a cautious approach act as agents for its services. Thesa include Citibank, in the short-term while Hongkong Bank, Morgan Stanley, Stock Holding Corp teething problems are sorted out and signs of adequate of India, and Standard Chartered.

However, Mr Bhave said it Evantually, however, it would be at least two to three years before the depository would be operational to "its fullest extent".

Brokers suggest there will be strong demand for depositary stocks, given the risks and delays of physical settlement and the fact that they will not attract stamp duty, as paper-based trading does. This is likely to translate into a pricing premium for depositary stocks over other

This may draw retail investors into the depository. However, brokers said response from most retail investors was likely to be slow, because of a reluctance to declare equity holdings to tax authorities.

Natice 5 headby given that the ratio of informat for the partial from Housenber 12th, 1934 to February 11th, 1937 has boon lited at 5 75 per cent, per armun. The coupon armount due for this period is USD 1945 35 per denomination of USD 10,000 and USD 1945,37 per denomination realisment permission and in Palyable on the selenced permission dato February 185, 1997

BNP States Agent

The 11 initial shares on the depository will be: Hindustan Lever, Relianca Industries, Tata Iron and Steel, Larsen & Toubro. Bharat Petroleum, Housing Development Finance Corp. Associated Cement Companies, Industrial Credit and The depository, which is a Investment Corp of India,

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A\$51.8m (US\$48.7m) in 1995-96 and missed its final dividend, added that it was actively looking for additional directors from outside Australia, who could contribute experience of the global food business. Nikki Tait

### Indian oil group ahead

Hindustan Petroleum Corp, the Indian oil refiner and petroleum distributor, lifted its net profit in the six months to September by 18.5 per cent to Rs3.01bn (\$84m), from Rs2.54bn in the same period last year.

Sales rose 17 per cent to Rs81.43bn on the back of a 8.4 per cent increase in sales volume, to 7.39m metric tonnes. HPCL said the sales volume growth compared with an industry average of 6.5 per cent.

Analysts said the results were largely in line with expectations. However, shares in the company firmed Rs10 to Rs326 as speculators covered short positions. HPCL said its joint venture with the Birla group,

Mangalore Refineries, had been commissioned in March and had received clearance from the Indian government to expand its production capacity from 3m tonnes to 9m tonnes a year. The company is also at an advanced stage of finalising a location for its third joint-venture grassroots refinery project in the state of Punjab. The joint-venture partner for the project will be Saudi Aramco. Tony Tassell, Bombay

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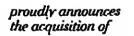
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BNP Banque Matter



October 1996

### Liechtenstein Global Trust



### **Chancellor** Capital Management

The undersigned advised Liechtenstein Global Trust in this transaction

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### Putnam, Lovell & Thornton

### **COMPANIES AND FINANCE: THE AMERICAS**

# Bergen Brunswig in deal to acquire Ivax

### By Lisa Bransten in New York

**Buffett** 

outstrips

S&P 500

Earnings of Berkshire

Hathaway, the investment

and insurance company run

by Mr Warren Buffett, the

US investment guru, contin-

ned to grow faster than the

broader S&P 500 index in

the third quarter, according

to the company's results

Net earnings per share

rose from \$163 in the third

quarter of 1995 to \$218. Both

figures, however, include

gains, which Mr Buffett said

were "meaningless" in eval-

nating the company or

charting its progress. Oper-

rose from \$127 to \$166 over

Net profits were \$264m for

the third quarter of this year, including an invest-

ment gain of \$62.6m, com-

pared with \$195.5m for the same quarter last year,

which included a gain of

The gains this year arose

from the company's invest-

ment in Capital Cities/ABC,

which was acquired by Walt

This was the first full

eting earnings per share

the same period.

\$43.2m.

Disney.

already own.

the results of investment

published yesterday.

By John Authers

in New York

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Bergen Brunswig, one of the largest pharmacentical wholesalers in the US. agreed yesterday to acquire Ivax, a troubled generio drugs manufacturer, in e deal valued at about \$1.5bn

Ivax, which had been a star performer in the early 1990s, fell on hard times this summer as the prices of generic - unbranded - drugs prices tumbled.

Friday, its shares were profit of \$27m. or 23 cents a nearly 50 per cent helow share, it made in the same their year high of \$30, after period last year. it had reported a loss in the Mr Donald Roden, presisecond quarter. dent of Bergen, said that The price of about \$12 a integration of generic drug share in Bergen stock is well manufacturing and distribubelow fvax's market value at tion would allow higher vol-

the close on Friday of about umes and lower costs for the \$1.9bn, but it comes as the companies. company reported much The deal would also wider third-quarter losses expand Bergen's internathan the it had warned of in tional presence, since Ivax's Norton Healthcare subsid-Ivax put its third-quarter Ivar put its third-quarter iary is the largest generic in the generic drugs sector loss at \$179m, or \$1.47 a drugs company in the UK as companies decided they

At the close of trading on share, compared with the and serves as a base for could not survive on their largest pharmaceutical comoperations elsewhere in own. He said Bergen had helped Europe and in China.

Investors, however, reacted negatively to the news, pushing shares in Bergen down \$3%, or 10 per cent, to \$29% in early trading. Ivax shares lost \$3, or 19 lower prices. per cent. et \$12%.

between a large generic drugs maker and a whole-Mr Mike Krensavage, an analyst at Oppenheimer, the investment bank, said the saler, but it parallels similar deal might be the beginning integration between the big of a wave of consolidations brand-name pharmaceutical companies and distributors. For example, Merck, the

pany in the US, purchased wholesaler Medco in 1993 as spark the competitive atmopart of e move to increase sphere in the sector by going volumes

Under the terms of the directly to companies and offering to guarantee them deal the two companies will higher volumes in return for form a new company, BBI Healthcare, which will be The deal is the first majority controlled by Ivax

> Bergen shareholders will receive one share in BBI for each Bergen share, while Ivax shareholders will get 0.42 share in BBI for their shares.

### AMERICAS NEWS DIGEST **Hecla Mining** posts \$38m deficit

21

Hecla Mining, the leading US precious metals producer, vesterday reported a third-quarter loss of \$38.8m, including non-recurring adjustments totalling \$38.1m. The company said the largest portion of the adjustments related to the decision by Hecla's board to suspend operations at the Grouse Creek gold mine in central Idaho next year. The mine will be placed on a care and maintenance status.

Some reclamation on the property is expected next summer, after the Sunbeam pit is mined out during the second quarter of 1997, the company said. Although large-scale reclamation and dismantling of the plant have not been scheduled, the company decided to accrue 22.5m for costs, Hecla said.

The company said it also took a reduction in the carrying value of the Grouse Creek mine of \$5.3m releting to the write-down of tailings, impoundment, construction costs and other assets. So far this year Grouse Creek bas produced 40,000 ounces of gold, at a cash cost of \$315 an Reuter, Coeur D'Alene, Idaho

### Flat quarter for Molson

Molson Companies, which owns 40 per cent of Molson Breweries, announced third-quarter earnings of C\$20.8m (US\$15.62m), or 35 cents e share, against C\$20m, or 35 ents, a year earlier. Revenues were C\$413m against C\$396m. Both periods exclude the sale of Diversey, its international chemicals business, recently divested for more than C\$1bn.

Profit for the first-half ended September 30 was C\$41.6m, or 71 cents, little changed from a year earlier, on revenues of C\$813m against C\$793m. Brewing's

contribution was stable and hardware retailing improved. Molson has ebout C\$500m in cash after paying down C\$467m of debt after the Diversey sale. Molson Breweries said last week its Canadian market share continued to slip in the first half of fiscal 1997, from 46.7 per cent to 46.1 per cent, because of shifting consumer tastes. The other shareholders in Molson Breweries are Foster's, of Australia, with 40 per cent, and Miller, of the US, with 20 Robert Gibbens, Montreal per cent.

### GM sees output falling

General Motors said it expected fourth-quarter production at its North American operations to be down by 151,000 units et 1.169m vehicles. It said the fall was due mainly to work stoppages in Canade and the US in October, when more than 26,000 workers protested against delays in reaching e three-year labour pact. GM has announced plans to produce mid-sized saloon cars to compete with the Honda Accord and the Ford Taurus and Contour models. AFX News, New York

### Canadian Airlines warns

More than 1.100 pilots working for Canadian Airlines International will vote this week on management's demands for e 10 per cent across-the-board pay cut for all employees. The company says it will shut down if all 6,400 employees do not accept the cut by November 30. But so far, four unions representing 15,000 employees have refused, though management hopes these unions will follow the pilots' lead and put the pay-cut proposal to membership votes.

The airline faces a severe cash crisis, and the pay cut is an important part of its second restructuring in three years. Overheads will also be cut, and routes reduced. Robert Gibben

### Telcel plans \$350m investment

Telcel, the Venezuelan cellular telecommunications company, is to invest \$350m in new technology and the expansion of its microwave network throughout Venezuela. Telcel plans to offer a fixed-line service when he monopoly of its competitor, CANTV. expires in 200 A 40 per cent stake in CANTV will be put on the market later this month. Telcel is a joint venture between Mr Oswaldo Cisneros, a Venezuelan financier, and BellSouth, the US telecoms group. Raymond Colitt, Caraca

### HFS in \$1.7bn acquisition group again

### By John Authers

September.

HFS. the New Jersey-based hotel and real estate fransynergy would enhance chiser which owns the Avis earnings next year. There had been speculacar rental company, yester-day announced it hed bought PHH, a vehicle leas-ing, mortgage banking and corporate relocation agency. tion two months ago that HFS would buy PHH's relocation business, which led to a rise in PHH's share price. in e stock swep valued Both parties denied at the at \$1.7bp. In the last year, HFS has time, however, that they had already ecquired two real

been in discussions. estate companies - Century Mr Henry Silverman, HFS 21 and Coldwell Banker - as chief executive, said PHH part of its strategy of was a "perfect strategic fit" and would allow the comexpanding beyond the hotel industry, where its brand pany to evolve into a global names include Ramada, service provider. Howard Johnson and Days He said all three PHH Inns hotels. HFS was already operating units would allow

the largest US hotel fran-HFS to increase profits. Its chiser. mortgage business would be Coldwell Banker also had used to offer products to real a large relocation unit, and estate customers at the point the takeover means that HFS now controls two of tha three largest relocation businesses in the US. The PHH deal reinforces savings at Avis.

when they bought a home, while its vehicle manage ment service would enable HFS to make efficiency

HFS's position as the largest The deal will also allow real estate franchiser in the HIFS to diversify into the cor-US, and the company porate sector, away from its claimed that savings from retail customer base.

HFS's share prica has more than tripled since June last year, but the company has sought to maintain earnings growth by diversifying into sectors outside its core hotels business.

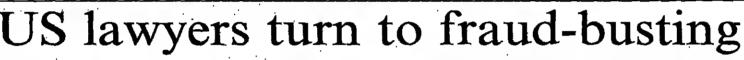
The acquisition is expected to be completed next year. Under the deal, which values PHH at approximately \$49.50 a share, 23.2m HFS shares will be issued in exchange for all outstanding PHH shares, of which there are 34.8m.

Analysts reacted positively to the deal, and HFS shares were unchanged in morning trading, despita Mr Silver man's prediction that the company would need to take a one-off charge for the transaction and restructuring costs.

PHH shares rose \$17% to \$48 in early trading.

Goldman Sachs, the US investment bank, has taken on Mu

Gerald Corrigan, e former chairman of the New York Federal Reserve Bank, as a partner and managing director, writes John Authers in New York. He will co-chair Gold man's risk committee and join the commitments committee.



n murder mysteries, getting rid of the body is. the higgest problem. Frandsters face a different dilemma: they need to lay their hands on the spoils least \$5m, and with an averonce the hue and cry has

Two American lewyers quarter since Berkshire have set up a company to prevent them doing just issued new, class B shares in e response to demands to that. Mr. Irving Cohen and Mr Martin Kennedy believe broaden its ownership. The results were also affected by the company's decision in there are enormous opportu-January to buy the 49 per cent of the Geico insurance nities for recovering money taken illegally.

calmed

company which it did not "The US Treasury has estimated that \$500bn of off-Mr Buffett said: "Though shore funds are assets prowe are pleased that our gain tected from creditors," says five to 10 years." in per-share book value dur-Mr Kennedy, who has

assets can be recovered." Interclaim plans to take profit centre to the bank's advantage of that with a recovery or speciel loans form of global factoring. It is looking for debts worth et

value of \$20m.

If we find someone whose 12-year-old daughter has \$10m in her bank account, we can be sure she didn't get that from a paper round'

act moves the debt from a

kind of company," Mr Kenn- loss; it is written into the ment table quickly. edy says, "but it is going to open up a field where there pursue it is lost. is going to be competition in

department.

accounts and the impetus to. "Institutions have lost the rule of law," Mr Irving

their faith in traditional

bank and its shareholders "This is a completely new have already accepted the bringing him to the settle-

recovery or speciel loans come from its "find, freeze and settle" philosophy. It More crucially, once the aims to find the money and provision has been made, the freeze the assets, thus immobilising the fraudster and

edy, not only cunning but arrogant; he regards his victime with derision. But criminals are also usually pragmatic. So when faced with an edversary who outwits them, they capitulate

quickly. Interclaim either buys claims outright for between 0.5 per cent to 6 per cent of "These individuals are not their value, or works with interested in complying with the institution in a joint venture. It will spend between says. And we are not inter-\$250,000 and \$500,000 to enforce and prosecute a recovery bears no relation to the size of the claim.

an understanding of the

fraudster and his assump-

tions. He is, says Mr Kenn-

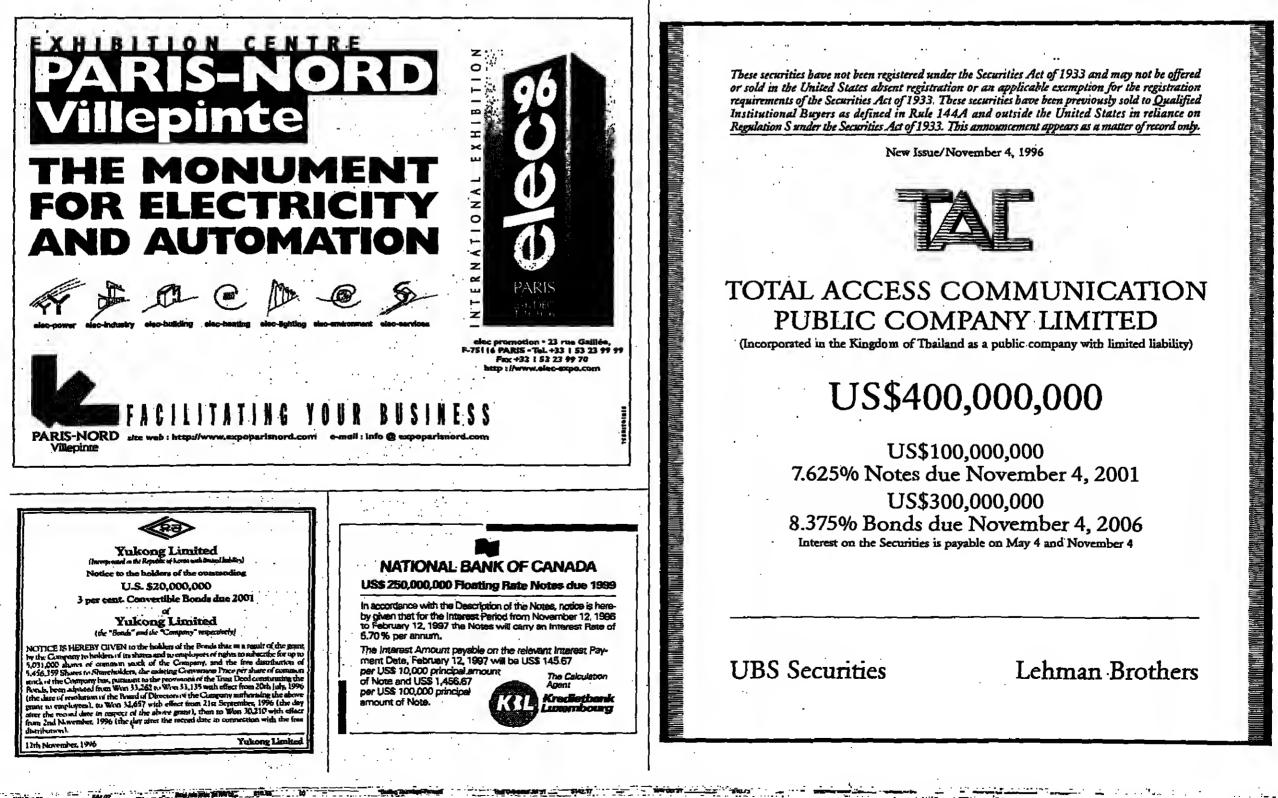
that deliberately hidden to make provisions, but that recovery rates will be closer didn't get that from a paper round." to 20 per cent. .Part of that success will The philosophy relies on

ng the first nine months of worked on bad debt recovery with banks such as CIBC 1996 outpaced the gain of and Bank of Tokyo. The reathe S&P 500, the real news at Berkshire this year is the son the money is not recovered. he says, is because exceptional performance of "there is no understanding

ulations and psychology. A bank faced with a probable

The reasons large sums lie methods of recovery," Mr tion of financial services reg- KPMG, the accountants, such methods usually recover 24 per cent of the bad debt is legally required debt; Interclaim believes its account, we can be sure she

ested in grinding through unrecovered are a combina- Kennedy say. According to the legislation for five or 10 claim, though the cost of years. If we find someone whose 12-year-old daughter has \$10m in her bank **Clare Gascoigne** 



### COMPANIES AND FINANCE: UK

# BAA hopes to elude Labour windfall tax British Steel

#### By Michael Skapinker, Aerospace Correspondent

22

BAA, the airports group, said yesterday it did not believe it would be included in any future Labour administration's windfall tax.

Sir John Egan, chief executive, said BAA was making heavy investments in airport and rail infrastructure at no cost to the public purse. Any Labour government impos-ing a windfall tax on BAA would have to decide what part of this infrastructure the UK could do without.

Sir John was speaking after announcing pre-tax profits up 3.4 per cent to £304m (\$495m) for the six months to September 30.

The figure was reduced by £11m following changes in the structure of airport charges following new intergovernmental agreements Essex showed the biggest

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and discussions with airlines. Airport charges were previously higher in the peak summer months, lead-

ing to enhanced profits in the first half. Mr Russell Walls, finance director, said the lost profits would be recovered in the second half. Taking the change into

account and excluding a f9m property disposal profit in the first half last year, this year's pre-tax profits were up 10.5 per cent on a like-forbasis, Mr Walls said. The group's passenger figures demonstrated the pressure on space at London's

Heathrow airport, whare be about 4 per cent. traffic increased by only 1.2 per cent to 29.8m. British Airways has moved some services to London's Gatwick airport, where passenger numbers were up 4 per cent to 14.2m. Stansted in

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increase of the group's seven new wholly-owned subsidairports, with passenger numbers up 23 per cent to 2.800. Sir John said Stansted

Among projects planned achieved an operating profit for the new subsidiary are for the first time. Studio 55, an airport shop for Overall, passenger num-Japanese travellers, at bers rose 3.3 per cent to

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Heathrow's terminal four. 53.7m. The numbers were Revenue from airport depressed by a 9.8 per cent charges grew by 1.8 per cent fall in short-haul charter to £283m. This figure was traffic, caused by tour operadepressed by the change in tors trimming capacity. BAA said, however, that October the charging structure. Proppassenger traffic had erty revenues were up 7.7 per cent to £112m. increased by 4.9 per cent to 8.7m and it expected the

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Earnings per share rose 3.3 per cent to 22.2p. Capital increase for the full year to expenditure was \$226m over the half year, compared with Turnover rose 6.8 per cent to \$742m. Retail income was 216tm over the same period up 10.7 per cent to £224.5m. last time.

The Heathrow Express rail BAA said it would launch its own duty and tax free busilink between the airport and ness to increase its existing Paddington station accounted for £60m of the 5 per cent share of the \$20bn (£12.2bn) duty free market. A increase.

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**YPD** 



Barry Gibson, retail director (left) with Sir John Egan

### Henderson mulls Forsheda sale

#### By Michael Lindemann

Henderson Investors, the fund manager, last night said it had yet to decids whether to sell its 12.8 per cent stake in Forsheda of Sweden to TI Group after the UK engineering concern declared its £189m (\$308m) cash bid unconditional TI, which has been pursu-

ing the polymer engineering company since the middle of this year, yesterday said it had received valid tenders covering 78.7 per cent of Forsheda's share capital and 90.2 per cent of the voting Earnings shown basic. Dividende shown net. Figures in brackets are for corresponding period. After exceptional charge. Watter exceptional credit. \* Comparatives restated, †On increased capital. @Aitm stock. Afterel expected to be proposed with results for 18 month period to becamber. Afforeign income dividend. \*Comparatives for rights.

Henderson denied sugges-

tions that it had been embarrassed by the overwheiming acceptance of TI's offer, which it had repeatedly said was too low.

some types of steel. "About 30 per cent of the capital had phoned us to express the view that the bid The price falls were most acute at Avesta, the group's stainless steel subsidiary, was too low," Henderson where sales fell from £992m said. That does not mean in the second half of 1995 to they would reject the hid." Henderson has to decide £820m in the first half of this

whether to remain as a minority shareholder or capitulate to TTs offer. Its stake is worth about £18m. Henderson said it was not waiting for developments in the bid's progress but simply needed time to consider the

outcome.

### job warning as profits decline Industry analysts esti-

### By Tim Burt

this year.

ful currency fluctuations for a sharp fall in first-half prof-

Sir Brian Moffat, chairman and chief executive, said: 'Our cost base has been eroded by the strength of sterling; we will have to step up cost reduction plans to regain the competitive edge which we have enjoyed for the past two to three years." He was speaking after British Steel reported pre-tax profits down from £550m to E282m (\$427m) in the six months to September 28, despite sales up from £2.99bn

lower selling prices, which

fell by up to 45 per cent for

Although the group said

prices had since stabilised

and were beginning to track

upwards, the rising pound meant overseas rivals such

as Usinor Sacilor of France

and Thyssen of Germany

were better placed to push

half of this year and about £175m in 1997. That is expected to cut pre-tax profits this year to about £550m -

roughly half last year's total. Sir Brian said: "There are signs that the destocking has come to an end in mainland Europs, with price increases taking place in structural, flat and stainless

steel products." British Steel, which is currently negotiating new three-month contracts with a range of industrial customers, said it was confident of securing price rises in splte of sterling's appreciation.

It also announced plans to offset the future cyclicality of the European steel industry by stepping up investment in overseas partnerships, particularly in the Pacific Rim. to £3.65bn. The fall was due mainly to destocking and

The company unveiled its first such partnership yesterday with a £29m investment in Jindal Iron & Steel, the Indian steel company, to form a new coatings joint venture in the region.

While admitting it was only a small initial step, Sir Brian described the joint venture as an important signal of British Steel's future intentions. He also said the group would more than double first half capital expenditure of £188m to £430m for the year as a whole, including further investments in fts Trico Steel joint venture in Alabama with Sumitomo of Japan and LTV of the US.

### **Renold back in gear** with increase to £10.2m

through price rises.

VPAT

#### By David Blackwell

A recovery at its gearbox business helped Renold lift interim profits by more than a quarter in spite of a sharp fall in European sales.

for the full year. Chain sales, which The Manchester-besed chain and gears maker of Renold's business, were reported pre-tax profits up from £8.1m to £10.2m (\$16.6m), for the six months

work," However, a dearth of lifted sales by 27 per cent. large contract orders in the The division had been lifted half had been countered by a by an order for escalator surge in October that would gear boxes for London's lead to a satisfactory result Jubilee Line, which would run until next June. Another large UK contract had been

account for about 60 per cent signed to replace it. Holset Couplings, acquired down 6 per cent after an in June for £3.5m, had "outstanding" previous first proved "a super buy", said half. German domestic chain Mr Cotterill, and had taken

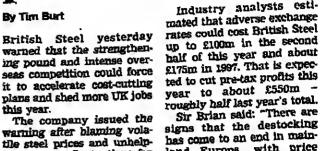
**OPEN LETTER** 

### Dead refugees cannot be saved

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Dear Prime Minister,

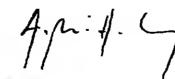
Over one million refugees and local people face death in war-torn eastern Zaire, a mere ten miles from aid supplies. The first to die are children and the elderly. Meanwhile, the European Union vacillates and shows shameful disunity in the face of massive loss of human life. We are pleading for the British government to show the moral strength and leadership necessary to mobilise an international intervention on the ground.

Time is running out. Despite the announcement of a cease-fire, aid organisations are still actively prevented from reaching the people in need. The refugees need safe areas, where security and aid can be provided, and from where they can return home safely and in dignity. Only a neutral force can successfully disarm the former Rwandan army and the Interahamwe militia and help bring those responsible for the 1994 genocide to justice.

Unless security is restored on the ground in a matter of days, the refugee question of Central Africa will have found its final solution. There simply will not be any refugees left alive.

Yours sincerely,

David Bryer Director Oxfam UK and Ireland



Anne-Marie Huby **Executive** Director Médecins Sans Frontières UK





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executive, said the fall in European sales was "in double digits. Anything in mainland Europe has been hard a lack of bought-in parts,

ales fell 11 per cent, but the world coupling sales to £20m. The group was conmpact on the German plant ad been contained by flexitinuing to look for similar le working practices. complementary acquisitions, The Milnrow gear box but was determined not to business, previously hit by overpay. raw material price rises and Earnings per share were 15 per cent up st 11p (9.6p).



#### By Christopher Brown-Humes

in the US.

management

Invesco, tha UK fund management group, yesterday announced a £119m (\$194m) one-for-five rights issue to help fund its \$1.6hn purchase of AIM Manage-

new debt and the rights issue. Invesco said it would issue ment Group, one of the fast-54.27m units of convertible est growing fund managers unsecured loan stock in Invesco Funding at 220p per The merger, announced unit. The units can be conlast week, will create one of verted to Invesco shares.

tha world's top five indepenone-for-one, next February. dent fund managers, with Invesco shares closed yesmore than \$150bn under terday at 254p, up 5p on the dav

The deal will be funded by The Invesco Employees the issue of 290m new Share Option Trust has Invesco shares worth about agreed to take up its rights. \$1.1bn to AIM shareholders. representing 8.57 per cent of The \$500m balance will be the issue. The balance has met from a combination of been underwritten by Cazenove & Co and SBC Warburg, both brokers to the issue

The merged group is to be called Amvesco. It is one of the largest ever tie-ups of fund management groups, and continues a trend towards globalisation and increased polarisation towards large companies and niche groups.

MORTGAGE FUNDING CORPORATION NO.65 PLC EI34,500,000 Com Al Senior Marigam Backed The Net of Senior Marigam Backed Net Senior Marigam Backed Senior Maria Maria Back Marigam School 27,521,521,521,521 Che S Neto Maria Back Maria School 27,521,521,521,521 Che S Neto Maria Back Maria School 27,521,521,521,521,521 Che S Neto Maria Back Maria School 27,521,521,521,521,521,521,521,521,521,521	The Republic of Panama US\$417,402,000 Floating rate serial notes 1996-2002 The notes will bear interest at 6.54688% per annum for the interest period 12 November 1996 to 12 May 1997. Interest payable on 12 May 1997 will be US\$32.92 per US\$1,000 note. Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company JPMorgan	ALCOA ALL/MEM Series 1995 Secured Export (the "Notes NOTCE IS HEREBY NOTCE IS HEREBY 1995, The resemption price Higher Resemption Price, an Indemureant Socuby Agree ment No. 4 detect as of Au among Alcoa Ateminic B.A. formit Benkot Chicago and Al party of Amarica (the Sup damber), which is an arm 100% of the principal amount to be reademend, together interest thereon to the dat deripticitant distinguished and deripticant distinguished the Indemark, The place of Fist Chicago House, 30 La don't 25 998, Brigherd, P made after presentation am the Notes, and after the no-
MR REGISTER BUCKLEY WEDNESDAY THE 30 OCTOBER 1995 IN THE MAITER OF DESFORD AND IN THE MAITER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1965 NOTICE IS HEREPY OIVEN that the Order of the Higb Court of Justice (Chastery Division) dated 30th October 1956 emittering the relation of the share premium scount of the above-manded Company by E3A (79,000 from 259,756,000 to 223,617,000 was registered by the Registrar of Companies up 6 day of November 1996. DATED this 12 day of November 1996 Macharlanes 10 November 1996. DATED this 12 day of November 1996 Macharlanes E0 November 1996. CAN IBD EC4A IBD EC4A IBD Solicitor for the above-manuel Company	BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS Programme de bississe et Debi listiconesti UED 3, 460, 500 Plottlag/Four Rash Moter Anno 2000 Barlies 72 Tranche 1 Notes is heresty given that the rate of injense for the period from Newmenter 4254, 1600 to February 1004, 1607 hose been fixed at 6,10 per cort, por annut. The concent atricent due for this period is USD 1,525,00 per demon- index of USD 700,000 and is payable on the however payment date february 100, 1607. The factor Agent Barguer Rabignach de Paris Lizzenteurg 5, 2,	In a rederopico price plus in on the Notee to the data the ison and after such date no sociula. Alcon Aluminio S.A. Its option to radiesm the Note Sacilion 2.11 (e) of the Sup denture. By giving this coli tions proceedint to the red occurred. For further inform of the Notes (Coarson Co may contect either Coald Dourg-Altr Custody Admin Euroclear, Brusetia - Altr endlows Dopartment, Ms. M The First National Bankof (2) number (S12) 407-1864), Ms 8.F. First Chicatogo Hour (44(171)240-724(5), Mr. Alt Alcon Aluminius S.A. (bhoma 55-11-2441-5554), or Ma. (b) data function (12) 553-3450).

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### **COMPANIES AND FINANCE:** UK

### Advertising growth supports Emap rise

### By Christopher Price

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A rise in advertising revenues helped Emap, the media and exhibitions group. put aside its recent boardroom controversy to lift halfyear pre-tax profits before exceptionals by 34 per cent per cent higher at £115.6m. to £50.6m (\$82.5m).

The total £164.1m (£33.9m) pre-tax profit included ing Minx. Bike Buyer and £113.5m profit from the sale of its regional newspaper business. Turnover rose 16 per cent to £388.3m. On a continuing basis, and includ-Bliss magazines.

ing the first contributionfrom tha French magazine executive, said the results showed the strength of the titles bought in March, sales increased 28 per cent to consumer magazina market. £361.7m.

'Far from being mature, the Operating profits from UK magazine market is buoyant consumer magazines rose 11 we have seen an explosion per cent to £19.9m on sales 8 in the markets for men, sport and technology magazines." Falling paper prices would benefit tha second There were launches for several new magazines, includhalf and underpin the divi-Sported! Advertising revesion's growth prospects, he nues rose 10 per cent, with said. particularly etrong perfor-

Profits from the French consumer magazine business mances from FHM, More and more than doubled to £13.4m

Mr Robin Millar, chief on turnover 59 per cent higher at £129.4m. Integration of the new magazines revenues into the existing operations helped lift operating margins from 4.9 per cent to 10.8 per cent. However, advertising revenues declined 5 per cent, reflecting weakness in the

continue, concentrating on French economy. There was a strong perforin-fill purchases Sir John Hoskyns, chairmance from the radio business, where profits increased senior axecutives will this 85 per cant to £10m. This derivad partly from tha week be courting institutional shareholders prior to Metro stations, purchased in September 1995, but there

was also a 25 per cent jump meeting at which they hope in underlying advertising to remove two non-executive directors.

The sale of the regional Sir John said yesterday investors were interested in newspapers helped to reduce who would succeed him in borrowings from £227m to £107m. Mr David Arculus, 1998, and relations between Mr Miller and Mr Arkulus, managing director, said the acquisitions policy would which have been reported as beset by rows. They were less concerned ebout the new articles of association man of Emap, and other introduced at this year's annual meeting and the dispute with the two dissenting directors, Mr Joe Cook and next month's extraordinary Prof Ken Simmonds.

it is a myth, which BAA does nothing to discourage, that the company is not really a boring utility but mainly e zappy retailer. And it is perfectly true that BAA has worked wonders in finding imagi-native uses for its space. Even so, all BAA's UK airport income is subject to ntility-style regulation, for the good reason thet the company is in effect a

BAA Share price relative to the FTSE All-share index 125. 1990 91 92

23

Gas and petrochemicals boost for Triplex Lloyd

By Richard Wolffe, Midlands Correspondent .

Demand in petrochemical and gas markets helped Triplex Lloyd, the industrial angineering group. lift interim pre-tax profits by 84 per cent.

The group said yesterday that it was confident demand would continue to grow this year, as order books in its power division rose by 9 par cent from £40.5m to £44.3m (\$72.2m) to the end of September. The results underlined the

company's strategic shift two years ago, when it dis- two core divisions, power £44.7m (£42.7m).

posed of its lossmaking and automotiva products. building products busiremained Triplex Lloyd expects a Pre-tax profits rosa to

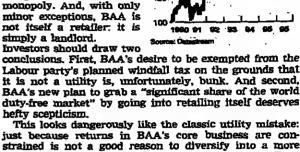
strong performance from its £6.25m (£3.39m) on sales power businesses next year after completing davelopvitually unchanged at £98.4m (£97.9m). Earnings ment work for new customers such as Westinghouse in per share rose from 3.7p to the first half. Margins in the power division rose to 8.7 per Stripping out property activities, which involve forcent (8.2 per cent). on operat-

mer industrial sites, operating profits of £4.44m (£4.02m) and sales of £51m (£48.7m). ing profits rose 10 per cent to Increased demand for die Mr Graham Lockyer, chief sel engine and turbocharger components hi the automoexecutive. said acquisition targets were being consid-

tive products division increased operating profits to £2.36m (£2.12m) on sales of



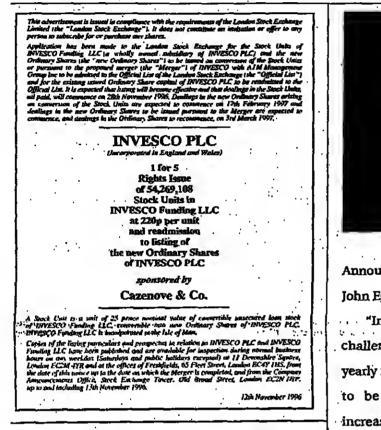
Graham Lockyer with Bob Mitchell, finance director (left) - profits up 84 per cent



LEX COMMENT

strained is not a good reason to diversify into a more competitive business of which it knows less. As BAA itself has demonstrated, the juicy profits to be made in duty-free shops tend to benefit the airport operator. which has the market power, not the retailer. And it is not as if BAA has no alternative; its plans to exploit its core skill running overseas airports make far more

Of course, these opportunities could be slow in coming Even so, the company would still be better off being patient than giving into the temptation to have a go at somebody else's business in the meantime.

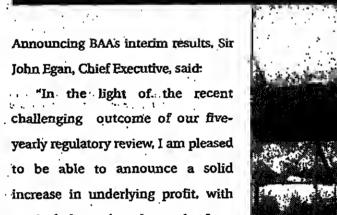


£6.8m (£6.2m).

ered, but a commitment to

improving margins in its

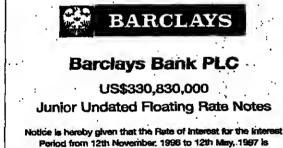
# Delivering results today: Investing for tomorrow.





shows an increase in pre-tax profit of 10.5% from £285m to £315m.

. This performance reflects an increase in passenger numbers of 3.3% to 53.7m. Total revenue grew by 6.3% to £742m. This included continuing strong growth in retail, with net retail income up 10.7% to £224.5m and net retail income per international departing passenger up 8.4% to £10.34. Capital expenditure amounted to £226m (£164m), interest cover was marginally lower at 6.6 times (6.7 times), and gearing increased to 33% (30%). The net cash outflow for the period was £50m, which compares with a net cash inflow of £23m for the same period last year. This movement reflects reduced property disposal proceeds and increased capital expenditure.



S.8125 per cent, per annum and that on 12th May, 1997 the amount of Interest payable in respect of each US\$5,000 principal amount of the Notes will be US\$146.12 and in respect of each US\$50,000 principal amount of the Notes will be US\$1,451.20.

> Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited Agent Bank





Growth has averaged 4 per cent per annum over the past few years, inflation has lovered between 10 and 12 per cent and democracy seems firmly established in a country once notorious for the frequency of its military coups. Yet Bolivia remains a deeply impoverished country. the survey will look at the country's capitalisation. politics, financial sector, mining intrastructure and more.

For further information on advertising opportunities in this survey, please contact: Michael Geach in New York: Tal: (212) 688 6900 Fax: (212) 688 8229

Martin Riveros, Representative for Bolivia and Peru: Tel: (5114)791-333 Fax: (5114) 792-737

> 0ĩ your usual Financial Timos representative

FT Surveys

WILLIAM S

particularly good results coming from our airport retail business. The Civil Aviation Authority's decision to confirm a RPI-3 price cap at Heathrow and Gatwick for the next five years ends a period of uncertainty. No-one should be in any doubt that it will be hard work to hit our target earnings growth whilst delivering our capital investment programme. Yesterday's announcement shows that we are on course for achieving a good result. I am also delighted that Stansted Airport has achieved an operating profit for the first time. We continue to pursue our mission to make BAA the most successful airport company in the world."

BAA yesterday announced a profit before tax for the six months to 30 September 1996 of £304m (six months to 30 September 1995: £294m), an increase of 3.4%. As a result of a change to the structure of airport charges, income from this source has been reduced by £11m in this period. but this will be recoverable in the second half of the year. The same period last year also included a £9m profit on the disposal of investment property assets. Adjusting for both of these factors, a like for like comparison

BAA's award winning Europier development at Heathrow.

### INTERIM RESULTS (Unaudited)

	6 months to 30.09.96	6 months to 30.09.95	Change %
UK airport passengers	53.7m	52.0m	+3.3
Revenue	£742m	£698m	+6.3
Operating profit	£323m	£304m	+6.3
Pre-tax profit	£304m	£294m	+3.4
Taxation	£74m	£72m	
Profit after tax	£230m	£222m	+3.6
Dividend payable	£47m	£43m	
Retained profit	£183m	£179m	
Earnings per share	22.2p	21.5p	+3.3
EPS pre-exceptionals	22.2p	20.7p	+7.2
Interim dividend	4.5p	4.125p	+9.1

Earnings per share increased by 3.3% to 22.2p (21.5p), and by 11.1% when adjusted for both exceptionals and for the rephased airport charges. The Board has declared an interim dividend of 4.5p (4.125p), a rise of 9.1% in line with the like for like increase in profit.

For a copy of the full BAA interim results statement, telephone 0171 932 6654 or write to: Corporate & Public Affairs, BAA plc, 130 Wilton Road, London SWIV 1LQ.

BAA Shaping up for the 21st century

HEATHROW & GATWICK & STANSTED & GLASGOW & EDINBURGH & ABERDEEN & SOUTHAMPTON

The Interim dividend will be paid on 21 Jan 1997 to shareholders on the register on 26 Nov 1996. A scrip dividend alternative is offered in respect of the whole of this dividend. Shareholder exquiries to: Independent Registrars Group Ltd. Bourne House. 34 Beckenham Road. Beckenham. BR3 4TU. Tet 0181 650 4866.

24

TECHNOLOGY

illions of elderly people worldwide have undergone hip replacement or cataract surgery involving synthetic materials that can survive and function in the hostile environment of the buman body.

The materials - ranging from steel and titanium to woven polyester - have increased the options availabla to surgeons, wbo may choose to replace damaged tissue with an artificial equivalent rather than a donated organ.

These implants have a good safety record, but their use in the body is not witbout problems. Now scientists are developing approaches that could improve the safety of the synthetic materials used in surgery, and make It easier to use them.

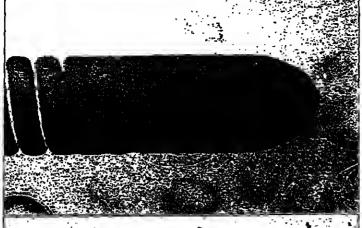
Normally, the body tries to counteract the presence of foreign objects. Specific chemicals on the surface of microorganisms such as bacteria and viruses are recognised by anti-bodies in the blood, which attacb themselves to the microbe and ultimately destroy it.

But synthetic materials have a very different surface chemistry. The surface of a polymer, for example, simply cannot be recog-nised by the body's immune system," says David Williams, head of the clinical engineering depart-ment at the Royal Liverpool University Hospital

There are still a number of challenges, though, for tha artificial implants. The environment within the buman body is essentially an isotonic saline solution - in other words highly corro-sive. Only "noble" metals, such as gold and platinum which do not corrode, can be used, along with enginearing alloys which have been specially treated under physiological conditions

Stainless steel is well known for its corrosion resistance. It contains chromium which migrates to the surface forming a dense layer of chromium oxide, This acts as a barrier between the steel and the outside environment, preventing further oxidation. Other properties include strength, toughness and fatigueresistance, together with good wear properties. Its main bio-application has been in the femoral stem and ball of an artificial hip joint.

Titanium, however, is the most corrosion-resistant non-noble are made from a polyester which metal. Its mechanical properties are significantly improved if small amounts of aluminium and vanadium are added. It is much lighter than stainless steel and its stiffness is closer to that of bone. This alloy is now beginning are made from a type of woven to replace stainless steel in the polyester that is stable in body





s a phosphorylcholine coating has pro

Carol Jones on safer synthetics

being developed for surgery



femoral stem of the artificial hip fluids. The material is based on joint, but because of its poor polyetbylene terephtbalate (PET), the polymer used to make wear properties its use on the ball surface is not recommended. fizzy drinks bottles. It is also widely used for intra-Problems can occur when medullary nails and plates to

blood flows over the polymer surface and plasma proteins are adsorbed on to it. Tissue then can, in some circumstances, be builds up on the inside of the vessel. If this is not controlled, it dation is required - for example, can eventually block the artery, and can also lead to the activation of platelets ~ the small oval or round fragments of cells from is easily hydrolysed. As they degrade, the polyesters produce glycolic and lactic acid - subred bone marrow found in blood and cause clots,

in contrast, artificial arteries

Fortunately, the woven texture of the material encourages deposition of only a thin layer of the endothelial cells which line blood vessels on the inside of the tube. But, while the replacement of large diameter arteries has proved successful, tissue build-up remains a problem in narrow ves-

In all these cases, the surface properties of the material are the controlling factor in bow it behaves in the body, as it is the surface that comes into contact with the body fluids. A recent approach, pioneered by Denis Chapman and colleagues at Biocompatibles, the UK biotechnology company, is to design a material surface which mimics the characteristics of natural tissue.

The outer surface of a buman cell membrane consists primarily of a substance called phosphorylcholine which has a great affinity for water.

bread and cakes.

up to 100mm thick. The technology was

and by the early 1990s was

generating increasing interest.

particularly in the automotive

For a wide range of materials,

the process offered faster, more

sawing, routing or cutting with a hot wire. Unlike laser-cutting

does not produce a heat-affected

traditional methods such as

or other thermal methods, it

edge - a big advantage for

NOW: In the past three years, robot-driven waterjet cutting

has confirmed its potential.

establishing itself at the

confined to low-volume.

Waterjet.

cutting.

high-volume end of the car

industry. Previously, it was

specialist producers such as

Jaguar, says Lars Bergström.

The Swedish-based joint

president of ABB IR Robotized

venture between ABB Flexible

Automation and Ingersoll-Rand

has boosted sales from SKr41m

last year. The company claims to be the world's leading player

in three-dimensional waterjet

cutting besd is attached to the

end of a robot, but is also a big

and a lot of attention has been

given to reducing cutting costs

cutting systems, where the

tables used for 2-D waterjet

Developments in robot

per metre of material.

in 1994 to SKr115m (£10.6m)

cutting materials such as

plastics and composites.

accurate cutting than

Chemists at Biocompatibles have managed to produce synthetically a series of phosphorylcholine polymers that stick to both metal and polymer surfaces. On exposing these coated materi-als to blood, the plasma proteins are unable to gain access to the underlying material because of the layer of water bound to its surface. Tests show that the build-up of tissue on these surfaces is reduced by 90 per cent and there is no evidence of blood clots forming. "Our ultimate goal is to apply

these coatings to small diameter vascular grafts that could be used in coronary bypass sur-gery," says John Yianni, technical director of the cardiovascular division of Biocompatibles. "They will negate the requirement for vascular tissue to be removed from the patient's leg."

Phosphorylcholine coatings are already being applied by Biocom-patibles to all the items used to perform angioplasty, a "mini-mally invasiva" operation to widen the small-diameter vessels supplying blood to the heart.

The procedure involves the use of a balloon catheter which is inserted into the femoral artery and guided to the damaged area. by a wire, assisted by X-ray imaging. Once in place, the balloon is inflated with saline solution. As it expands against the walls of the blood vessel, the excess tissue that has caused the artery to narrow is compressed.

A coronary stent - a small metallic scaffolding device - is often used in conjunction with the catheter to ensure the vessel remains open once the balloon has been deflated and normal blood flow is restored. In a small number of cases the insertion of the stent has caused blood clots. This has been attributed to the material used to manufacture the stent, usually stainless steel.



FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

working together on parts such as instrument panels - is becoming integrated into fully automated production lines, rather than being used in isolation from other tasks. An example is a system supplied by ABB-IR to Swedisb-based Borealis 960 instrument panel. It is said to be the first of its kind to cut, rough-clean, wash and dry in a single automated process. Such systems, introduced by ABB-IR last year, are taking waterjet cutting into areas previously dominated by more traditional punch tools, which can impose limits on designs. Advances are also taking place in the relatively more mature technology of 2-D waterjet cutting. This is developing into a serious alternative to laser-cutting. which is at its best cutting very thin sheets of metal. Where once the minimum thickness that a waterjet cutter could tackle was 7mm, it is now about 3mm, says Bergström. **Reliability of 2-D waterjet** cutting has improved too, due partly to new abrasive cutting beads. Standard sappbire or ruby orifices have to be player in the market for cutting replaced every 75 hours to 100 abrasive. New diamond orifices technology bave helped increase introduced recently by I-R last 10 times to 20 times longer. cutting speeds, says Bergström,

cutting overall costs. As with robotics generally, use of waterjet cutting has

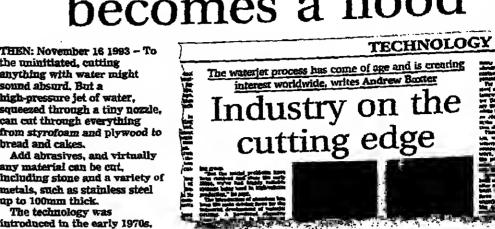
automotive and aerospace sectors. These are the two areas where the pressure to reduce product development times is more intense - encouraging manufacturers to try new methods.

It is one thing to convince stone-cutters, for example, that a programmable waterjet cutter gives them much more flexibility than traditional sawing and grinding, says Bergström. "Their next question is: what are the economies? Will it work for two or three shifts a day, year after year?'

Inertia is another factor. Metalcutters have been using laser and plasma-cutting for many years, says Bergström, and it is always difficult to change totally. "You need designers to specify something that needs a waterjet." Remaining technology challenges include finding a way to use abrasives in 3-D systems without damaging the robots and surroundings. Robotised waterjets could then be used for cutting light materials such as aluminium car panels. "We are looking at this closely, but there has not yet been any major breakthrough," says the ABB I-R chief,

The industry is also continuing to work on ways to recycle the abrasive and better control its mixture with water. so that less of it needs to be used.

Andrew Baxter



Industrier for making the Volvo bours because of damage by the

sharply reducing downtime and

As a result, robot-based water spread more slowly outside the cutting - with up to four robots

Tax ru

(11)



REPEAT CALL FOR TENDERS

support fractured bones.

The body's saline environment

used to advantage where degra-

in biodegradable sutures. These

stances found naturally in the

body.

Liabilities, of 9a Chryssospiliotissis St., Athens Greece, in its capacity as Liquidator of 'HADJIATHANASSIADES BROS SA" a company with its registered office in Athens, Greece. (the "Company"), presently under special liquidatioo according to the provisions of article 46a of Law 1892/1990, by virtue of Decision No. 3646/1996 of the Atheos Court of Appeal, as modified by Decision 7589/1996 of the same Court

asnounces a repeat call for tenders

for the sale of the assets as a single whole of the company described below.

#### BRIEF INFORMATION

The Company was established to 1968. Its activities included the processiog and canning of whole tomatoes, tomain paste, tomato uice, fruit and vegetables, the processing and packaging of whole and granulated rice. The company was declared bankrupt in 1991. while it was placed under special liquidation on April 19th, 1996, on the basis of the above mentioned Court Decision, as subsequently modified

#### ASSETS OFFERED FOR SALE

The assets offered for sale as a single entity, include a rice processing unit (rice mill), a peeled tomato, tomato puree and unnato juice production unit and a fruit and vegetable processing unit, ing on a plot of land of approx. 55,931 sq.m., part of which is located within the eity planning area of the Community of Skoutusses, Serres. The above units comprise several buildings the area of which amounts to approx. 29,000 sq.m., machinery and mechanical equipment. Both the rice and the fruit and vegetable plants are currently leased out for a contractual period of 9 years. The assets also include the "MAGIROS" rice trademark (leased out to a third party on a long term basis), the company's registered name

and any such items as may be found in belong to the company. **OFFERING MEMORANDUM - FURTHER INFORMATION:** 

Interested parties may obtain the Offering Memorandum in respect of the Company and its assets upon signing a Confidentiality Agreemeot

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE AUCTION

1. The Auction shall take place in accordance with the provisions of article 46a of Law 1892/1990 (as supplemented by article 14 of Law 2000/91 and subsequently amended), the terms and conditions set forth herein and the "Terms and Conditions of Sale" contained in the Offering Memorandum. Such provisions and other terms and conditions shall apply irrespectively of whether they are mentioned herein or not. Submission of binding offers shall mean acceptance of such provisions and other terms and conditions.

2. Binding Offers: Interested parties are hereby invited to submit binding offers, not later than Monday, December 9th 1996, 12.00 hrs to the Athens Notary Public Mr. Evangelos Dracopoulos, 19 Voukourestiou St. Athens Tel.: +30-1-36.21.128 and +30-1-36.15.732, Fax+30-1-36-21.111.

Offers should expressly state the offered price and the detailed terms of paymont (in cash or instalments, mentioning the number of instalments, the dates thereof and the proposed annual interest rato, if any t. In the event of not specifying: a) the way of payment, b) whether the instalments bear interest and c) the interest rate, then it shall respectively be deemed that: a) the offered price is payable upon execution of the sale contract in each, b) the instalments shall bear no interest and c) the interest rate shall the legal rate in force. Should one wish to submit offers for both groups of assets, these should be submitted separately. Binding offers submitted later than the above date shall neither be accepted nor considered. The offers shall be binding until the adjudication. Submissions of offers in favour of third parties in be nominated at a later stage shall accepted under the condition that express mention is made in this respect upon submission and that the offeror shall give a personal guarantee in favour of such third party, for the compliance of the obligations deriving from the sale contract.

3. Letters of Guarantee; Binding offers must be accompanied by a Lener of Guarantee issued to accordance with the sample Letter of Guarantee contained in the Offering Memorandum, by a bank legally operating in Greece, to remain valid until the adjudicatioo. The

ETHINIKI KEPHALEOU S.A., Admiolstration of Assets and amount of the Letter of Guarantee must be DRS. FORTY MILLION (40.000.000.-).

Letters of Guarantee shall be returned after the adjudication.

4. Submissions: Binding offers together with the Letters of Guarantee shall be submitted in sealed opaque envelopes. 5. Envelopes containing the binding offers shall be unsealed by the

above mentioned Notary Public in his office, on Monday, December 9th, 1996, 14.00 bours. Any party having duly submitted a binding offer shall be estitled to attend and sign the deed attesting the unscaling of the binding offers.

6. As highest bidder shall be considered the participant, whose offer will be judged by creditors representing over 51% of the claims against the Company (the "Creditors"), upon recommendation by the Liquidator, to be in the best interests of all of the creditors of the Company. For the purposes of evaluation, an offer to be paid in instalments shall be assessed on the basis of its present value to be calculated by employing o 19% annual discount interest rate, compounded yearly.

7. The Liquidator shall give written notice to the highest bidder to appear on the date and place mentioned therein and execute the contract of sale in accordance with the terms contained in his binding offer and/or any other improved terms, which may be suggested by the Creditors and agreed upon. In the event of the highest bidder not complying with such obligation, the Letter of Guarantee shall be forfeited as a penalty. Adjudication shall be deemed in take effect upon execution of the Contract of Sale.

S. All costs and expenses of any nature, including any tax (such as V.A.T.), duties, custom duties, any charges in favour of the state or third parties, which may oced to be paid (other than those exempted by the applicable law) in respect of the participation in the Auction and the transfer of the assets offered bereby for sale, the salo contract, as well as any other act prior or subsequent to the transfer of assets shall be exclusively borne by the purchaser.

9. The Liquidator and the Creditors shall have no liability nor obligation whatsoever towards the participants in relation to the evaluation of the offers or the appointment of the highest bidder or any decision to repeat or eancel the Auction or any decision whatsoever in connection with the proceedings of the Auction. The Liquidator, the Company or the Creditors shall have no liability for any legal or actual defects of the assets. Submission of binding offers shall oot create any right for this adjudication nor the participants shall acquire any right, power or claim from this Call and/or their participation in the Auction against the Liquidator and/or the Creditors for any reason whatsoever.

10. This Call has been drafted in Greek and translated into English. In any event, the Greek version shall prevail.

In order to obtain a copy of the Offering Memorandum and any further information please contact the Liquidator "Ethniki Kephaleou SA, Administration of Assets and Liabilities", 9a Chryssospiliotissis St. Athens 105 61, Greece Tel.: +30-1-323.14.84-7, fax: +30-1-321.79.05 (attention of Mrs. Marika Frangakis).

ANNOUNCEMENT BY A THIRD PARTY

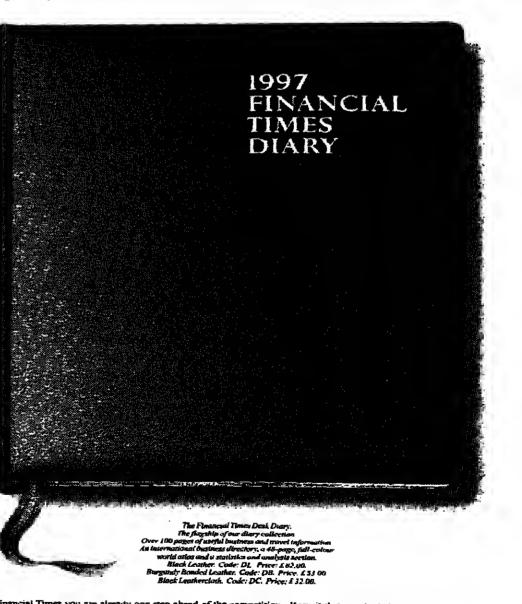
The National Bank of Greece S.A. announces that tenders are invited for the purchase of 4 plots of land, corresponding to 3,000, 2,000, 4,000 and 2,502 sq.m. each, included in the area of the "HADRATHANASSIADES BROS S.A." industrial complex, which are being sold as a single entity. Such tenders will be accepted only where interested parties also submit o tonder for the purchase of the assets of the above mentioned company, as described above. The terms of sale, described in the relevant Sale Terms Bulletin, must be agreed to in writing by those submitting a tender.

Tenders shall be submitted not later than Monday, December 9th. 1996, 12.00 hours to the Athens Notary Public Mr. Evangelos Dracopoulos, at 19 Voukourestiou Street, Athens. (Tel +30-1-36.21.128) and +30-1-36.15.732) upon written receipt.

Please note that the present sale is not subject to the terms and conditions of art.46a of L\_1892/90.

For more information and in order to obtain a copy of the Sale Terms Bulletin, please contact the National Bank of Greece, Real Estate Division 38, Stadiou Street, Athens, tel-33.45.919 (attention of Mrs E. Giannakourou).

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LAW

Tax ruling on **Boonstra rings** coupons

offered dis- discount. Most sales were to voucher as staff incentives. schemes for

EUROPEAN products, the Customs and Excise consid-COURT those goods or services on which Value Added Tax was able amount for VAT regarddue under European law was the actual price received by the companies, less the discount, rather than full list ruled. The ruling arose from two

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cases referred to the court from the VAT and Duties the court reiterated that the Tribunal in London. The first concerned a scheme run by Elida Gibbs, the personal products manufacturing subeidiary of Unilever, the Anglo-Dutch consumer products company. The company operated two discount operations - money-off coupons and cashback compons. Money-off coupons were made available to the public.

through the press or were linked to a retailer which coupons to its customers. The coupone had a face value and could be presented for part paymant of products. Once a coupon had been used for a purchase, the retailer could seek reimbursement from Elida Gibbs. Cashback coupons were

printed on the packaging of an Elida Gibbs product and customers were able to send the coupon to the company and receive the cash refund. In 1992, Unilever requested a refund from the Commis-

eioners of Customs and Excise on the grounds that the reimbursements made under the two schemes constituted retroactive distaxable amounts should be reduced accordingly. The request was denied, and the company challenged that

decision before the VAT Tribunal, which then referred the matter to the European Court The other case concerned

by Argos, the UK catalogue 1996. retailer, under which vouch-

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W b e: r e services. The vouchers were companies sold at face value or at a

count or companies which used them The Commissioners of

texable ered that the face value of - amount for the voucher should be the basis for calculating the taxless of whether. when the voucher was bought, the

buyer was given a discount. Argos did not accept that price, the European Court interpretation of the law, and the matter was referred to Luxembourg. Before deciding the issues, basic principle of VAT was that it was intended to tax

only the final consumer and that the taxable amount serving as the besis for the VAT collected could not exceed the money actually paid by the final consumer, as that sum was the basis for calculating the VAT ultimately borne by him.

Thus, the national tax authorities could not charge an amount exceeding the tax printed and distributed the paid by the final consumer. As to the taxable amount for the supply of goods or services, according to case law, that comprised the value actually received in each specific case and not a value estimated according to objective criteria. Thus, where Elida Gibbs was concerned, where the company received on completion of a sale, a sum corresponding to the price paid,

less the relevant discount, it was that net sum rather than the price pre-discount which was to form the basis of the taxable amount for VAT. On the Argos scheme, the court ruled the value actually received by Argos counts and that the relevant for a purchase using one of its vouchers was the price of that voucher less any discount granted.

C-317/94: Elida Gibbs Ltd v Commissioners of Customs and Excise; C-288/94: Argos Distributors Limited v Commissioners of Customs and a voucher system operated Excise, ECJ 6CH, October 24

more changes Tom Butler has been put in charge of Origin, the computer services offshoot of Philips, succeeding Geoffrey Carroll who has parted management company with the Dutch-based

electronics group after only five months as Origin chief executive. The two men were recruited together from EDS of the US. where Carroll - an American had been responsible for southern Europe and Butler - a Briton - for

the north. Butler will be the third head of the unit since it was created in January from a merger between BSO/Origin and Philips' communications and processing services division. Henk Cohen stepped aside in June to work on an unnamed special project for the group, but quit last month to become deputy chairman of Spencer Stuart, a

headhunting agency. Origin, where Butler was previously chief operating officer. employs more than 11,000 people in 27 countries to service companies which out-source their information technology needs. The company's supervisory board said only thet it

ON THE MOVE Leslie Samuels, previously assistant secretary for tax policy of the US Treasury Department, has rejoined the US law firm CLEARY. **GOTTLIEB, STEEN &** HAMILTON. Leif Victorin, executive vice-president and head of international direct insurance & reinsurance at SKANDIA, is to step down by April 1, after 28 years with the group. He will continue to work on special assignments under Lars-Eric Petersson, who takes over as president and chief executive on January 1. C.C. Tung has been appointed chairman, president and chief executive of Hong Kong Shipping Group ORIENT OVERSEAS. He succeeds Tung Chee hwa, who has stepped down to stand for political office. T.R. Chang becomes chief executive OOCL, the container shipping division. Michael Conley rises to

executive vice-president and chief financial officer of MCDONALD'S CORPORATION. Conley, previously financial

ing door appears to be that of Cor and far more successful than BET, Boonstra, whose installation six proved too big a temptation. weeks ago as Philips president has already heralded a streamlining of

Butler, a chartered engineer, spent seven years with Occidental Petroleum before joining EDS in 1990. Gordon Cramb, Amsterdam

### SGS recruits Briton

Paul Lilley, 38, a former financial controller of BET, the UK conglomerate acquired by Rentokil Initial in May, has struck incky. Lilley, a British management accountant, has been appointed chief financial officer of the Geneva-based Société Générale de Surveillance, the world'e higgest company specialising in inspection, testing and verification.

Lilley, who joined BET in 1992. was not a member of the board at the time of the group's takeover by Rentokil. However, unlike John Clark, BET's chief executive who was dismissed following the takeover, Rentokil apparently wanted to retain Lilley who had the title of director of group finance and con- systems with the appointment of

management team since

Janet Hartung Crane,

senior vice-president at

INTERNATIONAL, the

payment organisation in

electronic-cash card

which MasterCard

a controlling stake.

group, is leaving the

becomes chairman of

Tele-Metropole Inc.

BZW, the investment

Francisco, has been

Wells Fargo Bank in San

appointed vice chairman of

London-based international

International last week took

Serge Gouin, for the past five years president and

GROUPE VIDEOTRON, the

Canadian cable and telecom

company. Clande Chagnon

takes over his role and also

James Cirenza, 37, joins

division of Barclays, from

NatWest Markets, as head of

international sales trading

previously with Vebs, takes

communications division at

METALLGESELLSCHAFT,

Olaf Olafsson, founder and

formerly president and chief.

executive of Sony Interactive

replacing Luiz Dreesbach.

for the north American

Norbert Jaeger, 44,

over the restructured

equities team.

Germany's

chief operating officer of

1991.

MONDEX

had "decided not to continue the trol. However, the offer of a job on Paul Tomlin as executive director relationship, with Mr Carroll", the executive board of a \$4bp inter-However, the hand on the revolv- national company which is bigger company needs to improve its tick-

INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE

Lilley starts at SGS's Geneva

beadquarters in January. He replaces Serge Pahud, 52, who has been running SGS's finances for the last 16 years. Pahud will oversee the group's quality certification and consultancy husiness in addition to his responsibilities for SGS's business in France, Italy, Spain, Portugal, UK Finland and Scandinavia.

Lilley should not have any difficulty on the language front in his new post. English is the operational language of SGS's executive board, which consists of four Swiss, one Belgian, two Englishmen and a Scot. The company operates in 140 countries and only 350 of its 36,000 staff are based at the Geneva headquarters. William Hall, Zurich

**Eurostar's IT man** 

Entertainment, has been

director of ADVANTA

subsidiary headed by

been promoted to chief

financial officer of BEAR

replacing William Montgoris,

who remains chief operating

officer, Molinaro, who has

been at Bear Stearns since

1986, continues as a senior

managing director of Bear,

Stearns & Co. Lowell Soffer rises to the

NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC

National Geographic Society

Bertil Tiusanen, 47, joins

VATTENFALL, the Swedish

energy concern, on January

and senior vice-president. He

is currently vice president of

Kooperativa Forbundet in

Stockholm, and succeeds

Tom Allerhrand who is

going to the World Bank.

E Philip Kent, managing

BROADCASTING System

Europe, takes an expanded

international role covering

all areas outside the US.

director of TURNER

1, as chief financial officer

TELEVISION, a wholly owned subsidiary of the

new position of chief

financial officer at

STEARNS COMPANIES.

named vice-chairman and

INFORMATION SERVICES

- a newly formed Advanta

William Razzouk, formerly

of Federal Express. Samuel Molinaro, 38, has

Eurostar, which runs high speed trains through the Channel tunnel between London, Paris and Brussele, is to beef up its computer

Peter Delanev becomes

senior vice-president -

NEW YORK POWER

named president of

AUTHORITY.

division.

business services at the

Ned Skinner, previously

with Tate & Lyle, has been

Australian food ingredients

group BURNS PHILIP's

industrial/food service

Paul Zbinden, chief

executive of SIBRA, the

along with his deputy.

decision to close the

Cardinal brewery.

Kari Lahtinen has

director of Finnish

resigned as managing

electronics component

maker EFORE. Pirkko

Fabritius, an existing board

pending appointment of a

Nick Brown has resigned

as executive vice-president

ST. PAUL FIRE AND

chief executive of NAC

president and chief

company.

**Reinsurance and president** 

NAC Re Corp., its bolding

Brian McGrath, previously

executive of Swiss-based ISL

Swiss brewery, has resigned

Daniel Blancpain, following

eting and reservations systems if it is to meet its targets for passenger numbers. It is currently making beavy losses but hopes to break

even within 15-18 months. Tomlin, 35, joins Eurostar from Virgin Atlantic Airways, where be has been responsible for worldwide IT operations for the past three years. His appointment underlines the change which British railwey companies must make to bring their computerised customer han-

dling systems up to the levels taken for granted by airline travellers. At Eurostar, Tomlin's priorities will be to make sure that the reser-

vation and revenue systems can cope with the increasing complexity of ticket pricing and to plug the ticket reservation system into net-works such as Galileo to make it more accessible for high street travel agents.

At present many UK travellers pick up their tickets from the Eurostar sales office et London's Water-

loo station hecause their travel agents are unable to issue them. but this threatens to overwhelm cepacity. Charles Batchelor. London Capel joins trend

HSBC James Capel, the Londonbased equities division of HSBC Investment Banking, has joined a growing trend by integrating its UK and European equities sales and research.

25

Quintin Price - currently head of UK research - will head e new pan-Enropean division, with responsibility for both research and sales for all of Europe.

The move, which will put UK analysts alongside those from contineotal Europe, will make it easier for Capel to handle the growing number of institutional investors who want to talk to a single person about the whole of Europe, and elso help to co-ordinate sectoral reseerch across borders. "We looked at it in 1991, but then we would have been way ahead of the clients," said Peter Letley, deputy chairman of HSBC Investment Banking and chief executive of its securities operations.

Lin Moran, who currently heads European equities, will take responsibility for industry specialists in HSBC's investment banking division as well as for investment banking offices in Europe. George Graham, London

subject of e bid earlier this Marketing, joins MCA, the year by Swiss-based metals Seagram subsidiary, as bouse Glencore. Kurt Landgraf, president senior vice-president, international business and chief executive of development. Mark Leuchtenberger replaces Keoneth Bate as vice-president, marketing and sales at BIOGEN, the US biotech group. Tony Tyler joins the board of HONG RONG AIRCRAFT ENGINEERING, replacing Rod Eddington. He is currently director of service delivery at Cathay Pacific Airways, where he sbortly becomes corporate development director. Manfred Goebels, 55, of Mercedes Benz, is the new chairman of management association VERBAND ANGESTELLTER FUEHRUNGSKRAEFTE of member, takes on his duties, Cologne. James Wood, 54, bas been eppointed president of BABCOCK & WILCOX POWER GENERATION and chief operating officer of GROUP, a subsidiary of energy services company MARINE INSURANCE of the McDermott International. He US, to become president and replaces Walter Boomer, 58. who has resigned in order to pursue other business and chief operating officer of interests. Tom Johnson bas resigned

as chairman and managing director of CUMNOCK COAL, the Australian coal producer which was the

DuPoot Merck Pharmaceutical, becomes chief financial officer at E l DU PONT DE NEMOURS, and co-chairman of the DuPont Merck board. L. Berndsen, chairman of the NEDLLOYD executive board, takes responsibility for European transport and distribution, following the merger of Nedlloyd Lines and P&O Containers and the retirement of H. Helb as deputy chairman. Peter Reiniger, formerly co-director for Hungary, becomes telecoms director at the EUROPEAN BANK FOR **RECONSTRUCTION AND** DEVELOPMENT. Charles Irace, 53, and Geoff Bull, 46. join the board of CRODA, the UK speciality chemicals group.

### International appointments

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### International

financial A

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In a sense, all creativity is collaborative.

INTEGRATED FINAN TIKE ticks, Muse, Time & Furst col Coshi F Bankers Trust

In the presence of a close, collaborative relationship, substantial value can be added. Hicks, Muse, Tare & Furst spotted and quantified the opportunity: multiple radio station ownership in an attractive operating climate tesulting from deregulation. Working with Hicks, Muse, Tate & Furst through several iterations of growth, we structured a series of unique, integrated financings that combined bank debt, high yield subordinated debt and preferred stock, and ultimately, an IPO. Throughout this process, over a two year

period, Bankers Trust raised more than \$800 million of capital in the leveroged finance market. The result is Chancellor Broadcasting Company, ruday the third largest pureplay radio station group in the United States. For Chancellor Broadcasting Company, Bankers Trust's flexible and integrated financing solutions added incremental value at every step and helped our client assemble a blue chip portfolio of radio stations across the United States. To discuss how we might work together with you to design an equally innovative solution to your financial services needs, please contact us.

Bankers Trust

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

### Italian prices ease on budget tension

### GOVERNMENT BONDS By Richard Lapper,

**Capital Markets Editor** 

26

Enthusiasm for European convergence trades eased yesterday, with Italy, Spain and Sweden all underperforming Germany. With both the US and the French market closed for holidays, volumes were thin.

Dealers said tensions over the government's budget plans, which parliament is scheduled to approve on Thursday, had been the biggest factor influencing trading patterns in the Italian bond market.

the mood on the London International Financial

one of caution. "People are lost ground again yesterday, holding back before commit- with the 10-year yield spread ting themsslves," he

The 10-year December BTP contract on Liffe lost 0.06 to settle at 125.63. In the cash market the 10-year yield spread over bunds widened by 5 basis points to 196 points. Spanish bonds closed mar-

ginally higher in the cash Liffe's 10-year December market but still underperformed bunds, with the a quarter of a point to settle 10-year yield spread increasing by 3 basis points to 166 at 100.49. points. On Meff the 10-year reported some switching into December bono gained 0.04 to settle at 108.93. pean short-dated contracts. Swedish bonds, which

Mr Alex Cooper, manager have underperformed since with Tullett and Tokyo, said the publication of a report The December eurolira contract settled at 92.71, down on Emu by an independent 0.01, while the December study commissioned by the euromark contract rose by Futures Exchange had been government last Monday, 0.01 to settle at 96.78.

Skandinaviska Enskilda

The December long gilt conwith the 10-year yield spread tract was unaffected by marover Germany widening to ginally higher than expected 147 basis points, compared to 137 points at the end of last producer price figures, and then moved up sharply later week and 124 points at the end of the previous week. in the day to settle at 109%, up 1. The 10-year yield The report recommended spread over bunds narrowed that Sweden should not join European monetary union at by 1 basis points to 189 its planned start in 1999. points.

A number of analysts German bunds made modest gains in light trade, with expect gilts to benefit this week, as convergence give way to modest divergence bund contract gaining about trades. One gilts salesman with a

large European house said cross-market flows by inter-On Liffe Mr Cooper national investors out of suromarks from other Euro-Italy and into UK gilts had been building up towards the end of last week, even though activity was relatively subdued yesterday. Japanese bonds held

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Dreadnar Finance(c)

New international bond issues

50

10bn

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UK gilts gained ground, steady in London trading which is expected to after losing about a quarter of a point in Tokyo. JGB market.

Yields on the JGB No 182, the 10-year benchmark, rose by 4 basis points to 2.75 per cent, making for a rise of nearly a quarter of a percentage point over the last week.

The launch yesterday by Nomura International of a new JGB put warrant providing a long-term hedge for investors, reflects uncertainty about the market's future direction.

Nomura said there were very few long-dated derivatives products that allowed investors to hedge interest rate exposure. The launch of its new war-

rant was designed to anticipate publication of the Tankan report on November 27,

Nov 1997 0.05F

Jun 2001

Price

100.00R

100.00

98.35

Emu problems seen for OTC increase volatility in the Nomura will guarantee

liquidity in the warrant by fixing a Y200 (\$0.20) bid-offer spread. The warrant is American-

style, can be exercised at any time and will be listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

· · · ·

"The problem for a lot of bond portfolios is how to express a bearish view on Japan with a sufficiently long-term horizon," said Mr Fraser McKenzie, of Nomura's international markets division.

"Short-term hedges in the JGB market are available but involve roll-over costs which become expensive. Our warrant can solve that difficulty," he added.

DKB Ind/Kanka

NatiWest Mer

Dreadner/SBC Warburg

ASN Armo House Go ABN Armo House Go

ABN Arres Hoare Govet

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derivatives Over-the-counter derivatives, traded between professionals and not listed on any exchange, could face increasing problems as a result of European economic and monetary union.

Unlike derivatives traded on exchanges - where the markets and their regulators help set the rules - OTC transactions are subject to more ambiguity. Some experts believe the problems could end in litigation.

Several sources of potential problems have already been dealt with, either through European legislation or with the help of professional associations - such as the International Swaps and Derivatives Association - but a few key questions remain unanswered.

The most controversial issue will arise in contracts maturing after 2002 - when national currencies of European Union member states are due to disappear. Contracts which refer to benchmark interest rates that will have ceased to exist - such as the Frankfurt interbank rates for D-Mark - will be

especially vulnerable. Not all reference rates will disappear - 10-year bond vields will continue to differ.

because government bonds will have varying credit standings even when they are all denominated in enros. But e majority of short-term interest rates are bound to be scrapped as they are replaced by a reference rate set by the European central bank, which should come into existence in 1999. Parties to contracts whose underlying rates have disappeared can defend two differ-

ent arguments. The first is that interest den, syndicate officials said. rates set by the central bank

will have replaced individual currency rates, and should be regarded as new benchmarks. The second is that national central banks will still set their own domestic interest rates on the euro, so these rates should replace money-market rates on individual currencies.

a second second

"Both theories make sense," said Mr Mark Fox, chief European strategist at Lebman Brothers in London. These arguments will probably be tested in the courts."

The potential problems are exacerbated by the lack of standardisation in the OTC market, which means financial Institutions will have to study the effects of the single currency on several different contracts separately. The length of some contracts also poses problems. Some were agreed before the decision to adopt a single cur-rency, but will mature after the euro has replaced some underlying currencies.

"To avoid controversy." Mr Fox said, "further legislation on these specific issues is desirable."

Fortunately, a large number of OTC agreements will not prove to be controversial, such as existing deals that refer to Emu. In general, such contracts contain specific clauses to deal with the transition to the euro. Other deals that should be spared are those maturing between 1999 and 2002 when national currencles are used in parallel with the

euro. These contracts will continue to run - until maturity - and will be settled in the currency they were denominated in originally, unless both partles agree a shift to the euro.

Samer Iskandar

WORLD BOND PRICES

BUND FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFTE) OM250,000 points of 100% **UK indices** FTSE Actuaries Govt. Securities BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS Mon Day's Nov 11 change % Fri Nov 8 Strike Price CALLS - PUTS xd ad Day's change Price Indices Date Nov 11 Nov S Yr. ago Nov 11 Nov 8 Yr. ago Nov 11 Nov 8 Yr. ago Feb Mar Price Mar Interest ytd Coupon 800 800 Feb 
 Date
 Price
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 Yield
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 11/06
 96,8600
 7.22
 7.36

 07/08
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 05/06
 0.0000
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 10/06
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 10/06
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 +0.270
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 08/06
 107,8300
 +0.310
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 110,9200
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 8.10

 06/01
 121,2675
 -0.210
 1.71
 1.50

 06/01
 101,7857
 -0.210
 2.75
 2.52

 06/05
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 -0.730
 5.87
 5.84

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 +0.110
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 7.58

 04/06
 108,19 0.35 0.27 0.48 0.14 0.18 0.34 0.05 0.10 0.22 0.63 0.32 0,46 0.61 0.33 1.02 1.24 1.45 1.60 1.63 1.81 1.93 2.07 2.18 2.30 10050 10100 7.32 7.83 7.89 7.35 8.02 8.06 7.38 7,84 7,91 7.42 7,38 Up to 5 years (21) 5-15 years (18) Over 15 years (8) 120.73 149,41 167.00 0.08 0.26 0.37 8.68 5 yrs 8.09 15 yrs 9.83 20 yrs 8.63 irred.† 7.29 7.34 120.95 7.26 7.84 Australia 6.750 7.67 211 5.875 149.02 3,58 4.19 5.12 7.87 7.93 7.97 7,98 8,00 8,14 Austria Belglum Canada 8,10 5.96 6.15 7.00 8.84 5.11 8.05 10150 7.91 7,92 7.93 tel. Colle 4701 Pula 3188. Pre us day's open int., Calls 205 7.000 -0.05 192.45 192.34 6.000 5.500 6.500 6.250 6.000 8.500 Denmari France 5 All stocks (53) 143.50 3.13 9.21 BTAN italy Nov 11 Nov 8 Yr. ago Nov 11 Nov 8 Yr. ago DAT INGTIONAL ITALIAN GOVT. BOND (BTP) FUTURES (UFFE)" Line 200m 100ths of 100% 8.05 6.02 6.85 8.18 1.78 2.83 5.91 7.68 Index-linked 5.28 4.77 4.69 3.25 3.62 2.62 Up to 5 yrs Over 5 yrs 3.25 2.00 202.29 0.66 3.07 2.62 6 Up to 5 years (2) 202,38 0.04 Open Settorice Change Est vol Open Int. 7 Over 5 years (10) 8 All stocks (12) 0.15 Hilah Low 193,26 No 140 6.600 No 182 3.000 Is 8.500 9.500 125.81 125.65 -0.06 125.93 125.38 124,72 124,85 -0.07 124.98 124.72 22979 93282 445 4897 193,18 0,14 193,40 1.00 Doc Mar Average gross red A: LOW: 054-73696; MA um: 896-109496; High: 11% and over, † Flat yield, ytd Year to dete IN ITALIAN GOVT, BOND (BTP) FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) Lin200m 100hs of 100%

in debut sterling issue attractively priced, yielding 120 basis points over gilts at INTERNATIONAL BONDS By Conner Middelmann the re-offer price. That com-

The sterling eurobond sector saw two new issues yester-day, which were sold largely to UK-based investors.

Sweden's Skandinaviska Enskilds Banken launched its first public issue in the sterling sector, £100m of subordinated perpetual step-up bonds callable after 10 years.

According to Goldman Sachs, the lead manager, the paper offered an opportunity for diversification to domestic investors, who are used to being offered perpetual step-up bonds issued by UK est building society. banks and building societies.

However, most demand came from traditional perpetual step-up buyers, including UK-based including branches of foreign banks, an official said. The bonds were deemed

en's are rated Baal. Also in sterling, Portman Building Society issued £150m of three-year floatingrate notes, refinancing a £100m issue it called on Saturday. This was only the second eurobond issue by the Portman, the UK's 12th larg-

which are callable after 25 years and yield 125 basis points over gilts. The Woolwich's bonds were rated A3 by Moody's while SE Bank-

The notes were priced at an all-in spread of 13% basis points and traded at a premium of 12% basis points late in the session, lead manager NatWest Markets said.

Bond markets in the US

and several European coun-

tries were closed for national holidays - leaving activity in other eurobond aectors pares favourably with last subdued. However, ABN week's issue of bonds for the Amro Hoare Govett had a Woolwich Building Society, busy day, lead-managing three more deals.

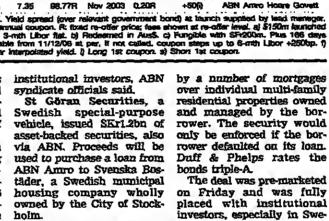
A F1 500m offering for Ahold USA, the US subsid-iary of the large Dutch food retailer, was snapped up by investors and sold out within an hour of launch. ABN officials said. The pro-ceeds are to be used to refinance the debt of Stop &

Shop, a US store chain which Ahold recently acquired. Thanks to its high name

recognition, the offering attracted strong retail demand, but institutions were also said to be keen bldders, encouraged in part by the rarity value of the issue. Ahold last came to the Dutch market in 1993. The bonds were launched

STERLING Portman Building So SE Banken(e) 150 909.909 Dec 1995 (d) 9.04 100 E QUILDERS Ahold USA 500 250 825 5.75 99.93R 99.76R Achmea Hypotheekbankm SWEDISH KRONOF nt Goran Securities(f.s) 1.2b0 7.35 98,77R Nov 2003 0,208 +506 s stated. Yield spread (over relevant gov #Semi-armual coupon, R: fixed re-offer p Om. a1) 3-mit Libor fist. b) Redeemed Final terms, non-calleble unless +Unlisted, #Floating-rate note 1/11/96 was increased to \$200 shown at re c) Fungible 1/11/96 with increased to \$200m. at) 3-mith Libor flat. b) Redeemed in Aus\$. c) Fungible with \$Fr200m. Plus 166 day accrued, d) 3-mith Libor +8bp. e) Callable from 11/12/06 at per, it not called, coupon steps up to 6-mith Libor +250bp. Securitized personal montgeges. I Over Interpolated yield. I Long 1st coupon. s) Short 1st coupon. at a yield spread of 35 basis

points over the interpolated yield curve of Dutch government bonds, which narrowed to 34 points in the course of the session, ABN said. Later in the day, Achmea Hypotheekbank, a leading Dutch financial conglomerate, issued F1250m of sevenyear paper priced to yield 26 basis points over government bonds. The bonds were holm. placed mainly with Dutch



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UK Gilts 8,000 12/00 102~28 +7/32 7.17 7.22 6.79 7,500 12/06 99-05 +12/32 7.62 7.73 7.47 9,000 10/06 109-13 - 7.78 7.84 7.61 US Treasury 6,500 10/06 0-00 - 0.00 8.35 6.58	12590         0.84         1.79         0.99         2.44           12600         0.59         1.56         0.84         2.71           12650         0.40         1.36         1.25         3.01	Govt. Secs. (UK) 53.73 53.74 53.36 53.22 53.76 54.07 55.34 51.59 Reed Interest 115.38 115.57 115.20 115.38 115.38 112.58 116.45 110.74	Gift Edged bargelos         104.0         121.3         133.1         132.9         129.1           5-day everage         124.1         123.4         118.9         109.5         100.0           a comparison         124.1         123.4         118.9         109.5         100.0           a comparison         127.4         6401/33.         6401/33.         109.5         100.0	
6,500 11/28 0-00 - 0,00 6.67 6.85 ECU (Franch Gov) 7,000 04/06 0,0000 - 0,00 6.40 6.35 London doaling, "New York closed Vields: Local market standard. I Group (including withholding tax at 12.5 per cont psystely by moreoscients)	- Product	high ance compliation: 133.87 (21/01/94), low 50.53 (03/01/75), Basis 100: Government Securities	15/10/26 and Fixed Interest 1928. SE activity indices rebased 1974.	<b>#</b>
Proper: US, UK in 32nds, others in decimal Source: MMS International	IN NOTIONAL SPANISH BOND FUTURIES (MEFF) Open Sett price Change High Low Est. vol. Open Int.	and the second se		
US INTEREST RATES	Dec 108.85 108.93 +0,03 109,08 108,75 39,885 61,861 Mer 108.87 108.85 -0,08 108.37 108,20 121 718	FT/ISMA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE		
Close (Nov 8) Treasury Bills and Bond Yields Gne month	UK	Listed are the latest international bunch for which there is an adequate secondary market. Latest leaved Bid Other Cha Yield international leaved	nt prices at 7:00 pm on November 11 und Bid Offer Cog Yield Securit Bid Offer Cog Yield	
Broter toan rate 7 Three months 5.17 Five year 6.04 Fed. boods 51e Ste months 5.29 10-way 6.25	Open Sett price Change High Low Est vol Open Int.	LLS. DOLLAR STRAKHTS Spelo 74 00	4000 1087 1087 +14 5.54 Abbey Net Treasury 500 2 1000 1007 1011 +1 7.81	A
Fed.Nonds at Intervention 51 <sub>8</sub> Oue year 5.46 30-year 6.51	Dec         109-00         109-13         +0-14         109-14         108-30         13596         142673           Mar         108-20         +0-14         0         2409           M LONG GALT FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) 250,000 64ths of 100%         0         2409	Abbey Nati Transury 6/2 99	3000 102 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 102 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> + <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> 5.46 Denmark 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>6</sub> 66 5	• •
	Strike CALLS PUTS	Alberta Province 7% 98 1000 103 1034, 4 5.597 World Bank 7% 05 1 Asian Dav Bank 64, 05 750 95% 98% 4 6.58	Giano Wallcome 64: 05 £ 500 1034; 104 +4 8.15	2.
Bond Futures and options	Price Dec Jan Feb Mar Dec Jan Feb Mar 109 0-52 0-58 1-18 1-33 0-28 1-18 1-40 1-57	Austra 8/2 00 400 105% 103% 14 615 SWRSB FRANCE STRANGHTS Baden-Wuert L-Fis 8/2 00 1000 105% 105% 6.21 Asim Dav Book 0 16 Bencoment 7% 04 1000 85 86% 4% 1027 Austra 4/2 00 1		and the and the second second
	110 0-21 0-34 0-55 1-05 0-59 1-58 2-15 2-29 111 0-066 0-18 0-36 0-47 1-44 2-42 2-50 3-07 Ext, vol. total, Cuila 1988 Puts 555, Pavidua day'a cour inc. Calla 55543 Puts 32457	Bank Ned Gemeenten 7 99 1000 10212 1021 5.98 Council Europe 44, 98		
France IN NOTIONAL FRENCH BOND FUTURES (MATIF) FF600.000 (Nov 8)		Belgium 5 <sup>1</sup> 2 03 1000 95 <sup>1</sup> 2 95 <sup>3</sup> 2 6.38 6B 3 <sup>3</sup> 4 99 1 Bhilish Columbia 7 <sup>1</sup> 4 02 500 108 <sup>1</sup> 4 108 <sup>1</sup> 2 + <sup>1</sup> 4 5.38 6B 6 <sup>1</sup> 4 04	1000 103 1034 2.54 Ontario 114 01 2	Company of the local division of the local d
Open Sett price Change High Low Eat. vol. Open Int.	I ECU BOND FUTURIES (MATIF) ECU100,000 (Nov 8)	Canada 6% 05 1500 88% 98% sta 6.59 keelend 7% 00	300 1113, 1124, 2.97 Seven Trent 112 89 E	La state and the state
Dec 127.44 127.22 -0.06 127.43 127.14 97.072 192.122 Mar 127.42 127.18 -0.06 127.42 127.12 3,195 41,523 Jun 126.18 125.96 -0.04 126.18 125.92 739 7.028	Open Set prior Change High Low Est. vol. Open int. Dec 84.72 84.48 -0.15 94.80 94.44 781 6,967	Chang Kang Fin 5/2 99 500 977 98% +1 8.73 htter Amer Dev 4% 99 China 6/2 04 1000 97 975 +4 7.16 Ontatio 6% 03 Onedit Foncier 9/2 99 300 107 10714 +1 6.10 Quebec Hydro 5 03	400 113 11312 + 385 World Bank 9 99 NZ3 250 103 1031 - 7,58	A TER
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126 1.32 - 1.96 0.13 0.36 0.83 127 0.57 - 1.40 0.38 0.71 -	Dec 114-10 114-02 -0-07 114-17 113-22 570,458 425,828 Mer 113-28 113-20 -0-07 114-02 113-08 3,260 32,199 Jun 113-05 113-04 -0-06 113-05 113-04 923 10.122	Exten Ceptai 0 04 1800 6012 61 6.47 Credit Foncier 414 02 70	3000 1107월 111 1.9월 2008월 188 1898 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	
1226 0.18 0.45 0.93 0.53 - 1.73 Ent. vol. Intol. Calls 13.109 Puzz 14.117. Previous day's open inc., Calls 177,287 Puzz 160,875.		Fed Home Loan 7% 98	2000 11112 11114 - 3 2.55 CCCE 0 98 Ecu 200 99.63 99.63 42578 2000 11914 11915 - 1 157 Commerzitk O'S Fin - 98 750 99.82 99.89 54052	
Germany	Japan Notional long term Japanese Govt. Bond Futures	Ford Mater Chudit 64, 96 1500 100 <sup>4</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 100 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 6.02 km/y 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 07 300 General Mater 0 13 1000 25 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 28 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>3</sub> + <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 8.43 km/y 5 04 200	0000 1085 1084 1 189 Credit Lyconnils & 00	<b>-</b>
III NOTIONAL GERMAN BUND FUTURES (LIFFE)* DM250,000 100ths of 100% Open Sett price Change High Low Est, vol Open int.	(UFFE) Y100m 100ths of 100%6 Open Close Change High Low Est vol Open int.	him-Amer Dev 64 06 1000 8712 874 +4 6.55 Japan Dev Bic 612 01 120	0000 110 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 110 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 1.21 Fed Nat Mart - 5.00	·: -
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Trees Box 2000#1		Credit Fonder 74 03 2000 1074 1072 5.63 Feno del Stat 104 96 Ecu	500 105% 108% 4.44 MBL 11 Ph 3 02 80 5.64 93% 94%	
Trees 10pt 2001 9.10 7.24 1097 + 1 114 1008 Trees 8pt 2015# 7.91	7.5 101à +1 104à 95h Other Fixed Interest	Dermark 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 98 2000 103 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 103 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 3.65 italy 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 00 5cst 1 Depts Finance 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 03 1600 103 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 103 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 4 <sub>1</sub> 5.74 United Kingdom 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 01 5cs 2	2790 1143, 11432 5.27 Ouden 6.02	53 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
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### **CURRENCIES AND MONEY**

# n for of Dollar falls as traders suspect policy change

### MARKETS REPORT

By Simon Kuper

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ivative;

The dollar dropped below DM1.50 to the D-Mark for the pact for monetary union. first time in two months and continued falling against the I On a day of little news, yen in London trading yes- the main influence on the that Japan's foreign terdey. Traders sold the dol- markets remained last exchange policy remained lar as their expectations of increased US interest rates dimmed, and as the belief gained ground that Tokyo and Washington want the yen to rise against the US currency. But volumes were low,

with New York and many European markets closing to commemmorate their ket was too pessimistic nations' war dead. about Japan's economy.

The dollar closed 0.8 pfennigs lower in London at nicknamed Mr Sakakibara DM1498 against the D-Mark, "Mr Yen", because of his below the narrow range in which it had traded for two E Pot months. It fell Y0.4 against the yen to close at Y111.2. The dollar's slide dragged £ spot 1 mb 3 mb 1 yr

down sterling, which closed a pfennig lower at DM2.467. The lira also lost ground,

POUND SPOT

because of fears that the Ital-ian budget might fail to pass to mean that Tokyo and parliament, and because Washington thought the yen Washington thought the yen European finance ministers had fallen far enough disagreed about a stability against the dollar in the last . 18 months.

Yesterday Mr Sakakibara softened his stance, saying exchange policy remained unchanged. Currency strateweek's comments by Mr Eisuke Sakakibara, director gists read this as an attempt general of the Japanese to moderate the yen's rise. finance ministry's interna-tional finance bureau. He But the markets continued to believe his earlier comhad been quoted as saying ments, and the yen advanced further. Mr Nell MacKinnon. the Japanese government would not lead the yen much chief economist at Citibank lower against the dollar, and in London, said: "Many trad-ers and investors believe he told the FT that the marthere has been a sea change in policy after the US and Japanese elections." Currency dealers have Mr Mark Cliffe, chief international economist at HSBC

influence on the currency. Markets in London, said many traders now saw the authorities would stop it "Near term, we're entering depreciating below about a phase of dollar weakness," - Prev. close ---1.6470 1.8489 1.6435 1.6296 Y115, but it seemed to have

Dollar Against D-Mark EM per St

1.55 1,54 1.53 • 122 151-1. 14 1.50 1.49 1.00 

market's belief that the Federal Reserve would not raise interest rates before Febru-ary 1997. Mr MacKinnon pointed out that Fed futures contracts were pricing in a mere 50 basis-point rise in US interest rates over the

he said. The dollar had fallen further scope to appreciate. through technical supports The dollar also fell on the at Y111.20 and DM1.5010 yes-

terday. "There's a feeling pushing for a strict pact, that a move for Y108-9 is reminded the markets of achievable soon," he added. potential pitfalls on the road to Emu.

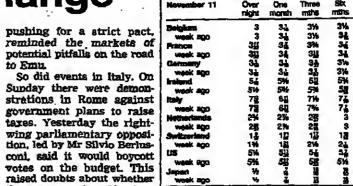
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🖿 Mr Hans Tietmeyer, Bundesbank president, captured Sunday there were demon-the mood of the foreign strations in Rome against exchange markets over most of 1996 when he said after yesterday's Glo meeting in Basle: "We have not discussed the currency markets because it seems all in all relatively quiet now." He chairs the G10 central bank the government could gain a governors' committee. quorum for its plan.

No one had expected D-Mark to close at L1009. European finance ministers to agree a stability pact for The currency's fall over the last week could suit Italy, monetary union at their which hopes to enter the meeting yesterday. But the disagreements, with only Germany and the Dutch European exchange rate mechanism before the end of 1996 at a level weaker than L1000, France wants a stron-I OTHER CURRENCIES ger lira, to stop Itali exports from gaining

Nov 11 £ \$ Czach Rg 44.0261 • 44.0577 25,7560 • 26,7750 Hungary 255,197 • 255,588 156,050 • 155,100 Isan 4425,80 • 4573 775 500,000 • 2000.00 Kurweit 0.4513 • 0.4525 • 0.2365 • 0.23650 Potend 4.5721 • 4.5190 2.8022 • 2.8052 Russies B002.88 • 5178.43 5/74.00 • 5477.00 ULAE E.0451 • 6.0421 2.6725 • 3.6731 advantage. For the latest market

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MONEY RATES

WORLD INTEREST RATES

SLIBOR FT London rbank Fix 5% 5% 51% 51% 52 58 5 week ago The lira slid L2 against the 5.08 5.08 4% 4% 34 34 5.14 5.13 44 34 34 34 34 5.26 5.27 44 44 3h 3h US Dollar CDs week ago ISCU Linked Da 5.11 5.11 4% 4% 3% SCU Linked Da week sgo SDR Linked Da week ago S LIBOR Interban reference banks a

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Short term ra		at for the LS	S Dollar and	Yen oth	ater two day	at notice.	
A THREE							_
G	Open	Sett price		High	Low	Est. vol	
Dec	96.48	96.44	-0.04	96.48		15,637	
Mar	96.40	96.38	-0.02	96.42	96.37	14,311	
Jun	96.36	96,33	-0.03	95.38	95.32	3,579	
100		Sec	-				
A THREE	MONTH	EUROHA	NK FUTI		FFE)" DM1		-
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	LOw	Est. vol	¢
Dec	96,78	96.78	-	96.79	96.78	6592	
Mar	96.77	96.78	+0.02	96.79	96.77	4727	
Mar Jun	96.77 96.83	96.78 96.65	+0.02	96.79 96.66	96.77 96.63	4727 8779	
Mar Jun Sep	96.77 96.63 96.44	96.78 96.65 96.47	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04	96.79 96.66 96.48	96.77 96.63 95.44	4727 8779 6145	
Mar Jun	96.77 96.63 96.44	96.78 98.65 98.47 EUROLIN	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04	98.79 96.66 96.48 058 (LIFF	96.77 96.63 96.44 Er L1000	4727 8778 6145 m points of	10
Mar Jun Sep <b>H. Thinase</b>	96.77 96.63 96.44 NONTH Opent	96.78 96.65 96.47 EUROLIN Sett price	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change	98.79 96.66 96.48 468 (LIFF High	96.77 96.63 95.44 E)* L1000 Low	4727 8778 6145 m points of Est. vol	10
Mar Jun Sep W THURSE Dec	95.77 96.63 95.44 NONTH Opent 92.70	96.78 96.65 96.47 EUNOLIN Sett price 92,71	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTU Change -0.01	96.79 96.66 96.48 058 (LIFF High 92.72	96.77 96.63 95.44 E)* L1000 Low 92.66	4727 8778 6145 m points of Est. vol 4305	10
Mar Jun Sap Mi Tvillame Dac Mar	96.77 96.63 96.44 NONTH 96.44 NONTH 92.70 93.28	96.78 98.65 96.47 EUROLIN Sett price 92.71 93.30	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change	98.79 96.66 96.48 <b>dEt (LIFF</b> High 92.72 93.32	96.77 96.63 95.44 E)* L1000 Low 92.06 93.26	4727 8779 6145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511	10
Mar Jun Sep Mi Trillame Dec Mer Jun	96.77 96.63 96.44 Nonth 96.44 Opent 92.70 93.28 93.56	96.78 98.65 96.47 EUROLIN Sett price 92.71 93.30 93.60	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 <b>A PUTUE</b> Change -0.01 -0.01	96.79 96.65 96.43 <b>105</b> (LIFF 92.72 93.32 93.62	96.77 96.63 95.44 E)* L1000 Low 92.66 93.26 93.56	4727 8779 6145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511 2304	10
Mar Jun Sap Mi Tvillame Dac Mar	96.77 96.63 96.44 NONTH 96.44 NONTH 92.70 93.28	96.78 98.65 96.47 EUROLIN Sett price 92.71 93.30	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTU Change -0.01	98.79 96.66 96.48 <b>dEt (LIFF</b> High 92.72 93.32	96.77 96.63 95.44 E)* L1000 Low 92.06 93.26	4727 8779 6145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511	10
Mar Jun Sap Mi THRABE Dac Mar Jun Sap	96.77 96.63 96.44 Nontrik 92.70 93.28 93.56 93.57	96.78 98.65 96.47 EUROLIN Sett price 92.71 93.30 93.60	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 <b>A PUTU</b> Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01	96,79 96,68 96,49 High 92,72 93,32 93,62 93,70	96.77 96.63 95.44 E)* L1000 L0w 92.06 93.26 93.26 93.56 93.56	4727 8778 6145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511 2304 842	11
Mar Jun Sep M THREE Dec Mer Jun Sep M THREE M	96.77 96.63 96.44 Nonthe 92.70 93.28 93.56 93.57 Ostrik Int Open	96.78 96.65 96.47 EUNOLIM Sett price 92.71 93.60 93.60 93.69 Sett price Sett price	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 HKANC FU Change	98.79 96.65 96.43 High 92.72 93.32 93.62 93.70 TUNES ( High	96.77 96.63 96.44 Ep* L10000 Low 92.06 93.26 93.26 93.58 93.58 93.84 4FFE SPrin Low	4727 8778 6145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 Est. vol	10
Mar Jun Sep Mar Jun Sep Mar Jun Sep Mar Thirada M	96.77 96.63 96.44 Nontth 92.70 93.28 93.56 93.57 North In	96.78 96.65 96.47 I IIINOLIN Sett price 92.71 93.30 93.60 93.60 93.69	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTU Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 HTANC PU Change +0.09	98.79 96.65 96.43 High 92.72 93.32 93.62 93.70 TUNES (	96.77 96.63 95.44 Er L1000 Low 92.66 93.26 93.58 93.58 93.58 93.64 JFFE SFrin Low 96.03	4727 8778 5145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 5st. vol 4222	10
Mar Jun Sep M THREE Dec Mer Jun Sep M THREE M	96.77 96.63 96.44 Nonthe 92.70 93.28 93.56 93.57 Ostrik Int Open	96.78 96.65 96.47 EUNOLIM Sett price 92.71 93.60 93.60 93.69 Sett price Sett price	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 <b>Change</b> -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 <b>HANC PU</b> Change +0.09 +0.10	98.79 96.65 96.43 High 92.72 93.32 93.62 93.70 TUNES ( High	96.77 96.63 96.44 Ep* L10000 Low 92.06 93.26 93.26 93.58 93.58 93.84 4FFE SPrin Low	4727 8778 6145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 Est. vol	10
Mar Jun Sep Mar Jun Sep Mar Jun Sep Mar Thirada M	96.77 96.83 96.44 NONTH 92.70 93.28 93.56 93.57 Oscrit In Open 98.05	96.78 96.65 96.47 EUNOLIN Sett price 92.71 93.30 93.60 93.69 93.69 93.69 93.69 93.69 93.69 93.69	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTU Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 HTANC PU Change +0.09	98.79 96.65 96.43 105 (LIFT 92.72 93.32 93.62 93.70 170455 (LIFT 93.70 110455 (LIFT 93.82 93.62 93.70	96.77 96.63 95.44 Er L1000 Low 92.66 93.26 93.58 93.58 93.58 93.64 JFFE SFrin Low 96.03	4727 8778 5145 m points of Est. vol 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 5st. vol 4222	10
Mar Jun Sop Mit THUNSE Dac Mar Jun Sop Mit THUNKE M Dec Mar	96,77 96,83 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,28 93,56 93,57 Okrik III Open 98,05 97,96	96.78 96.65 96.47 <b>EUNOLIN</b> Sett price 92.71 93.30 93.60 93.60 95.66 Sett price 96.06 98.02	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 <b>Change</b> -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 <b>HANC PU</b> Change +0.09 +0.10	98.79 96.66 96.48 High 92.72 93.62 93.62 93.70 TUMES ( High 98.08 98.07	96.77 96.63 95.44 Er L1000 Low 92.66 93.26 93.56 93.56 93.58 93.64 Low 96.03 67.95	4727 8778 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 581, vol 64222 3633	11
Mar Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Dec Mer Jun Sep	96,77 96,83 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,55 93,55 93,55 97,96 97,95 97,55	96.78 96.65 96.47 <b>InuficoLiff</b> 92.71 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.00 93.60 93.0	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 <b>A PUTUM</b> Change -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 <b>MXANC PU</b> Change +0.09 +0.10 +0.11 +0.12	98,79 96,66 96,48 <b>(LIFF</b> High 92,72 93,32 93,62 93,70 <b>Trunks (</b> High 98,08 98,07 97,83 87,59	96.77 96.63 96.44 1000 92.06 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.84 1775 SFrin Low 98.03 67.95 87.52	4727 8778 6145 m points of 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 4222 3633 1471 921	10 09 09
Mar Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Dec Mer Jun Sep	96,77 96,83 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,55 93,55 93,55 97,96 97,95 97,55	96.78 96.65 96.47 I IUROLM Sett price 92.71 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 95.05	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 PHANC PU Change +0.09 +0.10 +0.11 +0.12 K PUTUE	98,79 96,66 96,48 <b>(LIFF</b> High 92,72 93,32 93,62 93,70 <b>Trunks (</b> High 98,08 98,07 97,83 87,59	96.77 96.63 96.44 1000 92.06 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.84 1775 SFrin Low 98.03 67.95 87.52	4727 8778 6145 m points of 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 4222 3633 1471 921	10 09 09
Mar Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Dec Mer Jun Sep	96,77 96,63 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,28 93,56 93,26 93,56 93,56 97,96 97,95 97,95 97,55	96,78 96,85 96,47 EUROLIN 5ett price 92,71 93,60 93,60 93,60 93,60 93,60 Sett price 96,06 98,02 97,63 97,60 EUROVE	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 PHANC PU Change +0.09 +0.10 +0.11 +0.12 K PUTUE	98,79 96,66 96,48 96,68 91,16 92,72 93,32 93,62 93,70 70,85 93,70 93,82 93,70 93,82 93,70 93,83 93,62 93,70 93,83 93,62 93,70 93,85 93,70 93,85 93,95 94,95 94,95 95,95	96.77 96.83 96.44 ET L1000 92.66 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.64 Low 98.03 67.95 87.52 97.52	4727 B 77B B 145 m points of 4305 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 4222 3633 1471 921 points of 11	10 09 09
Mar Jun Sep III THREE Dec Jun Sep III THREE Mer Jun Sep III THREE Mer Jun Sep III THREE	96,77 96,63 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,28 93,56 93,26 93,56 93,56 97,96 97,95 97,95 97,55	96.78 96.45 96.45 96.45 96.45 96.45 93.60	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 PHANC PU Change +0.09 +0.10 +0.11 +0.12 K PUTUE	98,79 96,66 96,48 96,68 91,16 92,72 93,32 93,62 93,70 70,85 93,70 93,82 93,70 93,82 93,70 93,83 93,62 93,70 93,83 93,62 93,70 93,85 93,70 93,85 93,95 94,95 94,95 95,95	96.77 96.83 96.44 ET L1000 92.66 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.64 Low 98.03 67.95 87.52 97.52	4727 8779 5145 Est. vol 4305 4511 2304 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 Est. vol 921 points of 11 2304 422 3633 1477 921 points of 11 Est. vol	10 09 09
Mar Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Dec Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep	96,77 96,63 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,28 93,56 93,26 93,56 93,56 97,96 97,95 97,95 97,55	96.78 96.45 96.47 96.47 96.45 96.45 96.45 96.71 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 96.05 96.05 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 PHANC PU Change +0.09 +0.10 +0.11 +0.12 K PUTUE	98,79 96,66 96,48 96,68 91,16 92,72 93,32 93,62 93,70 70,85 93,70 93,82 93,70 93,82 93,70 93,83 93,62 93,70 93,83 93,62 93,70 93,85 93,70 93,85 93,95 94,95 94,95 95,95	96.77 96.83 96.44 ET L1000 92.66 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.64 Low 98.03 67.95 87.52 97.52	4727 8779 5145 5145 5145 2304 4305 4305 4305 4305 4305 4305 4305 4	10 09 09
Mar Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep M THRAME M Dec Mer Jun Sep M THRME Mer Jun Sep M THRME Dec Mar	96,77 96,63 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,56 93,57 09,75 97,96 97,95 97,95 97,95 97,95 97,55 Nonth Open 98,05	96.78 96.45 96.47 96.45 96.47 96.45 96.45 96.50 96.60 96.06 97.63 97.60 97.60	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 +0.09 +0.10 +0.12 K PUTUE Change -0.01	98,79 96,56 66,48 66,48 66,56 66,56 92,72 93,62 93,62 93,70 70,85 93,62 93,70 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59	96.77 96.63 95.44 EP L1000 92.66 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.55 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.55 97.75 98.05 97.75 98.05 99.64 99.65 99.64 99.65 99.64 99.55 99.64 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.75 99.	4727 8778 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 4222 3633 1477 921 points of 11 Est, vol 0 0 329	10 09 09
Mar Jun Sop III THRAME Dac Mar Jun Dec Mar Jun Dec Mar Jun Dec Mar Jun Mar Jun	96,77 96,63 96,44 Nonth 92,70 93,56 93,57 09,75 97,96 97,95 97,95 97,95 97,95 97,55 Nonth Open 98,05	96.78 96.45 96.47 96.45 96.47 96.45 96.45 96.50 96.60 96.06 97.63 97.60 97.60	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.09 +0.09 +0.10 +0.12 K PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.02 -0.01	98,79 96,56 66,48 66,48 66,56 66,56 92,72 93,62 93,62 93,70 70,85 93,62 93,70 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59 97,83 87,59	96.77 96.63 95.44 EP L1000 92.66 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.55 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.75 87.52 97.55 97.75 98.05 97.75 98.05 99.64 99.65 99.64 99.65 99.64 99.55 99.64 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.54 99.55 99.75 99.	4727 8778 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 5145 4511 2304 842 1 points of 10 4222 3633 1477 921 points of 11 Est, vol 0 0 329	
Mar Jun Sop III THRAME Dac Jun Sop III THRAME M Dec Mar Jun Bac Jun Mar Jun Mar Jun III THRAME	96.77 96.83 96.44 NONTH 2004 93.28 93.28 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.25 93.26 93.57 00474 10 94.05 97.9	96,78 96,45 96,47 96,45 96,47 93,50	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.09 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.11 +0.12 +0.03 +0.04 HIMAN (J) Change -0.01 -0.0	98,79 96,66 66,48 66,48 66,48 66,58 96,52 93,52 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54,	96.77 96.63 96.44 197 L1000 23.66 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.84 LFE SFIII LOW 88.03 110 Points Low Low	4727 8779 5145 5145 4505 4505 4505 4501 2304 842 1 points of 10 4922 3533 1477 921 points of 11 Est. vol 0 0 329 of 100% Est. vol	
Mar Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep Mer Jun Sep	96.77 96.83 96.44 NONTH 22.70 93.28 93.57 04.7% 93.67 04.7% 93.65 97.95 97.95 97.75 97.75 97.55 97.55 97.55 97.55 97.95	96.78 96.85 96.47 96.47 96.45 96.45 96.45 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 93.60 96.05 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 97.63 96.42 96.29 89.02 96.42 96.42 96.42 95.41 Sett price 98.42 95.43	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 +0.01 +0.01 +0.01 HKANC PU Change +0.09 +0.10 +0.12 H PUTUE Change -0.01 URBE (JJ Change +0.02	96,79 96,66 96,49 96,66 96,49 96,66 96,66 93,52 93,70 70,83 93,70 97,83 98,07 97,83 98,07 97,83 85,07 95,070000000000000000000000000	96.77 96.63 96.44 12° L1000 Low 92.66 93.56 93.84 Low 98.36 93.84 Low 98.36 97.95 97.95 97.75 100 Low 100 Low 98.08 110 points 100 Low 95.80	4727 8779 5145 5145 5145 5145 4505 4511 2304 842 4505 4421 2304 842 4533 1477 921 1477 921 1477 921 1477 921 1477 921 1477 921 1477 921 921 921 921 921 921 921 921 921 921	
Mar Jun Sop III THRAME Dac Jun Sop III THRAME M Dec Mar Jun Bac Jun Mar Jun Mar Jun III THRAME	96.77 96.83 96.44 NONTH 2004 93.28 93.28 93.26 93.26 93.26 93.25 93.26 93.57 00474 10 94.05 97.9	96,78 96,45 96,47 96,45 96,47 93,50	+0.02 +0.03 +0.04 A PUTUE Change -0.01 -0.01 +0.01 +0.09 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.10 +0.11 +0.12 +0.03 +0.04 HIMAN (J) Change -0.01 -0.0	98,79 96,66 66,48 66,48 66,48 66,58 96,52 93,52 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54 94,54,	96.77 96.63 96.44 197 L1000 23.66 93.56 93.56 93.56 93.84 LFE SFIII LOW 88.03 110 Points Low Low	4727 8779 5145 5145 4505 4505 4505 4501 2304 842 1 points of 10 4922 3533 1477 921 points of 11 Est. vol 0 0 329 of 100% Est. vol	09

POUND SPOT FORWARD AGAA: ST THE YOLAD           Nov 11         Closing ride-point on day         Bid/offer spread         Day's Mild bigh         One month Rate           Austria         (Sch)         17.5639         -0.064         968 - 710         17.5433         17.3465         17.204         3.0           Bidglum         (BF7)         50.3683         -0.2103         073 - 112         51.3250         50.0073         50.7343         2.2           Bennark         (PM)         7.4485         -0.0383         903 - 976         8.549         9.4619         8.4714         2.2           Finance         (FM)         7.4485         -0.0393         903 - 976         8.549         9.4619         8.4714         2.2           Gameor         (D7)         90.482         -0.0076         956         9.0490         8.9777         2.4933         -1.6           Lonsembourg         (EF)         2.4692         -0.2005         955         9.991         0.9924         0.3744         2.0           Interve         (J)         2.469.74         -0.0007         725         902         0.4645         10.3691         1.0692         1.9989         1.0936         1.4646         1.9991         1.9993         1.0991         1	Tata         SVPA         Pain         MPA Eng. Index         mid-point         mid-point         mid-point         mid-point         on day           17.2839         2.3         -         104.9         Austin         (Scr)         10.5478         -0.0488         4           9.48355         2.6         9.2546         2.5         107.3         Demmark         (DK/)         6.7770         -0.0275         6           8.4835         2.6         9.2542         3.1         106.1         Beiglum         (FM)         4.32470         -0.0275         6           2.4488         3.1         2.3223         3.1         108.2         Germany         (DM)         1.4890         -0.0275         6           2.4488         3.1         2.3253         0.1         108.2         Germany         (DM)         1.4890         -0.0294         2           1.03949         0.5         0.9883         0.8         100.5         Instand         (FD)         1.512.2         -4.717           1.04945         3.1         102.259         1.3         102.39         0.0.53         0.0.299         -0.017.9         0.0.299         0.029         0.017.9         0.0.299         0.029         -0.017.9	Bid/toffer         Day's mid         One month, Rate         Three months, Rate         Three months, Rate         One year         JP Morgan SPAA           55 - 446         10,5920         10,5920         10,5920         10,59276         2.2         10,4976         2.3         10,2925         2.4         104.80           50 - 190         31,2100         \$0,2690         50,834         2.3         30,7065         2.4         30,1665         2.4         104.85         2.4         104.85           50 - 500         5,7584         5,7581         1.8         5,7397         1.9         5,658         1.9         106.8           52 - 770         5,0697         5,064         2.0         5,045         2.1         4,473         2.4         13,4270         2.0         108.5           40 - 250         28,720         28,720         28,720         23,875         -7.9         241,32         -7.0         22,345         -6.4         67.0           10 - 820         1,8990         1,511.28         161,542         -2.5         152,48         -2.5         153,48         -1.5         154,4         -1.5         153,175         -0.8         6.0         90.0         2.0         6.0         6.0         6.0	Yan         Yan
 Belgium         (Bi7)         100         18,67         16,42         4,851         1,956         4394         5,442         2           Denmark         (DK)         53,57         10         8,795         2,598         1,049         2522         2,918           France         (Fr)         60,91         11,37         10         2,954         1,193         2981         3,316           Germeny         (DM)         20,62         8,448         3,365         1         0,404         1009         1,122           Indexnd         (E)         51,06         9,532         9,384         2,477         1         2499         2,779           Rady         (L)         2,043         0,381         0,335         0,099         0,040         100,         0,111           Netherineds         (FI)         18,37         3,017         0,881         0,390         898,2         1         37           Norway         (Nk)1         49,00         9,145         8,044         2,377         0,960         2396         2,667           Portugal         (E3)         20,34         3,766         3,339         0,396         0,386         955,2         1,107	No.         Ba         Pea         Style         Style         C         C         C         S         Y         Exatt           0.41         41.77         0.86         31.35         4.000         1.965         4213         3.228         9.040         2.354         9.255         4.245         1.168         2.680         1.872         2.183         1.544         2.452         1.242         2.835         2.432         0.324         2.243         1.344         2.435         2.432         0.324         2.243         1.344         2.245         1.164         2.842         0.324         2.432         0.324         2.432         0.324         2.432         0.337         1.353         0.346         1.164         1.324         1.132         0.346         1.168         0.137         1.132         1.136         1.136         1.136         1.136         1.138	<image/> <image/>	<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>

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### **COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE**

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### Cuban nickel and cobalt production hits record

### By Pascal Fletcher in Havana

28

Cuba's production of nickel and cobalt this year has already surpassed the previous record high and is on track to reach 50,000 tonnes or more, according to Cuban officials.

among the world leaders in terms of increasing our output."

Mr Masó said Cuban nickel min- 26,362 tonnes in 1994. The previing had recovered from the slump it suffered with the collapse in 1990 of trade ties with the former Soviet bloc - previously the main market for Cuban nickel and the main provider of technical supplies to the industry. Since then, exports had been re- ration and the Cuban govern-

Mr Ariel Masó, president of directed to Canada, Europe and ment. By the end of September, it Cubaniquel, the state nickel other markets. Investment and had produced nearly 20.000 tonnes credits from these new markets of contained nickel and cobalt in exporter, said production was credits from these new markets of contained nickel and cobalt in going well. "We are currently had helped to lift Cuban produc-mixed sulphides, and looks set to tion of nickel and cobalt back up finish the year with production of to 43,900 tonnes in 1995 from around 24,000 tonnes.

26,362 tonnes in 1994. The previ- Sherritt, whose vertically inte- nally being built by a consortium deposit at Pinares de Mayari ous high was 45,600 tonnes in grated nickel mining, processing of former Soviet bloc countries. In West, in Holguin province. 1989. Nickel/cobalt exports earned and refining venture is one of the Cuba more than \$300m last year. Leading the production surge is a plant at Moa Bay in eastern and expand its operations there. Cuba has been negotiating two Cuba, jointly operated by Canaother big nickel mining projects, da's Sherritt International Corpowith South Africa's Gencor and Australia's WMC.

الارد المراجع المراجع المراجع <u>من من المراجع من المراجع المراجع من محمد المراجع ومن من المراجع ومن من المراجع ا</u>

The project involving WMC is also understood to be awaiting a final, detailed contract. The Melbourne-based company said in-January it had agreed with Cuba

Cuba has one of the world's largest reserves of nickel/cobalt ore, estimated at about \$00m tonnes.

Mr Maso cited the US Helms-Burton law, curbing foreign investment in Cuba, as a negative factor in efforts to expand the nickel industry. Under that law. foreign groups judged to be "trafficking" in formerly US-owned

**Baltic** freight breaches 1,500 level

MARKETS REPORT By Susanna Voyle and Kenneth Gooding

> Sbipping rates for commodities moved higher yesterday, pushing the Baltic freight index through the 1,500 barrier for the first time since January.

The index - traded as a futures contract on the London International Financial Futures Exchange - bas been moving up steadtly since September 15, when it hit its iowest point for two years. It closed yesterday at 1,502. up from 1,477.

Mr David Cherrett from Clarkson Wolff, the ship-ping brokers, said the recent rises in the index appeared to be "a reaction to the delayed delivery of US grains to the ports".

On the London Mctal Exchange copper continued its determined effort to stay above the \$2.000 a tonne level. Copper for delivery in three months closed last night at \$2.012, up \$3 from Friday's close,

Another fall in LME stocks is expected today -they have dropped 59 per cent since the begining of September to e six-year low of 113,400 tonnes.

Mr Nick Moore, analyst et Flemings Global Mining Group, said: "Traders remain wary about putting too much trust in the LME stock eroslon. Assuming this copper is being har. boured, not consumed, then at some stage it will be pot back into LME warehouses."

Aluminium Institute yesterday reported that total alu-

ainminium closed down \$2,

The project under discussion with Gencor is understood to involve the possibility of complet- the basic principles of a joint vening plant in eastern Cuba, origi- develop a significant nickel be penalised. Firm market watches the weather and Irag

Fuel of New York

Cents per gellon

addition, Gencor would assess and biggest foreign investments in develop a big surface nickel Cuba, has said it will maintain deposit in Camaguey province. Negotiations with Gencor are said to be at an advanced stage.

Oil price resilience expected to continue

Traders and analysts see no immediate cause for renewed weakness before the new year

last Friday ended the down- already reached their peak.

Brent jumped 77 cents.

test their recent high of seen in mid-October - or whether Friday's correction only amounted to a delay in a more general downward trend.

The recent resilience of crude oil and refined prod-ucts such as jet fuel and liquefied petroleum gas has taken many large energy consumers, such as airlines and shipping companies, by surprise. The increases have also raised inflationary fears among some politicians and economists.

Yesterday Mr Hans Tietmeyer, the president of the Bundesbank, Germany's cen-

) il prices firmed a lit-tle yesterday after a strong correction suggested that oil prices had Maclean, energy analyst at

ward drift in the markets over the past few weeks. The price of Brent Blend still relatively high and for December delivery, the much depends on the future global benchmark, settled at of the supplier side, which \$23.12 a harrel in London means the Iraqi question, yesterday, up 14 cents on the and further demand," said close last Friday, when Mr Tietmeyer, who was speaking in Basle at the

The latest price move trig- monthly meeting of central gered market speculation on bank governors from the G10 whether oil prices might re-industrialised countries. Few traders or analysts more than \$25 a barrel, last see any immediate cause for renewed weakness in the oil price. "It's difficult to see the market retreat this side of the new year," said Mr Lind-

say Horn at the London office of US brokers Lehman Brothers. He would prefer to see prices "tread water or strengthen over the next few days" in order to confirm the bullish view.

Weather conditions in the run-up to the northern winter are expected to be a big factor in coming weeks. "I can't see how the mar-

ket will take a huge bet on a

London brokers ABN Amro Hoare Govett. He said stocks of heating oil in the US also remain unusually low for the time of year, ensuring that any early cold snap could trigger a scramble by consumers for additional supplies.

Many oil company execu-tives also believe short-term prices will stay strong. British Petroleum last week predicted that prices were likely to remain firm for the rest of the year, although oil's strength this year had not caused it to change its long-term view on prices.

Mr John Browne, BP's chief executive, said the company still believed crude oil's long-term price range was between \$16 and \$18 a barrel. "The question is how you get from here to there," he said.

Aside from the weather. the other great uncertainty facing the market is whether, or when, Iraqi oil will return. Progress contin-

Baghdad is also continuing

tion deals to companies from countries which it hopes might be sympathetic to its position.

The prospect that Iraqi

banks and brokers that average oil prices will slip to around \$18 next year against \$20 or so this year.

hedging structures."

cal barriers to a deal with Iraq remain substantial. "The technicalities could dissolve in 24 hours if the politiAlthough Iraqi officials

"There are two major political obstacles" to the UN plan, he said, "The US doesn't want it and Saddam Hussein doesn't want it."



The International Primary

minium stocks at the end of September were at o fouryear low of 3.257m tonnes. hnt this failed to have any market impact. Three-month

Jet kerosene S per tonne Cants per galice 35 180 -1 1996 1995 1996

plan, under which Iraq will be allowed to sell \$2bn of oil every stx months.

to offer long-term ail produc-

Traders, however, said the markets currently offer an unusual degree of insurance against a return of Iraqi oil. Mr Horn at Lehman

Brothers noted that oil proexports will appear in the ducers can lock in a price of cal will was there," said Mr \$20 a barrel for dated Brent Robert Mabro of the Oxford downward turn since the ues to be made on the tech- first half of next year is a big \$20 a barrel for dated Brent Robert Mabro of the Oxfor northern winter doesn't nical aspects of the currently factor behind forecasts from next year. Aside from a Institute of Energy Studies.

war, "we have the best hedg-

observers believe the politi- top leadership.

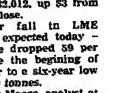
Robert Corzine | at \$1,448 a tonne.

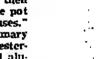
COMMODITIES PRICES

					JUTTER PAD
BASE METALS	Precious Metals continued	GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS	SOFTS	MEAT AND LIVESTOCK	
LONDON METAL EXCHANGE	Set Day's Open	WHEAT (JIFFE (C per tonne) Set: Day's Open	Set Day's " Open	Set Day's Open	المحاج
Prices from Amelgamated Metal Tracing) III ALUMINIUM, 99.7 PURITY (\$ per tonne)	price change sight form Vol lot	price change tigh Lour Vel let	prion change High Low Vol Int	Price change High Line Vel' lot	
Cash 3 nates	Nov 382.3 +2.4 14 6 Dec 382.8 +2.3 382.8 380.2 30.602 92,162	Nov 96.10 +1.35 94.50 84.50 20 45 Jan 97.35 +1.35 98.00 97.75 46 2.104	Duc 905 +4 906 902 584 24,545 Ner 937 +3 941 934 1,149 45,411	Dec 87.525 +0.8 67.800 68.825 5.374 34,844 Reb 64.525 +0.75 64 530 63.800 2,815 20,589	
Close 1422.5-3.5 1446-7 Providua 1438.5-0.5 1459-60	Feb 384,6 +2.3 384.8 382.2 3,635 27,590 Apr 386,8 +2.3 366,8 384,5 704 12,650	New 98.75 +1.35 199.90 98.80 129 1,889 Texy 100.90 +1.50 101.00 100.25 58 1,818	Mary 354 +4 957 952 609 14,521 Jud 870 +4 973 970 304 12,475	Apr 65,225 +0.5 65,250 65,700 1,423 13,941 Jan 63,850 +0.475 63,925 63,400 770 5,759	
High/tow 1454/1438 AM Official 1417-7,5 1439-40	Juni 388,1 +2,3 388,7 386,0 295 12,416 Aug 397,4 +2,3 321 4,380	Jul 102.15 +1.50 298 Nov 97.15 +0.30 97.15 97.00 13 197	Sup 987 +4 991 985 205 6,526 Dec 1900 +2 1001 939 50 4,906	Ang 63 150 +0.425 63.225 62.750 179 6,856 Det 65.575 +0.275 65 800 65.300 324 3,930	
Kerb close 1447-7.5 Doen knt. 236,191	Total 38,713 196,754	Total 240 6,311 N WHEAT CET (5,000bu min; cents/801b bushel)	Tutul 2,057131,000 IN COCCA CSCE (10 connest S/tonnes)	Tutal 10,907 86,424 III LIVE HOGE CME (40,000ks; carts/ks)	
otal daily tumover 63,489	Jana 391.0 +4.0 391.5 386.8 559 18,338	Dec 383.50 +4.75 387.00 378.00 7.862 28.511	Dec 1337 +4 1343 1333 2,340 10,709	Dec 57.925 -0.425 58.525 57.225 4,723 12,139	
ALUMINEUM ALLOY (5 per tonne) Close 1265-75 1295-300	Apr 383.5 +4.1 393.0 380.0 82 8.338 Jul 396.4 +4.1 1 998	New 379.00 +4.00 381.00 374.00 4,907 18,461 New 357.25 +1.75 361,50 355.00 607 2,993	Mar 1383 +6 1388 1380 2,413 34,016 Mar 1400 +5 1405 1398 839 9,836	Feb 17.050 -0.025 17.575 78.700 2,087 9,559 Apr 72,450 +0.2 73,050 72,100 459 3,709	
revious 1275-80 1300-06	Act 399.7 +4.1 5 ·136 Total	Jel 345.25 +2.75 348.00 342.50 877 11.221 Sep 349.00 +3.00 350.50 350.00 61 353	Jel 1418 +5 1422 1417 175 7,095 Sep 1435 +7 1436 1433 46 6,016	Jan 75.050 -0.05 75.300 75.800 309 3.652 Jai 73.400 +0.15 73.400 72.900 151 1.069	1 · ·
M Official 1260-63 1290-97	A PALLADIUM NYMEX (100 Troy oz.; S/broy oz.)	Dec 358.00 +5.00 360.00 359.00 - 185	Dec 1454 +7 11 258	Ang 70.300 - 70.400 70.000 116 901 Tetal 7,936 31,879	
Kerb close 1292-5 Open Int. 6,457	Dec 118.00 - 118.75 117.50 601 6,353 Mar 119.10 - 119.75 119.00 218 1,442	Total 14,316 \$1,803 M MAIZE CET (5,000 bu min; cants/56b bushel)	Total 5,823 77,485 COCOA (ICCO) (SDR's/tonna)	R PORK BELLIES CHE 140,000bs; cents/be)	
otal dolly turnover 1,309 I LEAD (5 per tonne)	Jan 120,20 - 120.00 120.00 71 216	Dec 258.25 +0.75 268.75 267.50 42,458 128,491	Nov 8 Price Pres. day	Feb 72.225 -2.25 74.950 72.150 1,813 4,703 Mar 71.975 -2.325 74.800 71,950 108 525	
103e 728-9 731.5-2.5	Total 138 SRLVER COMEX (5,000 Troy oz.; Centa/troy oz.)	New 271.75 +0.75 273.25 271.00 19,337102,726 New 276.25 +0.75 277.75 273.75 8,828 44,871	Daty 996.75	Bary 74.350 -1.9 75.800 74.000 33 457	
revious 741-2 743-4 igtvlow 726 735/727	Nov 488.2 +5.6 12 6	Jai 278.00 +0.75 280.75 278.79 9.242 36.348 Sep . 272.75 +0.75 278.00 273.50 86 4.408	COFFEE LIFFE (\$/tonne)	Jul 74.900 -0.375 75.850 74.800 40 338 Aug 72.400 +0.85 77.800 71.500 5 51	
M Official 726-6.5 728.5-9.0 arb close 732-3	Dec 489.3 +5.5 490.0 481.0 12,913 55.009 Jan 491.3 +5.5 26	Dec 270.75 -0.25 273.00 270.50 2,296 29,175 Total 82,340 347,783	New 1520 -21 1545 1515 388 3,143 Jan 1430 -31 1459 1422 3,989 17,088	Total 2,000 6,072	
Ipen Int. 39,608 Intel daily tumover 10,039	Har 496.1 +5.5 496.0 491.0 2,030 17,061 May 500.4 +5.5 499.5 496.0 105 6,674	BARLEY LIFFE (2 per torme)	Ner 1372 -22 1395 1366 671 8,642 Nery 1353 -21 1373 1350 113 4,503		
NICKEL (S per tonne)	Jul 504.6 +5.5 502.0 500.0 20 5.508 Total 15.354 94.822	Rev 82.00 +0.50 82.25 82.25 \$ 202 Jan \$3.00 +0.75 83.00 92.75 20 736	Jul 1356 19 1370 1380 71 554 See 1355 19 1360 1360 20 160	LONDON TRADED OPTIONS	
lose 7075-85 7190-95 revious 7165-75 7275-78		War 94.00 +0.50 94.00 94.00 - 217 May 95.50 +0.75 116	Tatai 4,372 34,128	Strike price \$ totale Calls Puts	
ligh/low 7065/7063 7210/7170 M Official 7063-5 7175-6		Sep 92.25 +0.25 1 Mar 94.25 +0.25 25	Dec 112.55 -5.30 128.00 117.50 3,447 0,045	(99.7%) LME Dec Mar Dec Mar	CROSSWORD
lerb close 7195-200		Total 32, 1,387	Ner 109,10 -2.75 112.25 106.60 2,902 13,192 May 105,95 -2.00 108.00 104.00 523 4,254	1400	No.9,223 Set by VIXEN
stal dolly turnover 9,383	ENERGY	SOYABEANS (ST 5,000b) min; cathfolio busini) New 680,00 -7.75 680,00 679,50 2,633 5,227	Jai 105.00 -2.40 107.20 104.00 105 1,184	1 800 1 20 159 154	
TRN (5 per tonne)	E CRUDE OIL NYMEX (1,000 barrels, \$/berrel)	Jan 577.00 -8.00 688.00 576.00 31,878 70,303	Dec 100.05 -3.20 102.00 101.50 31 464	(Grade A) LME Dec Mar Dec Mar 1900	
lose 5865-75 5915-25 revious 5885-95 5940-46	price change High Low Vot Int	Nine 676.50 -7.75 686.75 677.00 6,395 33,703 Niny 680.50 -7.25 690.00 679.50 1,996 17,916	Total COFFEE (ICO) (US cants/pound)	2000 87 115 34 121 2100 46 76 82 180	
ligh/low 5940/5910 M. Official 5855-60 5910-15	Dec 21.50 -0.09 23.84 23.37 50,481 74,849 Jan 23.36 -0.03 23.62 23.24 27,339 66,723	Joi 682,75 -7.00 692,00 682,00 3,962 15,761 Awg 681,00 -5.00 688,00 690,00 28 1,976	Nor 8 Prev. day	COFFEE LIFFE Jan Mar Jan Mar	
and close 5915-25 pen lmt. 16,501	Feb 23.00 -0.05 23.25 22.93 8.854 38.231 Mar 22.68 -0.04 22.90 22.59 3.588 24,747	Total 47,697 154,947 SOYABEAN OIL CET (80,0007bs: cants/b)	Comp. delly 100.25 100.64 15 dely average 95.32 \$5.08	1400	
otai daity tumover 4,418 I ZINC, special high grade (\$ per tonne)	Apr 22.35 +0.06 22.56 22.29 1,859 17,545 Mary 22.00 -0.08 22.20 21.85 733 12,729	Dec 22.75 -0.24 23.07 22.71 6.512 42.116	WHITE SUGAR LIFFE (SADATAS)	1500 24 25 94 153	11
Rose 1028-9 1050-1	Total 105,259 368,125	Jan 23.01 -0.23 23.31 23.00 4,422 23,480 Har 23.36 -0.23 23.66 23.42 2.667 20,105	Bec 307.7 +0.9 308.1 305.5 1,937 3,193	900 18 52 8 15	4
revious 1047.5-8.5 1068-9 Ngiviow 1030.5 1064/1051	Later Day's Dam	Nery 23.70 -0.21 23.96 23.73 554 10.943 Joi 24.00 -0.19 24.25 24.00 581 5.345	Mar 306.7 +1.0 307.3 304.5 1,808 14,542 Mar 306.8 +1.0 307.1 304.5 52 4,701	925 4 38 27 950 2 28 47 41	14
M Official 1030.5-31.0 1052-3 erb close 1059.5-60.0	price change fligh Low Vol , but	Ang 24.05 -0.20 24.25 24.20 19 1,426 Tatal 14.577 105,704	Aug 308.3 +0.9 308.6 305.0 245 2,074 Oct 302.4 +0.2 303.5 301.5 13 1,185	IPE Dec Jan Dec Jan	15 15 17
pen int. 86,185 tal daily tumover 16,521	Dec 23.12 +0.14 23.31 22.37 13,077 46,882 Jan 22.77 +0.17 22.95 22.62 8,249 50,234	SOYABEAN MEAL CET (100 tons: S/ton)	Dec 301.1 -2.1 308.0 305.4 13 324 Total	2200 - 121 - 47	18
COPPER, grade A (S per tonne)	Feb 22.27 +0.17 22.43 22.17 1,976 27,573 Mar 21.75 +0.15 21.90 21.65 1,135 28,851	Dec 228.7 -2.9 230.4 228.5 12,307 34,888 Jan 219.1 -2.9 223.3 219.0 6,525 18,884	. SUGAR 11' CSCE (112,000/bs; cents/bs)	2300	19 20 21
evicus 2085-88 2011-13 evicus 2100-02 2024-5	Apr 21,23 +0.11 21.42 21.15 565 9,541 Mary 20,88 +0.02 20,92 20,96 307 4,978	Mar 213.4 -3.1 217.5 213.3 5.854 20.360 May 208.5 -3.8 213.5 209.8 1.705 10.450	Ner 10.55 +0.02 10.57 10.49 7,377 86,160 May 10.61 +0.03 10.53 10.57 1,766 30,028	LONDON SPOT MARKETS	23
gh/low 2161/2061 2015/1966 M Official 2061-2 1991-2	Tatal MEATING CR. XMM8( (42,000 US galls; c/US galls)	Jul 206.0 -3.4 212.5 208.0 1,310 6,334 Amp 208.0 -3.2 212.0 209.5 64 1,417	Joi 10.53 +0.03 10.55 10.49 976 19,297 Oct 10.52 +0.02 10.54 10.49 479 11.521	Dubel \$20,83-0,98x +0.440	
vo clese 2011-12 en int. 164,769	Latest Day's Open	Total 28,244 92,315	Mar 10.54 +0.04 10.54 10.51 88 3,794 May 10.52 +0.03 10.52 10.52 18 803	Erent Elent (dated) \$22,63-2.67 +0.485 Brent Elent (Dec) \$23,06-3.12 +0.535	
tal dely tumover 68,360	price change High Low Vol int Dec 68.95 +0.02 70.15 68.60 17,316 39,003	Har 54.0	Table 10,685152,100	W.T.I. \$23,52-3,55x +0,425 OL PRODUCTS MWEprompt delivery CF (burne)	
LMR AM Official 2/\$ rate: 1.8471 LMR Cioning 2/\$ rate: 1.8520	Jan 66,70 +0.02 69,90 68,50 7,341 34,596 Feb 67,25 +0,17 68,20 68,80 3,931 17,032	Apr 72.0 +2.9 72.0 70.0 65 1,315 May 80.4 +2.9 17	Dec 70.72 -0.59 71.10 70.35 3.577 21.885	Premium Gesoline \$231-233	28 23
ok 1.6465 3 miles 1.6432 6 miles: 1.6388 A miles: 1.6343	Mar 64.65 +0.07 65.50 64.50 1,002 9,613	Jun 90.4 +2.8	Mar 72.78 -0.63 73.15 72.61 1.881 15.234 May 74.08 -0.57 74.40 73.81 373 9.361	Gas Oli \$222-223 +1.5 Heavy Fuel Oli \$129-114 +3	
HIGH GRADE COPPER (COMEX)	Apr 51.25 +0.02 62.10 60.90 281 5,437 May 58.90 +0.17 59.50 58.90 113 3,105	Total 85 1,340	Jul 74.85 -0.62 75.20 74.53 74 5.755 Oct 75.40 -0.25 75.60 75.50 21 1.255	Naphtha \$222-225 +2.5	ACROSS DOWN 1 Cut down when appropriate 1 Stop allowing a right to a
Setil Day's Open	Tutal 30,447 128,248 GAS OIL PE (\$/tarms)	Rev 1558 +16 1560 1590 38 357	Dec 75.26 -0.27 75.50 75.25 287 4,773	Diesel \$231-233 +1	(8) break (6)
price change High Low Vel Int 96.05 +0.25 96.20 96.00 390 2.591	Sett Day's Open	Dec 1510 +30 1515 1498 131 588	Tebit 6,188 58,745 ORANGE JUICE NYCE (15,000bs: carts/ba)	I NATURAL GAS (Pence/therm)	5 Small organisation with a large quantity of Russian plaints, relatively speaking
ec 85.60 +1.25 95.90 94.10 0,244 22,054 94.10 +1.25 94.30 93.60 60 1,850	artics change High Low Vol Int New 220,50 +0.75 226,50 220,25 6,781 17,428	Jan 1451 +31 1451 1430 133 1,865 Apr 1460 +35 1460 1445 38 653	New 107.30 -4.95 112.00 107.50 701 3.833	Bacton (Dec) 14,85-5.16 Petroleum Argus, Tel, London (0171) 359 8782	currency (6) (6)
6 93.20 +1.35 93.20 93.20 160 1,062	Dec 211.50 +0.50 217.00 211.50 9,887 24,738	Jel 1200 +15 1200 1200 10 226 Oct 1320 +5 34	Jan 100.35 +2.70 100.58 97.65 936 9,679 Mer 103.30 +3.00 102.30 100.80 376 5.179	OTHER	fall (8) cerning blame (6)
91.70 +1.35 91.70 91.70 63 553	Feb 203.25 +2.25 206.25 203.25 643 8,713	Total 350 1,743 Close Prev	Mary 108.13 +2.95 106.00 104.00 80 1,257 Jol 108.65 +3.45 108.90 106.90 32 652	Gold (per troy oz) - \$380.55 +1.95 Szver (per troy oz) - 487.00c +5.5	10 Remove obstruction 4 Cheating by using a non- dumped in a river (6) electric tool (10)
12,847 58,789	Mar 196.50 +2.25 199.50 196.50 151 6.379 Apr 190.00 +2.50 192.25 169.75 57 4,558	BFI 1502 1477	Sep 110.00 +2.60 109.95 109.95 1 251 Total 3,957 18,704	Plathum (per troy oz.) \$386.00 +4.5 Paladium (per troy oz.) \$117.00 +1.0	11 Covered outbuilding hold- 6 Through with the players
RECIOUS METALS	Tatal		and the second	Copper 102.0¢	ing in the warmth (8) and that's not very bright! 12 Fools accepting credit for (8)
LONDON BULLION MARKET	NATURAL GAS WHEX (10,000 mmBu.: ShemBu.)	FUTURES DATA All futures data supplied by CMS,		Tin (Kusis Lumpur) 14.70r	rejects (6) 7 Tea-lover maybe, getting a lift from it (8)
nices supplied by N M Rothschild)	Latert Day's Open price change High Low Vot list	As IOWAS GREE SELECTED BY CARS.		Tin (New York) 274,50 -2.0 Cattle (Into weight) 104,01p +4.53*	staff (10) 8 Hold on to account as a
old(Troy czj \$ price £ aquiv SFr aquiv losa 380,70-381.00	Dec 2.720 +0.051 2.745 2.696 14.412 37,175 Jan 2.730 +0.055 2.750 2.705 5,771 26.971		VOLUME DATA	Sheep (ive weight) 137.37p +12.64	is reading about medicine reminder (8)
pening 378.60-379.90 oming fix 379.75 230.361 490.574	Feb 2.480 +0.082 2.490 2.450 2.298 14,641	Tea	Open Interest and Volume data shown for contracts tracted on COMEX, NYMEX, CBT,	100 day water band \$253.60 40.30	criticism (10) queen's head? (10)
Itempon for 380.50 230.942 479.202 ay's High 380.80-381.10	Apr 2.085 +0.035 2.100 2.085 129 6.534	The Tee Broker's Association reports, good general demand. Landed quality Assams	NYCE, CME, CSCE and PE Crude Oil are one day in amars, Volume & Open Interest	Lon. day sugar (wte) \$312.60 Barley (Eng. 1860) \$100.4	resulting in stress (6) 15 Rush to rook some eggs (8)
y's Low 375.50-379.80	Mary 2.025 +0.033 2.025 2.010 477 5,703 Total 25,100 147,544	acid well with a top price of 200 pence for the best. Others showed an easier tan-	totals are for all traded months.	Write (US No3 Yellow) 127.0 Write (US Dark North) Ung	23 Incensed about deck being doing nothing whatsomer
evicus close 378,70-379.10 Ico Lan Mesa Gold Lending Rates (Vs US\$)	I UNLEADED GASOLINE	dency following quality, Brightest East Afri-		Rubber (Dec) \$ 80.76p	24 Defence put out, by a lie (6) 17 Turns and as user behave
month3.15 \$ months3.32 months3.06 12 months3.39	NYMEX (42,000 US galls.) Latest Day's Open	cans often appraciated upto 5 pence with all mediums fully firm to deerer. Offshore good demand at firm rates. Ouotations:	INDICES	Rubber (Jan) \$ 90.75p Rubber (KLRSS No1) \$21.0z -0.5	25 They're all for viewers badly (8)
months	price change High Low Yol int	isoriari hast available 200p/let about 130p/ 1	Beuters (Base: 18/9/31 = 100)	Coconut OI (Phil)S \$770.0v +5	26 The man wanting a little 19 A historian getting up to
ver Fix p/troy oz. US cts equilv. ot 2\$3,35 483.50	Dec 64.50 -0.77 67.25 64.10 18,051 23,780 Jan 63.05 -0.51 64.20 62.85 8,016 18,069	kg., good medium 118p/kg., medium 112p/ kg., jow medium 98p/kg., The highest price	Nov 11 Nov 8 month ago year ago 1862.2 1862.2 1876.7 2151.8		modern establishment (6) 20 The woman who's always
manths 297,40 489,20 months 301.60 494,85	Pub (22.900.26 63.70 62.65 2.009 6.542 New 63.150.33 63.90 63.10 414 3.458	pd.	CRS Futures (Base: 1967 = 100)	Cotton Outlook'A' index 75.20	accommodation (8) 21 Waters on time (6)
year \$11.05 507.50	Apr 65.10 -0.30 65.85 65.10 787 2,631	1. 1	Nov 8 Nov 7 month ago year ago 239,72 238.74	Woohops (54a Super) 398p 7 million and a strate a parcellal, a catter a	
iold Colma S price £ squiv. Srugemand 378-380 229-237	Nimy 63.90 - 63.90 63.80 335 1,271 Tatal 30,442 55,994		Nov 8 Nov 7 month ago year ago	r mogeling, m Malayelan tananing, s Det v NowDec z Nov V London Physical, § Car Robardam, § Bulkon market	Solution to Saturday's prize puzzle on Saturday November
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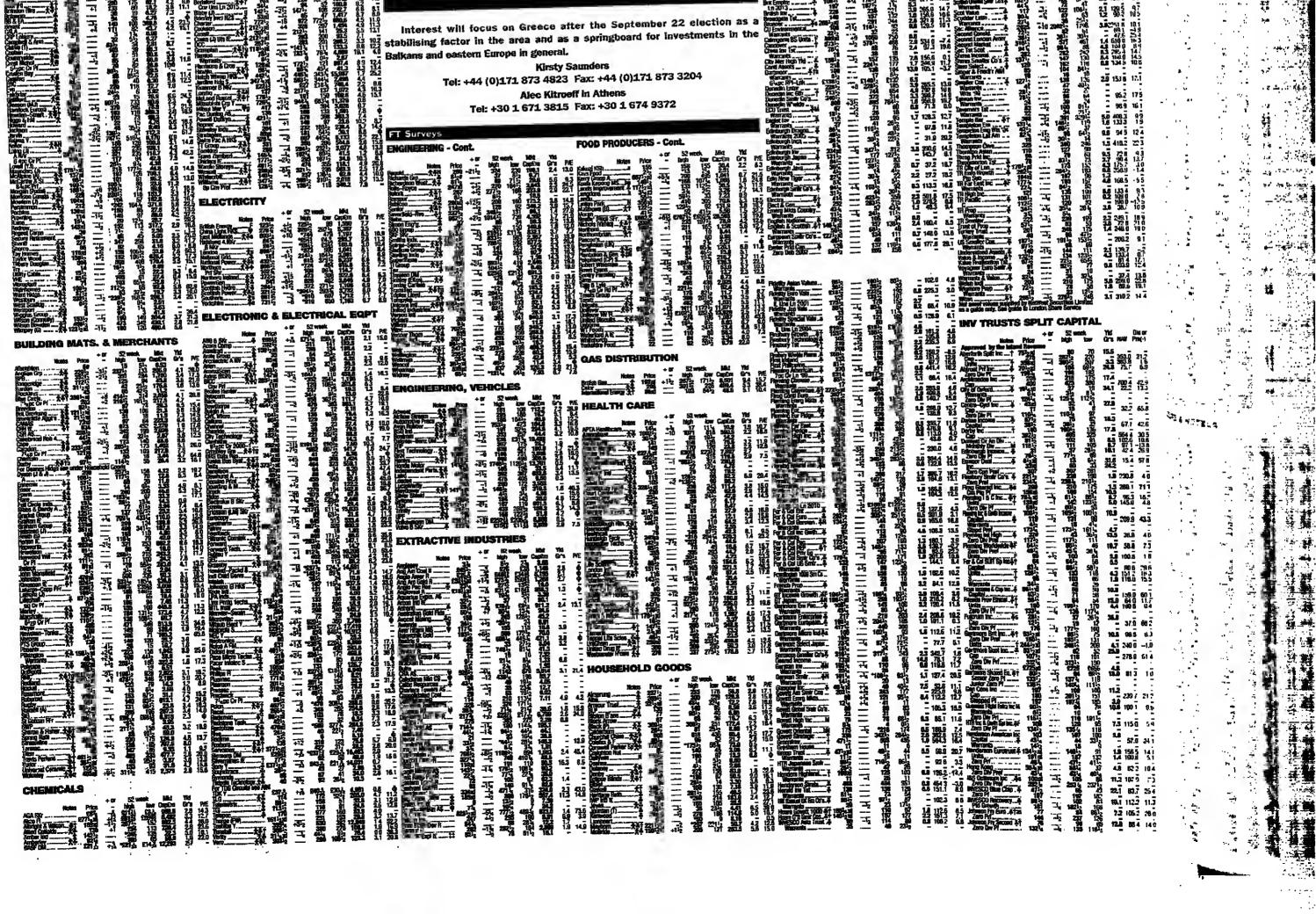
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FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996 1 LONDON SHARE SERVICE ABL - Cont. TEXTILES & APPAREL · · · · LIFE ASSURANCE PAPER , PACKAGING & PRINTING - Cost. RETAILERS, FOOD - Cont. 
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### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

### Another Wall Street record lifts UK stocks

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### MARKET REPORT

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By Steve Thompson, UK Stock Market Editor

UK stocks scrambled their way back from an early bout of weakness to end a relatively quiet session modestly higher on balance helped once again by a powerful opening performance by Wall Street and a strong showing by global bond markets.

The latter raced to another all-time intraday high minutes after the start of trading, driven by a good showing by oil stocks, which responded to a spate of sie 3.9 higher at 3.914.7, but there cold weather across the east coast of the US.

hour or so of trading that London's FTSE 100 index managed to move Into positive territory, having spent most of the session fretting about the potential for further rises in UK interest rates.

Earlier in the day, London had reacted quite violently to the October producer prices data. which showed a surprisingly high 0.5 per cent increase in producer input prices. This number, however, was quickly revealed as being influenced by the recent

uptick in oil prices. The close of trading saw Footwas less success for the secondline stocks where the FTSE 250

But it was only during the last settled only 0.2 ahead at 4.395.8. The SmallCaps fared better with that index gaining 0.9 to 2,159.7. Marketmakers remained sceptical of the market's ability to remain above the 3,900 level in as the dewnside is limited." the short term, but said London would march in tune with Wall He said that, for those prepared Street. One dealer was extremely to take a longer perspective, prewary of the US market and said: emptive policy action points to

lowsr inflation in the medium "Wall Street is flying on nitrous oxide at the moment. It could term and a strong underpinning from gilts in the second half grind to a balt and go the other of 1997. way at any moment." Soma strategists see opportuni-The absence of the muchtles in the UK market after its recent 150-points plus setback from its October 21 closing high.

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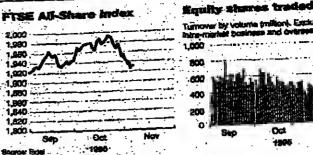
rumoured takeover bid for East Midlands Electricity did not prevent the shares from moving up Noting the impact on the strongly. Traders took the view equity market of tha recent interthat a bid from Dominion £1.44bn

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est rate rise and the strength of Resources would eventually sterling. Mr Bob Semple, UK materialise and that any offer equity market strategist at Nat- would attract the attentions of a West Securities, said: "If the mar-ket falls further from current levwhite knight Houston of the US and Severn Trent, the UK water els, we would be looking to buy, utility, were said to be interested in a counter-bid.

Big options trading ahead of Friday's interim figures drove Railtrack to the top of the FTSE 100 performance league while a buy note from Crédit Lyonnais Laing lifted ICI. The day's two newcomers, Majestic Wine and Scottish Highland Hotels, both made good market debuts.

Turnover at 6pm was a poor 492.8m shares while customer trading on Friday was worth



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Best performing sectors

FTSE 100

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### Options boost for **Railtrack**

By Joel Kibazo, Steve Thompson and Lisa Wood

General institutional buying and a deal in the traded options sector boosted Railtrack Group, which reports interim figures later this week.

The partly paid shares gained nearly 5 per cent as they jumped 13 to 289p, making them the best perform-ing stock in the FTSE 100 index. Volume was 3.7m.

The day's activity included an options trade said to have been carried out by Monument Securities. The broker is believed to have been the buyer of the December 300 calls

**Railtrack shares have been** company came to the market in May. Having started trading at 200p, the stock hit an all-time high of 302.5p on September 27 and revisited that peak at the begining of October, before a bout of profit-taking and the recent slide in the market sent it down to more modest levels.

Railtrack is expected to report figures around the £145m mark and one analyst said: "What we will be looking for are signs that the transition from the public sector to the private sector is running smoothly."

Oil stocks made rapid December delivery raced up 80 cents to around \$23 a barrel in the wake of the cold weather in the UK and, more importantly, across the east coast of the US. News of a strike by Venezuelan oil workers was also seen as a bullish factor

behind the rise in prices. One senior oil analysts said oil at \$23 a barrel was "great news for the oil major bulls". Many oil analysts have factored in average oil prices of around \$18 for 1997. Shell was by far the best

individual performer in the oil sector and took fifth place in the FTSE 100 performance league, closing a net 19% stronger at 987p, with analysts adopting the view that the stock had been heavily oversold following the third-ouarter figures.

BP also attracted keen interest, the shares settling a net 51/2 firmer at 6501/4p. exdividend. Enterprise Oil moved np 6 to 552%p.

BSkB fell 7 to 515p after strong performers since the media reports that it could suffer regulatory worries with Oftel, the telecoms watchdog, due to take over regulation of the satellite broadcaster next year when it switches to digital technology.

A note from Lebman Brothers on BSkyB gave an "underperform" recommendation. It said that despite the recent decline in BSkyB the shares remained overval ued. "Our fair value for BSkyB's shares is 481p, 16 per cent below the [then prevailing] market level," said Lehman Brothers, which added that it was positive on progress as Brent crude for future growth, but that the

important issue was value.

Utilities remained a talking point, although a much-rumoured dawn raid for East Midlands failed to materialise. US utility Dominion Resources had been expected to launch its £1.2bn-plus bid for the East Midlands, which

it has admitted it is keen to acquire. No bid was announced. Interest in the stock remained and the sbares gained another 10 to 60314p with talk late in the session suggesting the antic-

ipated raid may be on the cards for today. In the rest of the sector. Northern Ireland were wanted and the shares jumped 15 to 3721/2p in light volume. Dealers suggested renewed interest had triggered a squeeze in the stock. on speculation that the

group will soon be listed on

### FT 30 INDEX

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Such a listing could lead to very beavy demand for stock, particularly from some of the leading Irish institutions seeking to adjust their portfolio weightings. A broker's recommendation cheered ICL, helping the shares bounce 10 to 767/Ap. The team at Crédit Lyonnais

index.

favours the stock and, in a note to clients, said: "On most valuation parameters, ICI looks good value. As well as a substantial yield premium, the stock trades at a wide discount on price/sales and on enterprise value. The ungeared balance sheet presents the possibility of earnings-enhancing acquisitions

or a share buy-back." In the rest of the transport sector, interim figures from UK airports group BAA came in at the bottom end of the Dublin stock market market expectations and and become a component prompted a series of profit

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Nov 11 "Data based on Equity shares listed on the London Share Service

brokers. The shares relinquished 6 to 496p in trade of 2.6m UBS was among the list of brokers that reduced its profits estimates, cutting its figure by £15 to £445m for the full year.

was steadied by comments from the company that it did not believe it would be included in any future Labour government's plans for a windfall tax.

Capital Radio fell 16 to 577%p as the market deliberated on its £51m purchase of My Kinda Town, the restaurant chain, which climbed 20 to 187p.

Analysts said that investors were a little cautious about the radio station's prospects in the US. move. The group's results were described as "reassuring" by one analyst.

Emap climbed 27% to 750p after interim results which pleased the market. One analyst said the results had re focused the market's attention on the publishing group's fundamentals. Recently Emap has been

involved in a boardroom disagreement Allied Domecq fell 161/2 to 468p following press reports that it will not announce any plans with today's results either to demerge its

operations or undertake a substantial restructuring. Allied had risen last week amid the demerger talk. Airtours softened 7% to

6621/2p on continuing concerns over an investigation by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission, announced last week, into the the UK

Ladbroke was the second best performer in the FTSE 100, hardening 5 to 194p. The group is expected to give a trading update on Thursday when the news is expected to be positive, with the only

#### losses resulting from the recent day at Ascot when Mi Frankie Dettori won seven

Majestic Wine made a Jun sparkling market debut, closing at 204%p, a 44%p premium to its placing price of Dec 160p per share.

Scottish Highland Rotels checked in to the stock market at 137%p after a 125p per

share placing. A number of building stocks were among the best performers in the FTSE 100. with Wolseley gaining 9% to Calls 4,944 Pols 5.872 455p and Blue Circle rising 8 to 386%p.

HSBC James Capel reiterated "buy" recommendations on the stocks with the bro-ker said to be bullish about

## Calls 4,268 Ports 6,063 \* Un

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old Misser Index I Regional India Idea (13) Intheticale (1) Intheticale (1)	*		2 +1	8 2024.30	2429.02 2245.39 1609.72		0	35.10 20,63 54,50	292	734 2	532,70 506,75 1596,25	Chubb Costs Viye

#### FUTURES AND OPTIONS (APT) IL FISE 100 INDEX FUTURES (UFFE) £25 per full index point Est vol Open mt. Open Set price Change High Low 5710 50 0 57429 3829 1783 3901.0 3930.0 +3.0 +3.0 +3.0 3925.0 3930.0 3922.0 3937.5 3953.0 IL FISE 250 INDEX FUTURIES (LIFFE) \$10 per full index point 4193 4425.0 +0+0 00 IL FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LIFFE) (3813 ) £10 per tul index point 3750 3800 3850 3900 3950 4000 4050 4100 C P C</t ELIRO STYLE FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LIFFE) \$10 per full index point

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TRADING VOLUME



travel industry.

downgrades from several races in a row. Sentiment in the stock

### WANT THE GOOD NEWS?



# **OR THE BAD NEWS?**



It just doesn't add un es than it can ever booe to clear. Unfortunately the problem isn't im mathematical one

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by anti-personael mines in 71 diff countries around the world. The weapons are in clear bre

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AND MINES MUST BE STUPPED

to be positive, with the or problem likely to come fr			for shie as	stion.						De Le Rue Deconst EMIT	505 212 1,200	580 <sup>1</sup> 2 547 <sup>1</sup> 2 1213 <sup>1</sup> 2	+10
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FISE SmallCap FISE SmallCap ex IT	2159.58 2162.12			9.91 2162.0 2.91 2165.0			1.68	25.10 62.1 22.60 66.1		HSBC (75p shaft Haromerson Haraont	253 10 15,600	377	-24
FISE Al-Share	1830.89		9,51 1828	5.79 1940.2	28 1736.8	Z 3.85	1.01	18.95 74.5	9 1668,96	Harrisons Crostield Hays Histodowey	1252	126 51519 17812	+1k 42k
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10 MINERAL EXTRACTION(34)	3755.02	+1.1 371	2.89 3672	.50 3689,2	2 2826.5	2 3.79	1.71	19.30 142.7	3 1645.88	ICIT Imperial Tobacco† Inchcape	1,500 5,200 749	76712 35812 27312	+10 -7 +1
12 Extractive industries(6) 15 Ot, integrated(3)	4022.52 3890.68			.66 4068,5			2.86	11.85 182.0 20.31 154.3		Johnson Masthey Kingfishert	1,600	573	-
16 Oil Exploration & Prod(15) 20 GEN INDUSTRIALS(275)	2774.94 2001.15			1.08 2754.7		_	1.71	39.23 52.9	_	Kwik Save Lackrolut Land Securitiest	515 2,300 483	32012	45
21 Building & Construction(34) 22 Building Matie & Mercha(29)	1192.75	-0.1 119	3.76 1190	.54 1 168,2	1 957.5	8 3.55	1.47	17.50 76.6 24.03 39.0	5 1015.93	Lapone	156	F10 709 305	-2 -2 -3
23 Chemicals(25)	2380,29	+0.4 237	0.54 2378	1969.5 151 2391.9	6 2366.3	4 4.26	1.41	21.30 74.8 20.25 86.1	4 1147.39	Lloyds Abbey Lloyds TBB† LASMO†	1,100 2,200 1,600	379 20012	2422
24 Diversified Industrials(19) 25 Electronic & Elect Equip(36)	1406.08	+1.1 226	1,50 2276	1.52 1437.8 1.91 2303.0	3 2125.3	1 3.48	1.61	10.82 89.4 24.85 64.1	5 1205.60	London Ellet	718	137	+1 -2
25 Engineering(71) 27 Engineering, Vehicles(14)	2592.72	-0.8 319	5.00 3204	1.37 2610.7 1.25 3235.6	7 2548.8	8 2.16	2.26	17.55 72.5 21.42 102.5	1875.97	Licentiverby† MEPC	2,400 157 57	248 423 <sup>1</sup> 2 197	-12 2
28 Paper, Pokg & Printing(28) 29 Textiles & Apparel(18)	2556.74 1150.51			16 2558.8 48 1158.8			1.84	16.81 92.2 17.27 53.3		Marks & Spancert Marcury Amet Man Monteon (Wm.)	8,000 340 915	4542d 1125 157 <sup>1</sup> 2	+34
30 CONSUMER GOODS(82) 32 Alcoholic Beverages(3)	3676.21 2710.51			.89 3660.7			1.92	16.50 132.9		Nativest Rendet	813	1571 <sub>2</sub> 185 668	1922
33 Food Producers(25) 34 Household Goods(15)	2583,89 2728.76	+0.5 257	7.31 2520	.04 2631.3	4 2465.7	2 4.20	1,79	16.59 88.7	3 1191.50	Netional Gridt	3,300 4,100 1,500	187	- 1
35 Heelth Care(15) 37 Phermaceuticals(14)	1915.16 5691,13	+0.1 191	2.48 1932	11 1955.0	9 1925.2	3.11	1.97	20.45 54.4 20.67 172.1	0 1180.88	Northern Bect. Northern Foode	577 365 418	432 <sup>1</sup> 2 540 805 <sup>1</sup> 2 198 <sup>1</sup> 2	-512 +1 +1
35_Tobecco(2)	3543.31	-0.3 355	5.69 3551	A8 3525.0	4 4551.8	2 7.32	2.13	8.02 262.0		Persont	16,600 890 963	171	-112
40 SERVICES(253) 41 Distributors(30)	2544.72 2690.58	289	2.01 2882	88 2564.7	5 2620.2	1 2.96	1,98	21.52 75.9 20.78 80.0		P&Ot Plidingtont PowerGent	3,100	58912 155123d 541	+1 +2% -5%
42 Laisure & Hotels(25) 43 Medie(45)	3160.59 4233.57	-0.1 429	6.24 4245	16 3165.1	0 3424.8	0 2.16	2.05	22.28 173.0 27.91 92.0	4 1549.61	Provident Preside Provident Preside	1,500 296 1,500	6951-	-12
44 Retailers, Food(14) 45 Retailers, General(45)	1982.01 2082.46		2.23 2068	157 1993.5 16 2063.7	1 1804.2	5 3.17	2.91	13.66 70.3	4 1201.92	RECAM	517 140 2,000	490 449 340 101242	-212
47 Brewaries, Pubs & Hest.(21) 48 Support Services(50)	3091.64 2593.89	+0.3 258	9.56 2595	187 3157.5 190 2598.5	2 1835.2	5 1.90	2.00	18.59 68.2 28.44 48.3		RTZ† Pacal Ratrack†	2,000 1,500 3,700 1,700	92612	+610 +5
49 Transport(23) 60 UTTL/Tresidan	2555.55			.58 2544.8			1.16	28.22 82.3	8 1085.68	Rank Groupt Reckitt & Comant	1,700	289 41512 772	+13 -8 +11
62 Electricity(12) 64 Gas Distribution(2)	2515.52 1307.75	-0.1 251	8.89 2511	.16 2516.0	3 2873.5	D . 6.55	2.21	6.62 429.1	7 1382.14	Recland† Read Ind.† Signtowit	572 285 1.500	42012 1116 40012	+1 +1 +1 +1
65 Talecommunications(5) 88 Water(11)	1995.67	-0.5 201	1.61 2017	.39 2036.8	0 2046.3	4 4.03	1.51	20.54 50.3	2 928.90	Role Roycet Royal & Sun Alicet	2,800	746	•16 •12
69 NON-FINANCIALS(867)	2020.10			42 2026.4			1.82	17.72 79.8		Royal Bk Scotland† Salleway† Sallebury†	285 1,500 2,800 1,800 899 318 1,200	415 48232 35412	1222
70 FINANCIALS(103) 71 Benies, Recalles	3248.85 4865,43			00 3291.0			2.36	12.96 124.8		Schoolerst Schoolerst Scottish & New.†	549 68 518	349md 13/1 63012	4
72 Banks, Merchant(6) 73 Insurance(21)	3696.72 1531.80	-0.1 369	9.67 3702	45 1562.4	7 3507.3	0 2.82	2.81	15.80 95.6	0 1190.00	Scot. Hydro-Elect. Scotligh Pawert	234	38412	+112
74 Life Assurance(7) 77 Other Financial(20)	3718.81 2885.55	+0,3 370	5.94 3711	.72 3747.8	9 3243.5	5 4.15	1.78	16.75 151.0	1 1580.26	Sedgwick Sedgwick	1,200 3,300 1,500 680	87 123	<b>يا</b> م
78 Property(41)	1655.24			00 1651.8			1.79	17.21 88.2 25.48 49.8		Shell Trateport	2.600	62812 967	+1942
80 INVESTMENT TRUSTS(120) 89 FTSE All-Sharo(8969	3129.51	_	_	40 3132.0			1.12	49.29 62.3		Shough Ents Smith (W.H.)	104	96212 24312 44812	+1
FTSE Fiedging	1930.86 1215.67	121	5.76 1217	.79 1940.2 .98 1221.5	3 1087.1	7 2.84	0.64	16.95 74.54 68.34 31.44		Smith & Mephewit Smith Boschemit Smithe Inde.†	1,300 1,500 494	17912 784 mil 776 lg	+1 •J
FTSE Fledging ex IT	1228.59	122	8.36 1231	.43 1235.1	4 1089.5	7 3.03	0.58	73.32 34.3	5 1304.43	Southern Elect	51 74	5775	-3
E Hourty movements										Standard Chartol.† Stansbourge T&N	1,300 209 1,700	28.1	-73
Open 9,00 FTSE 100 3907.5 3904.		11.00	12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	16.1		Low/day	Ti Group† Tarmac	278	1271	1. (s. ) 1. (s. )
FTSE 250 4398.2 4396.	5 4395.1	3905.9 4396.5	3904.A 4396.D		3903.5 4395.0	3903.1 4394.8	3913, 4395,		3896.5 4394.5	Tote & Lyte† Teylor Woodrow TeleWest Commo	345	46312 75912 12012	1
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CDes 9.00										United Bisculta	580 1.900	135812	+17
		68.3 116	_					Previous		United Unitiest	244 1,800 880	2051 86912 68112	3
Pharmaceuticle 5584.6 5585.0		S1.0 558	4.0 5584	.8 5584.	2 5588.	5514	2 5618	.0 5603.6	+14.4	Webser Water	1,400	743	-1
Banks, Retail 4738.2 4734.3	4715.5 47	23,6 471	8.4 4719	.6 4712.	3 47131	4724	3 2198 5 4725	0 4748.0	~11.7	Within the t	1,400 963	36312 72135 34715	1
For further information on the FTSE The FTSE Actuaries Share indices a Interactional in contraction with the										Wills Compon Wingpey Wolseley† Yorkshire Elect	287 1,800 1,300	12312	•1 -113 +019
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not shown ‡ Values are negative. D (FTSE 250); Nurdin & Peacock (44) & Centerioral INSPECT THIS FIRST 251	(FISE Sm	Capi; TD	S Circuit	a (FTSE			0			anatom unmenter total	micodu (	IN SEAG	
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	Highs & Lows shown on a 52 week ba	sis WORLD	STOCK MARKETS	+/- 1946 Law Till 1941 States
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	Caster         Stor         Total         Stor	automotive component systems, Rockwell is world class.	Barder	100         -100 <th< th=""></th<>
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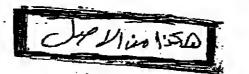
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

## FINANCIAL TIMES Tuesday November 12 1996

FTSE Eurotrack 100 FTSE Eurotrack 200

## **Dow heads** for another record high

after announcing that they

\$28%. The stock deal is val-

bad agreed to merge.

close on Friday.

\$1.7bn in stock.

the gains.

composite index was up 12.44

\$74%.

### AMERICAS

38

US investors took a pause for breath after last week's strong rally, leaving share prices flat to modestly cent, at \$12%, while Bergen higher in quiet trading, writes Lisa Bransten in New York.

Activity was quiet yesterday as the hond market lvax of about \$1.9bn at the remained closed in observance of Vsterans' Day.

At 1 pm, Dow Jones Industrial Average was 31.31 stronger at 8,251.13, on course to pass the record it set on Friday. Meanwhile, the Standard & Poor's 500 edged up 0.75 at 720.65 passing the peak it set on Friday. The American Stock Exchange composite slipped 3.24 at 578.15. Volume on the NYSE was light at 192m

shares. Blue chip companies in the Dow got a boost from the cootinned demand for shares in name-brand multinational companies.

Rising sbares in the Dow included Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing, \$11/4 stronger at \$81¼, Philip Morris, up \$11/2 at \$99. and Sears, which added \$1% at \$50%.

Technology sbares wsre mostly flat. The Nasdaq composite, which is weighted toward that sector, was 0.95 stronger at 1,258.46. while the Facific Stock Exchange technology index advanced 0.3 per cent. Elsewhere, merger activity moved some shares.

Both Ivax, a generic drugs cents to C\$34.20. Canadian company, and Bergen Brun-Pacific lost 30 cents to swig, a drug distributor, fell C\$35.35.

### Caracas moves up 2%

CARACAS moved steadily trading in spite of a good higher during the morning initial sbowing on Wall session as the book-building for the flotation of CANTV. the state telecoms group, entered its last full week.

"There are signs that bargain hunters have begun to re-enter the market," said one dealer. At midsession, the IBC index was showing an advance of 2 per cent, up 116.54 at 5.955.27 BUENOS AIRES showed

val index was a modest 0.51 firmer at 579.87 at noon. MEXICO CITY made a solid start to the morning session. Early local election results went against the rul-ing party, but traders said the atmosphere remained calm. At midsession, the IPC index was np 26.00 at

little change during early 3,373.66.

**Financials support advance in Amsterdam** 

Olivetti EUROPE A number of strong individual stock perfor-:120 mances pushed AMSTER-DAM comfortably ahead on a day of generally quiet trading for leading European bourses.

Dutch bonds moved sideways and the action in the Ivax, which also reported a futures pits was equally dull. wider than expected loss yes-But cash equities were in terday, lost \$3, or 19 per upbeat mood and at the close the AEX index was 0.7 shed \$4%, or 13 per cent, at per cent higher. It finished at 597.10. up 4.89. There was clear demand

ued at abont \$1.4bn, well selected financial stocks, below the market value of for while among industrials both KLM and Hoogovens

PHH, a real estate and car financing company, jumped Paris and Brussels were \$17%. or 56 per cent, to \$48 closed for Armistice Day on news that it had agreed

to be acquired by HFS, a car rental and hotel company. surged by more than Shares in HFS added \$% at 2 per cent. Talk of airline link-ups The deal is valued at about resurfaced at KLM and the shares jumped Fl1 to Tyson Foods, the poultry F1 42.20. Hoogovens added

producer, added \$2%, or 9 FI 1.70 to FI 63.50 after rival per cent. at \$31 after reportsteel group Preussag of Gering fourth-quarter earnings many announced price rises of 10 cents a share, a cent and confirmed that customer ahead of analysts' estimates. destocking in Europe had come to an end. TORONTO built on Friday's fresh peaks during a Ahead of Friday's interim morning session of low volresults, Aegon gained 70

5.91 to 622.57. cents to Fl 90.60 as optimistic umes. At noon, the TSE-300 broker forecasts ran around on the view that it would Analysts also reported

192 lose its "holding company" tag which had weighed on Share price and more rebaredthe stock. In New York, the ADRs rose \$21/4 to \$37%. Telem hore com Italia, however, slid 100 100/ L283 to L3.321, which, soms Come book

the markst and improved

Royal Dutch had a strong

day, advancing Fl 4.50 to

drinks group Bolswessanen.

boosted on Friday by take-

over talk, fell 40 cents to

MILAN was enlivened by

news of the planned merger

of Stet and Telacom Italia

and by Olivetti's plans to

seli a stake in Omnitel, but

the broad market was weak

and the Comit index gave up

0.86 down to 295.08.

Brokers said that bealthy

Interim earnings were not

wholly reflected in the mar-

ket because of the lack of

serious trading interest.

Toyota Motor's optimistic

parent forecast for the hust-

ness year was overpowered

Green Cross rose Y12 to

Mitsubishi Oil and Mitsui

Friday.

F11 to F157.20.

Fl 31.90.

analysts said. was unjustified because the operation was neutral- for the company. Analysts noted that the merger appeared to be aimed at maximising the proceeds

of the Stet privatisation, which was postponed until autumn 1997. 1996 Nov Olivetti, the troubled information technology group.

rose 5.8 per cent on news of its plan to sell part of its stake in the Omnitel mobile sentiment washed across the financial sectors geoerally. Fortis Amev gained 40 cents phone consortium to Germany's Mannesmann. Ths to F154.00 and ING added shares picked up L26.1 .to stock L478.7 as investors, also digested a report that Mr Carlo de Benedetti was F1277.80, but foods and

looking for a single buyer for his 48.1 per cent stake in Spain's Cofir. ZURICH derived strength from a firming tone in bonds

and early strength on Wall Street and the SMI index rose 15.6 to to 3,827.6, overcoming resistance at 3.825. Against the treod, Swiss Re slid SFr5 to SFr1,383 in the wake of the profit warnings from its German com-Stet jumped L330 to L5,674 petitor Muenchener Rueck.

THE EUROPEAN SERIES Nov 11 Open 10.30 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 Gase Hourly changes FTSE Eurotrack100 1788.90 1781.90 1785.88 1785.65 1785.45 1785.83 1787.81 1785.58 FTSE Eurotrack200 1830.36 1829.62 1829.70 1826.82 1828.49 1825.41 1825.82 1828.07

FTSE Actuaries Share Indices

Nov 8. Nov 7. . Nov 8 Nov 5 New 4 1767.53 1776.72 1775.56 1758.99 1747.59 1833.15 1824.37 1828.36 1815.49 1808.44 nam valam 1800 (2070)900; Higavilay. 100 - 1707/81, 200 - 1811,15 Lowing. 100 - 1702,79 200 - 1825 17 † Parilal 2 F126 papriment Lindow 1990. Al data mantad

switching out of Swiss Re the planned fund manageinto Zurich Insurance, which ment changes and Preussag rose SFT5 to SFT354. was also among the day's ABB added SFr11 to best movers adding DM5.05 SFr1.598 on news that it had to DM375 after a round of taken over GEC Meters from steel price rises. Munich Re eased DM65.00

Britain's General Electric. to DM3,730 after a press con-Fischer, the second-tier industrial group, rose SF139 ference on trading progress to SFTL300 as new, positive - that dealers described as par for the course. Strong results recommendations prompted from Fresenius Medical Care aggressive bnying of the hit a new high of DM143.80,

FRANKFURT drifted lower un DM7.70. Deutsche Telskom edged in dall turnover with most investors content to sit on lower in the grey market. dipping 25 pfg to DM33.25 the sidelines in what is seen as a busy and uppredictable after the telecoms giant increased the size of its flotaweek for US economic data ...

Chemical shares had a tion yesterday. Dealings poor day with Bayer, off start next Monday. At the close, the DAX more than 1 per cent and Schering sbedding 15 pfg to index stood at an Ibis-indi-DM124.10 in spite of strong. cated 2,730.44, down 1.85. nine-month earnings, But **HELSINKI** was boosted by Hankel, which puts out strong gains in Nokia on expectations of a good nineresults today, jumped DM1.40 to DM71.80. month earnings report from Dresdner Bank gained 49 ths telecommunications

group on Thursday. The Hex index rose 14.18 to 2,259.01 as pfg to DM43.38 following favourable press reaction to

Nokia A rose FM5.40 to close at a year's high of FM229.90 after a day's peak of FM232.20. The median of analysts' forecasts was for a nine-month profit of FM2.2bn.

7.50 1.50

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Kesko slid a further FM1 to FM64, its lowest level since June, following news last week that the EU was not satisfied with the company's proposal to sell Tuko Spar in an effort to win approval for its merger with Tuko.

VIENNA saw a Sch23 rise in EVN, the regional utility. to Sch1,547 on expectations that the company would report record full-year earnings today. The ATX index edged 2.89 higher to 1.073.09. Wolford, the luxury hosiery and lingerie maker. rebounded Sch94, or 7.4 per cent, to Sch1,364 after last week's weakness caused by lower than expected firsthalf sales.

ISTANBUL closed at a record high as third-quarter profit expectations supported some shares. The TMKB-100 index rose 863.53 to close at 84,6921,20 after profit-taking pulled the index back from the day's high of 85,481.

Written and edited by Michae Morgan and Jeffrey Brown

ing hed supported the mar-

recent sessions following the

dismissal of Ms Benazir

mond Jewellery 75 cents to

at 5,771.19 as energy stocks continued to underpin Telecom's 6.2% jump drives Hong Kong ahead inco added 20 cants to C\$42.20 and Alcan put on 15 cents to C\$44.60, hnt the ital-weighted Nikkei 300 was broad trend among indus-Dealers said short-cover-

### ASIA PACIFIC trial and financial sectors

was one of clear weakness. Speculativa demand for Hongkong Telecom lifted HONG KONG from early Northern Telecom came off 30 cents to C\$\$7.10. Royal Bank of Canada fell 45 cents lows and the Hang Seng to C\$46.85 and Torontoindex finished 20.70 higher Dominion Bank shed 30 at 12,771.86 after recovering from an 80-point tumble at the start of the day. Turn-

over remained robust at HK\$6.4bn, but was substantially off Friday's HK\$8.4bn. Hongkong Telecom rose 80 cents, or 6.2 per cent, to HK\$13.70 in turnover of HK\$367.2m after a newspaper report that Cable & Wire-

less of the UK was about to Street and across Latin by profit-taking. The shares lost Y30 to Y2.810 in heavy American markets. The Merreduce its stake. Most of the market's other trade while Isuzu Motors recent leaders underwent also fell, losing Y20 to Y588. some selling, auggesting that Y529 in response to news the index could pull tbat a number of banks back today.

The H share sector saw planned to provide financial especially heavy selling, while red chips, Chinese aid to the pharmaceuticals group companies incorporated in Hong Kong but with

Mining suffered after last operations in China, saw week's raids by prosecutors as part of a tax evasion strong buying interest.

The exchange said that it had received 26,000 orders to Declining issues beat seli 810,000 shares at their advances 573 to 447, while lower limit SHANGHAI's hard cur-211 issues were unchanged.

Volume was a modest 248m rency B share index finished shares against 399m on at a fourth successive all-time low as long-term in London, the ISE/Nikkei investors continued to liqui-50 index rose 1.07 to 1,435.81.

date their positions. Analysts sald foreign investors' confidence bad evaporated after a string of disappointing company results and in the face of ths failure by the authorities to add new sizeable and wellrun companies to the market as had been promised. The index fell 0.809 or 1.8 per cent to 44.803.

BANGKOK finished sharply lower in thin trade as investors took profits ahead of Sunday's general election.

At the close, the SET index was down 2.1 per cent at 947.28, a decline of 20.32, Volume was modest at Bt2.48bp.

gets in, the market could

test previous lows, so everybody is playing a waiting game." he said. Dealers said that the slug-

gisb trade could partly be attributed to a market hollday in Singapore. Telecom Asia fell Bt4 to Bt56 and National Finance lost Bt 3 to Bt54.50.

SYDNEY eased modestly in quiet trading. The All Ordinaries index closed down 4.0 at 2.358.1. Dealers said that interim

results from the banking sector would begin to emerge this week, although positive ket after its sharp swings in bank numbers bad mostly been factored in. ANZ gained 4 cents to A\$7.49.

Bhutto and her government. BHP was off 13 cents at MANILA ended an eight A\$16.57 and Nsws Corp day run up, closing with the dipped 4 cents to A\$7.13. main index off 43.03 at 3.046.97 on profit-taking. WELLINGTON closed little Ayala Land fell 1 peso to changed in quiet trading with the 40 capital index 28 pes closing off 4.84 at 2,330.05. **COLOMBO** was actively Among forestry sbares, traded with foreign buying clearly in evidence. Ceylon Carter Holt Harvey and Brewery rose almost 7 per **Pletcher Forest dipped 3** cent, adding SLRs2.25 to cents to NZ\$3.17 and NZ\$2.22

SLRs35.50. Recent export respectively, while Fletcher Paper eased 4 cents to incentives lifted Blue Dia-NZ\$2.54. KARACHI traded quietly SLRs13.50 and Dankotuwa Porcelain SLRs1 to SLRs30. ahead of economic measures

expected from the caretaker The all-shares index closed government. The 100 share up 5.53 at 628.64. index finisbed off its day's Bombay, Kuala Lumpur lows at 1,583.96, down 8.78. and Singapore were closed.

Ons broker forecast a difficult week ahead. "If the Democrats win, you've probably missed the bottom, and if the New Aspiration Party

MARKEIS		CSPE	CIIVE	
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	1 Week	4 Weeks	1 Year	Sourt of 1999	Start, of 1996	Start of 1996	
Austria	-0.31	+0.36	+13.00	+10.04	-1,28	+4.5	
Belgium	+1.80	+1.12	+22.55	+12.77	+0.89	+8.8	
Denmark	-0.06	+1.55	+26.30	+21.24	+9,45	+15.9	
Finland	+2.88	+2.81	+6.72	+24.21	+11.91	+18.5	
France	+3.33	+2.86	+21.06	+21.06	+9.71	+18.2	
Germany	+2.09	+1.81	+24.70	+19.28	+7.01	+13.3	
reland	+2.15	+0.11	+25.38	+21.39	+17.97	+24.9	
italy	+1.96	+4.17	+4.17	+2.28	=0.98	+6.9	
Notherlands	+0.01	+1.16	+32.03	+21.08	+8.46	+14.9	
Norway	+0.52	+0.98	+23.39	+17.84	+11.06	+17.6	
Spain	-4.29	+2.87	+34.27	+22.05	+10.25	+16.8	
Sweden	-0.85	+0.53	+26.88	+25.58	+18.08	+26.1	
Switzenland	0.07	+1.70	+21.55	+14.63	-1.87	+3.9	
UK	-2.82	-0.99	+10.54	+6.17	+6.17	+12.4	
EUROPE	-0.02	-0.87	+18.22	+13.58	+6.49	+12.8	
Australia	+1.04	+0.59	+10.28	+5.57	+5.56	+11.8	
Hong Kong	+2.82	+1.83	+29.66	+22.55	+15.67	+22.5	
Japan	+0.41	+1.32	+10.53	-0.19	-12.88	-7.7	
Malaysia	+2.75	+0.47	+31.05	+18.96	+13.22	+18.9	
New Zealand	+3.79	+0.63	+5.81	+6.68	+8.28	+15.7	
Singapore	+3.73	+3.28	+5.10	-4.25	-8.71	-3.2	
Canada	+6.19	+3.44	+28.93	+24.69	+20.81	+27.7	
USA	+3.81	+3.81	+22.38	+18.04	+11.42	+18.0	
Mexico	0.97	+2.93	+46.90	+19.50	+9.88	+16.4	
South Africa	-4.88	-3.28	+12.18	+8.41	-20.77	-18.0	
WORLD INDEX	+2.01	+2.22	+18.82	+12.47	+3.97	+10.1	

es Beijinj based oil dealer. The oil com-pany lost Y19 at Y811 while Land, listed on Friday, eased 17.5 cents to HK\$3.875, but was still at a sharp premium Mitsui Mining fell Y3 to the HK\$2.36 offer price. to Y512. There was a weak perfor-In Osaka, the OSE average

eased 4.60 to 21,642.44. SEOUL edged down as mance in TOKYO after the sharp gains posted at the end of last week, although profit-taking overwhelmed brokers noted that cash bargain hunting - prompted trades were fairly thin and by the view that the market had hit the bottom. The comthat futures-linked activity was largely responsible for posite stock index closed 1.29 fluctuations in the market, lower at 729.53 after a new Reuters reports. intraday low for the year of 720.01. The Nikkel 225 average

lost 135.96 to 21,065.08 after Shares of LG Semicon fluctuating between a high were quoted at their lower of 21,262.53 and a low of limit of Won29,000 before 21,033.24. The Topix index of trading was halted because all first-section stocks fell of the soaring number of sell 3.82 to 1,572.83 while the cap- orders received.

### S Africa stays on slide

Johanneshurg continued to industrials slid 98.9 to 41 slide as worries about 7,691.9. By comparison, 07 higher interest rates and golds were relatively steady, uncertainty over exchange 14 controls took a firm grip on sentiment. The overall index

South African Breweries lost R2 to R118.50 ahead of ame off 60.8 to 6,732.7 and tomorrow's interim results.

off 2.3 at 1,678.8.

### ET/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICE

ATIONAL AND EGIONAL MARKETS				V NOVE		1995				URSDAY	NOVEN	NER 7 1				
gures in parontheses	US	Day's	Pound			Local	Local	Gross	US	Found			Local			Yes
now number of lines	Dota	Change		Yen	DM	Currency		Div.		Staring	Yen	DM	Currency S	2 works	S. wank	000
stock	Index	*	Index	Index	Index		on day	Yield	Index	Index	Index	Index	Index	High		approx
ustralia (78)	212.51	1.2	191,56	149.85	166.38	179.37	0.7	4.24	209.89	188.96	148.28	164.53	178.18	216.14	179.98	183.35
ustria (24)		0.4	164.53	128.71	142.90	142.82	0.3	1.97	181.82	183.71	128,45	142.53	142.45	195.04	168.36	171.7
elgium (27)	223.53	0.3	201.49	157.81	175.00	171,17	0.1	3.90	222,87	200.67	157.45	174.71	170.92	223.53	183.77	194.50
nazii (28)		-1.6	182.48	127.10	141.12	341.64	-1.6	1.79	183.19	164.93	129.41	143.59	347.02	189.75	123.97	135.2
enecia (116)		0.6	171.08	133.83	148.59	182.91	0.6	1.97	188.82	169.83	133.26	147.85	181.86	189.80	143.78	144.5
enmark (30)	.334.85	0.1	301.83	236.11	262.15	263.89	-0.1	1.74	334.61	301.27	236.40	252.30	284.24		276.89	
inland (24)		1.1	199.91	156.38	173.62	211.75	1.0	2.37	219.34		154.95	171.94		226.54	171.73	222.18
rance (93)		-0.1	187.96	147 03	163.25	166.91	-0.2	2.92	208 78		147.48	163.64	166.94	208.78	157.70	179.7
ermony (58)		1.0	167.28	130.86	145.29			1.72	183.69		129.77	143.99	143.99			
			428.25	334.99				3.28							158.00	158.2
ong Kong (59)		0.2	185.53		371.85				474,28		335.07	371.78		475,93	354.67	366.3
idonesia (27)		1.1		152.95	169.62			1.62	214.57		151.59	168.20	307.17		-	
eland (16)		0.5	287.84	225.16	249.99			3 30	317.61		224,39	248.97	271.12		247.18	249.6
aly (58)		-1.0	71.07	55.59	61.73	89.32		2.32	79.66		56.28	62.45	90.28	84.53	67.22	72.1
aparı (480)		12	128.90	100.83	111.95			0.76	141.32		99,64	110.78		154,68		141.0
toleysia (107)		0.1	524.50	410.29	455.54			1.17	581.00	523.11	410.48	455.43				441.1
Lexaco (27)	1208.86	2.2	1089.68	852.39	946.41	10454.71	1.9	1.25	1182.44	1064.64	835.37	\$28.90	10288.26	1325.65	791.99	853.8
letherland (19)		1.1	282.47	220.96	245.33	241.61	0.9	3.03	310.08	279.19	219.07	243.07	239.38	314.85	252.75	252.7
lew Zepland (15)		0.2	83.13	65.02	72.20	69.01	-0.3	3.98	91.99		84.99	72.11	69.21	94.35		80.3
icrway (35)		1.0	245.29	191.88	213.04	233.72	0.6	2.17	269.43	242.59	190.35	211.20	232.37			
Hilippines (22)		1.1	178.89	138.37	153.63	257.00	) 12	0.62	194.02		137.07	152.09				
Singapore (43)	101 84		355.01	277.71	306.34			1.06	390.04						-	074 0
singapore (as)	2000.44	-0.2			253.19							305.74				371.0
outh Africa (44)			291.52	228.04				2.31	324.03			254.00		437.76		
Spain (37)	192.94	02	173.92	135.04	151.05			3.23	192,56		138.04	150.95				
woden (48)		-0.1	354.89	277.61	308.23			2.22	394,13	354.88	278 45	308.95	385.24	400.14	294.19	306.9
Switzerland (37)	245.32	-0.0	221.13	172.98	192.06			1.53	245.32	220.88	173.32	192.31	192,93	254.34	219.29	224.3
hailand (45)		0.9	111.36	87.11	96.72	122.0	0.9	2.81	122,44	110.24	86.50	95,98	120,94	193.95	112.17	153.2
Inited Kingdom (213)		0.1	233.74	182.84	203.01	233.74	1 0.2	4.04	259.04		163.01	203.08				
JSA (624)		0.4	267.91	209.57	232.89	297.2	0.4	2.01	296.14		209.22	232.14		297.21		
mericas (795)		0.4	245.25	191.85	213.01	228.60	0.4	2.00	271.06	244.06	191.50	212.48	227.77	272.08	219.58	220.6
Europo (719)	226.00	0.2	20426	159.78				2.99	226.08							
	237.60		304.31	238.05				2.16	335.95		159.72					
Vordic (137)	150 14		143.42								238.05					
Pacific Basin (876)	107	0.9	168.66	131.93			_	1.23	157,48			123,45				
uro-Pacific (1595)		0.0						2.12	185.83							
forth America (740)		i 0.4	262.16	205.07				2.01	289.74							
Lurope Ex. UK (506)		0.3	183.81	143.79				2.38	203.30	183,05	143.63	159.36	167.88	203.92	173.01	174.3
Pacific Ex. Japan (396)	301.52	8.0	271.79	212.61	236.06	3 260.4	2 0.4	2.86	299,81	269.94	211.61	235.02	258 A3	301.52	243.59	249.0
Norld Ex. US (1810)	189.17	0.8	170.52	133.39	148.10	148.9	0 0.5	2.11	188.0							
Norid E.L. UK (2221)	219.54	0.5	197.83	154.83	171.91			1.85	218.39							
Norid Ex. Japan (1954)	DEE EA	0.3	239.32	187.21												
					207.86	5 249.2	9 0.3	2.39	264.82	238.25	186 95	207.45	248.51	265.50	210.65	227.0

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### FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

## **ATLANTA: THE OLYMPIC LEGACY**

Innovation earned a dividend

The Centennial Olympics were a mixed blessing in some terms, but as the first Games to be used for economic development they were a clear success. John Authers reports

history, they seem to be a metaphor for Atlanta itself. The Games were enormous. Bringing them to Atlanta was an amazing achievement: the city's bid seemed to have no chance of winning only a few months. before they were awarded by the International Olympic

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Committee. They were funded solely with private money, thanks to the shility of Atlanta's business community to work together as a cobesive unit, and to co-operate with enlightened city authorities. They were great for busi-ness. And they brought together people of all races in a great testament to toler-But the Games left Atlanta

chafed that it had not been given the credit it deserved, and facing criticism for "over-commercialism".

Atlanta underwent a barrage of media criticism in the first week of the Games. Then, in the closing cere-mony, Mr Juan Antonio Samaranch, chairman of the International Olympic Committee, pointedly refused to say that Atlanta's had been the greatest Games ever, a courtesy which had been paid to every previous Olympiad.

This hurt tha city's leaders, and it shows. But they all still determinedly assert

ne hundred days that the Games were a suc-aftar tha biggest cess. Olympic Games in And in some senses, criti-And in some senses, criti-

cism of the sport misses the point. Unlike its predecessors, Atlanta's Olympiad was meant to have purposes beyond sport. Its organisers intended to use it to attract new business, to help eco-nomic regeneration, and to act as a catalyst for innercity regeneration. It also had an innovative

organisation, being managed entirely by a private company, the Atlanta Committee for the Olympic Games (Acog), without using public funds. The IOC has said this model will not ba used

Mr Andrew Young, the for-mer US ambassador to the United Nations and mayor of Atlanta, who jointly led the city's bid for the Games, said complaints about commercialism were misplaced.

tha old-line socialists in the Olympic movemant, They complain about commercialism. But there were more complaints from the Canadians when the Games left their country \$700m in debt." Ha adds that in economic terms the Games ware an however, Acog had no power unambiguous-success: "We raised almost \$2bn and ws

"It's a major contention of

over the issue, with respon-sibility resting with the city, City officials, in turn, say the problem was caused by will and up with a slight profit, leaving almost \$1bn in assets in tha city and the individual landowners offerregion which the taxpayer ing permits to work on their didn't have to pay for. It's own premises, and not by an very good business." He only

admits mistakes over the

issua of permits for atreet

vendors. Many were allowed

to operate in downtown

Atlanta and outsids the venues during the Games them-selves, and by common con-

sent thay made the place

According to Mr Young,

look cheap.

city. This appears to be the ona significant example during the Games of tha Atlanta business and political communities failing to work in concert. Overall, all the stake-

holders in Atlanta kept closely to the strategy that these should be the first Games to be used for economic development, They accomplished this on

saveral lavels. Georgia Power, a sponsor of the Games, organised Operation Legacy, a programme which targeted specific industrial excess of permits from the sactors - corporate head-

quarters, tha agricultural businass, telacommunications, business information and the sports induatry - and used the Cames as a lure to show off the city to chief executives considering relocations. The target was 6,000 new

jobs, to be created by 20 new companies. So far, with two more years to go, 18 compa-nies which took part in the programme have moved to the city, bringing 3,100 jobs with them. According to Mr Bill Dahlberg, president of Southern

Georgia Power, the idaa came from the success the company had had using the US Masters golf tournament, held in nearby Augusta, to get axecutivas to look at Georgia.

He said: "Tha idaa was purely and simply to get decision-makers to come and look at Georgia and the mstropolitan area, to show them the co-operation between business and governmant, and show them this was a place to do business."

This shows that the Games were a valuable Company, the parsnt of weapon to ba used against

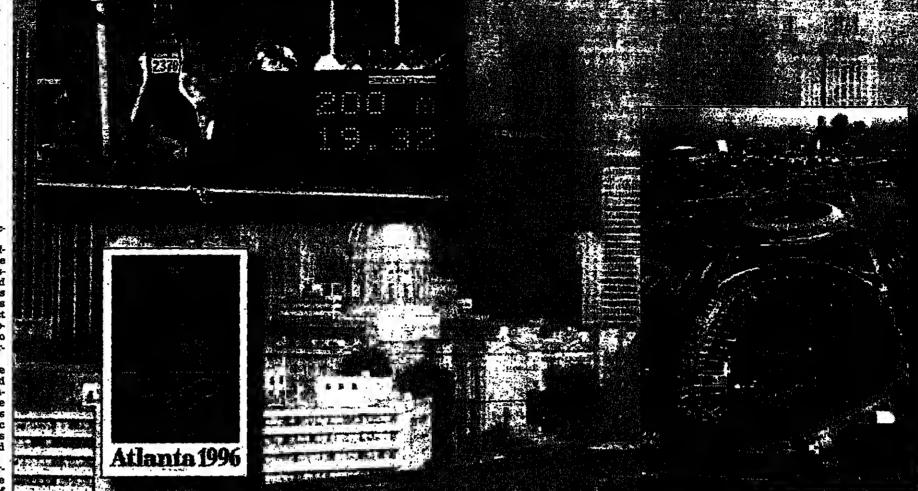
relocations - Charlotte in North Carolina, and Dallas. But there is controversy over the broader economic impact which the Games generated during the two weeks of sport. While academic surveys originally predicted that the Games would attract \$5bn in additional spending, this has now been revised downwards to \$4bn. Mr Jerry Bartels, who

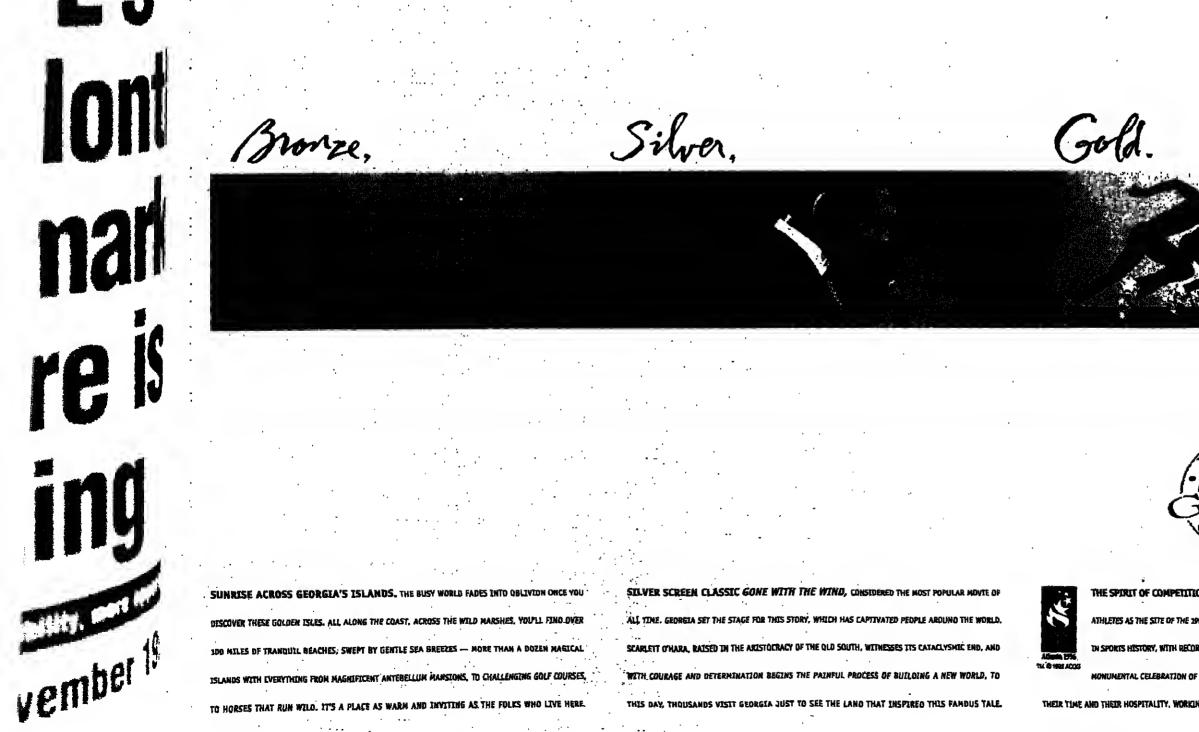
Tuesday November 12 1998

leads Atlanta's Chamber of Commerce, tha most powerful force both in growing Atlanta and in organising the Olympic bid, suggests

Atlanta's closest rivals for this does not much matter: "It doesn't take a financial genius to figure out that if you can get tha businesses of tha world and the sperts-minded people of the world to invest \$1.6bn in an enterprise going on in your city, it doesn't make much difference whethar you've attracted \$4bn or \$5bn. It's still a lot of money."

Mr Tom Cunningham researcher with the Federal Reserve bank in Atlanta, suggests the city was growing swiftly in any case, and that it is difficult to identify **Continued on Page 2** 





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THE SPIRIT OF COMPETITION. ATLANTA PLAYED HOST TO NEARLY 200 NATIONS AND OVER 10,000 ATHLETES AS THE SITE OF THE 1996 CENTENNIAL OLYMPIC GAMES. IT WAS THE GRANDEST SPECTACLE SPORTS HISTORY, WITH RECORD ATTERDANCE AT EVENTS ACROSS THE STATE. TO HELP STAGE THIS AL CELEBRATION OF THE OLYMPIC SPIRIT, THOUSANDS OF GEORGIANS VOLUNTEERED

THEIR TIME AND THEIR HOSPITALITY, WORKING TOGETHER IN THEIR OWN EXPRESSION OF THE OLYMPIC IDEAL

Georgia Department of Industry, Trade & Tourism

### **2 ATLANTA: THE OLYMPIC LEGACY**

### The sponsors: by John Authers

## **Reaping benefits**

The key was to find a way to connect with the Games at ground level

II

Ten 10 "worldwide sponsors" and 10 "Centenniai Olympic Games Partners" each paid \$40m for the privilege, while a range of 24 "sponsors" paid with provided services. They were the key to the first privately run Olympics.

Without these sponsorsblps, the Games could almost certainly not have been funded without resort to taxpavers' funds.

But was it worth it for the sponsors? Mr Andrew Young, co-

chair of the Atlanta Committee for the Olympic Games (Acog), suggests that sponsorship bad a radical effect on the companies which supported the Games

He says: "Wa created a very good experience for the corporate sponsors. We redefined the way they do business.

They did it in a number of different ways, according to Mr Young: "Most of the companies used the Olympics as a way to build morale within their own institutions; to go global and build markat awareness. I baven't heard a single person complain about paying the \$40m sponsorship fee." He added that the experi-

ence of tha Los Angeles Olympics in 1984 had helped the Atlanta organisers sell their sponsorships. Fujl's sponsorship of those Games. after Kodak bad balked et the asking price, proved cru-cial in establishing it as a well known-brand in the US. Kodak has sponsored every Games since then.

Mr Jed Pearsall, president of Performance Research, a sports marketing research consultancy, says sponsors' success varied according to their objectives: "Soma sponsors really just used the Games as advertising and they are the ones which missed the value of the

He said the key to success was to find a way to connect with the Games at the ground leval, making the sponsorship seem an integral part of the experience. Sponsors who did more than use the Games as a peg year.

for advertising tended to reap greater banefits in terms of name recognition. These included AT&T, the telecommunications company, which put on free concerts at the Centennial Olympic Park in Atlanta. Holiday Inn, the hotel

chain, acted as hosts for the Olympic torch (sponsored by Coca-Cola) as lt passed through the US, in a promotion which avoided competing for attention with advertisers during the Games themselves, and linked the company closely to the

Games The torch stayed at 80 hotels as it crossed the US. The company believes this generated 650 local news stories, reaching about 164m

Locally based companies often gained benefits from the new infrastructure which ontwaighed their sponsorship fees. For example, Bell South installed 50,000 new access lines for the Games, about balf of which have remained in place.

The company also says that its Olympic-related wireline and cellular revenues were several times its \$20m sponsorship fee. Georgia Power, another sponsor reliant on economic growth for building Its business, ran the Operation Legacy project which used the Games to run a programme promoting Atlanta to chief

executives. Others bad different motives altogether, with John Hancock, the life insurance company, using the Games as an incentive for its sales force.

Sponsors with less direct involvement in the Games - and reliant on advertising to make the link in public minds - had more difficulty making their sponsorship pay. This was particularly an Olympic sponsor.

something broader than this.

The extra facilities gained by

Georgia State University and

by Georgia Institute of Tech-

nology, which was home to

Georgia "research alliance"

Final instalment

cultural employment the Oiympic Village, will

increasing by 562,700 from now be the basis for the

Carolina.

true when companies in competition with each other became joint sponsors. For example, tha motor manufactorers General Motors, Nissan and BMW all sponsored the Games this Mr Pearsall says: "I think Acog was a little too aggres-

sive in cutting category slices thin. There used to be one official automobila sponsor. This year there were three. That diluted the effectiveness for the three companies.'

Acog tried to protect exclusivity for its sponsors. by ensuring that the city did not rent space to their competitors during the Games. But a proliferation of different awarding bodies did not help. For exampla, Delta was

the official airline of the Olympics. But United, its close rival, is a long-term sponsor of the US Olympic Committee, and achieved similar name recognition.

Acog also responded swiftly to any company which attempted to "freeload" on the Olympic image. When the Varsity, a popular Atlants fast-food restaurant, started offering its custom-ers free badges with an Olympic symbol made up of five onion rings, for example, Acog demanded on the next day that they be with-

heat generated drawn from sale. by Atlanta The few remaining in circulation reputedly now command prices of more than

investment promotion cam-\$1.000. The Olympics' strict ban paign tied to the Olympics, on advertising on athletes' can not boast - at least not yet - that all its striving to clothing or inside stadla lure husiness has paid off. remained in place - thereby The investors might bava differentiating it sharply come anyway. But it is clear from European soccer where players often look billboards that the campaign has not - and there was virtually no burt. product placement at the

The city has been marketing Itself using the 1996 events themselves. Olympics for the past three But again, the sponsors who provided services inteyears. In 1994 and 1995, gral to the Games could ben-Atlanta led the nation in efit. When the American athnew business relocations lete Micbael Johnson had just smashed the world 200 metres record, he posed in front of an electronic timer. It bore the logo of Swatch,

and expansions. In 1994, 223 companies entered the Atlanta metropolitan market, and last year an annual record of 260 others joined During the first half of 1996, some 110 business have

the benefit of

the economic

expanded or relocated in Atlanta, keeping pace with the past two years.

But even city officials and economic observers say that But infrastructure means ing redevelopment and It is speculation to claim which sponsors a private force of "ambassadors" wearthat the Olympic-related proing pith helmets who keep a motion accounts for the influx of investment to With new sports facilities Atlanta. Atlanta has been a magnet for investment for to attract people into the quite some time; between downtown area, the aim now is to attract the remaining

ica last year by Business Georgia is reaping Traveller International Magazine, is one of the world'a busiest with more than 1,500 daily flights, including approximately 300 international flights. It is also an important distribution site. Atlanta, the first city to with three interstate highways and rail freight hub conduct a hard-charging

Economy and investment: by Barbara Durr

operated by CSX and Norfolk Southern railroads. In addition, Atlanta's telecommunications capacity. particularly in the wake of Olympic-related digital and fibre optics improvements by Bell South and ATT, exceeds that of any other US city.

Atlanta's relatively low operating costs also figure in investors' decisions, as do its less tangible although equally alluring qualities - a mild climate and ample recreational facilities.

A recent important coup is the investment by Sontb Korea's Sunkyong Group in a S1.5bn polyester film plant. With planned expansions through 2008, the plant will be the largest polyester film plant in the world and will add about 1,000 jobs in met-

ropolitan Atlanta. The decision by Sunkyong Group, which will invest \$350m in the plant's first phase, was alded by a \$7.1m grant by the state of Georgia for the purchase of a 300acres site.

Where the investment goes, so go the job seekers. not present a watershed in 1985 and 1995, more than In the three years between economic terms, Atlanta is 1,500 businesses expanded or

people came to Atlanta, making it the top US city for domestic migration. For business, the domestic migration to Atlanta means that the skills pool is deep and flexible. This helps offset the traditional downside of relocation in the American South; its poor educa-

Currently. Atlanta's job market is tight and the unemployment rate is expected to continue to be a percentage point lower than the national average.

state's economy, of which Atlanta accounts for 56 per cent, grew in 1995 at 5 per cent; well ahead of the national average, And Georgia is expected to register growth of about 4.5 per cent again this year. Its post-Olympic drop-off, which will mean a slowing to something closer to the national average of only 2.5-3 per cent in 1997 and 1998, will hardly qualify as a recession, according to Mr Ratajczak.

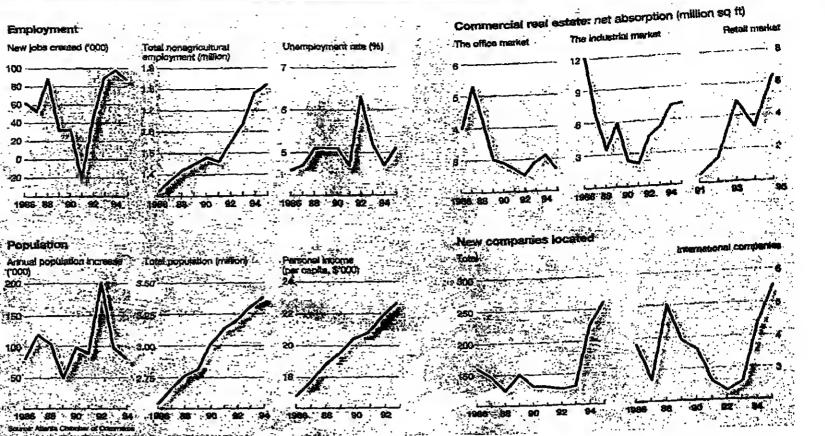
"There is life after the Olympics in Atlanta," he says. "Some cities need an Olympics to arrive. Others peak with the Olympics and then decline. In Atlanta, the Olympics is just part of the growth process. No recession should follow."

Yet even if the Games did important sporting events

FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

AND ROOM OF COMM

emo



agnet for quite some time Mr Crane acknowledges marketing opportunity. And that this promotional effort the top economic developis unlikely to lure sporting ment promotion campaign goods manufacturers, most

created for the Olympics, Operation Legacy, is due to continue at least until 1998. of which have their plants in cheap labour locations over-**Operation Legacy - which** is a public-private partnership supported by Georgia Power, NationsBank. the Georgia Governor's Development Council and the Georgia Department of Industry. Trade and Tourism - aims to reach its goal of 20 compa-nies and 6,600 jobs. It already claims that since

1994 it is responsible for belping to bring 18 companies to Atlanta, representing 3,100 jobs. Atlanta's latest tack on investment promotion 1s. however, intriguing. Mr Bill Crane, the director of mar-

keting for the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, says that Atlanta is aiming to become the US sports industry capital, There is no such thing at the moment, but the city thinks that with the momentum generated by the Olym-1997

pics it may be able to break new ground. Mr Crane notes that most of the growth in professional sports franchises has been in the South and that Atlanta has bosted the largest sports trade show in the world, the "Supershow," for more than a decade. Using its Olympic

legacy of sports venues, the city is already bidding on

Olympics.

& Associates, a sports mar-

keting consulting company

seas. Instead. Atlanta will target its efforts on beadquarters of sport-related companies and sports marketing companies. And the sports marketing companies that arrived for the Olympics are indeed staying to till what they say is fertile ground. International Sports and Entertainment Strategies (Ises), owned by Connecticut-based Clarion Communi-

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cations, which is in turn owned by the D'Arcy Masius Benton & Bowles (DMB&B) advertising agency, worked with nine Olympic sponsors and its staff got tired of commuting to Atlanta from Los Angeles and other locations. Its new Atlanta office has already lured a new women's professional tennis championship to Atlanta for

Mr Tim Smith, managing director for Ises, said that local companies such as NationsBank and Bell South had "their eyes opened by the Olympics to sports marketing". With respect to Atlanta's becoming a sports industry centre, he sald: "There's more happening in the sports business uow in Atlanta than before the

Mr Pierre Ferrari of Lang

tion system. With Atlanta generating so much economic beat, the

During that time it bas attracted the headquarters of some prestigious global companies, such as Holiday Inn and UPS.

**Continued from Page 1** 

a separate "Olympic" effect.

established as the fastest-

growing US city of the

decade, with total non-agri-

1.32m to 1.82m since 1986.

Atlanta is already firmly

If anything, the Games were the final instalment in Games should be used to the "selling" of Atlanta to ensure the revitalisation of the outside world; a process aggressively followed during Mr Young's mayorship from 1982 to 1990. Now the challenge is to use the momentum they generated to make needed improvements to the city ltself.

Mr Cunningham suggests the Games' great achievement was to stimulate investment in infrastructure which could otherwise have been deferred, and then create urgent deadlines which belped prevent any issues falling foul of politics. This most obviously helped with the stadium, now being converted into a long-needed new home for Atlanta's Braves baseball team. The airport, a key to Atlanta's growth which became the busiest in the US during the early months of this year. received an extensive refit which would not have happened so swiftly without the Olympic catalyst.

ATLANTA

Located on one of Buckhead's most prestigious streets, this masterfully renovated Mediterranean Villa combines 1930's classic architecture with 1996's state of the art amenities. \$1,125,000.00 Jud Whitlock & Evelyn Ratterree 404-250-5333.

Coldwell Banker Sandy Springs



of six universities, which is hotel and leisure facilities intended to rival the "research triangle" which has attracted jobs to North dark.

Most importantly, the Commerce, and the largest the city's downtown area, new urban park to be opened in the US since the second which is draughty and characterless. The task is harder world war. Benefitting from than it seems because the powerful emotional assoclations created by tha Atlanta bas an unusual geography, with six or seven Olympics and, tragically, the separate business centres spread throughont a tract of

pipe bomb which exploded there at the end of the first week of the Games, tha park is already established as a the Georgian forest. All of them tend to be self-sufficient, and to generate their possibla focal point for the new downtown area. This own ring of small suburbs, meaning that many workers will probably prove to be the Games' most valuable leg-

If anyone personifies

look-out on street corners.

can survive without ever visiting the downtown area. acy. New bousing bas been built in the wake of the Games, near to the former Olympic Village, and old industrial buildings are being converted into "loft" apaces reminiscent of the trendiest areas of New York - only for about a third the

price. Crime is also already being reduced - in part thanks to Central Atlanta Progress. the business organisation which is co-ordinat-

relocated in Atlanta, further which will make the area a vibrant and lively place after powering a period of economic growth that started in But the key could be the the 1970s. Centennial Olympic Park. funded by the Chamber of Professor

Rataiczak, director of the Georgia State University Economic Forecasting Centre, says investors have come "because Atlanta is the dominant place in the South. city's Тbe loca-

tion - within two bours' flying time of 80 per cent of the US population - and its excellent transportation infrastructure remain its two key attractions. Hartsfield International

Airport, which was rated the best airport in North Amer-

will be about \$1m.

miss such a



Hartsfield International Airport is one of the world's busiest with more than 1,500 daily flights

that advises companies on which events and products it would be wise to associate with, said that sports marketing had been growing in Atlanta largely because of the presence of Coca-Cola's headquarters. Coca-Cola, Nike and Budweiser (Anheuser-Busch) are the world's top sports sponsors. Mr Ferrari, a former senior

marketing executive with Coca-Cola, says that Lang. a partnership founded in Canada, opened in Atlanta four years ago specifically for the Olympics, hut has stayed because of the growth in the local market.

PROFILE Billy Payne Personal chemistry was a key factor

Atlanta and its approach to Hngely acquisitive. business, it is Mr Billy NationsBank has a branch Payne, the chairman of the network which after the Atlanta Committee for the completion of its deal to Olympic Games (Acog), and buy Boatmen's Bancshare the man who organised the in St Louis, Missouri, will clty's bid. cover a swathe of 16 states The story of bow he won the Cames in the first place,

starting from a position as a real estate lawyer in suburban Atlanta to win over first the city's business community and then the International Olympic Committee itself, mirrors the rise of Atlanta. Mr Payne is fond of telling people that "the higgest thing I had nanaged was my son's Little League baseball team".

And bis next career move is also fitting. Early next year, Mr Payne will start his new job as vice-chairman of NationsBank, now the fourth-largest bank in the US, and arguably the most spectacularly successful company yet snawned by the "New Soutb".

Independent observers

estimate his salary

from Maryland in the north. in an arc throughout tha south through to Texas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico. Total assets of the two banks in June this year were about \$233bn. In 1988, NationsBank, then known as North Carolina National Bank, had \$28.9bn in essets: In 1981, as it began its

acquisition campaign, it had \$2.5bn in assets. Its ambition, often frankly stated by Mr Hugh McColl, the company's feisty chief executive, is to become the first truly national banking franchise in the US.

It is a goal which 10 years ago seemed if anything even more bumptious for a amall bank based in the sonth than the aim of bringing the Olympics to Atlanta. Mr Payne had had plenty

of choice. In the months following the Olympics, when he emerged as a national figure, there had been speculation that he could run for political office, or take his pick of corporate offers.

Personal chemistry was the key factor. According to Mr Payne: "First of all, 1 think I responded to the staff and the people. Through the course of our Olympic development they had been at the very front of the line, and I became friends with people, specifically with Hugh McColl." The two appear to be

kindred spirits: "He and NationsBank are very much goal-orientated. They are aggressive, and they continue to expand and take on new challenges. "It was all just kind of consistent with the things I like to do, and it seemed to

be the perfect opportunity." Further, it allows him to stay in Atlanta, where be will report directly to Mr McColl. His role will be primarily ambassadorial. "representing the bank in a

multitude of ways". According to the bank he will "develop business opportunities with corporate and individual clients", effectively working as an international marketing executive. But his rola as an

ambassador in Atlanta itself could be almost as important, NationsBank is based in Charlotte, North Carolina, one of Atlanta's few close rivals for corporate relocations, and it bas built its presence in Georgia by buying two Atlantan banks, first C&S/ Sovran for \$4.68bn in 1991. and then Bank South in June last year, for \$1.6bn.

Local loyalties are important in US commercial banking, with depositors typically moving their accounts the day that the name above their branch changes

To avoid this, NationsBank has gone to great lengths to show a commitment to Atlanta. The NationsBank tower in

mid-town Atlanta, the ninth tallest building in the world and looking like a modern

version of the Empire State Building, is its most visible statement.

Bat its commitment to the Olympics has taken almost as high a profile. Apart from its sponsorship, it also provided Acog with a \$300m line of credit, thus giving the organisation vital liquidity in the early days after winning its bid, when there was still speculation that city or state anthorities would have to take over.

The interest on the line of credit helped to pay NationsBank's sponsorship fee. Appointing Mr Payne,

now a local hero, is the latest step in the plan. According to Mr Jim Lientz, president of NationsBank Georgia, Mr Payne's appointment is "continued recognition of the importance of Atlanta within our company", Mr Payne starts his job in

February, after a brief rest. He will apply some of the lessons from his 10-year pursuit of the Games at NationsBank, but he

and and and and and a set of the second s

remains committed to the

exclusively private sector approach Atlanta took to organising the Games

He is deeply critical of the International Olympic Committee for ruling out another privatelyorganised Olympics in the future:

"In terms of a model for the future, I know there's been an assessment that it puts too much pressure on the organisers.

"But at the same time, we are fortunate in America to have a private sector which is willing to support the Olympic movement to this extent.

"Making a categorical statement that another private Games will not be allowed in the future in my own estimation has the consequence of eliminating any future American hids.

"That would be the worst thing the Olympic movement could do, because thy depend so heavily on American corporate strength worldwide."

John Authers

Other perspectives: Los Angeles: by Christopher Parkes

Tourism and conventions: by Barbara Durr

Facelift is already

### lingers on Monica Freeway where more

Today's echoes of the success may be faint and mundane, but they are still there

At first sight, the legacy of the 1984 Olympics to Los Angeles has long faded. There is a carefully-tended iemorative mural along the side of one of the city's busiest freeways, depicting sporting and civic heroes of the time jogging deter-minedly towards the future. Otherwise, and as in 1964, LA is still the smoggiest city in the US. Its roads are still among the most congested. its inner domains are still littered with the fabric of social and structural decay, most recently torn up, scattered and burnt in the 1992 riots.

And yet the memory of Olympic success - financial, gistical, social and political - lingers indomitably. The profits have long gone, but in spite of appearances, the self-confidence roused hy the event is still an important element in the civic psych

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LA bosted the first-ever private enterprise presenta-tion of the Gamee on a \$500m budget at a time when the Olympic movement was racked by internal, external and political diesent. Romania was the only Soviet bloc country to enter a team, in defiance of the Kremlinordained boycott. The mood was so grim that some predicted the Californian event would be the last. Almost the minnte it was

target of much disdain. espe-cially in the older cities of the US, where its immatu-rity and tendency to violence had roused predictions of catastrophe. LA, deep in earthquake

tions have collaborated in a and wildfire country - and site of the 1950s devastating unique traffic control system. Watts race riots - is to Both the traffic manageaccustomed chaos. ment techniques and the co-But the Olympics was one

operative spirit applied in otential disaster over which the davelopment of this so-called "smart corridor" the city felt it could exercise some control. In the end, the first became evident in the combined forces of show run-up to 1984. business and an extraordi-But such projects offer small satisfaction to the opti-mists who had hoped the nary demonstration of cheerful co-operation from citizenry, industry, police and Games might mark a turnpoliticians, produced an ing point rather than a almost flawless result.

bright episode in the city's Commuters travelled haphistory. pily with neighbours and It was with a great leap of colleagues in car-pooling arrangements which eased faith that in May 1992 the city turned to Mr Peter Uebthe traffic jams. Workers erroth, chairman of the 1984 and management agreed on block holiday arrangements, Olympic organising commit tee, to run Rebuild LA, an independent body which was closing plans, further easing the traffic and reducing the to help restore the economic flow of atmospheric pollu-

than half a dozen cities - all

of which are effectively if

not politically part of LA

- and the Highway Patrol,

police and media organisa-

infrastructure of central tion from factories and tailareas destroyed in the riots pipes. The net result was a of January that year. memorable event which When its remit expires anded a run of summer early next year, RLA will hand over its responsibilities Games marred by political grand-standing, walk-onts and argument. The LA and its tiny cash reserve to a

Games was also, by common ornia project. It leaves only a modest col-Today's echoes of the suclection of rebuilt retail cess may be faint and munstores, self-belp groups for dane, but they are still there. They are perhaps most evihusinesses and exporters, and a massive accumulation dent in the daily workings of of the job remaining. local governments and the

connrbation'e myriad authorities which, while remaining fiercely territorial, are undeniably more cooperative than ever. vate sector donors such as

vice-president for eales et the Atlanta Convention and Visitors Bursau, says: "The renovations downtown have made Atlanta more attractive to business meetings University of Southern Califand conventions." The centrepiece of Atlanta's renovations is the Centennial Olympic Park. The

21-acre park, funded pri-vately for \$57m, replaced a of research data on the scale scattering of unsightly parking lots and moetly Early hopes of attracting large-scale industrial investrun-down buildings in the heart of downtown Atlanta. ment have long evaporated For business travellers, along with the meagre \$9m the Centennial Park adds an which RLA raised from prienormous amenity. It joins

The latest example nominated, LA became the emerged along the Santa IBM and Bank of America.

paying dividends The city does not ownership of Coce-Cola ear- ft ballroom, e 40,000 sq ft lier in this century. This forseem to be having merly unadorned park now trouble in filling features a 30-foot fountain. waterfall, music pavilion and its increased hotel

capacity

Atlanta underwent an

Olympic-sized facelift for the

public and private invest-

ment - may not bring the kind of global status aspired

to by Atlanta's most die-hard

promoters, but the pay-off on

its downtown sprucing up is

Next year, a record num-

ber of conventions - 57 - will

be held in Atlanta and book-

ings through to 2000 are run-

ning strong. Mr Carey

executive

Roundtree.

tre.

already starting to roll in.

the bronze statue of a woman and bird called "Phoenix Rising from the Asbes," which represents the city's resurgence after being hurned to the ground by Union General William T. 1996 Summer Games that has made the city far more ettractive and visitor-friendly. The change at e price of more than \$25n in Sherman during the American Civil War.

The King Centre, the main memorial to civil rights leader Martin Luther King Jr, also opened an \$11m 21,000 sq ft visitor centre complex just outside the downtown business district. The King Centre, considered

tourists to Atlanta, usually draws about 1m visitors a year. The downtown area's lure for business travellers also includes some important hotel renovations and construction. The Hyatt Regency, one of the top business venuee in Atlanta, underwent a \$35m expansion and renovation that included the construction of 30,000 so

### Hotel room supply and demand

300 with green space three of the city's biggest convention facilities, the Georgia World Congress, the Georgia Dome and the Atlanta Market Cen-93. 85 - 91 87 -- 80 Average daily rate (5) Occupancy (%) Bourcie PKF Comuting .

exhibition hall and a 19,757 sq ft conference centre. Marriott converted a haggard Ramada property into two mid-priced hotels, one a 217-room Courtyard by Marriott and the other 242-room Marriott Fairfield Inn.

In metropolitan Atlanta. which includes a large swathe of 20 mostly suburban counties surrounding the central city, e total of \$100m worth of hotel renovations and expansions took place in the run-up to the

Approximately 6,000 new rooms, mostly in the limited service category, have been added this year alone. This brings metropolitan Atlanta's number of rooms to about 62,000 and comes on the beels of a 10-year expansion of botel rooms in Atlanta, According to a survey of botel general managers by PKF Consulting, the number of hotel rooms in And more are coming.



ATLANTA: THE OLYMPIC LEGACY 3

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resurgence after it was razed during the American Civil Wa

example, will open a new events. The city'e newly-110-room Holiday Inn hatched campaign to become Express, its limited service the nation's sports industry line, in the downtown area. centre is likely to intensify efforts to bring in sports With the boost to business from the Olympics, the city does not seem to be having events - and the accompanying tourism. trouble digesting this tresh hotel capacity. Occupancy is running this year at 73-74 per cent, up from 72.9 per American foothall extravaganza known as bow]" in 2000. And it will also bave a new \$215m sports arena for its profescent in 1995 and just 61 per cent five years ago, accordsional basketball team, ing to Mr Roundtree. There is growth in all segments of the market," he said. which is backed by Turner

Broadcasting System. It has already won a new women'e professional tennis championship, the US Women's Hard Court Championehip, based on its newlybuilt Olympic tennis centre

ventions due in 1997 is slightly inflated owing to the postponement of some that would have been held in the city during 1996. But even so, Atlanta's pre-Olympics annual count of conventions - which are defined es events requiring more than 3,000 rooms - had been 42 or 43 a year. By 1998, the annual benchmark will rise to 48 or 49.

In 1995, the city-wide convention income was \$1.1hn, which includes more than 1.4m room-nights.

The Games' main legacy for tourism is the various Olympic sports venues, including the \$189m Olympic Stadium, which hold the promise that the city may be able to bid more successfully for important professional amateur sporting the ring they'd like it to.

### Montreal: by Bernard Simon Jounting the costs the city's European ambi-

pics

consent, fun.

Bills continue to roll in and the total cost is estimated at CS\$2.4bn

Sports fans will forever associate the 1976 Montreal Olympics with Nedia Comanecl, the diminative Romanian gymnast who dazzled the world with her 10-outof-10 performance on the asymmetric bars.

The stadium is home in summer to the Montreal nced by a Frenchfirst language law passed Ranos baseball team, one of three years after the Olymtwo Canadian teams in the big North American leagues. For the rest of the year, it is But residents are strugrented ont for exhibitions gling with a 12 per cent unemployment rate, an and concerts. unremitting property slamp, and an eroding tax base.

The former Olympic village has been turned into an Political uncertainty has unsettled the business comapartment complex. About 15 per cent of the 980 units are set aside for low-income mnnity and led many residents. The six Olympic English-speaking residents to pack their hags for pools, part of the stadium complex, are open to the Toronto, Calgary and Van-

The Velodrome, built for

cycling events in 1976, is

now a natural ecience

museum, known as the Bio-

dome, containing typical fauna and flora of four eco-

systems - boreal forest, tropical forest, the polar ice

cap and the St Lawrence

Hc. attr

400,000 visitors a year.

The park has attracted a developer, Legacy Properties International, which is currently finalising an investment deal for a new, fourstar 300-suites hotel on the five-acre site facing the park that they own. Legacy expects to make an announcement before the of the year. Mr David Marvin, presi-

dent of Legacy Properties. says that a roughly \$40mplus hotel project "with architectural marit" would be fitting "because what's needed on the park is quality." This will be Mr Marvin's second attempt to get a d-use complex d

oped on the park. An earlier

financing deal to build such

a complex, anchored by a

300-room Holiday Inn

Crowne Plaza, fell through.

gress and the Georgia Dome

The Georgia World Con-

Olympics. a must-see etop for most

Atlanta has risen at a compound annual rate of 3.3 per Helping to boost hotel cent between 1985 to 1995. occupancy are a large number of trade exhibitions. The Next year, Holiday Inn. for trade magazine Expo recently rated Atlanta the number one American city in 1996 for trade shows. Atlanta will have 141. Number of rooms (\*000) The record number of con-

and

Atlanta

at nearby Stone Mountain, according to Mr Tim Smith, managing director of the sports marketing company Internatione) Sports and Entertainment Strategies, which organised the event and signed on television coverage from CBS. Beyond sports arenas Atlante does not hold the tourism allure of New York, Chicago, Miami or, for that metter its sister-city in the

state of Georgia, Savannah. Although Savannah is small it draws considerable tourism attention for its lovely colonial-era architecture and fine restaurants.

City tourism officials are trying to package "The New Atlanta," hut confess they are challenged hy how to describe the city. Best known as a place to make a huck, the "heart of Southern commerce" just doesn't have

Atlanta has also won the

"Super-

the first name that springs to mind from 1976 is Jean Drapeau, the city's mayor at the time, who made a laughing stock of himself with his bold prediction that the Olympics could no more run a deficit than a man could have a baby.

It was clear even before the Games began that the mayor was wrong. Mr Drapeau expected the Olympics to cost C\$250m. The tab is now estimated at C\$2.4bn. The Montreal Gazette said in an editorial just before the opening of last summer's Atlanta Olympics that "our Games proved to be a costly lesson; one that has

not been repeated since." The Montreal Olympics are often seen as a turning point in the city's history. Quebecois elected their first separatist government in the same year as the Games. Tourists still marvel at crete periodically fall off.

Sydney: by Nikki Tait

Meanwhile, the hills for the Olympics keep rolling in. The Olympic Installations Board, a Quebec government agency that oversees the Olympic facilities, still has outstanding debts of C\$400m. The debt is not expected to be paid off until

The provincial government subsidises the board to the tune of CI9m a year: equal to more than a fifth of its annual revenues.

Montrealers console themselves with the knowledge that the facilities built for the Olympics have given them a good deal of pleasure over the past two decades. The stadium for 70,000 spectators, with its distinctive leaning tower and exterior cable car, bas become a local landmark, even though its roof has never been finished and large elabs of con-

River.- under e single cli-mate-controlled dome. A 1980 judicial inquiry into the cost overruns that bedevilled the Olympics laid much of the blame on Mr Drapean'e lax controls. The siling former mayor. said earlier this year that he

still bears "horrifying stories" from former workers at the Olympic site, relating how "materials came in one gate and promptly went out mother " Mr Drapean acknowledged that "much would be done differently knowing what I

do today.

also enhanced their drawing power with a \$28m six-acre park on top of a parking garage that edjoins the Centennial Park. Grandiloquently called Georgia International Plaza, this additional green space connects the Georgia World Congress and the Dome with Omni Coliseum, another convention and athletics Another downtown public space, Woodruff Park on

Peachtree Street, Atlanta's main thoroughfare through the city, received a \$5m makcover courtesy of the Robert W. Woodruff Foundation. whose largesse is the result of the Woodruff family's

## WIN THE GOLD AGAIN!

Transport and security issues are the most significant areas

### for concern

1:1010

Mr Bob Carr, premier of New Sonth Wales, was asked recently what lessons organisers of the Sydney Olym-pics, scheduled for the year 2000, had absorhed from Atlanta.

The problems of moving large numbers of people, facilitating the bost city's continuing husiness life, and security, he replied. "But they weren't lessons which took us by eurprise," be

edded, soothingly. Most Sydneysiders would probably pinpoint the same issues. While generally enthusiastic about the publicity which their city should draw from the event, and the likely economic boost, they are fully aware of the transport system's limitations.

The standard response from Games organisers to these concerns is that Sydney's geography, and the way in which the Games site. bave heen planned, will mean hig differences with Atlanta. The Olympic facilities will be concentrated on

a 760-bectare site at Homebush Bay, which lies about 14km from the city. The atbletes village will be built next door, and the number of participants firmly capped at 10.000.

"These are really the Western Sydney Games," says Mr Carr.

But while the Games may be staged in the city's west, and most athletes housed within walking distance of their events, much of Sydney's population (resident and visitor) will still need to travel ecross one of the world's largest urban areas. The current approach of Games organisers ie to emphasise public transport. A rail link is being built into

centre of the Homebush site. at a cost of more than Assom. This is designed to carry up to 50,000 people an hour - and comes as a refinement to the bid proposal which simply envisaged a track terminating on the edge of the development. site. Heavy use of buses will then augment the rail traffic, bringing a further 28,000 peo-

ple an hour in and out of the Security issues, mean-Private cars are unlikely to he allowed on the site, although 10,000 parking spaces will be available for state government also signed

dignitaries, officials and sup-pliers. Instead, buses will run from remote parking centres. The broad assumption is that about 60 per cent of visitors will arrive hy rail; 30 per cent by huses; and the remainder on foot or bicycle. More broadly, officials have given the go-shead for a A\$600m toll road linking the airport with the Harboar

Tunnel, and hence the city's North Shore - a decision which came within days of Atlanta'e closing ceremony. Environmental groups are also lobbying to make the city centre traffic-free during the Games. A comprehensive transport plan is due to be released in 1999. Far less clear is how Syd-

ney'e already congested airport will cope. Noise problems have already led to a cap on aircraft movements, and delays are frequent. Visitors may yet find themselves arriving at either Canberra or Newcastle airports - although both would probahly need fairly costly upgrades to cater for international aircraft.

while, have had e less public airing post-Atlanta, although planning has been reviewed. Earlier this month, the local

slightly sober outlook an agreement with the Brit. ish government, giving the New South Wales police force (headed by a recentlyarrived Englishman) access to UK security assistance. But the potential problems were wall illustrated when Sydney held its ticker-tape parade for Olympians returning from the Atlanta Games.

> A particularly large crowd - about 100,000 - turned out. As enthusiasm mounted. sports fans spilled off the pevement and on to the road, trapping the athletes' cars in the melee. In many respects, the occasion was markedly Australian in its warmth and informality, but from an organiser's standpoint, it was not euspicious. Perhaps the final lesson being taken from Atlanta is not to allow private enter-prises' hopes to be pitched too high. "It would be foolish to say the Games are an economic bonanza or that they'll solve our economic "But if the other things

are going for us, the Olympics, the tourism can only heto'

It is a slightly more sober message than one exuded by a previous government when the bid pitch was made ...

Excellent 78% Very Good 14% 92% rated experience excellent or very good. Fax back survey complied by Georgia Governor's Development Council asking 156 guests of Operation Legacy (a public/private economic development initiative) about their Olympic Experience in Atlanta Are you more likely to invest or locate in Atlanta or Georgia than you were prior to the Olympic Games? Yes 68% Governor's Development Council survey cited above



996 level C. Rose

Olympic Visitors, Athletes and Corporate Guests Give Atlanta High Marks

What grade would you give the city of Atlanta for hosting the 1996 Olympic Games? How would you rate your overall Olympic Experience? (1 = poor, 5 = excellent)

85% gave grade of 'A' or 'B'

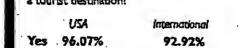
Pall of 1002 U.S. adults conducted by Marketing Research Services of Oncinnot for Atlanta Journal and Constitution, published August 11, 1996

Would you recommend Adanta to a friend as a tourist destination?

International 164 Yes . 96.07% 92.92%

Survey of 5000 Olympic Visitors selected at random on the streets of Atlants during Olympics by Inter-Axis Company for the Atlanca Convent

7.08%



No 3.93%

Visitors Bureau



The Games: by Peter Aspden

## iddled with problems

Despite the glitches there were great performances and record attendance figures

The 26th Olympic Games, billed as the greatest sporting event of all time, started with an impressive coup de théatre: the sight of Muhammed Ali, trembling terribly from Parkinson's Disease, lighting the Olympic flame in Atlanta's new stadium.

The poignant message was that sport had the capacity to disable as well as ennoble; but it was worthy of celebration anyway. The crowd nological sophistication, and loved it. It seemed, on that a company which had paid first night, as if nothing \$40m to become a Games could stop this from being the greetest Olympics of all time,

But by the evening of the moment of dignity seemed a long time past. The Atlanta logistical problems, overcommercialised and saboshadow over the festivities.

fered, as Joe Frazier, his know the wey to venues,

dodging" and joked about Little surprise, then, thet the reports to come out of Ali nearly burning himself on the Olympic torch. How the first few deys of the Games talked of chaos and had it all come to this? The first problem to afflict incompetence. True, most of Games organisers came from

an unexpected quarter: the computerised system that had been set up by International Business Machines to feed results to journalists. Delays in the official "Info 96" network were so had in the first few days thet officials were forced to pess starting line-ups and results to journalists on paper.

For a city that prided itself on entrepreneurial and techsponsor, the glitches were e huge embarrassment. Once the day's sporting

oction was over, however, closing ceremony, that journalists had an even more pressing problem to deal with: moving around the Olympics was to go down as city. Transport was always one of the least successful of going to be a critical determodern times: riddled with minant of whether the Games would run smoothly. But members of the 17,000taged by a single act of ter- strong media found themrorism which cast a long selves in traffic jems, trapped with drivers from Even Ali's reputation suf- out of town who did not

greatest rival, made e scath- arriving late for the start of the International Olympic ing attack on his "draft- events. Committee pointed out, it is ultimately the media who decide whether an Olympic Games is successful or not. Atlanta had long trumpeted its ebility to stage a the problems were being sufuniquely spectacular event. fered by journalists - but as who had opposed

ten Stark of Britain ric

the granting of the Games to were ettending the newly-an American city for the sec- created Centennial Olympic an American city for the second time in 12 years glee-Park in their thousands. fully put the knife in.

Here, he said, was the true The head of the Atlanta spirit of the Games - people from all over the world get-Committee for the Olympic Games, Mr Billy Payne, ting together and having a good time until the small countered the critical reports with some belligerhours. But It was in the ence of his own. He accused small hours of a Saturday the media of painting too morning that Mr Payne gloomy e and received the call that e bomb picture had exploded in the park, pointed to the crowds which



It would be wrong for the negative side to overshadow great moments. Colin Jackson of Britain in the 110m hurdles

art arena for its Hawks bas-

ketball team, which will also

allow the city to hid for an

ice hockey franchise - e sport which has no tradi-

tional base in the south, but

in the past few years has spread south from its tradi-

to holster Atlanta's bid to

become the US centre of the

same strategy, bringing pro-

downtown areas. Charlotte,

shelle Smith of Irela

. . <del>-</del>. - . .

. - - . . leaving two dead and more Olympic movement trashed than 100 injured. Once more, the story from Atlanta made

grim reading. The second week of the Games saw the city rally round and enabled spectators to concentrate on what competed for space in an they had paid to see: the attempt to cash in on the gradually resolved, Centenhuge security operation, and achievements in the sports

arenas took the breath eway. There was Michael Johnson: an easy, almost casual winner of the 400 metres, he produced tha outstanding display of the Games with his 200 metres victory which sliced mors than threetenths of e second off the world record;

Carl Lewis, too, made history with a fourth consecu-tive long jump title. Yet both gold medallists slightly sullied their reputations: Lewis by mounting an ungracious campaign to be picked for the US 4 X 100 relay team (he failed); Johnson by wearing e lurid pair of gold shoes thet chowed even less respect for his opponents than his running.

The latter were supplied hy Nike, whose aggressive and unsportsmanlike advertising campaign ("You don't win sliver, your lose gold") enjoy seeing the ideals of the

evenings.

suburbs.

inner-city revitalisation.

Mr Stan Kasten,

alternative was to move to

sport. The glitches were Games. The entrepreneurial zest of Atlanta proved a litnial Park re-opened after a tie too fruity for the sophisticates of the IOC, for whom high-minded sporting ideals must be seen to matter.

in such cevalier fashion all

Neither did it appreciste

the generally tawdry atmo-

sphere in the city streets as

hundreds of stall-holders

over Atlanta's billboards.

cereal box.

In the end, it all came down to a matter of taste. There was certainly enough to offand the purist: the crowds whooping and dancing at the beach volleyball: NBC's sickly-sentimental "Dream Team" of basketball sign up Kerri Strug, the

attendance figures - to see a full stadium cheering on the women's soccer was an extreordinary sight - and

plenty of exceptional sporting performances to live long in the memory. It would be wrong, in the cold light of day, for the negative side of earned them a reprimand Atlanta's Olympics to over-from the IOC, which did not shadow those marvellous Atlanta's Olympics to overmoments.

and jingoistic coverage of all events; the US's lethargic stars picking up their gold medals almost as of right; the unseemly scramble to diminutive gymnast, as the new star of the Wheatles But there were also record

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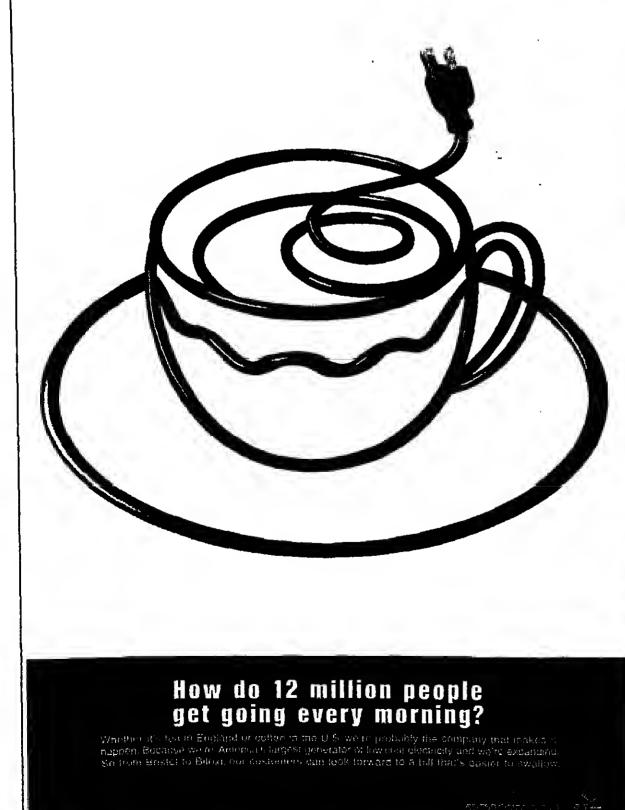
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In some US cities, new baseball parks are part of inner-city revitalisation

The Olympics have left tional Canadian base, with two teams now established in Florida and one in Ari-zona. Coupled with the Georseveral tangible legacies all over Atlanta. They are the stadia, and the city now has to make them pay. gia Dome, already in place for professional football, the

Pride of place goes to the Olympic track and field sta-Olympic stadium is intended dium, which is now being expensively and radically transformed into e baseball Sports industry Other fast-growing southern cities are using the park named in honour of Ted Turner, founder of CNN and owner of the brilllant Atlanta Braves baseball fessional football to their

North Carolina, and Jack-European commentators. in particular, seemed to regard this as e cynical sonville, Florida, bought expansion franchises, while transaction. In the US, there businesses in Nashville, Tenwas criticiam thet the stanessee clubhed together to dium should have been tempt the Oilers football team away from its home in named after Henry Aaron, one of the greatest baseball Houston's Astrodome. players, who spent the last According to Mr Tom Cunyears of his career in ningham, e researcher with Atlanta, rather than e the Atlanta Federal Reserve,

building the stadium was probably the biggest single vcoon. But it allowed Atlante swiftly and satisfactorily to benefit to Atlanta: "Stadisettle an issue which has left ums are a real problem now. other cities across North You get into these very America mired in years of political acrimony. The deal expensive political fights ebout where the team is also illustrates the increasgoing to play. It could have been the city or one of three or four suburbs who would ing importance that citias across the US are placing on professional sports as an aid have engaged in e protracted political struggle. This solved that problem, and it's to economic development. Separately, Atlanta is also building e new state-of-thenot at all trivial."



The Olympic track and field studium which

Crucially, the deal keeps the Braves' stadium in the another stadium and thet would have been presumably central husiness district, e suburban deal." He made the deal after thus safeguarding the city'e ambitious plans to revitalise

heing epproached hy the the area. These plans would Atlanta Committee for the have been seriously dam-aged if it had lost the lure of Olympic Games (Acog), and agreed that the team would e baseball stadium to ettract play in the stadium on the leisure visitors during the condition that it was suitsbly converted. The total cost of the project is about Other cities, such as Baltimore and Cleveland, have \$250m, of which the Braves abready made the building of glorious new baseball parks must pay only ebout 10 per cent, the rest of it coming the focal points of plans for from Acog. According to Mr Kasten: "It's e stellar deal for everyone. Acog might have questions, but they don't sound unhappy to me." Elsewhere, even the illus-trious New York Yankees, the Braves' eventual nemeais in this year's World The stadium is already Series, are lost in politics, with politicians and business unrecognisable as the oval track and field venue it was interests divided over during the Games, Mindful whether the team should of the terrible reputation endured by Montreal's Olymstay in the South Bronx, one of New York's most pic stadium, now one of the depressed and crime-riddan least popular baseball parks in north America, the areas, or move to the west Braves organisation was side of Manhattan, near the central business district, or involved in all stages of depart for the New Jersey planning the Atlanta venue. As e result, Ted Turner stadium should be a profit-

the Braves' eggressive New York-born president who producing machine, increasing income by "double-figure also runs the Atlanta Hawks percentages". There will be wide concourses offering views of the field and twice baskethall team, puts the problem succinctly: "If it wasn't for this deal, we the number of concessions would have had the sams and food services svailable dilemma as everyone else in et present, including a new the league. Either you "Chop House" barbecue resthe league. Either you alweys have a competitive taurant with e view of the team with heavy losses in field and within reach of home run balls. perpetuity, or convert to a very low payroll team. The lt will also have e wall of

interactive videos, and a Hall of Fame museum as part of e range of entertainments for children, and "the biggest and brightest scoreboard ever built in the US". Above the marquee entrance, spectators will be able to watch footage of all the other haseball games taking place that night.

in Atlanta, criticism has centred on the decision by the city council to tear down the Braves' current etadium, which it owns and had stood for 30 years on land adjoining the Olympic stadium. But Mr Steve Labowitz, chief of staff to the mayor, does not apologise. The debt on the old stadium could not have heen serviced, he points out, while the new stadium will need parking space. And people in the neighbourhood were worried by the prospect of crowds thronging to two separate stadiums.

FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

## QUEBEC

## The mood is against any risky business

Political preoccupations have long deflected attention from economic ills. However, a determined campaign has now been launched to reshape the economy. Bernard Simon reports

reverse."

1996 is barely recognisable as the flery Quebec politician who, little more than a year ago, came within an ace of breaking up Canada.

Mr Bouchard galvanised Québecois and struck fear into the rest of the country in the weeks leading up to last October'e independence referendum. Reminding Québecois of their perceived humiliations by English Canada and their proud achievements as North America's French-speaking "nation", Mr Bouchard led the Yes side to within one

percentage point of victory. Canadians wondered how long he would wait to drive home the advantage with another referendum. Longer than expected, is the answer that has emerged over the past year.

Since taking over as premier last January, Mr Bouchard's priorities and his political style have undergone a eea-change. His favourite themes are no longer independence, but firm, estimates thet about 35 investment, job creation and fiscal discipline. His most passionate speeches are delivered not at political ral-lies, but at chamber of commerce luncheons.

The shift - and the tensions unleashed by it - were evident at a recent "summit" of business leaders, trsde unions and eocial activists timed to coincide with the first anniversary of the referendum. Mr Bouchard urged participants "to go beyond our narrow ioyalties ... to find solutions which will improve our economy and create jobs".

But on the street outside the Montreal hotel where the role as Canada's main finansummit was held, hundreds' cial and commercial centre of demonstrators - many of to Toronto in the 1970s. The

S.,

Lucien Bouchard in autumn whom voted Yes in the refer-1996 is harely recognisable endum - protested noisily and the property market is against a supposedly socialin a deep elump. democratic government that Tens of thousands of seemed intent on public English-speaking Québecois, alienated by a French-first spending cuts, deregulation and other concessions to big language law and fearful of political instability, packed busic

On the day the cummit opened, Mr Bouchard also their bags for Ontario and points west. received a testy broadside Quebec has also been slow from his predecessor, Jacto adjust to the market-oriques Parizean, whom Mr ented policies that have Bouchard elbowed aside in swept other parts of Canada. the closing weeks of the ref-The public sector continues erendum campaign. to direct large segments of

"That the government the economy, through such speaks only rarely of Quebec powerful agencies as Hydrosovereignty is not in itself Quebec, the provincial surprising," Mr Parizeau power utility, and the Caisse de dépôt et placement du wrote in a lengthy commen-Québec, the public-sector tary. "We can let people catch their breath. But we pension fund manager. There has been talk of privashouldn't wait too long. The longer the slipping contintisation, but little action.

ues, the harder it is to Progress on the fiscal front has also lagged most other provinces. Quebec'e deficit-For now, bowever, mos Qnébecois appear in no to-GDP ratio of 2.8 per cent in the fiscal year to March 31 1996, was the highest of any mood for a risky political adventure. Michel Lemieux, vice-president at Léger & province except Ontario. Its Léger, a Quebec City polling debt-to-GDP ratio of 44 per cent is also well above the per cent of Québecois are average.

"hard-core" separatists, He Tax rates are the highest says the voters who need to in the country, except for be persuaded "don't want Newfoundland.

another referendum now". Some foreign investors Quebec's preoccupation have been attracted by tax with its political future concessions, a skilled workdeflected attention until force, and a uniquely Eurorecently from a deep and prolonged economic malaise. pean ambience in North America. But many - espe-Growth has lagged the rest cially from other parts of Canada - are besitant to of Canada for more than two commit themselves in an decades, and the gap is expected to persist this year and in 1997. Unemployment uncertain political climate. Against this sombre background, Mr Bouchard bas in Quebec is currently 12.6 per cent, compared with launched a determined camunder 10 per cent in the paign to reshape the economy. He has promised a balanced budget within the

Montreal relinquished its next four years, with the emphasis on spending restraint.

country as a whole.



A very New World success story: In 1985, a troupe of street performers fought to borrow C\$1m. Today, they're expecting sales of C\$125m-The big top business', page 5

Sweeping reforms are the trust of the Parti Quebeunder way in education, cois, the provincial party he health care and social ser- now heads. The PQ is known vices. According to Mr Bouchard, "even at the miniers, who pride themselves on mum wage, it will be being their leader's masters distinctly more profitable to work than to receive an rather than his servants. Furthermore, the budget income security cheque". cuts are likely to hit hardest The government hopes to some of the PQ's core supporters, such as trade unions encourage more private-sector investment by improving and social activists. Rumblings of discontent, along tax concessions for research and development and labour the lines of Mr Parizeau'e training, and by deregu- criticisms, have all lation. For instance, the faced in the party. criticisms, have already surnumber of projects requiring For the time being, Mr environmental permits will Bonchard appears in a be cut by 40 per cent. strong position. He remains According to one political observer in Quebec City, the

feet".

by far the most popular poli-tician in Quebec, and would premier "really means it not be the first leader to when he says he wants to impose a market-oriented get the economy back on its agenda on a party steeped in social democracy

However, implementing The opposition is weak. Daniel Johnson, head of the the strategy will not be easy. Until the referendum, Mr opposition Liberals, not only lacks Mr Bouchard's cha-Bouchard'a political home was in Ottawa, where he led risma, but has been underthe Bloc Quebecois, a group mined by constant tension between the Quebec party and the federal Liberals, led formed in the late 1980s to push secession at the federal level. He has yet to secure by prime minister Jean

Christlen. Mr Bouchard's success in turning the economy around for its strong-willed organis-

will depend heavily on the private sector's response to his challenge to invest and create new jobs. Business has so far reacted warily, walcoming some of

his initiatives, but worried they will be diluted by others, such as pay equity. According to business participants at the summit, the uncertain political climate and the language laws continue to cast a shadow over economic recovery.

Mr Bouchard has pledged not to hold another referendum for the next 2-3 years. Opinion polls still show a near-even split between the federalist and separatist camps, but they also confirm that Québecois are in no mood for another divisive vote.

The business community and even some nationalist chard is a flexible and pragpoliticians have urged the matic politician. He will rev premier to extend the mora- up the separatist engine torium further into the again only when he is absofuture.

On the other hand, pressures within the Parti Quebecois may make it difficult to delay another vote much

beyond 1999. The uro-Canada camp worries that Mr Bouchard will

turn the economy to the separatists' sdvantage. If his reforms work, he can go into the next referendum campaign assuring Québecois that their new country will be built on solid economic foundations. If it fails, he can - as he has often done in the past - blame Ottawa and the rest of Canada for

Quebec'e ills. Separatists remain encouraged by the consistently strong support for independence among young people. Bernard Landry, deputy premier and finance minister. says confidently that "time is on our side".

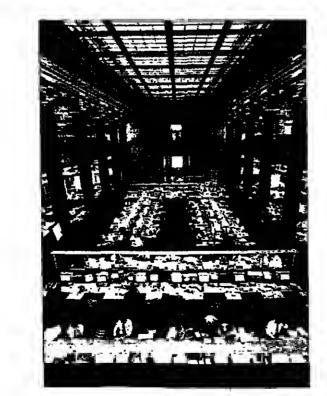
The events of the past year have shown that Mr Boulutely sure of victory.

IN THIS SURVEY Financial Institutions and the Montreal Exchange The economy: too, slow to adapt Foreign Investment · Natural resources: the profit in rocks and hard Diaces . S . . . Technology • Tounsm PROFILES: Cause de dépôt et placement de Quábec Hydro-Quebec Astra Pharmaceuticals Lucien Bouchard Cirque du Soleil Production editor:

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Heather Parke

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**2 QUEBEC** 

11

Financial institutions: by Robert Gibbons

Facing up to the new world

The power of electronics is spurring a new generation of developments

A sluggish economy, alow population growth and the powsr of electronics are creating intense competitive pressures among Quebec financial institutions.

The two biggest indigenous groups - the Mouve-ment des Caisses Desjardins, with assets of C\$79bn, and National Bank of Canada, with assets of C\$49.5bn have laboured to reduce bad loans, restore pre-recession margins and expand market share. However, they are confined mostly to Quebec. Simultaneously they are fighting competition from the big national banks such as Royal Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal, and some foreign banks.

Both the Desjardins group a pan-Canadian presence and National Bank are and we mean to reduce operlooking beyond Quebec as they ponder market globalisation, the growth of megafunds and the versatility and capacity of the new electronic systems.

The Mouvement Desjardins, founded on European co-operative lines nearly a century ago to finance tradesmen, farmers and small businesses, operates primarily as a retail bank, and has nearly half the Quebec retail market through 1,300 semiautonomous Caisse Populaire branches. It also controls the publicly-traded Desjardins-Laurentian Financial Corp (DLFC), a holding company with assets of C\$22.7bn. DLFC in turn owns a trust company, two life insurance companies, a geoeral insurance unit, a brokerage, and 57.5 per cent of Laurentian Bank, the seventh biggest Canadian bank.

Restructuring of trust services and steady growth in insurance have improved DLFC's profits. Return on equity in the second quarter was 14.5 per cent.

Imperial Life, the bigger of **DLFC's life units. operates** across Canada and in the US. DLFC makes up the



Mouvement's operations outside Quebec although it also has links with credit unions in other provinces and the US. The wholesale banking unit, the Caisse Centrale, operates in Canadian and international money markets. The Mouvement now has

ating costs and maximise cross-selling," says Claude Beland, president. The whole Mouvement earned C\$118.Im in the first

half, down from C\$162.4m a year earlier, partly due to America and elsewhere," the high cost of re-engineering. It is about halfway through a C\$300m upgrade of the retail network's elec-

Some use

tronic banking facilities.

Montreal Exchange (ME),

exchange, is wrestling with

the challenge of sdapting

This year the ME has

seen record stock trading

volume, up 25 per cent by

months. New listings so far

in 1996 total 40, up from 23

Canada's derivatives centre.

However, the ME is fight-

value in the first nine

in all 1995. The ME has

worked hard to become

and trading in this field

accounts for about 30 per

cent of revenues

Canada's oldest stock

for the 21st century



Langeller, president of Celsse Centrale; and André Bérard, chairman of National Bank

main Centrale precident and on equity before the recessenior executive vice-president of the Mouvement, says rationalisation and modernisation will reduce the number of branches to about 1,000 in three years, and adapt them to electronic banking, the Internet and the cashless society.

The Mouvement's Caisse Populaire network focuses on individuals and small and medium-sized businesaes. We'll stay close to our roots, but we may well forge closer links with other co-operative institutions in North

items, 13.8 per cent against says Mr Langelier. The 650-branch National 11.4 per cent. Mutual fund assets grew 35 per cent. Its expanding broksrage and Bank has its origins in the 1979 merger of two Montrealinvestment banking unit, based chartered banks. It Levesqus Beaubien Geofboasted a 15 per cent return frion, is a strong contributor half of fiscal 1996.

Jean-Guy Langelier, Caisse

Exchange looks for modern identity ing to maintain its share of Canadian equity trading at 14 to 15 per cent. Institu-tional trading gravitates to the bigger Toronto Stock Exchange, and trading in big inter-listed issues by all Canadian exchanges has

> towards US exchanges for several years. Some institutions say the ME's derivative products lack sufficient volume and liquidity to attract US commodity trading advisors or broader international interest. Others say a problem is

been shifting gradually

the reluctance from Cana dian institutions to use futures for hedging and risk management. The new-look ME is to

sion, but soon aggressive

Third World and commercial

property lending brought

Since early 1998, the trend

has been positive. It is

looking to lessen its reliance

on Quebec, and earlier this

year bought two trust com-

For the nine months ended

July 31. National Bank

posted a 34 per cent gain in

earnings to \$244m. Return

on equity was 15 per cent

against 11 per cent a year

earlier, and after special

panies in Ontario.

problems.

remain a trading centre for stocks, options and fatures, even though some believe its role in stock trading ultimately will be ahan-

doued because of high cost. Sylvain Perreault, executive vice-president, says the' MR's products are inter-re-: lated from stock trading to options. All four Canadian exchanges are trying to

For global multimedia players and everyday

find niches in the age of allscreen trading. "We must retain a floor in Montreal and we can be a ylable regional trading centre for stocks and deriv-

atives. We have the infrastructure but we must stage a big marketing job in derivatives," says Mr Perreault.

"It means moving aggressively to foster domestic " interest - and then we'll turn to international clients."

Robert Gibbens

PROFILE Casse de dépôt et placement du Onebec A marked shift in investment policies

. . . . . .

5.3....

has a growing share of the Quebec residential mortgage A global market and is going after economy mid-market corporate lendrequires a ing. It has a new life insur-

Desjardins has been gain-

technical links.

- with varving success.

Investors buy shares in

the Fund and can benefit

from substantial federal and

provincial tax credits. But

sales are restricted. Last

\$116m directly into the econ-

investment was an annual-

chairman.

ance subsidiary that can global operate outside Quebec. approach asset-based corporate lend-The Caisse de dépôt et ing in the US, and is swiftly placement du Québec, Canapplying the latest electronic banking technology, with US ada's most powerful institutional investor, is striking "Our US corporate lending out in new directions as it experience has helped to give dozens of Quebec compursues higher returns on its investments.

The causse, which manpanies a aolid presence in the US," says André Bérard, ages assets of about C\$52bn for 18 Quebec public sector Another Quebec institupension funds and agencies. tion, the trade union-sponhas had a mixed record since its inception in 1965. sored Solidarity Fund, In two of the past four years, 1993 and 1995, it started in 1983 with \$20m in capital subscribed by the Federal and provincial govposted returns of 19.7 and ernments. About 60 per cent 18.2 per cent respectively. In of its assets are risk-capital 1992, the valus of its investinvestments, hut the Fund ments expanded by only 4.5 also invests heavily in trouper cent; in 1994, they bled companies to save jobs shrank by 2.1 per cent.

The cause's average annual return of 11.1 per cent over five years lags behind the 12.5 per cent average for Canadian pension funds. The second-biggest fund, the Ontario year the Fund invested **Teachers** Pension Plan Board, has racked up omy. Net assets at April 30 were \$1.7bn and return on returns of 13.5 per cent.

**Critics** periodically accuse ised 12 per cent for the first the caisse of putting the interests of politicians above those of the province's pensioners. The caisse's most sensational foray into the political arena took place on the eve of the October 1995 independence referendum, when curreccy and bond markets were seething with uncertainty. Forex traders let slip the cause was an unusually heavy buyer of Canadian dollars, apparently to support separatist arguments that a Yes vote would not unsettle financial markets. The caisse responded hy sharply reminding banks of confidentiality rules.

However, a marked shift in investment policies is under way on at least three fronts:

and Vietnam: The caisse has moved a

steeply rising proportion of its portfolio into assets outside Canada, Foreign investments soared 51 per cent in the first six months of this year to C\$10bn, or almost 20 per cent of total assets. Chief executive Jeancient". **Claude Scraire notes that** 

FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

Canadian markets are relatively small. "We really think that the economy is more and more global, and we need to have a global approach," he says. The drive beyond Canada's borders was initially

based on a country-by-country approach. However, Mr Scraire says international investments are increasingly judged by sector;



Chief executive of the ceim Jean-Claude Scraire

 Sizeable losses in recent years in the property sector, especially in Quebec City, have persuaded the cause to adopt a more flexible policy in administering its real estate portfolio. The caisse is also broadenting the horizons of its property portfolio. It recently bought control of

Bentall Corporation, a sizeable Vancouver-based landlord, made its first real estate investment in Mexico, and backed a housing project in Poland. It is on the lookout for opportunities in Argentina, Brazil and Chile, as well as parts of Asia, including Indonesia

Emphasis is growing on

investments in private companies, both in Quebec and abroad. According to Mr Scraire, "it's more and more difficult to do better than the markets, because they're more and more effi-

Five new subsidiaries were set up last year to spearhead the search for hidden gems. Each focuses on a different area, requir-ing specialised skills. Their mandates include communications; other innovative technologies in areas such as health care and information systems; investments of under C\$1m; mid-sized and large companies; and international opportunities.

The caisse hopes the foreign-investment fund, Capital International CDPQ, will help lower its dependence on outside portfolio managers as it builds up its presence abroad, External managers presently take care of about 40 per cent of the caisse's assets outside Canada. Another 40 per cent are managed internally, with the remaining 20 per cent consisting of index-linked investments.

1.5

**Responding to criticism** about political connections, Mr Scratre insists the autonomy of the caisse is respected by each government. On the other hand, the cause makes no apology for seeking to realise "collateral economic benefits" for Quebec. It is more likely, for instance, to give business to securities dealers with offices in Montreal. tronically, some of the apparently political investments have turned out to be

good bets for Quebec pensioners. The caisse garnered an estimated C\$7m profit, for example, from its prereferendum foray into the currency markets. The pro-Canada side won, and the Canadian dollar rallied strongly.

Bernard Simon

CE to communicate with clients around the globe. And some just use us to contact the prospect next door.

people, BCE makes communication a simple maner. BCE is Canada's notal communication company, and we've been at the forefront of the business for more than 100 years, We're also the country most widely-held company, with common shares listed on exchan in Canada, the U.S. and Europe. Through subsidiaries like Bell Canada, Nonel, Bell Canada Internation Bell Mobility and Tele-Direct, we're in services, satellites. technology, equipment networks wired and wireless, and even directories So whethe our customers are analyzing data half world away or just making plans for dinner BCE is there. Working to make it casy



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third of Canada's technology exports. 1.1.1

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al returns.

vestment

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The province was among the strongest proponents of

annual rate of 2.6 per cent between 1970 and 1995, compared to 3.1 per cent for the. country as a whole. While the national unemployment rate stood at 9.9 per cent in August, the rate in Quebec was 12.6 per cent. Capital investment shrank 4.6 per cent in 1995 and, by neighbouring Ontario. according to Quebec's burean of statistics, is expeccontributed to the economy's ted to contract another 2 per lacklustre performance.

FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

Slow to latch on

to fiscal restraint

the 1989 US-Canada free

industry, expected to be among free trade's casual-

However, Quebec has been

slower than most other prov-

inces to adapt to a competi-

tive, market-oriented envi-

ronment. Taxes are the

second highest after New-

ties, have flourished."

The economy: by Bernard Simon

Long-term

be effected

great shape.

cent this year.'

prospects depend

restructuring can

The diverse elements in

Quebec society - federalists

and eeparatists, business

and trade unions, English

and French - agree on one

thing: the economy is not in

Quebec has underper-

formed the rest of Canada

for almost three decades.

GDP grew at an average

on whether a

:

'Some fresh air has flowed agree on how much. into the economy over the past decades. According to the Conference Board of Canada, the volatile primary vice --- industries and sector's contribution to output has shrunk from 8 to 3.3 per cent since the early 1960s. Montreal has become the centre of Canada's biotechnology; aerospace and software industriee, and Quebec makes up about a

foundland, and government get by 2000. The deficit interventioniem has long dropped to C\$3.9bn in the fisbeen a way of life. Generous cal year to March 31 1996, and is due to shrink to subsidies and tax concessions have played a crucial C\$3.2bn in 1996/97. role in attracting investors. Quebec has also been slow The emphasis is on spending cuts, especially in health to clamber on the fiscal care, education and social restraint bandwagon now services, which between rolling through Canada. In them make up about twothe year to March 31 1995, the budget deficit reached thirds of the budget. Debtservice payments, which are C\$5.7bn, or C\$784 per resifalling markedly on the back dent, a figure exceeded only of lower interest rates, make up another 14 per cent of

trade agreement. The pact Quebec's main business has hurt some sectors, but it has helped many others. members described the polit-

Even parts of the clothing ical climate as "good", while

Political uncertainty has penditures. Non-interest outlave are due to be chopped by 3.7 per although economists discent in the current fiscal year and by another 3.3 per Bowever: Bank of Moncent in 1997/98. treat-recently blamed medio-Nesbitt Burns, e securities firm, praised this year's budcre-passpects in many serget for containing "no major

residential construction on tax hikes, no optimistic ecoweak population growth, due nomic assumptions and no Ottawa bashing". partly to an erodus, mainly of English-speaking Québe-cois, to other parts of Can-Economists are generally confident the government. will take whatever measures ada. Housing starts slumped are needed to meet the zeroby 35 per cent in 1995 to 22,000 units. Real estate deficit target. Peter Plaut, agents estimate there are vice-president for sovereign about 20 sellers for every

debt at Salomon Brothers. expects Quebec's credit rathuyer of an existing home. ing to remain stable. According to a survey by Bernard Landry, finance minister, says the main risk

the Conseil du Patronat,

57 per cent said it was "bad". The Bouchard government

is counting on a combination

of fiscal restraint, invest-

ment incentives and the

moratorium on the drive for

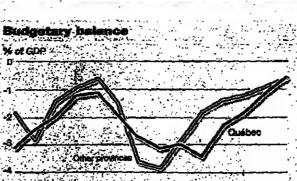
independence to change the

mood. Mr. Bouchard has

promised to balance the bud-

to the zero-deficit goal is a recession. He expresses a "secret hope" that next year's target will be exceeded, thanks to stronger-than-expected growth. The Desjardins group predicts GDP growth will accelerate from 1.5 per cent in 1996 to 2.5 per cent next year,

The public sector will economic prospects hinge to remain a drag on the economy: Besides government a significant degree on cutbacks, Hydro-Quebec, the whether Mr Bouchard and



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provincial power utility, has his colleagues succeed in no big projects on the horirestructuring the economy. Political stability - with or zon. A network of huge hydro-electric stations near without independence ~ would also help. James Bay in north-west Quebec made a big contribu-

According to Mr Landry, the state has become more of a "strategist" than an "interventionist". He compares the present government to "a conductor of an orchestra. but the conductor is not playing an instrument".

However, nursing the economy back to health is likely to be a long process. In spite of the projected upturn in 1997, forecasters agree that Quebec will grow at a slower rate than the rest of the country.

## PROFILE Hydro-Quabec **Government's dream** team takes over

Mr Menard joins many

Mr Caillé, who comes from

ister for several years and

then moved to Gaz Metro in

1982 to head corporate planning. In 1987 he was

He operated the utility on

private sector lines, in spite

of indirect government own-

ership control and price reg-

ulation; improved efficiency

opposition; and doubled nat-

ural gas's share of Quebec's

cent. He also doubled profits.

he saw as political favouri-

tism towards Hydro-Quebec.

He constantly fought what

energy market to 16 per

Hydro-Quebec provided

\$731m last year to the pro-

vincial treasury in capital

taxes, other taxes and loan

guarantee fees, and electric

Mr Caillé could also see

the domestic market's limits

and quietly prepared Gaz

Metro to become a gas sup-

ply hub for New England

and the north-eastern US

power is Quebec's energy

market leader.

in the face of tough union

appointed chief executive.

Caillé will need all his negotiating

Both executives are well skills to bring known in Canada, the US down the and Europe. Mr Caillé is former chairman of the Canaoperational costs dian Gas Association and former president and chief André Caillé, 53, is the "new man at the switch". He took executive of Gaz Metropoliover as president and chief tain, Quebec's sole natural executive of Hydro-Quebec, a former chairman of the one of Canada's two biggest electric power utilities. In Montreal (Stock) Exchange October after e year of and deputy chairman of Nes top-level turmoil. hitt Burns, Canada's second A week later. Hydro-Que biggest investment banking bec'e sole shareholder, the firm. Quebec government, perprominent people in related industries in saying Mr suaded Jecques Ménard, 50, e prominent Montreal Caillé is the right man for investment banker, to Hydro-Quebec. "André is a strong leader, a visionary. become part-time chairman of the utility's board. yet with a hands-on prag-The two appointments

cleared up a period of indecimatic approach," he says. "He listens carefully and is sion and government frustration with the previous adept in getting a big organileadership, daily operations and planning. By the nature sation to accept new ideas." of things, the bickering even a farming family, helped to set up Quebec's Environgot a public airing in the National Assembly. ment Department in the Hydro-Quebec, with 1995 1970s. He was a deputy min-

revenues of \$7.6bn, profit of \$390m and 24.000 employees of which 17,000 are union members, has come to the end of the dam-building spree which has lasted a quarter of e century. Existing projects are now geared to short-term demand The shifting of gears is e response to slow domestic market growth and lower demand in the north-eastern US, Quebec's main export market. The US electric power industry is being deregulated, and Canadian utilities, such as Ontario Hydro and Hydro-Quebec, face changes in marketing patterns and increased com-

petition Lucien Bouchard, the Quebec premier, had directly intervened and fired the previous chairman, corporate lawyer Yvon Martineau. He, in turn, had dismissed his full-time president and chief operating officer, engineer Benoit Michel.

"I decided I needed busi-TransCanada PipeLines nessmen to lead Hydro-Queremains a principal partner

in this strategy - almost all hec and do what has to be done," said Mr Bouchard. Quebec's natural gas moves from Western Canada's prod-

QUEBEC 3

uciog fields via TCPL's main trunkline to Montreal. Within a few years, gas will become evailable from the Sable Island fields off Nova Scotia in the east, and Mr Caillé wanted that gas to be piped via eastern Quebec gas utility; and Mr Ménard is to the Montreal hub and then to the US rather than exported directly to the Boston area via New Brunswick Such broad issues will

remain with him at Hydro-Quebec, since the two Quebec utilities could eventually co-operate in marketing electric power and gas to the north-eastern US.

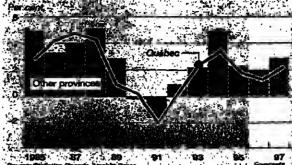
Mr Caillé knows he must shape Hydro-Quebec into an efficient, competitive and aggressive organisation and return profits to the 1991-93 average of about \$750m. The company bas installed capacity of 31,200MW, plus e long-term contract to take 5,200MW from the Churchill Falls hydro plant in Newfoundland-Labrador - which it helped to finance. Only a small fraction of its capacity is nuclear.

Declining construction ectivity and borrowing needs will help, as will lower interest rates, but more restructuring and staff reductions are expected. Hydro-Quebec had already streamlined management and begun cutbacks through attrition and early retirement, but the unions will fight further

reductions. "I always liked challenges," says Mr Caillé, and he will need all his ingenuity, determination, judgement, patience, good humour and negotiating skills to hammer Hydro-Quebec's operating costs down. Partial privatisation of the utility has often been discussed in political circles. but Hydro-Quebec has many other battles to win first.

Robert Gibbens

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miloyment rate

tion to economic activity in

Household spending is also

expected to remain slack. Exports, especially to the

US, are expected to be the

main engine of growth in

1997. In the past five years,

their contribution to GDP

has grown from 18 per cent

But Quebec's longer-term

to almost 29 per cent.

the 1970s and 80s.

## How many financial institutions can claim to be essential?

A vital part of Québec's heritage and growth since 1900, Desjardins' current membership represents 70% of the population. With 380 billion in assets, Desjardins is Québec's

number one financial institution-highly diversified, and extremely competitive. Today, as the Desjardius Group marks its 96th year of financial stability, the Caisse

Centrale Desjarding holds an enviable position among Canadian financial institutions, and maintains high-calibre credit ratings. A satisfying thought for any investor.



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### **4 QUEBEC**

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### Foreign investment: by Bernard Simon

## Uncertainties leave a mark

Investors are unsettled – but not dissuaded by political question marks

Conventional wisdom in English-speaking Canada is with that investors are giving money Quebec the cold shoulder so long as it toys with secession. On the other band, the Quebec government and its supporters insist capital is still flowing in, with politics playing at most a minor part in the investment equation. The facts suggest the truth

lies in the middle, Recent political upheavals and the fear of worse to come have undoubtedly unsettled investors. Quebec 10-year bonds are trading at higher yields than any of Canada's nine other provinces. The yield was 38 basis points (equal to 0.38 percentage points) above equivalent government of Canada securities in late October, compared to 19 points for New Brunswick and 15 points for Manitoba, both of which have the same AI rating from Moody's, the credit-rating agency.

Quebec makes up about a quarter of Canada's GDP and population. But according to the federal department of industry, the province accounted last year for less than 9 per cent of foreign investments notifiable under the investment Canada Act (which covers mostly large investments from countries other than the US).

Corporate executives tick off - invariably not for attri- ada. "They've done a superb bution - tangible signs of job with the aerospace weak investor confidence: political uncertainty per-suaded the board of one communications equipment well-known UK manufacturer not to go ahead with a planned expansion of its plant in Montreal, A Toronto real estate financier says his mortgages, and closed a small office in Montreal. An economist who sits on the boards of eeveral Ontario pension funds says they are taking on no new exposure to Quebec.

A survey by Royal LePage. a real estate broker, estimated that investment in mation software. Montreal commercial propber cent new investments in the first half of 1996, in lar explanations for their contrast to a 14 per cent gain decision. They praise the in Toronto. Quebec government for

This apparent nervousness does not mean however, that investment has dried up. Some well-known foreign companies - mostly those which already have a presence in Quebec - not only praise the business climate,

but have backed their words with substantial aums of The finance ministry has compiled a list of 46 projects.

with an estimated value of C\$2.2bn, unveiled by investors so far this year. This include such names as Wyeth-Ayerst (pharmaceuticals), Pratt & Whitney (aircraft enginee), and Armstrong (vinyl tiles).

Rolls Royce, the UK aero and industrial engine group, is in the midst of a substantial expansion of its facilities

> 'It's been a first-class province to deal with ... they've done a superb job'

in Montreal. One of its Quebec subsidiaries, Rolls-Royce Gas Turbine Engines, has been given the mandate for research and development on the industrial version of the Trent aero engine. "It's been a first-class province to deal with," says Robert Baugniet, vice-presi-

dent for corporate affairs at Rolls Royce Industries Canindustry."

Ericsson, the Swedish telemaker, chose Montreal in 1992 as the research and design centre for all cellular phone software using North American standards. Ericscompany has unloaded its son's Montreal-based work-entire portfolio of Quebec force has ballooned from 30 to 750 in the past decade. Several US and European pharmaceutical groups are also expanding operations in Montreal (see "Swedisb

investment", right). Microsoft paid C\$175m last year for Softimage, a Quebecbased developer of video ani-Those pressing ahead with

focusing on a handful of promising sectors - notably, pharmaceuticals and aerospace - and then going

all-out to create an hospitable environment. The standard of technical and scientific education also gets high marks, encouraging co-operation between business and local educational institutions. For

instance, several foreign companies have entered partnerships with one or more of the 18 post-secondary colleges known as Colleges d'enseignement gén-éral et professionnel (CEGEPs). Each CEGEP has its own speciality, such as computer-aided design, tex-

tile technology, robotics and marine resources. French-speaking graduates

typically stay close to home. According to Mr Daniel Branda, president of Hewlett-Packard's Canadian subaidiary, the turnover rate among research and development staff in HP's Quebec operation was 2.6 per cent in 1995, far below US levels. Financial support from the federal and provincial governments has played a piv-otal role. Galderma, a skin-

care products group jointly owned hy Switzerland's Nestlé and L'Oréal of France, received C\$3.5m in government support for a C\$35m plant on Montreal's west island. The two levels of gov-

ernment also chipped in C\$2.9m towards a C\$20m project to double the capacity of a yoghurt factory near Montreal, owned by France'a Groupe Danone.

A slew of tax incentives are available, some tailored especially for foreign investors. For instance, funds

received by a foreign subsid-lary for research and development are not dedocted from expenses eligible for tax credits.

No matter what their opinion on Quebec politics, foreign executives generally enjoy living in Montreal, with its European ambience. diverse cultural activities and year-round recreational facilities. Two French-language "lycées", popular in the expatriate community, are said to be among the finest anywhere,

Optimists suggest that, with house prices low, this per cent of Quebec's econmay be the best possible omy and about 25 per cent of e to move to Montreal.



An artist's model of Astra's pain research unit in Montreal, now nearing completion

## Swedish investment eases some pain

You have the best from the US and none of the disadvantages,' says head of pharmaceuticals group

incentives for research and North Carolina. development. According to Price Waterhouse, the anditing firm, the net after-tax cost of each C\$100 in R&D wages is C\$37 in Quebec, compared with C\$41 in neighbouring Ontario, C\$59 in Connecticut and Massachusetts, and C\$61 in

The Canadian government removed one poteotial obstacle in 1993 by abolishing, under strong pressure from the brand-name pharmacentical industry, a controversial system of compulsory generic manufacturers.

Astra was also attracted by a skilled workforce, nurtured by close collaboration between the pharmaceutical industry and four local universities. "The mentality among the universities is very close to what we're used to in Sweden." Mr From says Several senior staff at the

Montreal research centre are also professors at McGill University and the Université de Montréal. Astra plans to employ some post-doctoral students, and helps finance scholarships granted by the Ottawa-based Medical Research Council. Several other factors worked in Montreal's favour. Costs were relatively low, especially for land and buildings. Local anthorities were co-operative. According to Mr From, "all difficult questions have been solved ulckly".

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Pressed on the drawbacks of an investment in Quebec. he echoes the concern that political uncertainty may make recruitment difficult ontside the province. "It's important that politicians focus much more on economic issues," he says. Nevertheless, Astra

appears to have committed itself to Montreal for the long haul. The research centre, which will be officially opened next May. can be expanded on the existing site to accommodate as many as 550 employees. Astra also has an option to huy a neighbouring property of the same size.

Whether those expansions take place may hinge as much on Astra's success in coming up with new drug discoveries as on the course of Quebec politics.

Bernard Simon

Profit in rocks and hard places

Investment

PROFILE

centre will initially employ

abont 70 people. (Most have

already been bired and are

working in temporary

Per From, executive vice-president of Astra

Research Centre Montreal,

says "we try to avoid all

political discussions". He

adds that the company has

no regrets over its choice.

an expatriate to Canada,"

be says, pointing to

and none of the

disadvantages."

"It's easy for me to come as

Montreal's warm summers.

winter sports and abundant cultural facilities. "Yon

Astra considered several

Vancouver and the US west

coast. It was swayed partly

have the best from the US

other locations for the

centre, including Boston,

by generous Quebec and

federal government tax

accommodation.)

programme set to boost the sector's 25 per cent economic role

After a decade of commodity price swings, Quebec's natural resource sector is prepar-ing another round of modernisation and expansion. New investment of several billion dollars is lining up from big Canadian and international companies, aimed at improving efficiency and expanding existing capacity. The resource sector already accounts for 20 to 25

years, and resource companies are anxious to keep their costs in line. Happily, the Quebec labour climate has improved markedly at the same time, and unions may even invest directly in resource projects to raise efficiency and maintain jobs. The natural resources sec-

ior includes producers of gold, silver and base metals, alumintum, iron ore, asbestos, forest products and building materials; as well as primary processing and some service activities. Quebec does not have oil. There is small shallow gas ontput between Montreal and Quebec City, but an 11,000-foot well will test this area for commercial gas soon. About 75 pe

producers therefore look to Asia and the Middle East for compensating volume, and they are bullish: one mine is being deepened at a cost of C\$125m to hold annual capacity at 250,000 tonnes for another 50 years.

Forest products, after several years of depressed prices, did well in 1995. with the best profits since 1989. However, the slump in pulp, paper, packaging and build-ing-panel prices this year has made producers cautious. They are spending heavily to upgrade products and milis to new market demands, but some new projects have been delayed. Stock market values in the summer were down 50 per

can produce 60m tonnes of go-ahead for a 53,000 tunnes beneficiated iron ore and pellets yearly. Two years of strong world demand and firming prices, with hetter cost control, have put producers in an optimistic mood. Also, their ore is well suited to the new mini-mills. If the uptrend continues, Iron Ore Co of Canada has said it may reopen a Quebec pellet plant closed in 1981.

In precious metals, Quebec's gold and silver output is small, but there is some exploration, active development and modernisation of mines and mills.

Geologists are excited about the possibilities pres- refinery near Montreal. An ented by a nickel-copper-cobalt deposit discovered 60 anstam em

Noranda, whose subsidiary

yearly commercial plant could follow. Investment will total C\$500m.

Noranda, the province's biggest resource operator with several billions invested in mining and metals. forest products and research operations, is continuing to upgrade. It is spending C\$212m on its 360.000 tonnes yearly copper refinery in Montreal, one of the world's top four. It is raising capacity by 15 percent to 360,000 tonnes at its Gaspé custom copper smelter, and by 11 per cent to 250,000 tonnes at its zinc openpit zinc mine will be reopened to feed its Horne

licensing of patent drugs to

Natural resources: by Robert Gibbens

### Economic outlook

Per cont Canada Québec 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997

its exports. It support scores of smaller communi-Nevertheless, the uncertain political climate has left ties, and many segments get its mark even on those comtax breaks and infrastrucpanies expanding their presture aid from the federal and

ence in Quebec. A common complaint is the difficulty of Quebec governments. The risks of a US downturn, slow European growth. recruiting managers and specialised skills from ontside prolonged recession in Japan the province. This is thought and volatile commodity to be partly because of the prices worry the sector more risk of a further slide in than the issue of independence. It survived the 1970-85 property prices, and restricpolitical turmoil well, and tions imposed by the Frenchmost expect that, although first language law on some direct investment may English-language education. On balance, while foreign be delayed, Quebec's drive investment continues to flow for autonomy will finally be into Quebec. it's hard to settled by compromise.

avoid the conclusion that the flow would be significantly stronger if the threat reclating after holding at around 73 US cents for two of secession were removed.

PROFILE

output goes to the US, the biggest single market, Europe and Japan. Quebec products also move to the Middle East and other Asian markets, where growth pros-

pects are stronger. Latin America has become a tough world competitor, especially in minerals and pulp. Quebec products generally

move over the border freely, although duty-free timber exports are capped and a magnesium plant is subject to US restrictions. Europe is a big outlet for

timber, paper and building However, the Canadian materials, primary alumin-dollar is a concern. It is app-ium and base metals, but it may follow the US ban on asbestos in most uses. Fibre

Lucien, Bouchard

s ou have rallied this autumn, Already the nickel outlook is reflecting hopes for price good: Quebec becomes a sigrecovery in 1997 and mergernificant producer in 1998 when the C\$500m Raglan takeover talk.

mine is due to come on The province is a world leader in primary aluminium stream. Capacity will be 22,000 tonnes yearly. The. because of its low-cost hydro concentrates will be smelted power. Among pending investments is Alcan Aluat Sudbury, Ontario, and the minium's plan to continue matte refined in Norway. modernising its Quebec Falconbridge owns the Ragsmelters, et e cost of C\$1.5ba. Reynolds Metals recently completed a big smelter addition; and the Alouette consortium, led by Germany's VAW, is consid-St Lawrence North Shore, costing C\$1bn or more.

In the iron sector, Quebec and neighbouring Labrador by next spring, and if mag-

north-west.

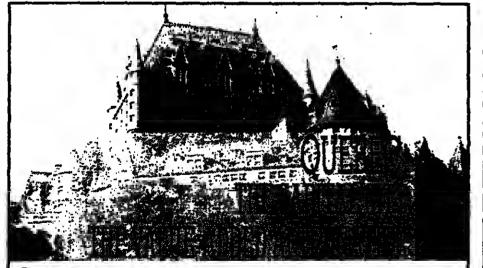
Among other minerals mined and processed are: • Ilmenite, which is converted to ductile iron and titanium slag at a Kennecott smelter near Montreal, This smelter is being expanded at a cost of C\$350m. The iron is exported worldwide, and the elag goes to white pigment makers:

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• A large niobium mine: lan development, has also started a C\$33m pilot plant Undeveloped uranium to test whether it can extract deposits; and

high-purity magnesium Metals such as platinum, selenium and cobalt, which metal from the great ering smelter expansion on mounds of asbestos mine are by-products of smelting tailings near Montreal. If the and refinering, and processes prove successful An on-and-off hunt for diamonds has yielded only nesium prices are stable, the traces of kimberlite.



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The magic is wearing thin

The nationalists continue to play on Québecois's memories of subservience

Lucien Bouchard's spell-hinding performance in last year's independence referendum earned him the moniker St Lucien. The media described the separatist leader as Quebec's secular saint a stature enhanced by his struggle with a near-fatal flesh-cating disease just ten months earlier. Mr Bouchard, 58, remains by far the province's most popular politician. But his halo has slipped since he took over as premier in February following the departure of Jacques Parizeau. Michel Lemieux, rice-president for research at Léger & Léger, a Quebec City polling firm, says dissatisfaction with the government's performance as climbed from 20 per cent to 49 per cent since Mr Bouchard took over. "It's not catastrophic, but it's high," Mr Lemieux says. Mr Bouchard's forceful but down-to-earth oratory fired up the separatists' referendum campaign last

year. "A Yes vote will be

something magic," he promised at one rally, saying it would rekindle Quebecois' pride and give them the bargaining power to forge a new economic and political pertnership with the rest of Canada. He shrugged off

**Onebecois'** worries that they might lose their Canadian passports. What was wrong with a Quebec passport, be asked. Mr Bouchard's affinity

with his people stems from his roots in the isolated Lac St Jean region of eastern Quebec. The area is reknowned for separatist sentiment and labour militancy, fanned early this century by the dominance of English-speaking resource businesses whose managers were typically English-speaking, and mostly from far-off Montreal or the UK. Local francophones were left with the blne-collar jobs. Most businesses in Quebec are now run by French Canadians, but the nationalist movement still strikes a chord by reminding Quebecols bow they have overcome their subservieoce. Mr Boochard, a truck driver's son and a lawyer by training, entered federal politics in the mid-1980s as

one of several Quebec

nationalists wooed to Ottawa by former Prime Minister Brian Mulroney. He served as Canada's ambassador in Paris and beid a number of cabinet posts. However, hestormed out of the Mulroney government in 1990 in

The premier just hasn't done well in managing public opinion

protest against a report on constitutional reform written by one of his colleagues, Jean Charest. Mr Charest, who is now leader of the Progressive highly centralised. Conservative party, said last government, relying on a year that Mr Bouchard had refused to speak to him since.

Mr Bouchard used his parliamentary seat as a springboard for the separatist cause in Ottawa by setting up a new federal party, the Bloc Quebecois. The BQ's concentrated power base in Quebec enabled it to gain 54 seats in the 1993 election. enough to form the official opposition. The secessionists were floundering in last year's referendum campaign until

Mr Bouchard pushed aside the more patrician and ideological Mr Parizeau. When the premier announced shortly after the vote that he was stepping down, the only imponderable was whether Mr Bouchard wanted the

He accepted after promising his reluctant American wife that he would spend more time at home in Montreal with their two young sons. But balancing the oftenconflicting demands on a government leader has turned out to be a tougher challenge than sniping from the opposition benches in Ottawa or galvanising support in the referendum. Mr Bouchard runs a

handful of trusted ministers to pursue his immediate goal of repairing the economy. "We must stay on the course we have set for ourselves, regardless of the had weather that may lie ahead," he said in a speech in early October.

One observer in Quebec City says the premier "is not going to get railroaded into any extremes. He just hasn't done a good joh in managing public opinion."

On the days he is in Quebec City, Mr Bouchard reportedly sleeps in the premier'a "bunker", just outside the walls of Old Quebec. Some political observers wonder how long he can sustain the furious pace he has set for himself.

Bernard Simon



Technology: by Robert Gibbens

## **Marketing** is the challenge

It's not quite Silicon Valley. but the 'new

economy' is a high-tech success

high-technology growth sec- computer parts, electronics tors a decade ago as the core of its "new" economy.

In these sectors, it has sophisticated machinery; taken measures to encourage domeetic and foreign vivestment. Research tax redits are available, as are loans and equity, and even union contributions. The policy has also provided a new focus for education.

As a result. Quebec is now home to 45 per cent of Canada's aerospace industry, 40 per cent of the bio-pharmaceutical sector. 30 per cent of software and information technology, and 40 per cent of telecommunications

equipment These sectors now supplement resource exports such as minerals, metals, food and forest products; and help to replace declining industries such as textiles and clothing, creating new opportunities for technical college and university graduates,

The strategy is backed by the Parti Quebecois government. Provincial and federal financing programmes for these high-growth sectors have been expanded, and some estimate that the new conomy, in the broadest sense, accounts for about 30 per cent of provincial output.

There have been casualties. Fast technological change, poor timing and marketing, or lack of finance have caused some husinesses to suffer or fold. Various stifling federal and provincial rules in respect of taxation and language have created problems for some highly trained immigrants and their families. And the local workforce has not oecessarily henefited as much as it might have: the hightech sector, especially blo-

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technology, hrings about a economy. The universities third of its trained research do contract research for the scientists in from outside the private sector, and funding pressures are forcing closer province. Quehec's new economy links hetween institutions.

includes aircraft design, Aerospace has the most developed technical training. manufacture and associated industries; a range of tele-Some research institutions Quebec chose a handful of communications activities; are government-owned, others are public-private partand software: medical, car nerships or entirely private. They include the new Bioand office electronics and technology Research Instiand pharmaceuticals and tute, now attracting internahiotechnology. tional investment. Hydro-

Primary and eecondary Quehec's Research Centre, the Federal Industrial Matemanufacturing plants are highly automated; and office rials Institute, the Canadian automation is as advanced Space Agency, the Centre de as in the US. Indeed, in some recherche informatique de Montreal, the Pulp and fields Canada leads the US: General Electric Canada pio-Paper Research Institute of Canada, Bell Northern neered computer-integrated manufacturing-administra-Research, Ericsson Commution at its Quehec airfoils nications, P&WC, CAE, unit.

ing activities.

abroad, are used to

Montreal.

Merck Frosst Canada. BioChem Pharma (Glaxo Multinationals from Europe, the US and Asia Wellcome associate). Astra. Servier Canada, and Bio/ have substantial inveetments in Quebec via subsid-Mega Boehringer Ingelheim taries or indirect holdings. Research. Quehec lacks a "Silicon They hring in technology. and many Quebec units have Valley", hut Montreal has worldwide research and scores of specialised firms

working in software, specimanufacturing mandates. Quebec exports technology alised computing, telecommunications, multimedia, in turn through its research, engineering and manufacturnew CD technology and biotechnology, Quebec City and Five universities - three smaller centres contribute to French and two English, the new economy. Quebec is research institutes, technical also seeking a large semicon-

colleges and well-equipped ductor plant. community colleges all play "Quebec is right to focus a role in developing the new

Risky business no problem

"High-tech and the new scientists and the fiscal economy are easier sells for advantages to attract Quebec at this stage than research projects, start-ups and smaller production other sectors because entrepreneurs and younge ventures, especially in biotechnology, software investors, from Canada and and telecommunications equipment, she says. Younger entrepreneurs accepting risks." says Monique Lefébvre, former chief executive at Centre de and scientists sense an optimistic environment in recherches informatique de . Quebec, especially in Montreal, with its four

**Ouebec** has an ample flow of high-quality universities and proximity



ceuticals and hiotechnology." says Jean Pierre Naud. managing partner of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu International in Montreal. "Innovation is fine hut the big challenge ie marketing. Our domestic market is tiny and we must think globally, Partnerships can spread the huge cost of selling, say, in Asia.

Apart from the federal-provincial tax credits. Quebec has an array of direct financing sources for entrepreneurs developing new hightech products. Phoenix Inter-

to all major North

Mrs Lefebvre is now

International Quebecor

publishing and printing

interactive multimedia.

Robert Gibbens

group specialising in

president of Quebecor

Multimedia, a'new

subsidiary of the

Montreal-based

products.

American cities.

become a leading North American contract research organisation with 1.000 staff in only seven years, with federal research credits. Quebec labour tax credits. loans from Quebec'e Industrial Development Corporation and other venture capital, eays John Hooper, chairman and founder. The Caisse de dépôt et placement, the Quebec pub-

lic-sector pension plan manager, has units that hack start-ups, research, product development and marketing. Its new Sofinov subsidiary has more than C\$200m available to invest in small and medium-sized growth companies through equity or quasiequity.

**Consortiums** comprising government agencies, the caisse, the commercial banks and the unions' Solidarity Fund also back the high-tech sector with loans and equity. Technocap, for example, a venture capital consortium, has had its capital doubled to \$100m Initial equity investments of \$10m have enabled multimedia, software, telecommunications and Intranet development firms to raise \$32m in finance and create 200 new research and technical jobs.

### PROFILE Cirque du Sciel The big top business

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Doom-sayers regret their words as unlikely success just continues to grow

In 1985, e troupe of Quebec street performers tried to persuade Canada's big banks to lend them C\$1m for a 1.500-seat tent. They vere keen to capitalise on the success of an innovative show - part circus, part theatre - that was taking ndiences hy storn "The banks all asked us

the same question," recalls Jean David, a member of the group. "What are we going to do with your tent when you go bankrupt? The only lender willing to put up some money was a credit union whose normal business was managing rade union strike funds.

The banks have reason to regret their tight-fistedness. Cirque du Soleil (Circus of the Sun), has grown into an internationally acclaimed business with 1 200 employees and sales this ear expected to reach C\$125m. Profits are not disclosed, but according to Mr David, vice-president for marketing, "it's a very profitable company". Two of the founders. Guv Laliberté and Daniel Gauthier, both in their 30s. are the sole shareholders. Cirque du Soleil describes itself as "a dramatic mix of circus acts and street theatre". Traditional circus staples - including animals and sawdust - have made. way for supple gymnasts. divers and dancers performing carefully-scripted acts heavy on metaphor and emotion. Time magazine's theatre critic wrote recently that Quidam, Cirque's latest show which recently opened in California, "pulls the audience out of domesticity into the ethereum of its wizardly wit". **Eight Cirque shows have** criss-crossed North Amer-

ica, Europe and Japan over

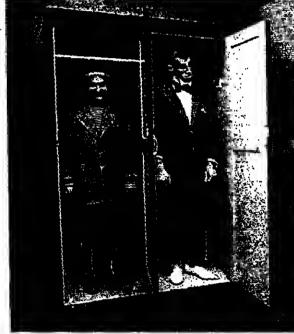
the past decade. The best

ich) and Alegria (which starts a European tour in Amsterdam next March). Circue has also devised several permanent shows, with a financial backer putting up the capital for a venue. The first permanent show, Mystère, has played et the Treasure Island

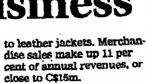
resort in Las Vegas since 1993. Another Las Vegas show will start in 1998. Under a 12-year agreement with Walt Disney, a 1.650-seat Cirque du Soleil heatre is scheduled to open in November 1998 at Disney world in Florida. Circue has also signed a deal for a C\$70m theatre on Berlin's Leipzigerplatz; to be built by a German developer. The Berlin project is due for completion in 2001. Negotia

tions are under way for other permanent sites. Cirque is keen to leverage its shows into other husiness ventures. It hopes the deal with Disney will lay the groundwork for films, TV series and videos Circue publishes a mail

order catalogue with products ranging from key rings



known include Saltimbanco A scene from Circue du Soleil's latest show, Quidant Picture A Se



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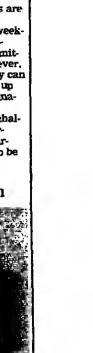
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Another 4-5 per cent of revenues come from corporate sponsors, The UK's Hutchison Telecom has agreed to pay several hundred thousand pounds to publicise its Orange mobilephone service in tandem with Saltimbanco, which returns to London's Royal Albert Hall next January. Other sponsors include Nissan in Japan, AT&T in the US and Hong Kong's Swire Group.

Ideas for new projects are a recurring theme at of Cirque's thrice-yearly weeklong meetings for its 12member executive committee. The question, however, is whether the company can keep Its creative levels up as it grows into a multinational husiness As Mr David notes, "the real challenge is to reinvent ourselves. If we want to survive, we always have to be the best .

Bernard Simon





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Bombardier Inc. Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Laurent Beaudoin is pleased to announce the appointment of Yvan Allaire to the position of Executive Vice President, Strategy and Corporate Affairs. At corporate office, the following functions will report to Dr. Allaire: strategic planning, human resources and organizational development, public affairs, treasury and structured finance.

Mr. Beaudoin also announced the following appointments: Pierre Beaudoin to the position of President and Chief Operating Officer of the Motorized Consumer Products Group, Robert Brown to the position of President and Chief Operating Officer of the Aerospace Group, Anthony Kalhok as President and Chief Operating Officer of the Services Group, Jean-Yves Leblanc as President and Chief Operating Officer of the Transportation Group and Pierre-André Roy as President and Chief Dperating Officer of the Bombardier Capital Group.

The Bombardier Motorized Consumer Products Group designs, manufactures and markets the Ski-Doo\* and Lynx\* snowmobiles, the Sea-Doo\* watercraft, the Sea-Doo jet boats, the Celebrity\* boats and the Rotax engines. Bombardier is a leader in the snowmobile and watercraft markets worldwide.

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The Bombardier Transportation Group brings together all North American, European and international operations in this sector. The Group operates production facilities in Canada, the United States and Mexico as well as in Austria, Belgium, France, Germany and the United Kingdom. Bombardier is recognized as a world leader in the passenger rail car market.

The Bombardier Services Group targets markets for support, maintenance and training services in addition to operations management to the public and private sectors. The Group has contracts in Canada, the United States, the United Kingdom and several Middle East countries.

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Based in Montreal, Canada, Bombardier is a multinational corporation with 40,000 amployees and operates in 9 countries. Its revenues for fiscal year ended January 31, 1996 totalled 7.1 billion Canadian dollars, of which more than 85 percent are generated in markets outside Canada.

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An area of great beauty

The challenge is to extend the traditional season and expand winter volume

It may be the ecology movement, the whales, or simply a low Canadian dollar. but the Québecois have finally latched on to the fact. that tourism offers more than trips to historic Quebec City and Montreal. It can, indeed, buoy the whole economy of the province. Quebec City, La Vieille

Capitale (founded 1608), will always be the living link with Europe, and with explorers Jacques Cartier and Samuel de Champlain. Montreal also has its charming Le Vieux Montreal area, dating back three centuries. But it has modern Montreal too, the business and cultural interface with Englishspeaking North Americ

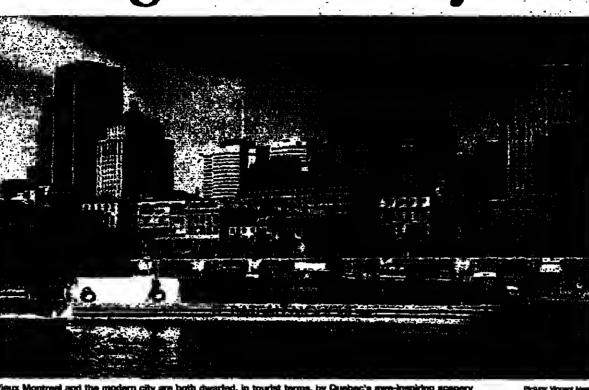
Both cities cater to international tourism at every level. Montreal, founded in 1642, has international jazz, film and Juste pour Rire (Just for Laughs) festivals;

an extensive French and English cultural programme; the province's biggest casino; and, at nearby Drummondville, the International Folklore Festival.

Quebec City has the Winter Carnival, spectacular cance races dodging the St Lawrence ice floes, and Olympic skiing and sailing; the famous Chateau Frontenac botel and Dufferin Terrace; a plethora of historic and cultural focus points; bucolic Ile d'Orleans; and the Shrine of Ste Anne de Beaupré, as busy as Lourdes in summer:

Both cities offer all types of accommodation, from topranking urban hotels to country inns offering sailing, tennis, golf and many other activities. The Vancouverhased Intrawest group are just completing a \$500m year-round resort at Mont Tremblant, 60 miles north of Montreal, which is to offer Olympic skiing and a full range of summer sports. What sets Quebec apart.

however, is probably its nat-



fishing paradise.

Le Vieux Montreel and the modern city are both dwarfed, in tourist terms, by Quebec's awe-inspiring scenery

ural beanty. The lower St nutrients. Boat trips range from the luxinious to those Lawrence, east of Quebec City, has come into its own catering for the fact-hungry over the past decade, attracteco-tourists. ing hundreds of thousands of Many visitors return visitors annually from all directly to Quebec City and over the world. They are Montreal, but others stay entranced by the river itself, with the majesty of the St the scale of the scenery, the Lawrence, North America's expanse of forests and lakes. largest river system, as it the rich flora and fauna, and flows from the Great Lakes. the fun offered by the snow past Newfoundland, to the - including cross-country Atlantic. They continue to skling and long-distance Baie Comeau and Sept Iles, industrial towns well served "snowmobiling". by good hotels and restau-The province regards tourism as a growth industry. Its rants, and from where fishbiggest challenge: to extend ing and hunting sorties can the traditional May-October be organised. Sept Iles is season, and expand winter

volume.

the Saguenay, and they will

certainly see the big Atlantic

species by the score further

down, where the river wid-

nearly 700 miles from Montreal, and the river is oearly Tourists can begin in Mon-50 miles wide at this point, treal, travel east by road or The road east of Quebec City is narrow but safe, if train to Quebec City and along the St Lawrence North driven with caution, Traffic Shore via mountainous is light, but watch for timber Charlevoix County to the trucks and the huge North mouth of the River American tractor-trailers. Saguenay and Tadoussac. To the north lie several They may be lucky enough hundred miles of forests and to spot a Beluga whale near

air.

with bulk carriers, freightlakes up to the permafrost line, often accessible only by ere. supply yessels and cruise liners in cummer, but There are several ferry serin winter the pace slows although ice-strengthened vices across the St Lawrence ens, deepens and is rich in below Qnebec City. The

slopes.

North Shore road ends at ers do reach Quebec City and even Montreal in Janu-Havre St Pierre, a mining town below Sept Res, and ary and February, the coldtourists can cross by ferry to Riviere-an-Renard, in the Gaspé Peninsula on the opened the river between South Shore, passing Anticosti Island, a hunting and The South Shore is more fertile and the towns larger, tourists saw the river only older and more picturesque.

One of the Gaspé's gems is transatlantic liners. the Gite du Mont Albert, a climbing, hiking, fishing, hunting and ski centre in the Chic Choc Mountains, an outcrop of the north-eastern US Appalachians. It is one of the few places in Quebec where Alpine flora flourish. In late autumn, the great North-South bird migration is over and the islands near Montmagny fall silent. The birdwatchers have gone new surge in tourism. home, and the hinterland ski Visitors from Europe, the

centres begin preparing their The St Lawrence is husy US cents.

dominates in Quebec City container ships and oil tank- and smaller towns.

est months. Construction of the Seaway in the 1950s Montreal and Toronto to ocean freighters and trehled traffic on the lower St Lawrence. Until the jet age, most from the decks of large Rural Quebec, before the

car and the computer, was immortalised in the province's greatest film, Mon Oncle Antoine, dramatising forcefully the harshness and heroism of country and village life a century ago. Today Quebec familias are smaller, and many have left for the cities. Those remaining are encouraged by the

US and Japan find Canadian prices low, with the Canadian dollar worth around 74 Tourist services are available in French and English in Montreal, but French pre-

Montreal: by Bernard Simon

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## The glory days appear to have gone

It is still refreshingly unique - but

a city in decline Visitors to Montreal may find themselves returning

home both refreshed and depressed. "It's still got real pizzazz,"

says a Toronto merchant banker after an evening in a lively cigar har. With its ornate Roman Catholic churches, pavement cafés and French signs, Montreal has an ambience unlike any other North American city. However, the world's big-

gest French-speaking city after Paris has been in lecline since it played host to the summer Olympics 20 years ago. The deterioration relative to other Canadian cities appears to have accelerated in the past five years. According to Royal LePage, a property broker. Montreal and its suburbs had an office vacancy rate of 16.3 per cent in the third quarter, compared to 15 per cent in Toronto and 7.1 per-

cent in Vancouver. The industrial vacancy rates were 9.4 per cent, 7.4 per cent and 3.5 per cent pectively. A taxi driver jokes bitterly that "a lover" (for rent) is the most common sign on the highway from the airport.

Unemployment in Montreal is also significantly higher than the national average. Some of Canada's best-known companies, such as Canadian Pacific, Alcan Aluminium, Royal Bank of Canada, Bank of Montreal and BCE, still maintain their head offices in the shadow of Mont Royal. But their commitment to Montreal is not what it used to be, Canadian Pacific is mov-

ing a large chunk of its rail operations to Calgary, Alberta. The banks have relocated most of their senior executives to Toronto. and Bank of Montreal is even considering changing its name. Several international airlines have with-

drawn flights to the city in recent years. Pierre Bourque, Montreal's mayor, says: "My challenge... is to re-establish Montreal as there are signs of - a link between Canada and Quebec, as a multicultural city, as a city of the world".

FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12 1996

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Mr Bourque, a horticulturalist and retired director of the city's botanical gardens, has faced an uphill struggle since being swept into office in 1994 just six months after forming a grassroots party called Vision Montreal. Politics can't be entirely

blamed. Like many other north-eastern North American cities, Montreal's industrial base has been eroded by the closure of oil refineries. petrochemical and steel plants, and textile factories. The growing importance of trade across the Pacific has drawn traffic away from the

St Lawrence River. Heavy job losses among relatively old workers with little education have led to poverty and decay found in few Canadian cities. Efficient urban government has been hampered by the existence of no fewer than 111 municipalities in the Greater Montreal area, including 29 . on the island of Montreal However, the threat of Quebec secession has cast a long ebadow. Pension funds and other investors outside Quebec are reluctant to put their money into Montreal property. The English-speaking population, once the cream of the establishment. has been demoralised by Quebec's French-first lan-

guage law and the threat of a messy split from Canada. Mr Bourque estimates that of the 500,000 people who have left the island of Montreal in the past five years, some 150,000 have gone to Ontario and points west. The other 350,000 who have left. mostly francophones, now live in outlying suburbs like Laval and Longevil.

They have eroded Montreal's tax base, and they have left behind a city with a high proportion of anglo and immigrant voters unsympathetic to the secessionist government in Que-

bec City. Mr Bourque complains that, as a result, Montreal with 3.2m residents or more than a third of Quebec's population - gets less attention than it deserves from provincial politicians and bureaucrats. They consider Montreal as region 06 among 15

QUEBEC 6

regions," he says. The picture is not altogether gloomy. The fur trade, which gave Montreal its start as a commercial centre in the early 18th century, has given way to a flourishing fashion and

design industry. Conducting business in French has proved to be an asset for many companies. With many French-speaking workers and graduates choosing to remain within their own milieu, labour turnover is low.

The city has drawn up a long list of grassroots projects it bopes will belp lift the gloom. Lucien Bouchard, Quebec's premier, created a special cabinet portfolio earlier this year for the redevelopment of Montreal. The Miron quarry, a large landfill site, is being converted into a park with bicycle paths and walking trails. Ambitious plans have been drswn np to make the St Lawrence River and other waterways more attractive. Property taxes have been cut to staunch the busines exodus. According to Mr Bourgne, Montreal'e taxes will be 34 per cent higher than neighbouring municipalities by next year, compared to a 64 per cent gap in the early 1990s.

Gilles Soucy, chief economist at the Desjardins financial services group, eavs these initiatives and greater private sector involvement in municipal affairs have improved Montreal's prospects. However, many business leaders contand that only an improved political climate will restore Montreal

to its former glory. No matter what their polit-Ical views, everyone seems to agree that the recovery will be a long, slow process - if and when it comes.

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